## SUBMISSION COVER SHEET

**Registered Entity Identifier Code** (optional)  LCH  
**Date:** June 6, 2012  

*IMPORTANT:* CHECK BOX IF CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS REQUESTED.  

### ORGANIZATION

| LCH.Clearnet Limited |

### FILING AS A:

| DCM | SEF | DCO | SDR |

### ECM/SPDC

### TYPE OF FILING

- **Rules and Rule Amendments**
  - ☑ Certification under § 40.6 (a) or § 41.24 (a)
  - ☐ “Non-Material Agricultural Rule Change” under § 40.4 (b)(5)
  - ☐ Notification under § 40.6 (d)
  - ☐ Request for Approval under § 40.4 (a) or § 40.5 (a)
  - ☐ Advance Notice of SIDCO Rule Change under § 40.10 (a)

- **Products**
  - ☐ Certification under § 39.5(b), § 40.2 (a), or § 41.23 (a)
  - ☐ Swap Class Certification under § 40.2 (d)
  - ☐ Request for Approval under § 40.3 (a)
  - ☐ Novel Derivative Product Notification under § 40.12 (a)

### RULE NUMBERS

- FCM Regulations – amendments throughout
- FCM Procedures – amendments throughout
- Default Rules – amendments throughout
- Default Fund Rules - Rules F9 and F12
- General Regulations – Amendment to Definitions, Regulation 39B, Regulation 47 and Regulation 104

### DESCRIPTION

Amendments to rules to admit Futures Commission Merchants (FCMs) to join the ForexClear service and clear transactions on behalf of their clients.
SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENTS TO THE CLEARINGHOUSE RULES

TO THE

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

SUBMITTED BY

LCH.Clearnet Limited
an English limited company

FILING AS A REGISTERED DERIVATIVES CLEARING ORGANIZATION

Pursuant to Commission Regulation § 40.6

Submission of Amendments to the Clearing House Procedures:

- FCM Regulations
- FCM Procedures
- Default Rules
- Default Fund Rules
- General Regulations

Submitted: June 6, 2012
LCH.CLEARNET LIMITED SELF-CERTIFICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO RULES TO IMPLEMENT FCM CLEARING FOR NON-DELIVERABLE FORWARDS

LCH.Clearnet Limited ("LCH.Clearnet"), a derivatives clearing organization registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the “CFTC”), is submitting for self-certification, pursuant to CFTC Regulation §40.6, amendments to LCH.Clearnet’s Rulebook. The amended Rulebook will be implemented and become effective on June 22, 2012.

Part I: Explanation and Analysis

The operation, purpose and effect of the amendments to the Rulebook is to introduce a client clearing service for the US market to further expand LCH.Clearnet’s coverage and services in OTC FX clearing. The ForexClear client clearing service has been designed to allow clients of Futures Commission Merchants (FCMs) to have access to the ForexClear service. ForexClear’s decision to launch client clearing has been driven by expected buy-side demand and impending regulatory rules for mandatory clearing of ‘swap’ contracts. The ForexClear client clearing model described in this document is based on SwapClear’s current FCM model adopted for US-based client clearing.

In light of new US Dodd-Frank rules due to take effect on 8th November 2012, which will require amendments to LCH.Clearnet’s existing US FCM model in relation to segregation of client assets, ForexClear (and SwapClear) will be required to further amend its US FCM model prior to November 2012 to ensure regulatory compliance. These amendments will be self certified to the CFTC in due course.

The ForexClear client clearing service will share the same operational infrastructure, operating hours and product/tenor coverage of the existing ForexClear inter-dealer service. The terms of all cleared contracts replicate those defined by the Emerging Markets Trade Association (EMTA) with respect to OTC NDF contracts.

Participation by FCMs as clearing members in LCH.Clearnet is governed by a set of New York law governed FCM Regulations and FCM Procedures, separate to the English law governed UK General Regulations.

Differences to the existing SwapClear FCM service

The client clearing aspects of the proposed ForexClear FCM service are designed to follow the existing SwapClear FCM service closely. The only significant difference is that contributions to the ForexClear default fund will be allocated between members based on the relative size of total House and Client initial margin, in contrast to SwapClear where the allocation is based on the relative size of House account initial margin. (However, the overall sizing of the default fund is determined in the same way – see ‘Size and composition of default fund’ below.)

Membership criteria

The membership criteria for ForexClear FCMs will follow the membership criteria for SwapClear FCMs, which are set out at FCM Regulation 3. In summary, an applicant for ForexClear FCM membership status must:
• be registered with the CFTC as an FCM;
• be incorporated in a US state;
• have a net capital of US$50 million or more;
• have evidenced the operational and technical capabilities required by LCH.Clearnet;
• successfully participate, or demonstrate that it has (i) an affiliated ForexClear Clearing Member that can successfully participate in a ForexClear firedrill, or (ii) an LCH.Clearnet Approved Outsourcing Party that can successfully participate in a ForexClear firedrill;
• be able to participate, or demonstrate that it has (i) an affiliated ForexClear Clearing Member that can successfully participate in the ForexClear Default Management Process (DMP), or (ii) an LCH.Clearnet Approved Outsourcing Party that can successfully participate in the ForexClear DMP;
• have, within its corporate group, at least one banking, credit or investment institution licensed in the US or an EU member state, or an equivalent in another jurisdiction;
• in the event of a default, be able to receive and process relevant contracts;
• complete all relevant documentation; and
• complete all necessary testing and training as required by LCH.Clearnet.

ForexClear places no access criteria upon clients of FCMs. FCMs are free to take on the business of clients based on their own due diligence and analysis and become responsible for the performance of the trades upon registration.

LCH.Clearnet will record each client trade received in an FCM’s Client account in the name of the underlying counterparty to the trade. However, LCH.Clearnet will have no direct relationship with the clients of FCMs.

**Arrangements for holding client business**

ForexClear FCMs are set up with two main account types:

- **House Account (H)** – holds proprietary business. Under the FCM Regulations, an FCM is permitted to clear for affiliates through its proprietary accounts.
- **Client Account (C)** – holds client business. Each Client account can have multiple sub-client accounts whose liabilities will be aggregated and reported at the level of the Client account, and will be a separate obligation from the House Account liability. Client positions will be registered in the name of the underlying client. A client can have relationships with more than one ForexClear FCM.

ForexClear records trade positions held by clients, and the assets and liabilities associated with these portfolios, and provides for efficient portfolio porting in the event of an FCM default.

Currently, the US FCM regulations allow for a Gross Omnibus client account structure, with an LSOC (Legally Segregated, Operationally Comingled) account structure to be mandatory by 8th November 2012. The ForexClear client clearing service will initially offer a Gross Omnibus account structure to FCMs, in line with SwapClear’s existing client clearing service.

The key distinguishing attributes of the Gross Omnibus structure are:
• **Margin Calculation** – Each individual sub-client account is treated separately for the purposes of margin calculations.

• **Liabilities** – The FCM’s client liability is calculated as a single aggregated figure, comprised of all of the gross client account liabilities.

• **Collateral** – All client collateral (including excess collateral) is pooled in an omnibus account and can be used to cover the loss of any client in the same Business Category in the event of an FCM default. Client collateral cannot be used to cover losses in the House Account, and can only be used to cover the Client account losses in another Business Category (i.e. FCM SwapClear or FCM ForexClear) where caused by the failure of the same client – see below.

• **Default Portability** – Portability of client positions and margins in the event of an FCM default is subject to CFTC approval.

Client portfolio porting can be executed either as a ‘business-as-usual’ request or where required during a default management process.

In the case of a ‘business-as-usual’ client porting, clients will initiate a portfolio transfer via a manual instruction to ForexClear. ForexClear will manage the co-ordination of the portfolio transfer between both involved FCMs. The transfer will have the same effect as an unwind against the outgoing account and new trade positions against the incoming account. Both activities will be processed within a single margin run and will only register as cleared when sufficient margin has been pledged. Collateral may either be released to the outgoing FCM once sufficient collateral has been provided by the incoming FCM, or may be transferred from the outgoing FCM to the incoming FCM.

LCH.Clearnet’s FCM client clearing model is intended to allow clients to port their positions and collateral upon the insolvency of the FCM. LCH.Clearnet will act upon a default (in the case of insolvency) in accordance with the relevant US regulatory requirements and the applicable bankruptcy laws. The rules are intended to ensure that the porting provisions to not prejudice the administration of the estate.

The existing rules for the FCM SwapClear service envisage all client positions and collateral porting upon insolvency, if this is possible. With the introduction of the ForexClear service (a different “Business Category”), an FCM insolvency may result in a default where, in respect of one Business Category, LCH.Clearnet must access client collateral held in respect of that Business Category to manage the default, whilst client collateral held in respect of the other Business Category has a balance that is not required for the managing of the default.

LCH.Clearnet discussed the issue with users and there was strong feedback against allowing LCH.Clearnet to use the “spare” collateral – i.e. clients in the “solvent” Business Category should be allowed to port.

This is reflected at FCM Regulation 9(k). There is an exception in respect of client positions where a client has defaulted, in which case, that client’s excess collateral in one Business Category can be used to offset the shortfall in another. (Please note this only refers to client positions – for house positions Default Rule 16(1) allows LCH.Clearnet to use house collateral across services).
Risk management

Risk management for ForexClear FCM does not present novel risk issues.

There is no change to the NDF valuation model. The ForexClear valuation model for NDF contracts is based on industry standard pricing methodology using Murex’s standard ‘FX Forward Model’.

Nor is there any change to the Variation Margin (VM) model. VM and Price Alignment Interest (PAI) are calculated every day through a trade’s life up to settlement day, for all House and Client trades. For client clearing, VM amounts across an FCM’s individual sub-client accounts are aggregated and reflected at the FCM Client Account level as a single VM liability.

Initial Margin (IM) for client portfolios will be calculated on the basis of a seven-day holding period and a confidence level of 99.76%. The increase in the holding period from five days (for house portfolio) to seven days (for client portfolios) reflects the additional time allowed for porting of client portfolios in the event of a clearing member default. This is in line with the approach taken to SwapClear FCM client portfolios.

IM is calculated for each sub-client portfolio separately at every margin run. Each separate sub-client IM is then summed and reflected at the FCM Client Account level as a single IM liability.

Under CFTC regulations, FCMs are required to collect initial margin from their customers, for non-hedge positions, at a level that is greater than 100 percent of LCH.Clearnet’s usual initial margin requirements. The initial published rate will be 10% above the usual requirement. FCMs will not be required to pay this additional margin to LCH.Clearnet but rather use it as a cushion in relation to future adverse market movements.

ForexClear calculates and applies additional margin add-ons in relation to Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Sovereign Risk at each margin run. There are no changes to the methodology underlying each add-on calculation.

Size and composition of default fund

A segregated default fund was set up under the original launch of ForexClear. The ForexClear Supplement to LCH.Clearnet’s Default Fund Rules (rules F1-F12) sets out rules for determining the size of the “ForexClear Fund Amount”, and how it should be funded by members.

The size of the segregated ForexClear Default Fund will continue to be calculated as the sum of the two largest member excess losses (ie. stress testing loss over IM) within the same stress scenario, plus 10%. With the introduction of client clearing, a member’s excess stress loss for a given scenario is calculated as the aggregate of its House Account excess loss, plus the sum of excess losses in any of its sub-Client Accounts (ie. excluding those sub-client portfolios with excess profits). Surpluses on the House Account can be used to offset Client Account losses, but not vice versa. This is the same as for the SwapClear Default Fund.

Individual FXCCM/FCM contributions will be weighted based on relative Total Initial Margin (ie House Account IM and Client Account IM) across the membership over the preceding 30
business days, subject to a minimum contribution of US$5m. Please note that this is a different approach to that currently taken for the SwapClear default fund, where default fund weightings are based on House Account IM only and subject to a minimum level of GBP10m.

ForexClear default fund contributions are made in USD cash and accounted for separately, but are managed and invested alongside other USD cash in LCH.Clearnet’s liquidity portfolio.

*Description of changes to rules*

In summary, the following changes have been made to legal documentation.

**FCM Regulations**

The original FCM Regulations were SwapClear specific. To facilitate the addition of ForexClear (and any future services), the structure of the FCM Regulations has been changed to mirror more closely the structure of the UK General Regulations. That is, there is a set of generic regulations (FCM Regulations 1 to 26) that are applicable to all services, followed by a series of chapters applicable to SwapClear (FCM Regulations 30 to 33) and ForexClear (FCM Regulations 40 to 43). Any future services can then be added as further chapters.

The ForexClear FCM Regulations largely mirror the ForexClear Regulations in the UK General Regulations, save for FCM-specific provisions. The FCM-specific provisions follow the pre-existing SwapClear FCM Regulations, save that:

- amendments have been made to acknowledge that since there are now two “Business Categories”, SwapClear Contracts and ForexClear Contracts will be recorded in separate position-keeping accounts (see, in particular, FCM Regulation 4); and

- FCM Regulation 9(k) has been amended to provide that in the event of an FCM’s default:
  
  - generally, margin held in the client account in respect of one Business Category cannot be used to cover a shortfall in another Business Category; except that
  
  - if a client participates in both Business Categories, and has an “excess” balance in respect of one Business Category, that excess can be utilised if there is a shortfall in the other Business Category.

**FCM Procedures**

As with the FCM Regulations, the FCM Procedures have been amended to enable the insertion of procedures for ForexClear, primarily in Section 1 (Membership), the addition of a new Section 2B (ForexClear), and the relabeling of old Section 2 to Section 2A (SwapClear). The new FCM Procedures Section 2B largely mirrors Section 2K of the UK Procedures, except for FCM specific amendments (particularly relating to accounts and client transfers) that have been imported from SwapClear.
Default Rules

There are minor amendments to the body of the Default Rules. The ForexClear DMP Annex has been amended to insert FCM and US-specific provisions, which mirror the text that appears in the SwapClear DMP Annex.

Default Fund Rules

There are two minor amendments to the Default Fund Rules: in Rule F9(a), the definition of “Margin Account” has been updated to include FCM Omnibus Client Accounts; and Rule F12(b) has been amended to tie the ballot process for FCMs into the FCM Default Fund Agreement.

UK General Regulations

There are consequential amendments to the UK General Regulations to amend the definitions and cross-references. New Regulations 104(k) and (l) have been inserted, which mirror the equivalent SwapClear provisions at Regulations 47(g) and 47(h).

Part II: Certification by LCH.Clearnet

LCH.Clearnet certifies to the CFTC, in accordance with CFTC Regulation §40.6, that the amendments to its rules comply with the Commodity Exchange Act and the CFTC Regulations promulgated thereunder. In addition, LCH.Clearnet certifies that LCH.Clearnet has posted a notice of pending certification with the CFTC and a copy of the submission on LCH.Clearnet’s website at http://www.lchclearnet.com/rules_and_regulations/ltd/proposed_rules.asp

A signed certification is attached to this submission as Exhibit B.

Part III: Compliance with Core Principles

LCH.Clearnet complies, and will continue to comply, with all of the Core Principles.

Part IV: Opposing Views

There were no opposing views expressed to LCH.Clearnet by governing board or committee members, members of LCH.Clearnet or market participants that were not incorporated into the rule.
Exhibit A-1
FCM Regulations
See Attached
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LCH.CLEARNET LIMITED

FCM REGULATIONS OF THE CLEARING HOUSE

Scope

Save where expressly stated to the contrary in these FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures, these FCM Regulations govern the clearing of FCM SwapClear Contracts by FCM Clearing Members through LCH.Clearnet Limited. They do not govern any other clearing services provided by LCH.Clearnet Limited nor do they cover clearing services provided by LCH.Clearnet SA which are governed by a separate set of rules.

Any FCM Regulation or group of FCM Regulations expressly stated not to apply to a category, or categories, of FCM SwapClear Contract shall not apply to such category, or categories, of FCM SwapClear Contract.
Definitions

In these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, except where the context otherwise requires, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

**Account Assets** - Means all cover, cash, margin, securities, receivables, rights, intangibles and any other collateral or assets deposited with or transferred to an FCM Clearing Member and deposited with or transferred to the Clearing House by an FCM Clearing Member, if applicable, in connection with an account carried by such FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client, as cover for and in respect of the clearing of FCM SwapClear Contracts for such FCM Client.

**Affiliate** - Means, with respect to an FCM Clearing Member, any entity that controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such FCM Clearing Member, and the account of which, when carried by the FCM Clearing Member, would be considered a proprietary account pursuant to CFTC Regulation 1.3(y) (or any such successor or replacement regulation).

**Auction Portfolio** - Has the meaning assigned to it in either (i) the SwapClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules or (ii) the ForexClear DMP Annexes of the Default Rules, as applicable.

**Business Category of FCM Contract** - Means the categories of FCM Contracts which the Clearing House treats as separate from other categories of FCM Contracts for purposes of calculating the amount of cover owed by an FCM Clearing Member (as set forth in the FCM Procedures) with respect to such FCM Contracts in such categories, and, except to the extent otherwise set forth in the FCM Procedures, such categories consist of: (1) FCM SwapClear Contracts and (2) FCM ForexClear Contracts.

**Business Day** - Means, in respect of an FCM SwapClear Contract (except where specified otherwise in the relevant FCM SwapClear Contract Terms or the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms, as applicable), a day on which the Clearing House is open for business as set forth in the FCM Procedures.

**Carrying FCM Clearing Member** - Means an FCM Clearing Member carrying an account for an FCM Client, and in respect of which the FCM SwapClear Contracts and Account Assets held in such account may be transferred to a Receiving FCM Clearing Member pursuant to FCM Regulation 98 of these FCM Regulations and in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

**CEA** - Means the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CFTC</td>
<td>Means the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFTC Regulations</td>
<td>Means the rules and regulations promulgated by the CFTC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleared Swap</td>
<td>Means “Cleared Swap” as such term is defined in CFTC Regulation 22.1 (which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall for the purposes of the FCM Rulebook be deemed to include FCM Contracts).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleared Swaps Account Class</td>
<td>Means the account class for cleared swaps accounts (as defined in CFTC Regulations 190.01(a)(i) and 190.01(pp)) for purposes of Part 190 of the CFTC Regulations and Section 4d(f) of the CEA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing House</td>
<td>Means LCH.Clearnet Limited whose registered office is located at Aldgate House, 33 Aldgate High Street, London EC3N 1EA, United Kingdom.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing-out Contract</td>
<td>Means, for the purposes of these FCM Regulations, an FCM SwapClear Contract effected by or on behalf of the Clearing House and registered in an FCM Clearing Member’s name, being an FCM SwapClear Contract on the same terms (except as to price) as an Open Contract in the FCM Clearing Member’s name, save that where the Clearing House is paying Rate X has position “X” under the terms of such open FCM SwapClear Contract (where such FCM Contract consists of positions “X” and “Y”), the Clearing House shall pay Rate Y have position “Y” under the terms of such closing-out FCM SwapClear Contract, and vice-versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contribution</td>
<td>Means, in relation to the Default Fund Rules, the meaning assigned to it in rule 17 of the Default Fund Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cover</td>
<td>Means an amount determined by the Clearing House of cash or, with the approval of the Clearing House, security in a currency and a form acceptable to the Clearing House as prescribed by the FCM Procedures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>defaulter</td>
<td>Has the meaning attributed to it in rule 4 of the Default Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Fund Rules</td>
<td>Means the Clearing House’s Default Fund Rules from time to time in force.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Rules</td>
<td>Means the Clearing House’s Default Rules from time to time in force pursuant to part II of schedule 21 to the UK Companies Act 1989.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic Terms</td>
<td>Means that part of the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms or the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms designated as Economic Terms by the Clearing House from time to time.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Excess Margin** - Means cover delivered to the Clearing House by an FCM Clearing Member in respect of its FCM SwapClear Contracts which is in excess of the Required Margin in respect of such FCM SwapClear Contracts.

**Executing Party** - Means any party to a swap transaction with respect to which at least one party to such transaction applies to have its side of such transaction registered with the Clearing House (through its FCM Clearing Member or on its own behalf as an FCM Clearing Member, as applicable) as an FCM SwapClear Contract, and the other party to such transaction applies to have its side of such transaction registered with the Clearing House either as an FCM SwapClear Contract (through its FCM Clearing Member or on its own behalf as an FCM Clearing Member, as applicable) or as an SCM SwapClear Non-FCM Contract (through its SwapClear Non-FCM Clearing Member or on its own behalf as a SwapClear Non-FCM Clearing Member, as applicable), as the case may be.

**FCM** - Means a futures commission merchant, as defined under the CEA that is registered in such capacity with the CFTC.

**FCM Approved Trade Source System** - Means a system approved for executing FCM SwapClear Transactions, FCM ForexClear Transactions, FCM EnClear Transactions or FCM Nodal Transactions, as applicable, by the Clearing House.

**FCM Clearing End-User Notice** - Means the “FCM Clearing End-User Notice” as specified by the Clearing House from time to time and as published by the Clearing House on its website or otherwise.

**FCM Clearing Member** - Means an FCM that has been approved by the Clearing House for the clearing of one or more categories of FCM SwapClear Contracts on behalf of FCM Clients, in accordance with an FCM Clearing Membership Agreement and the FCM Procedures, and pursuant to these FCM Regulations, and as such is a “Clearing Member” for all purposes under the Default Rules, the Default Fund Rules and the FCM Default Fund Agreement, unless otherwise specified in these FCM Regulations.

**FCM Clearing Membership Agreement** - Means the agreement so designated under which, inter alia, the Clearing House agrees to make available clearing services to an FCM Clearing Member in respect of FCM SwapClear Contracts together with any ancillary agreements.

**FCM Clearing Services** - Means the FCM SwapClear Clearing Services and the FCM ForexClear Clearing Services, collectively.

**FCM Client** - Means a client of an FCM Clearing Member (but not including Affiliates of such FCM Clearing Member) with...
positions in the Cleared OTC Derivatives Account Class (as that term is defined in CFTC Regulation 190.01(oo) Cleared Swaps, including FCM SwapClear Contracts, on behalf of which the FCM Clearing Member provides FCM SwapClear—Clearing Services and clears FCM SwapClear Contracts; provided that any such client is only an FCM Client with respect to its positions in cleared OTC derivatives (as that term is defined in CFTC Regulation 190.01(oo) Cleared Swaps).

**FCM Client Business**
- Means the provision of FCM SwapClear—Clearing Services by an FCM Clearing Member to its FCM Clients.

| **FCM Contract Terms** | - Means the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms and the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms, collectively. |

<p>| <strong>FCM Default Fund Agreement</strong> | - Means an agreement in a form prescribed by the Clearing House, entered into between an FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House relating to the Clearing House’s default fund. |
| <strong>FCM Default Management Process Agreement</strong> | - Means an agreement entered into between the Clearing House and an FCM Clearing Member, pertaining to the Clearing House’s default management process in the case of a default of an FCM Clearing Member or a Non-FCM Clearing Member. |
| <strong>FCM ForexClear Clearing Member</strong> | - Means an FCM Clearing Member approved by the Clearing House (in accordance with the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures) to clear FCM ForexClear Transactions and register FCM ForexClear Contracts. |
| <strong>FCM ForexClear Clearing Services</strong> | - Means the services provided by an FCM Clearing Member in connection with FCM ForexClear Contracts cleared on behalf of its FCM Clients or its Affiliates, as the case may be. |
| <strong>FCM ForexClear Contract</strong> | - Means a contract that is registered for clearing and is entered into by the Clearing House with an FCM Clearing Member on the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms, and which is governed by these FCM Regulations. |
| <strong>FCM ForexClear Contract Terms</strong> | - Means the terms applicable to each FCM ForexClear Contract as set out from time to time in the FCM Regulations. |
| <strong>FCM ForexClear Transaction</strong> | - Means any transaction entered into between two Executing Parties for purposes of having at least one side of such transaction registered with the Clearing House as an FCM ForexClear Contract, and the other side of such transaction registered with the Clearing House. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH</td>
<td>- Means either an FCM Omnibus OTC FX Client Account with LCH or an FCM Omnibus OTC SC Client Account with LCH.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCM Omnibus OTC FX Client Account with LCH</td>
<td>- Means an omnibus account located in the United States and maintained on the books of the Clearing House in the name of an FCM Clearing Member for the benefit of its FCM Clients, in which all FCM ForexClear Contracts cleared by such FCM Clearing Member on behalf of such FCM Clients, and all associated cover and other payments and deliveries, will be reflected on the books of the Clearing House. Such FCM Omnibus OTC FX Client Account with LCH will not contain any FCM Contracts or the associated cover and other payments and deliveries other than in connection with FCM ForexClear Contracts; provided, however, that an FCM Clearing Member may physically hold and commingle the Account Assets held in each of its FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Accounts with LCH in a single FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCM Omnibus OTC SC Client Account with LCH</td>
<td>- Means an omnibus account located in the United States and maintained on the books of the Clearing House in the name of an FCM Clearing Member for the benefit of its FCM Clients, in which all FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared by such FCM Clearing Member on behalf of such FCM Clients, and all associated cover and other payments and deliveries, will be reflected on the books of the Clearing House. Such FCM Omnibus OTC SC Client Account with LCH will not contain any FCM Contracts or the associated cover and other payments and deliveries other than in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts; provided, however, that an FCM Clearing Member may physically hold and commingle the Account Assets held in each of its FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Accounts with LCH in a single FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account</td>
<td>- Means an omnibus account located in the United States and maintained by an FCM Clearing Member for its FCM Clients with a permitted depository, which is segregated in accordance with the CEA and regulations of the CFTC and contains the Account Assets deposited by such FCM Clients in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared for such FCM Clients by such FCM Clearing Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCM Procedures</td>
<td>- Means the document containing the working practices and administrative or other requirements of the Clearing House for the purposes of implementing or supplementing these FCM Regulations, or the procedures for application for and regulation of membership of the Clearing House.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM Regulations</strong></td>
<td>- Means these FCM Regulations entitled as such, relating to FCM SwapClear Contracts and the clearing of FCM SwapClear Contracts only, from time to time in force.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM Rulebook</strong></td>
<td>- Means the FCM Regulations, the Other Specific Regulations, the FCM Procedures and such other rules of the Clearing House, which are applicable to FCM SwapClear Clearing Services, as published and amended from time to time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM Segregated Accounts</strong></td>
<td>- Means, with respect to each FCM Clearing Member, its FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Accounts and its PPS Accounts in which the FCM Clearing Member holds funds of its FCM Clients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM SwapClear Clearing End-User Notice</strong></td>
<td>- Means the “FCM SwapClear Clearing End-User Notice” as specified by the Clearing House from time to time and as published by the Clearing House on its website or otherwise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM SwapClear Clearing Services</strong></td>
<td>- Means the services provided by an FCM Clearing Member in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared on behalf of its FCM Clients or its Affiliates, as the case may be.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM SwapClear Contract</strong></td>
<td>- Means a contract that is registered for clearing and is entered into by the Clearing House with an FCM Clearing Member on the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms, and which is governed by these FCM Regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM SwapClear Contract Terms</strong></td>
<td>- Means the terms applicable to each FCM SwapClear Contract as set out from time to time in the FCM Regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM SwapClear Transaction</strong></td>
<td>- Means any transaction entered into between two Executing Parties for purposes of having at least one side of such transaction registered with the Clearing House as an FCM SwapClear Contract, and the other side of such transaction registered with the Clearing House as either an FCM SwapClear Contract or an SCM Non-FCM SwapClear Contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCM Transaction</strong></td>
<td>- Means either an FCM SwapClear Transaction or an FCM ForexClear Transaction, as applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ForexClear Clearing Member</strong></td>
<td>- Means a person who is designated as such by the Clearing House pursuant to the UK General Regulations and who is not an FCM Clearing Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ForexClear Contribution</strong></td>
<td>- Means, in relation to the Default Fund Rules, the meaning assigned to it in rule 17 of the Default Fund Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ForexClear DMP</strong></td>
<td>- Has the meaning assigned to it in the ForexClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Ineligible FCM ForexClear Transaction

- Has the meaning as set forth in FCM Regulation 40(f)(i).

### Initial Margin

- Means an amount determined and published from time to time by the Clearing House with regard to each category Business Category of FCM SwapClear Contract, in respect of which FCM Clearing Members may be required to provide cover in such amount to the Clearing House in accordance with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures as a condition of registration of an FCM SwapClear Contract by the Clearing House and otherwise in respect of all FCM SwapClear Contracts registered with the Clearing House, as prescribed by these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures.

### LCH.Clearnet Group

- Means the group of undertakings consisting of LCH.Clearnet Limited, LCH.Clearnet Group Limited and Banque Centrale de Compensation S.A. trading as LCH.Clearnet SA. (Reference to a “member” of LCH.Clearnet Group within these FCM Regulations is to be construed accordingly).

### LCH Approved Outsourcing Party

- Means a party approved for these purposes by the Clearing House, as set out in the FCM Procedures.

### LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account

- Means either the LCH OTC FX Client Segregated Depository Account or the LCH OTC SC Client Segregated Depository Account.

### LCH OTC FX Client Segregated Depository Account

- Means the omnibus account (which will consist of one or more accounts at one or more depositories which are commingled for purposes of, and in accordance with, the applicable provisions of the CEA and regulations of the CFTC) located in the United States and maintained by the Clearing House for the benefit of FCM Clients of its FCM Clearing Members with a depository, which is segregated in accordance with the CEA and CFTC Regulations, is part of the Cleared Swaps Account Class and contains the Account Assets deposited by such FCM Clearing Members on behalf of their FCM Clients in connection solely with FCM ForexClear Contracts cleared for such FCM Clients by such FCM Clearing Members; provided, however, that the Clearing House may physically commingle the Account Assets held in such account with the Account Assets held in all other LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Accounts in a single physical depository account with a permitted depository.

### LCH OTC SC Client Segregated Depository Account

- Means the omnibus account (which will consist of one or more accounts at one or more depositories which are commingled for purposes of, and in accordance with, the applicable provisions of the CEA and regulations of the CFTC) located in the United States and maintained by the Clearing House for the benefit of FCM Clients of its FCM Clearing Members with a depository, which is segregated in accordance with the CEA and regulations.
of the CFTC Regulations, is part of the Cleared OTC Derivatives Swaps Account Class under Part 190 of the CFTC’s regulations and contains the cover Account Assets deposited by such FCM Clearing Members on behalf of their FCM Clients solely in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared for such FCM Clients by such FCM Clearing Members; provided, however, that the Clearing House may physically commingle the Account Assets held in such account with the Account Assets held in all other LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Accounts in a single physical depository account with a permitted depository.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Non-FCM Clearing Member</strong></th>
<th>- Means either a SwapClear Clearing Member or a ForexClear Clearing Member, as applicable.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-FCM Contract</strong></td>
<td>- Means either a Non-FCM SwapClear Contract, a Non-FCM ForexClear Contract, a Non-FCM EnClear Contract or a Non-FCM Nodal Contract, as applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-FCM ForexClear Contract</strong></td>
<td>- Means a “ForexClear Contract” (as such term is defined in the UK General Regulations) and which is governed in accordance with the UK General Regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-FCM SwapClear Contract</strong></td>
<td>- Means a “SwapClear Contract” (as such term is defined in the UK General Regulations) and which is governed in accordance with the UK General Regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Official Quotation</strong></td>
<td>- Means a price determined by the Clearing House under FCM Regulation 11.10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>“Open Contract” or “open contract”</strong></td>
<td>- Means an FCM SwapClear Contract which has not been closed-out, settled or invoiced back in accordance with the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures. The terms “Open Contract” and “open contract” shall not include a Closing-out Contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Specific Regulations</strong></td>
<td>- Means the Clearing House’s Default Rules, Default Fund Rules, Settlement Finality Regulations and related Definitions and provisions relating to construction as published and amended by the Clearing House from time to time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Portfolios</strong></td>
<td>- Has the meaning assigned to it in either (i) the SwapClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules or (ii) the ForexClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules, as applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Price</strong></td>
<td>- Means, in the case of an FCM SwapClear Contract, the price calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Proprietary Account</strong></td>
<td>- Means the house account with the Clearing House opened in the name of an FCM Clearing Member to which FCM SwapClear Contracts made by the FCM Clearing Member for its own account or accounts of its Affiliates (but never accounts of its FCM Clients) are</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
registered and to which monies in respect of such FCM SwapClear Contracts are credited.

**PPS Account(s)** - Means the Protected Payments System (PPS) bank account(s) established by FCM Clearing Members and by LCH, as described in the FCM Procedures.

**Receiving FCM Clearing Member** - Means an FCM Clearing Member receiving the transfer of part or all of the FCM SwapClear Contracts and Account Assets of an FCM Client from a Carrying FCM Clearing Member that previously carried such account, pursuant to FCM Regulation 98 of these FCM Regulations and in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

**Reference Currency Buyer** - Has the meaning ascribed to it in the Clearing House’s “General Regulations”.

**Reference Currency Seller** - Has the meaning ascribed to it in the Clearing House’s “General Regulations”.

**Reference Price** - Means a price (howsoever called) by reference to which an FCM SwapClear Contract is marked to market or valued in accordance with the FCM Regulations and FCM Procedures.

**Registration Time** - Means, in respect of an FCM SwapClear Contracts, the meaning given in FCM Regulation 5(e) or FCM Regulation 5(l) as Contract, the applicable time at which the Clearing House registers such FCM Contract, as prescribed in the FCM Procedures.

**Regulatory Body** - Means the Secretary of State, The Financial Services Authority or professional body designated under Part 20 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 or other body given regulatory powers under that Act, the Bank of England, the CFTC or any department, agency, office or tribunal of a nation or state or any other body or authority which exercises a regulatory or supervisory function under the laws of the United Kingdom or under any foreign law.

**Required Margin** - Means the cover required by the Clearing House from an FCM Clearing Member from time to time in respect of its FCM SwapClear Contracts.

**Risk Neutralisation** - Has the meaning assigned to it in either (i) the SwapClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules or (ii) the ForexClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules, as applicable.

**SCM SwapClear Contract** - Means a “SwapClear Contract” (as such term is defined in the U.K. General Regulations) and which is governed in accordance with the UK General Regulations.

**Settlement Finality** - Means the Clearing House’s Settlement Finality
Regulations - Regulations from time to time in force.

Settlement Price - Means, in relation to an FCM SwapClear Contract, one or more prices determined in accordance with the FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures.

Standard Terms - Means that part of the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms designated as Standard Terms by the Clearing House from time to time.

SwapClear Contribution - Means, in relation to the Default Fund Rules, the meaning assigned to it in rule 17 of the Default Fund Rules.

SwapClear DMP - Has the meaning assigned to it in the SwapClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules.

SwapClear Clearing Member - Means a person who is designated as such by the Clearing House pursuant to the UK General Regulations and who is not an FCM Clearing Member.

SwapClear DMP - Has the meaning assigned to it in the SwapClear DMP Annex of the Default Rules.


Variation Margin - Means an amount determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures in respect of original contracts or Open Contracts (as the case may be) by reference to the difference between the contract value of such contracts (as determined in accordance with the FCM Procedures) and the value of such contracts at the Reference Price or at such other prices as the Clearing House may determine pursuant to the FCM Procedures, in respect of which FCM Clearing Members may be required to provide cover in such amount to the Clearing House in accordance with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures.

Withdrawal Date - Means the date upon which the Clearing House determines to withdraw the FCM SwapClear Service or the FCM ForexClear Service, as applicable, in accordance with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures.

Any reference in these FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures to statutes or statutory instruments or provisions thereof shall be to such statutes or statutory instruments or provisions thereof as amended, modified or replaced from time to time.

Reference to writing contained in these FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures shall include typing, printing, lithography, photography or any other mode of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.
Words importing the singular shall, where the context permits, include the plural and vice-versa.

Any reference to time contained in these FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures shall, unless otherwise stated, be to London time. Times are shown using the twenty four hour clock.

Any reference in these FCM Regulations to a person or a party (howsoever described) shall include its successors.

Headings are used herein for ease of reference only.
PART I – REGULATIONS OF GENERAL APPLICABILITY

Regulation 1  Obligations of the Clearing House to each FCM Clearing Member

(a) The Clearing House shall perform the obligations referred to in paragraph (b) below so as to ensure the performance of all Open Contracts in accordance with these FCM Regulations. FCM Clearing Members are fully liable to the Clearing House for the performance of all obligations arising in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts, regardless of whether such FCM SwapClear Contracts are cleared by such FCM Clearing Members as principal for their own accounts, or as agent and guarantor for their respective FCM Clients and Affiliates (as set forth in FCM Regulation 3(b)).

(b) The obligations of the Clearing House to each FCM Clearing Member shall be as a counterpart to an Open Contract registered in the name of an FCM Clearing Member in accordance with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, to perform its obligations under the terms of such Open Contract as principal to such FCM Clearing Member in accordance with the provisions of these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, but subject to the restrictions on the Clearing House's obligations and liabilities contained in these FCM Regulations.

(c) The performance by the Clearing House of its obligations referred to in this FCM Regulation 1 shall be subject to the provisions of these FCM Regulations. It is not the intention of the Clearing House or its members to confer any benefit on or give any right to enforce any provisions of this FCM Regulation 1 or any of the other FCM Regulations to any person who is not a member.
**Regulation 2** Performance by the Clearing House of its Obligations under the Terms of an Open Contract

The Clearing House’s obligations under the terms of an Open Contract shall be performed in the manner and form and by such day and time as may be prescribed in these FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures; provided that, where the Economic Terms of an FCM SwapClear Contract specify a time by which a party thereto shall perform its obligations, the Clearing House shall be deemed to have complied with such Economic Terms if it performs its obligations promptly after such time.
Regulation 3  
FCM Clearing Member Status of the Clearing House and Application of LCH Regulations

(a) Application for FCM Clearing Member status in the Clearing House shall be made in accordance with the FCM Procedures. An FCM Clearing Member’s status in the Clearing House and all FCM SwapClear Clearing Services shall be governed by these FCM Regulations, the Other Specific Regulations and the FCM Procedures. Additionally, an FCM Member’s status in the Clearing House shall be governed by any FCM Clearing Membership Agreement to which it is for the time being party. FCM Clearing Member status does not provide or entitle an FCM Clearing Member to any other clearing member status with the Clearing House, or to any shareholding membership of LCH.Clearnet Limited or any shareholding or other membership of any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group or any entitlement to membership of or participation in LCH.Clearnet SA, each of which has separate and distinct membership requirements.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of these FCM Regulations, with respect to FCM SwapClear Transactions involving an FCM Client or an Affiliate cleared by an FCM Clearing Member as FCM SwapClear Contracts, such FCM Clearing Member shall act solely as agent of its FCM Clients and Affiliates in connection with the clearing of such FCM SwapClear Contracts; provided that each FCM Clearing Member shall remain fully liable for all obligations to the Clearing House arising in connection with such FCM SwapClear Contracts.

(c) Qualification of FCM Clearing Members. An FCM Clearing Member must obtain approval from the Clearing House in order to provide a category of FCM SwapClear Clearing Services (with respect to a Business Category of FCM Contract). A separate approval is required for each category of FCM Clearing Services that an FCM Clearing Member proposes to provide. In order to obtain such approval, and in order to maintain such approval once such approval has been obtained, an FCM Clearing Member must:

(i) be registered with the CFTC as an FCM;

(ii) be incorporated or otherwise organized under the laws of a State within the United States;

(iii) maintain adjusted net capital, as defined in CFTC Regulation 1.17, of at least $50,000,000 (fifty million United States dollars); provided, that (A) the Clearing House shall be permitted (in its sole and reasonable discretion), including as described in the FCM Procedures, to scale an FCM Clearing Member’s required level of net capital in accordance with the level of risk introduced to the Clearing House by such FCM Clearing Member and (B) the Clearing House shall be permitted (in its sole and reasonably discretion) to scale an FCM Clearing Member’s level of risk introduced to the Clearing House by such FCM Clearing Member in accordance with its level of net capital (and regardless of whether such FCM Clearing Member has adjusted net capital exceeding $50,000,000); provided, further, that each FCM Clearing Member or FCM Clearing Member applicant must maintain compliance with all regulatory financial requirements (whether relating to capital, equity, risk or otherwise) applicable to it, including without limitation the applicable requirements of CFTC Regulation 1.17 and Part 23 of the CFTC Regulations;
(iv) have and maintain systems and personnel that are, in the judgment of the Clearing House, adequate to enable such FCM Clearing Member or applicant to satisfy its operational responsibilities, in accordance with the FCM Regulations and FCM Procedures and, without limitation, have the connectivity and capability to process the applicable FCM-SwapClear Transactions through an FCM Approved Trade Source System;

(v) be in compliance with all applicable provisions of the FCM Rulebook and the FCM Default Fund Agreement, including but not limited to the requirement to contribute to the Clearing House Default Fund in accordance with the FCM Rulebook;

(vi) be able to successfully participate or demonstrate that it has: (A) an affiliated SwapClearNon-FCM Clearing Member that can successfully participate; or (B) an LCH Approved Outsourcing Party that can successfully participate in a “fire drill” run by the Clearing House from time to time which in respect of each such Business Category of FCM Contract cleared by such FCM Clearing Member. Each such “fire drill” shall involve submitting a bid for a notional portfolio of trades within a specific currency in a specified timeframe. Submission of a bid outside the timeframe specified by the Clearing House or submitting a bid that is unreasonable will constitute a failure of the “fire drill” and the applicant’s FCM Clearing Member application will not be approved;

(vii) be able to participate or demonstrate that it has: (A) an affiliated SwapClearNon-FCM Clearing Member that can successfully participate; or (B) an LCH Approved Outsourcing Party that can successfully participate in the Default Management Process operated by the Clearing House;

(viii) have, within its corporate group, at least one banking institution, credit institution, securities firm, investment banking firm or similar entity licensed by the competent authorities of the United States or a member state of the European Union, or the equivalent of a banking institution, credit institution, securities firm, investment banking firm or similar entity licensed by the competent authorities of a country outside the United States and the European Union and which is subject to prudential rules considered by the Clearing House to be at least as stringent as those applicable to banking institutions, credit institutions, securities firms, investment banking firms or similar entities, as applicable, within the United States or the European Union; and

(ix) in the event of a default, be able to receive from the Clearing House and process FCM SwapClear Contracts and SCM SwapClearNon-FCM Contracts (of the type(s) that it is approved to clear), and any associated hedge trades, in FPML format.

(d) Each FCM Clearing Member shall at all times continue to comply with and satisfy the qualifications and requirements set forth in FCM Regulation 3(c) and shall promptly notify the Clearing House if it has breached or reasonably expects to breach any such qualifications or requirements.

Notwithstanding anything else contained in this FCM Regulation 3 or in the FCM Procedures, an applicant to become an FCM Clearing Member shall provide any additional documentation or information that is reasonably requested by the Clearing House in order to
verify or substantiate the ability of such FCM Clearing Member applicant to satisfy its obligations under the FCM Rulebook or to satisfy its obligations as an FCM Clearing Member.
Regulation 4

FCM Client Business and Proprietary Account Trading

(a) Subject to the provisions of these FCM Regulations, FCM SwapClear Clearing Services may be provided by an FCM Clearing Member to its FCM Clients on any terms and conditions mutually agreed to by the FCM Clearing Member and the FCM Client; provided, however, that each FCM Clearing Member shall, before providing FCM SwapClear Clearing Services to any FCM Client, ensure that:

(i) it has entered into an agreement with that FCM Client, or an Addendum to an existing Agreement with such FCM Client, which, in either case, binds the FCM Client to the applicable provisions of the FCM Rulebook by direct reference to the FCM Rulebook or otherwise, and any such other provisions as shall be agreed from time to time between the Clearing House and FCM Clearing Members, or as may be prescribed by the Clearing House; and

(ii) the FCM Client has been provided with or has been directed to a copy of the FCM SwapClear Clearing End-User Notice and that the FCM Clearing Member confirms to the Clearing House in writing that it has done so.

(b) FCM SwapClear Clearing Services may be provided by an FCM Clearing Member to its FCM Clients, and FCM SwapClear Contracts may be entered into by an FCM Clearing Member with the Clearing House on behalf of its FCM Clients only through an FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH maintained by the Clearing House in the name of the FCM Clearing Member for the benefit of its FCM Clients.

(c) If and to the extent permitted in the FCM Procedures, FCM Clearing Members shall be permitted to enter into and clear FCM SwapClear Contracts for their own account or accounts of their Affiliates, in each case through their Proprietary Accounts. An FCM Clearing Member wishing to provide FCM SwapClear Clearing Services to Affiliates shall enter into an agreement with each such Affiliate, or an Addendum to an existing agreement which, in either case, binds the Affiliate to the applicable provisions of the FCM Rulebook by direct reference to the FCM Rulebook or otherwise, and any such other provisions as shall be agreed from time to time between the FCM Clearing Member and the Affiliate, or as may be prescribed by the Clearing House. An FCM Clearing Member providing FCM SwapClear Clearing Services to its Affiliates shall notify the Clearing House of any Affiliates for which it provides such FCM SwapClear Clearing Services clears each Business Category of FCM Contract.

(d) Each FCM Clearing Member shall maintain appropriate books and records identifying all pertinent information regarding its FCM Clients and any Affiliates for which it provides FCM SwapClear Clearing Services and regarding trades made on its own behalf through its Proprietary Account, the FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared for such FCM Clients, Affiliates, or on its own behalf, and the cover held in respect of such cleared FCM SwapClear Contracts, subject to the provisions of the following paragraph (e).

(e) Each FCM Clearing Member shall establish and maintain an FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account on behalf of its FCM Clients, in accordance with applicable provisions of the CEA and regulations of the CFTC Regulations, including but not limited to Part 1 and Part 190 of such regulations (but excluding Part 22 until compliance therewith becomes mandatory under the CFTC Regulations), and as further set forth in FCM Regulation 29.25, The Each FCM...
OTC Client Segregated Depository Account shall be maintained with a depository in accordance with the CEA and CFTC Regulations and the FCM Clearing Member may commingle assets of all of its FCM Clients (provided that such assets are deposited or held in connection with FCM Transactions and FCM Contracts) in such FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account in a single omnibus account established and maintained in accordance with CFTC Regulations. The Each FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account maintained by each FCM Clearing Member shall be designated as part of the Cleared OTC Derivatives Swaps Account Class for the purposes of Part 190 of the CFTC’s regulations and Section 2(h) of the CEA Regulations.

(f) The Clearing House shall establish and maintain an LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account for each Business Category of FCM Contract on behalf of the FCM Clients, in accordance with applicable provisions of the CEA and regulations of the CFTC, including but not limited to Part 1 and Part 190 of such regulations. Each LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account shall be maintained with a permitted depository in accordance with the CEA and CFTC Regulations and the Clearing House may commingle assets of all of the FCM Clients in each such LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account in a single omnibus account established and maintained in accordance with CFTC Regulations. Furthermore, the Clearing House may physically commingle the assets of FCM Clients held in all of the LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Accounts in such single physical depository account. All cover deposited by FCM Clearing Members in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared on behalf of FCM Clients shall be held in such applicable LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account. The Each LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account shall be maintained by the Clearing House separately from any and all assets of the FCM Clearing Members, or any other assets that the Clearing House is holding for clients (other than FCM Clients) and shall contain no assets other than cover deposited by FCM Clearing Members in connection with the clearing of FCM SwapClear Contracts on behalf of their FCM Clients. The Each LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account maintained by the Clearing House shall be designated as part of the Cleared OTC Derivatives Swaps Account Class for the purposes of Part 190 of the CFTC’s regulations.

(g) The Required Margin relating to FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared by an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of its FCM Clients, its Affiliates, or on its own behalf, will be calculated by the Clearing House, and discharged by the FCM Clearing Member in respect of all such FCM SwapClear Contracts, by:

(i) if and to the extent that there is Excess Margin available, deduction by the Clearing House of amounts from such Excess Margin; provided that, in accordance with these FCM Regulations, including without limitation FCM Regulation 29, in no event shall Excess Margin attributable to FCM Clients be available to satisfy Required Margin requirements relating to Proprietary Accounts;

(ii) otherwise, delivery by the FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House of cover with a value which is at least sufficient to discharge the relevant requirement.
FCM Clients and FCM-SwapClear Contract positions established for FCM Clients shall be subject to gross margin requirements on all such positions—regardless of the Business Category of FCM Contract—and each FCM Clearing Member shall require its FCM Clients to satisfy such gross margin requirements. FCM-SwapClear Contract positions established in an FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account on its own behalf and for its Affiliates shall be subject to net margin requirements with respect to each Business Category of FCM Contract, such that an FCM Clearing Member shall be required to deposit a net margin amount with the Clearing House in connection with all of the FCM-SwapClear Contract positions of itself and its Affiliates for each Business Category of FCM Contract in which it holds positions in its Proprietary Accounts. An FCM Clearing Member may impose margin requirements on its Affiliates for which it provides FCM-SwapClear Clearing Services on a net basis, netting the positions and related margin requirements with respect to a single Affiliate or across multiple Affiliates, or an FCM Clearing Member may impose such margin requirements on a gross basis.

(h) An FCM Clearing Member shall provide the Clearing House with all information required under the FCM Procedures regarding the FCM-SwapClear Contracts and Account Assets held by such FCM Clearing Member for each of its FCM Clients at such times and in such form as required under the FCM Procedures. In addition, an FCM Clearing Member shall, as soon as reasonably practicable following a request from the Clearing House, provide the Clearing House with any other information which the Clearing House may reasonably require in relation to the FCM Clients or Affiliates of the FCM Clearing Member, or the clearing of FCM-SwapClear Contracts by such FCM Clearing Member on behalf of its FCM Clients, its Affiliates, or on its own behalf.

(i) No FCM Clearing Member may withdraw any amount from any of its FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account Accounts with LCH or its Proprietary Account if such withdrawal would cause the account balance to be less than the Required Margin then attributable to such FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH or to such Proprietary Account, as applicable, determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the provisions of the FCM Rulebook.
Regulation 5 — Registration of FCM SwapClear Contracts; Novation and Post-Novation Compression

(a) In order for an FCM to submit an FCM SwapClear Transaction for registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract, the FCM must be currently approved as an FCM Clearing Member pursuant to these FCM Regulations. The Executing Parties to such FCM SwapClear Transaction shall be responsible for any give-up or other agreement mutually agreed to among the parties with respect to such transactions, as applicable. An FCM Clearing Member must submit the particulars of an FCM SwapClear Transaction for registration as FCM SwapClear Contracts in accordance with these FCM Regulations. Each FCM SwapClear Transaction involving an FCM Client shall be presented to the Clearing House for registration on behalf of such FCM Client by its FCM Clearing Member. It is a condition for registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract that both sides of the underlying FCM SwapClear Transaction be presented for clearing (as one FCM SwapClear Contract and one SCM SwapClear Contract, or as two FCM SwapClear Contracts, as the case may be).

(b) Where an Executing Party enters into an FCM SwapClear Transaction on an FCM Approved Trade Source and such FCM SwapClear Transaction is to be cleared through an FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall notify the FCM Clearing Member of such FCM SwapClear Transaction and request acceptance for registration in accordance with the FCM Procedures. Upon receipt of acceptance for registration by the Clearing House from the FCM Clearing Member, (i) the FCM Clearing Member shall be deemed to have presented the FCM SwapClear Transaction to the Clearing House (and such presentation may not be withdrawn by the FCM Clearing Member unless otherwise provided in the FCM Rulebook), and the Clearing House shall register the FCM SwapClear Transaction subject to, and in accordance, with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures; and (ii) such FCM Clearing Member shall be obligated to pay, upon request of the Clearing House, all cover required by the Clearing House in connection with the registration of the FCM SwapClear Transaction.

(c) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this FCM Regulation 5, an FCM Clearing Member shall be bound by an FCM SwapClear Contract registered in its name on behalf of an FCM Client or an Affiliate pursuant to the presentation of particulars of an FCM SwapClear Transaction by it, and by the other FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member, as applicable.

(d) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this FCM Regulation 5, an FCM SwapClear Transaction, particulars of which are submitted for registration as FCM SwapClear Contracts, must meet the eligibility criteria prescribed in these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures at the time the particulars of the FCM SwapClear Transaction are presented to the Clearing House and must continue to meet such criteria at the Registration Time in order to be registered as FCM SwapClear Contracts, at which time the FCM SwapClear Contracts shall replace and supersede such corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction.

(e) The Clearing House shall be deemed to register an FCM SwapClear Contract, in accordance with this FCM Regulation 5 in the name of an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client or an Affiliate (or, if applicable, on the FCM Clearing Member’s own behalf), at the time prescribed in the FCM Procedures (“Registration Time”). At the Registration Time, the FCM Clearing Member, and the FCM Client or Affiliate if applicable, will be deemed to be bound by the
relevant FCM SwapClear Contract on the terms entered into between the FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House automatically and without any further action by such FCM Clearing Member or FCM Client or Affiliate, which such terms shall, without limitation, incorporate all applicable terms of these FCM Regulations and Schedule A hereto.

(f) If at any time after registration of FCM SwapClear Contracts, the Clearing House determines that the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction of which details were submitted for registration did not, at the Registration Time, meet the eligibility criteria for registration as FCM SwapClear Contracts pursuant to the FCM Rulebook, the Clearing House shall, as soon as practicable thereafter, set aside such FCM SwapClear Contracts. Upon the FCM SwapClear Contracts being set aside under this FCM Regulation 5, the particulars of the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction in question shall be deemed never to have been submitted to the Clearing House. Any payment made under, or in respect of, an FCM SwapClear Contract set aside under this paragraph shall be repayable to the person who made the payment. Without prejudice to FCM Regulation 26 and its obligations under this FCM Regulation 5, the Clearing House (and each other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group and their respective officers, employees and agents) shall have no liability whatsoever to any person arising out of or in respect of the registration by it in error or otherwise of an FCM SwapClear Contract in respect of a transaction which did not meet the eligibility criteria at the Registration Time to enable it to be registered as an FCM SwapClear Contract.

(g) Where the FCM Procedures so provide, the Clearing House may require the FCM Clearing Members in whose names one or more FCM SwapClear Transactions are to be registered to furnish it with cover as a condition of registration of such FCM SwapClear Transaction(s), and such cover shall be furnished to the Clearing House in accordance with FCM Regulation 10 and such other applicable provisions in the FCM Rulebook.

(h) The Clearing House may decline to register an FCM SwapClear Transaction in the name of an FCM Clearing Member where it considers such action advisable for its own protection or the protection of the relevant market, provided that the Clearing House shall (subject to the provisions of the FCM Rulebook) register any FCM SwapClear Contract which reduces the risk exposure of the Clearing House and the applicable FCM Clearing Member, as determined in the discretion of the Clearing House. The Clearing House may, without assigning any reason, make the registration of any FCM SwapClear Transaction subject to any conditions stipulated by the Clearing House including, without limitation, the furnishing of additional cover by any FCM Clearing Member in whose name any such FCM SwapClear Transaction is to be registered.

(i) An FCM SwapClear Transaction presented for registration to, and accepted by, the Clearing House shall be registered by the Clearing House in one of the following ways:

(i) in the case where one Executing Party clears its side of such FCM SwapClear Transaction, either through a SwapClear Clearing Member or directly with the Clearing House in its capacity as a SwapClear Clearing Member, and the other Executing Party clears its side of such FCM SwapClear Transaction as or through an FCM Clearing Member, as one SCM SwapClear Contract pursuant to the UK General Regulations applicable to SwapClear Clearing Members and one FCM SwapClear Contract pursuant to these FCM Regulations, where the FCM SwapClear
Contract shall be registered between the FCM Clearing Member, as the party paying Rate X, and the Clearing House as the party paying Rate Y, and the SCM SwapClear Contract shall be registered between the Clearing House, as the party paying Rate X, and the SwapClear Clearing Member, as the party paying Rate Y; or

(ii) in the case where each Executing Party will clear its respective side of such FCM SwapClear Transaction either through an FCM Clearing Member or directly itself as an FCM Clearing Member, as two FCM SwapClear Contracts pursuant to these FCM Regulations, where each relevant FCM SwapClear Contract is registered between the relevant FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House, with one such FCM Clearing Member as the party paying Rate X, and the Clearing House as the party paying Rate Y, and the other FCM Clearing Member as the party paying Rate Y and the Clearing House as the party paying Rate X.

In each of the foregoing cases, to the extent the FCM SwapClear Contract has been entered into by an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client or Affiliate, each FCM Clearing Member will be the agent of its FCM Client or Affiliate, but will nevertheless remain fully liable to the Clearing House for any and all amounts due to the Clearing House in connection with any FCM SwapClear Contract cleared on behalf of its FCM Client or Affiliate.

(j) With effect from the registration of an FCM SwapClear Transaction in accordance with FCM Regulation 5(i) above:

(i) such FCM SwapClear Transaction shall be extinguished and replaced by the corresponding FCM SwapClear Contracts (or if applicable, the corresponding FCM SwapClear Contract and SCM SwapClear Contract), and the parties to such FCM SwapClear Transaction shall be released and discharged from all rights and obligations under such FCM SwapClear Transaction which fall due for performance on or after the Registration Time;

(ii) each FCM SwapClear Contract registered under FCM Regulation 5(i) above shall be governed by the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms as applicable to that FCM SwapClear Contract;

(iii) subject to sub-paragraph (2) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, the FCM Clearing Member shall have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the FCM SwapClear Contract as the party paying Rate X had and owed in respect of its counterparty under the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction; and

(iv) subject to sub-paragraph (2) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, the FCM Clearing Member shall have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the FCM SwapClear Contract to which it is party as the party paying Rate Y had and owed in respect of its counterparty under the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction.

In subparagraphs (3) and (4) above, a reference to the “same” rights or obligations is a reference to rights or obligations, falling due for exercise or performance after the Registration Time, and which are the same in nature and character as the rights or obligations arising from the Economic Terms of the corresponding FCM
SwapClear Transaction (it being assumed, for this purpose, that such FCM SwapClear Transaction was a legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligation of the parties thereto and that the Economic Terms thereof were as presented to the Clearing House for registration), notwithstanding the change in the person entitled to them or obliged to perform them, and subject to any change thereto as a result of the operation of the Standard Terms.

(k) If an FCM SwapClear Transaction is revoked, avoided or otherwise declared invalid for any reason after particulars of it have been accepted by the Clearing House for registration that revocation, avoidance or invalidity shall not affect any FCM SwapClear Contract arising under this FCM Regulation 5 or any other applicable provision of the FCM Rulebook.

(l) In the case of an FCM SwapClear Contract registered by the Clearing House pursuant to rule 6(a) of the Default Rules, the Registration Time shall be deemed to be the time chosen by the Clearing House whereupon this FCM Regulation 5 shall take effect.

(m) An FCM Clearing Member may provide FCM SwapClear Clearing Services in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts or FCM SwapClear Transactions to any of its Affiliates. Such FCM SwapClear Clearing Services shall be provided in the same manner as set forth under these FCM Regulations with respect to FCM Clients, as applicable, except that all transactions for Affiliates shall be cleared through the Proprietary Account of the applicable FCM Clearing Member.

(n) Notwithstanding any other provision of these FCM Regulations, if one or more FCM SwapClear Contracts registered by an FCM Clearing Member in accordance with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures has substantially the same Economic Terms as one or more other FCM SwapClear Contracts previously registered for the account of such FCM Clearing Member, and all such FCM SwapClear Contracts are either (i) registered on the FCM Clearing Member’s own behalf, (ii) registered on behalf of the same FCM Client or (iii) registered on behalf of the same Affiliate, the FCM Clearing Member may request that the Clearing House compress and combine all such FCM SwapClear Contracts by terminating the relevant existing FCM SwapClear Contracts and compressing them into one FCM SwapClear Contract reflecting the aggregate economic terms, or the net economic terms, as the case may be, of the original FCM SwapClear Contracts.

For purposes of this FCM Regulation 5(n), two or more FCM SwapClear Contracts may be deemed by the Clearing House to have “substantially the same Economic Terms” if they are based on the same underlying currencies and the Clearing House considers them, in its sole discretion, to have substantially the same fundamental economic attributes which influence the amount, value date and direction of all coupon cash flows. Two or more FCM SwapClear Contracts that are compressed under the terms of this FCM Regulation 5(n) shall be aggregated if the position of the FCM Clearing Member (on its own behalf) or the relevant FCM Client or Affiliate is in the same direction on each such FCM SwapClear Contract (i.e., obligations to make payment aggregated and rights to receive payment aggregated), such that the FCM SwapClear Contract that replaces the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts shall have a notional amount equal to the total notional amount of the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts. Two or more FCM SwapClear Contracts that are compressed under the terms of this Regulation 5(n) shall be netted if the position of the FCM Clearing Member (on its own behalf) or the relevant FCM Client or Affiliate is in the opposite direction on two or more of each such FCM SwapClear Contracts (i.e., obligations to make payment netted against rights to receive payment), such that the FCM SwapClear
A Contract (if any) that replaces the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts shall have a notional amount equal to the net notional amount of the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts, and provided that in the event that the net notional amount is equal to zero such compression shall result in no replacement FCM SwapClear Contracts. The Clearing House shall determine (in its sole discretion) whether FCM SwapClear Contracts that are the subject of a request for compression from the FCM Clearing Member may be compressed and, if such FCM SwapClear Contracts are compressed, the Clearing House shall determine the resulting notional amount of the FCM SwapClear Contract(s) (if any) that replaces the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts, and such determination shall be binding on the FCM Clearing Member, absent manifest error. It is a condition for compression of FCM SwapClear Contracts that the amount of cover that the Clearing House requires in respect of the original FCM SwapClear Contracts is equal to that which is required by the Clearing House in respect of the replacement FCM SwapClear Contract(s).

Regulation 5  
Treatment of Accounts at LCH

(a) Accounts shall be opened between each FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures. An FCM Clearing Member shall be responsible to LCH for all obligations owed to the Clearing House in respect of every account opened in respect of such FCM Clearing Member.

(b) This paragraph applies to an FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Accounts. In the event that more than one Proprietary Account is opened in respect of an FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall have the right to combine or consolidate the balances on any or all of the FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Accounts, treat all such accounts as a single account and set off any amount or amounts standing from time to time to the credit of any one or more of such accounts in or towards payment or satisfaction of all or any of the FCM Clearing Member’s liabilities to the Clearing House on any one or more of such accounts, or in or towards payment or satisfaction of any other obligations of the FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House, including but not limited to, obligations arising in connection with FCM Client Business.

(c) This paragraph applies to an FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Accounts with LCH. Unless the FCM Rulebook provides otherwise, in the event that more than one FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account with LCH is opened in respect of an FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall have the right to combine or consolidate the balances on any or all of such FCM Omnibus OTC Client Accounts (within the same account class for purposes of Part 190 of the CFTC Regulations) with LCH of an FCM Clearing Member, treat all such accounts as a single account and set off any amount or amounts standing to the credit of any one or more of such FCM Omnibus OTC Client Accounts with LCH of an FCM Clearing Member in or towards payment or satisfaction of all or any of the FCM Clearing Member’s liabilities to the Clearing House on any one or more of such accounts, or in or towards payment or satisfaction of any other obligations of the FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House, including but not limited to, obligations arising in connection with FCM Client Business.
LCH shall be held and administered with in accordance with the CEA and all applicable CFTC Regulations including but not limited to Part 1 and Part 190 of such regulations (but excluding Part 22 until compliance therewith becomes mandatory under the CFTC Regulations), including as set forth in FCM Regulation 25.

(d) Amounts standing to the credit of an FCM Clearing Member’s account relating to Contributions made under the Default Fund Rules may be applied as provided for in the Default Fund Rules.

(e) Any rights of set-off, combination of accounts or appropriation which the Clearing House may have under these FCM Regulations or otherwise shall apply whether or not accounts are denominated in the same currency.

(f) Interest calculated on a basis determined from time to time by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures may at the Clearing House’s discretion (but subject to the provisions of the Default Fund Rules) be paid on amounts standing to the credit of any of the FCM Clearing Member’s accounts.

(g) Debit balances due to the Clearing House on any account opened in respect of an FCM Clearing Member are payable by such FCM Clearing Member on demand and interest may at the Clearing House’s discretion be charged on debit balances remaining unpaid (whether or not demand for payment is made) on a basis and at a rate determined from time to time by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

(h) Subject to the provisions of the Default Fund Rules, the Clearing House may at its absolute discretion alter the basis of calculating interest rates and such alteration shall be effective in respect of all current and future business on the date notified to FCM Clearing Members in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

(i) If an FCM Clearing Member specifies a Termination Date under FCM Regulation 26A, the FCM Clearing Member shall be entitled to set off any or all amounts (whether present or future, liquidated or unliquidated, actual or contingent) due as between the Clearing House and the FCM Clearing Member provided that in accordance with these FCM Regulations, including without limitation FCM Regulation 29, an FCM Clearing Member’s obligations to the Clearing House (other than solely in respect of the obligations of its FCM Clients) may never be set off with amounts in FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Accounts.
**Regulation 6 - Designation**

An FCM Clearing Member shall designate the account of the FCM Clearing Member in which a prospective FCM SwapClear Contract shall be registered in the manner and form and by the time prescribed by the FCM Procedures. If the FCM Clearing Member fails to so designate an account, the Clearing House may, at its discretion and in accordance with the FCM Procedures, determine in which account of the FCM Clearing Member the FCM SwapClear Contract shall be entered.
**Regulation 7**  
**Regulation 8**  
Trading Information

The Clearing House shall make available to an FCM Clearing Member in the manner and by the time prescribed by the FCM Procedures, such details of original contracts presented for registration in the name of that FCM Clearing Member, Open Contracts registered in that FCM Clearing Member’s name, and cover furnished by that FCM Clearing Member as may be prescribed in the FCM Procedures.
Regulation 9

Transfer

(a) Other than in the event that an FCM Clearing Member is a defaulter, Open Contracts in such FCM Clearing Member’s name shall not be allocated or transferred except as provided in this FCM Regulation 9. The FCM Procedures shall specify the categories of FCM Contracts that can be transferred in accordance with this FCM Regulation 8.

(b) Upon the instruction or at the request of an FCM Client, via a Receiving FCM Clearing Member (as set out in the FCM Procedures), to transfer that FCM Client's entire portfolio (and not less than an entire portfolio) of a Business Category of FCM–SwapClear Contracts from a Carrying FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall transfer: (x) all of such Business Category of FCM–SwapClear Contracts entered into by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member on behalf of such FCM Client, as identified to the Clearing House by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House being entitled to rely conclusively on the instructions of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member with respect to the FCM–SwapClear Contracts to be transferred (such transfer to occur by novation of such FCM SwapClear—Contracts rather than by closeout and rebooking of new FCM SwapClear Contracts); and (y) upon request, if any, of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member on behalf of the relevant FCM Client, all Account Assets deposited with or transferred to the Clearing House by a Carrying FCM Clearing Member and held by the Clearing House in respect of the FCM–SwapClear Contracts that are being transferred to a Receiving FCM Clearing Member designated by the FCM Client as set out in the FCM Procedures (the Clearing House being entitled to rely conclusively on the instructions of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member with respect to such Account Assets), provided that:

(i) such FCM Client has not become insolvent (such FCM Client to be presumed to be solvent by the Clearing House unless evidenced to the contrary by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member in the manner set forth in the FCM Procedures or as otherwise reasonably determined by the Clearing House);

(ii) neither the Carrying FCM Clearing Member nor the Receiving FCM Clearing Member is a defaulter;

(iii) the Receiving FCM Clearing Member has consented to such transfer;

(iv) the Clearing House considers that it has received sufficient cover from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member in order to enable the transfer; and

(v) the FCM Client has satisfied (such satisfaction to be presumed by the Clearing House unless evidenced to the contrary by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member in the manner set forth in the FCM Procedures or as otherwise reasonably determined by the Clearing House) all outstanding obligations that are due and payable to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and its Affiliates, including any increased margin due and payable that may result from the proposed transfer, unless the Carrying FCM Clearing Member otherwise consents.

For purposes of (v) above, with respect to obligations owed to Affiliates of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member by an FCM Client, “obligations” shall consist only of those obligations that arise as a result of cross-margining, cross-netting or other
similar arrangements with respect to the FCM–SwapClear Contracts being transferred or the FCM Client’s related collateral.

(c) Upon the instruction or at the request of an FCM Client via a Receiving FCM Clearing Member (as set out in the FCM Procedures) to transfer a portion of that FCM Client’s portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts from a Carrying FCM Clearing Member, (the "Porting FCM SwapClear Contracts"), the Clearing House shall transfer (such transfer to occur by novation of such Porting FCM SwapClear Contracts rather than by closeout and rebooking of new FCM SwapClear Contracts) the Porting FCM SwapClear Contracts entered into by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member on behalf of such FCM Client to a Receiving FCM Clearing Member, designated by the FCM Client as set out in the FCM Procedures provided that:

(i) such FCM Client has not become insolvent (such FCM Client to be presumed to be solvent by the Clearing House unless evidenced to the contrary by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member in the manner set forth in the FCM Procedures or as otherwise reasonably determined by the Clearing House);

(ii) neither the Carrying FCM Clearing Member nor the Receiving FCM Clearing Member is a defaulter;

(iii) the Receiving FCM Clearing Member has consented to such transfer;

(iv) the Receiving FCM Clearing Member has provided sufficient cover to the Clearing House in respect of its current FCM SwapClear Contracts and the Porting FCM SwapClear Contracts in order to enable the transfer;

(v) the FCM Client has satisfied (such satisfaction to be presumed by the Clearing House unless evidenced to the contrary by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member in the manner set forth in the FCM Procedures or as otherwise reasonably determined by the Clearing House) all outstanding obligations that are due and payable to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and its Affiliates, including any increased margin due and payable that may result from the proposed transfer, unless the Carrying FCM Clearing Member otherwise consents; and

(vi) in the event that the transfer will lead to an increased cover requirement from the Carrying FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House, the Carrying FCM Clearing Member provides sufficient cover to the Clearing House in respect of such increased cover requirement.

For purposes of (v) above, with respect to obligations owed to Affiliates of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member by an FCM Client, “obligations” shall consist only of those obligations that arise as a result of cross-margining, cross-netting or other similar arrangements with respect to the FCM–SwapClear Contracts being transferred or the FCM Client’s related collateral.

(d) Upon request from the Clearing House, and in order to facilitate a transfer pursuant to FCM Regulation 98(b), the Carrying FCM Clearing Member shall notify the Clearing House of the Account Assets which are attributable to the transferring FCM Client and, along with the Receiving FCM Clearing Member, shall take such actions and provide such information in connection with the transfer as may be required under the FCM Procedures. In the event that the Carrying FCM Clearing
Member fails to notify the Clearing House of the Account Assets that are attributable to the relevant FCM Client, the Clearing House shall transfer such collateral as it deems appropriate and as set out in the FCM Procedures.

(e)  
(i) By notifying the Clearing House of a request to accept a transfer of FCM SwapClear Contracts of an FCM Client, and the related Account Assets if applicable, pursuant to FCM Regulation 98(b) or 98(c), the Receiving FCM Clearing Member shall be deemed to have represented to the Clearing House that all of the conditions set forth herein and in the FCM Procedures to the transfer of the account of the FCM Client have been satisfied. Upon receipt of such transfer instructions, and provided that it does not determine, in its sole discretion, that the transfer cannot be effected under these FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures, the Clearing House shall transfer the FCM SwapClear Contract(s) into the name of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member as agent for the relevant FCM Client.

(ii) In the case where a transfer pursuant to FCM Regulation 98(b) will include the transfer of the related Account Assets in addition to the transfer of FCM SwapClear Contracts:

(A) Upon completion of the transfer, the Account Assets deposited with or transferred to the Clearing House by the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and held by the Clearing House in respect of the FCM SwapClear Contracts that are being transferred shall, without limitation, be deemed to have been delivered by the Receiving FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House and subject to the security interest granted by the Receiving FCM Clearing Member pursuant to FCM Regulation 109(n). Furthermore, and for the avoidance of doubt, the Carrying FCM Clearing Member shall have no right or entitlement to assert any claim over, or right with respect to, the Account Assets transferred.

(B) The transfer of the FCM SwapClear Contracts and related Account Assets shall be deemed to occur simultaneously, and the transfer of the FCM SwapClear Contracts shall be conditioned on the transfer of the related Account Assets, and vice versa.

(C) If the transfer of all such FCM SwapClear Contracts and related Account Assets is not completed for any reason, then any actual transfer of Account Assets or FCM SwapClear Contracts that has occurred, as the case may be, shall be deemed not to have occurred, and any actual transfer of Account Assets or FCM SwapClear Contracts that has occurred shall be immediately unwound.

(f) Rights under an Open Contract shall not be capable of assignment by an FCM Clearing Member. Any such purported assignment by an FCM Clearing Member, or any purported transfer that is not in compliance with this FCM Regulation 98, shall be void.

(g) If an FCM Clearing Member is a defaulter, the Clearing House shall take such actions, subject to and in accordance with the Default Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex), and as may be required by the CEA, CFTC Regulations and applicable bankruptcy laws regarding the liquidation or transfer of FCM
SwapClear Contracts carried by such FCM Clearing Member on behalf of its FCM Clients. If possible under such applicable laws and regulations and the Default Rules, the Clearing House shall undertake to dispose of open FCM SwapClear Contracts held by FCM Clients of the defaulter in accordance with the instructions of such FCM Clients, either by liquidating such FCM SwapClear Contracts or by transferring such FCM SwapClear Contracts to the FCM Clearing Member designated by such FCM Clients; provided that the Clearing House shall at all times act in accordance with the Default Rules, the requirements of the CEA, CFTC Regulations and applicable bankruptcy laws regarding the liquidation or transfer of FCM SwapClear Contracts and, further, that the Clearing House shall have no responsibility or liability whatsoever for any action taken or not taken with respect to the accounts and FCM SwapClear Contracts of FCM Clients of the defaulter in accordance with such laws or regulations or the directions of any Regulatory Body or bankruptcy trustee. In the event that the Clearing House does not receive instructions from FCM Clients in a timely manner, or the Clearing House for any reason deems it necessary or appropriate for its protection, or the protection of market participants, the Clearing House may take any action with respect to the Open Contracts of FCM Clients of the defaulter that it determines to be appropriate in its sole discretion, which may include (i) as part of the SwapClear DMP, including an FCM SwapClear Contract in respect of FCM Client Business in an Auction Portfolio if determined to be appropriate by the Clearing House, provided that the relevant Auction Portfolio does not include any type of positions of the defaulting FCM Clearing Member other than FCM SwapClear Contracts in respect of FCM Client Business, and/or (ii) as part of the ForexClear DMP, including an FCM ForexClear Contract in respect of FCM Client Business in an Auction Portfolio if determined to be appropriate by the Clearing House, provided that the relevant Auction Portfolio does not include any type of positions of the defaulting FCM Clearing Member other than FCM ForexClear Contracts in respect of FCM Client Business. Risk Neutralisation in relation to such FCM SwapClear Contracts or ForexClear Contracts, as applicable, and the auction process in relation to an Auction Portfolio of such FCM SwapClear Contracts or FCM ForexClear Contracts, as applicable, shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the SwapClear DMP Annex or the ForexClear DMP Annex, respectively.

(h) If and to the extent permitted under the FCM Procedures, an FCM Clearing Member may transfer Open Contracts between its Proprietary Account and accounts of its FCM Clients, and vice versa, upon a client default or otherwise as permitted under and subject to applicable provisions of the CEA and CFTC Regulations regarding segregation of assets, and in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these FCM Regulations, in making any transfer of an FCM Client account (and the related FCM SwapClear Contracts and Account Assets) pursuant to this FCM Regulation 9.8, the Clearing House shall be authorized and entitled to rely conclusively on the instructions of and information provided by the relevant FCM Clearing Member(s), which shall be solely responsible for all such instructions and information, including ensuring that the transfer is properly authorized, and that the appropriate account, FCM SwapClear Contracts and Account Assets have been identified, and the Clearing House shall have no responsibility or liability therefor.
Regulation 9 Margin and Cover for Margin; Other Obligations

(a) The Clearing House may in accordance with the FCM Procedures require an FCM Clearing Member to furnish it with cover, and to keep the Clearing House furnished with sufficient cover at all times, in an amount determined by the Clearing House in accordance with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, as security for the performance by such FCM Clearing Member of its obligations to the Clearing House in respect of all FCM SwapClear Contracts from time to time to be registered in its name as Open Contracts pursuant to these FCM Regulations. The obligation upon an FCM Clearing Member to furnish cover to the Clearing House pursuant to this paragraph shall be in addition to any other obligation of the FCM Clearing Member to furnish cover to the Clearing House pursuant to these FCM Regulations.

(b) If insufficient monies are standing to the credit of an FCM Clearing Member’s account, or if any security deposited by an FCM Clearing Member as cover is determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures to be insufficient, such cover as the Clearing House requires an FCM Clearing Member to furnish to it pursuant to paragraph (a) above, FCM Regulation 5 or 40 or any other FCM Regulation shall be furnished by the FCM Clearing Member in such form and manner and by such time or times as may be prescribed by the FCM Procedures.

(c) (i) The Clearing House shall be entitled to assume that all securities and other assets furnished or deposited by an FCM Clearing Member to or with the Clearing House as cover pursuant to these FCM Regulations or under the terms of any agreement made with the FCM Clearing Member are the sole legal and beneficial property of the FCM Clearing Member or are furnished or deposited for the purposes of these FCM Regulations with the legal and beneficial owner’s unconditional consent and with the authority granted to the FCM Clearing Member to repledge such property to the Clearing House. An FCM Clearing Member may not furnish or deposit securities or other assets to or with the Clearing House as cover otherwise than in conformity to this paragraph. It shall be accepted by every person dealing on the terms of these FCM Regulations that an FCM Clearing Member has such person’s unconditional consent to furnish or deposit to or with the Clearing House as cover for the purposes of these FCM Regulations any securities or other assets of such person in the FCM Clearing Member’s possession.

(ii) Each FCM Clearing Member represents and warrants to the Clearing House as at each date on which such FCM Clearing Member furnishes or deposits securities or other assets to or with the Clearing House as cover pursuant to these FCM Regulations (A) that such FCM Clearing Member is the sole legal and beneficial owner of those securities or other assets or, as the case may be, those securities or other assets are so furnished or deposited with the legal and beneficial owner’s unconditional consent and with the authority granted to the FCM Clearing Member to repledge such property to the Clearing House, and (B) that the provision to the Clearing House of such securities or other assets pursuant to these FCM Regulations will not constitute or result in a breach of any trust, agreement or undertaking whatsoever.

(iii) The Clearing House may, in its absolute discretion and at any time, require an FCM Clearing Member to furnish or deposit other securities or assets to or with the Clearing House in substitution of any securities or
assets deposited with the Clearing House pursuant to this FCM Regulation 10.9.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c) above, the Clearing House shall be entitled at its absolute discretion, without assigning any reason and without prior notice to an FCM Clearing Member, to modify the amount of Initial Margin applicable to an FCM-SwapClear Contract or to call for larger or additional amounts of cover for Initial Margin to be furnished to it by an FCM Clearing Member, either before registration of a contract or at any time after registration. Any cover called by the Clearing House pursuant to this paragraph shall be furnished by the FCM Clearing Member on demand and in such form as the Clearing House may require.

(e) The Clearing House shall be entitled at any time to demand immediate provision of cover from an FCM Clearing Member in an amount deemed necessary by the Clearing House without reference to Official Quotations or Reference Prices in respect of any Open Contract in the FCM Clearing Member’s name, if, in the opinion of the Clearing House, the furnishing of such cover by the FCM Clearing Member is necessary in the circumstances then prevailing which may be affecting or may in the Clearing House’s opinion be likely to affect market conditions or the FCM Clearing Member’s performance of its obligations under the terms of such contracts or under the terms of any original or confirmed contract to which the member is party. In this paragraph, “immediate provision” means payment to the Clearing House within one hour of demand.

(f) The Clearing House shall be entitled to make an accommodation charge at a rate determined by the Clearing House and specified in the FCM Procedures, in respect of any security furnished to it as cover in a form prescribed by the FCM Procedures. Any alteration in the basis of calculating the rates of accommodation charge shall become effective in respect of all current and future business by the time specified in the FCM Procedures.

(g) Without prejudice to the requirements of paragraph (c) above or any other applicable requirements contained in the FCM Rulebook, the Clearing House may at its absolute discretion accept cover in an agreed amount and in a form other than those specified in the FCM Procedures, subject always to the Clearing House’s prior assessment as to the appropriateness of such form of cover in accordance with its standard risk management procedures and with any special arrangements which the Clearing House may prescribe in each case (including as to valuation and haircut). The Clearing House may at its discretion make an accommodation charge at a special rate.

(h) Without prejudice to the requirements of paragraph (c) above or any other applicable requirements contained in the FCM Rulebook, and subject to the settlement of any other obligations of an FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House: (i) an FCM Clearing Member may request the return of any Excess Margin at any time; and (ii) upon the close-out or termination of an FCM SwapClear Contract in accordance with the FCM Rulebook, the Clearing House shall return all Initial Margin attributable to such FCM SwapClear Contract to the respective FCM Clearing Member, provided that no portion of such Initial Margin is required as cover or otherwise required by the FCM Rulebook for any other positions established by the FCM Clearing Member with respect to its Proprietary Account (with respect to (A) in the case of Initial Margin to be released in connection with positions for the in a Proprietary Account) or any of its FCM Segregated Accounts (with respect to, for any other positions in any FCM Contract, or (B) in the case of Initial Margin to be released in connection with
positions for positions in the FCM Segregated Accounts), for any other positions in the same Business Category of FCM Contract.

(i) If, in the opinion of the Clearing House, any security which has been furnished to it by an FCM Clearing Member as cover pursuant to these FCM Regulations is no longer either of sufficient value or otherwise acceptable to the Clearing House, the Clearing House shall be entitled to demand further provision of cover from such FCM Clearing Member. Such cover shall be furnished by such FCM Clearing Member on demand in a form prescribed by the FCM Procedures, provided that at any time the Clearing House shall be entitled to require the FCM Clearing Member to furnish it with cover in a specified form and to demand that the FCM Clearing Member replace the whole or part of any security furnished by an FCM Clearing Member pursuant to these FCM Regulations by cover in the form of cash.

(j) If, in respect of Open Contracts in an FCM Clearing Member’s name, Official Quotations indicate that Excess Margin is maintained with the Clearing House by such FCM Clearing Member in respect of such contracts, the Clearing House may, or at the FCM Clearing Member’s request in accordance with FCM Regulation 10(h) shall, release the Excess Margin.

(k) If the Clearing House takes any step or steps under the Default Rules in relation to an FCM Clearing Member, any sum (including without limitation the price due to be paid by the Clearing House in respect of the delivery of any property or currency by or on behalf of the FCM Clearing Member) standing to the credit of any of the FCM Clearing Member’s accounts shall be treated as cover, provided that notwithstanding anything else in these FCM Regulations to the contrary, under no circumstances (except as may be required to comply with applicable law or any order or instruction of a Regulatory Body or court) will any assets in the any FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Accounts Account with LCH be applied to the satisfaction of proprietary obligations of the FCM Clearing Member or any other obligations not related to such FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Client Business in such Business Category of FCM Contract (except that where an FCM Client is in default with respect to the cover required by the Clearing House in respect of its FCM Contracts, any excess cover of such FCM Client posted to the Clearing House in respect of any Business Category of FCM Contract may be applied to offset such FCM Client’s cover shortfall in respect of any other Business Category of FCM Contract).

(l) Each FCM Clearing Member and, to the extent applicable, such FCM Clearing Member’s guarantor in accordance with FCM Regulation 3(c), shall be obligated to perform all of their respective obligations (including without limitation to pay all amounts due) as required pursuant to the FCM Regulations, the Default Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex) and the Default Fund Rules and the FCM Default Management Process Agreement, as applicable. Each FCM Clearing Member and, to the extent applicable, such FCM Clearing Member’s guarantor in accordance FCM Regulation 3(c), shall be entitled to the return of any amounts due to them (after all obligations to the Clearing House have been satisfied) pursuant to the FCM Regulations, the Default Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex) and the Default Fund Rules and the FCM Default Management Process Agreement, as applicable.

(m) Unless the Clearing House otherwise agrees in writing, cover provided to the Clearing House by way of cash shall not be capable of assignment by any person. Any purported assignment by an FCM Clearing Member (whether by way of security or otherwise) of cash cover provided to the Clearing House shall be void.
An FCM Clearing Member shall not otherwise encumber (or seek to encumber) any cash cover provided to the Clearing House.

(n) Each FCM Clearing Member hereby grants the Clearing House a first security interest in and a first priority and unencumbered first lien upon any and all cover, cash, securities, receivables, rights and intangibles and any other collateral or assets deposited with or transferred to the Clearing House, or otherwise held by the Clearing House (including without limitation all property deposited in the Default Fund, a Proprietary Account or in an FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH, or any amounts owing to an FCM Clearing Member in the Default Fund or a Proprietary Account), including all substitutions for and proceeds of, any such property, in connection with any FCM SwapClear Contracts cleared for such FCM Clearing Member, its Affiliates, or its FCM Clients, as security for unconditional payment and satisfaction of the obligations and liabilities of the FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House. The FCM Clearing Member agrees to take any and all actions, including but not limited to the execution of any and all documents, requested by the Clearing House in order to perfect, maintain or enforce the security interest granted to the Clearing House hereunder. The Clearing House may exercise any and all rights available to it with respect to the security interest granted hereunder, in accordance with the FCM Regulations and applicable laws. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the Clearing House’s security interest in an FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Accounts with LCH be exercised to satisfy any obligations or liabilities of such FCM Clearing Member other than in connection with obligations or liabilities relating to such FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Accounts with LCH.

(o) Each FCM Clearing Member shall ensure that where it has entered into an FCM SwapClear Transaction which results in an FCM SwapClear Contract that is of a non-hedging nature (as the term is used in the CFTC Regulations), it shall collect additional cover from the relevant FCM Client in respect of such non-hedging FCM SwapClear Contract in an amount which shall be no less than the minimum percentage as required by the Clearing House and as notified to the relevant FCM Clearing Member from time to time.

(p) Each FCM Clearing Member shall ensure that no FCM Client withdraws cover from the FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account unless the net liquidating value (as that term is used in the CFTC Regulations) plus the cover remaining in that FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account after such withdrawal is sufficient to meet the level of Required Margin, as calculated by the Clearing House in respect of all FCM SwapClear Contracts entered into on behalf of that FCM Client.

(q) FCM Clearing Members shall be subject to gross margin requirements in respect of their FCM Client positions, calculated separately for each Business Category of FCM Contract applicable to such FCM Clearing Member. FCM Contract positions established in an FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account on its own behalf and for its Affiliates shall be subject to net margin requirements with respect to each Business Category of FCM Contract, such that an FCM Clearing Member shall be required to deposit a net margin amount with the Clearing House in connection with all of the FCM Contract positions of itself and its Affiliates for each Business Category of FCM Contract in which it holds positions in its Proprietary Accounts.
**Regulation 10** Official Quotations and Reference Price

(a) The Clearing House may determine Official Quotations and Reference Prices for the purposes of these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed in the FCM Procedures. Except as prescribed in the FCM Procedures, an Official Quotation or Reference Price is binding on an FCM Clearing Member and may in no circumstances be called in question.

(b) For the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House is not responsible for and does not warrant the accuracy of any Settlement Price determined by a third party or any Reference Price.
Regulation 12 — Daily Marking-to-Market

(a) The Clearing House shall, in accordance with the FCM Procedures, in respect of each FCM SwapClear Contract in an FCM Clearing Member’s name, mark each such Open Contract against the price determined by the Clearing House to be the current Settlement Price of such contract to be used for marking to market purposes.

(b) The Clearing House shall, upon completion of the procedure set out in paragraph (a) above, calculate the daily mark-to-market amounts in accordance with the FCM Procedures and shall thereafter determine the status of the FCM Clearing Member’s accounts.

(c) For the avoidance of doubt, the completion of the calculation and settlement of daily marked-to-market amounts pursuant to paragraph (b) above by the Clearing House shall not affect the validity of any Open Contracts, which shall remain in effect as Open Contracts in all respects.

(d) The net present value of each FCM SwapClear Contract shall be calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of this FCM Regulation 12, in such manner and at such times as may be provided in the FCM Procedures. Except as prescribed in the FCM Procedures, the net present value calculated by the Clearing House may in no circumstances be called in question. The Clearing House shall, at least daily, receive payment from, or pay to, the FCM Clearing Member cash cover for Variation Margin, representing the change in the net present value of such FCM Clearing Member’s portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts from the preceding Business Day, in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

(e) In respect of a portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts and each payment date for coupon payments (in accordance with the FCM Procedures), the Clearing House shall net:

(i) the sums which would otherwise have been payable by the FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House as cash cover (in respect of Variation Margin) on such date and the Coupon Payments due on that date; and

(ii) the sums which would otherwise have been payable by the Clearing House to the FCM Clearing Member as cash cover (in respect of Variation Margin) on such date and the Coupon Payments due on that date,

and, if the aggregate amount that would otherwise have been payable by one party exceeds the aggregate amount that would otherwise have been payable by the other party then the obligations of each party under this FCM Regulation 12 shall be automatically satisfied and discharged on payment by the applicable party of the excess. All netting in respect of a portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts shall be calculated separately with respect to FCM SwapClear Contracts held in an FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account and with respect to FCM SwapClear Contracts held on behalf of FCM Clients.

Regulation 11 — Market Disorders, Impossibility of Performance, Trade Emergency

(a) If the Clearing House, in relation to FCM SwapClear Contracts, determines that one of the following conditions exists, namely:
(i) a state of war exists or is imminent or threatened or civil unrest or terrorist or other criminal action has occurred or is imminent or threatened, and is likely to affect or has affected the normal course of business, including, but not limited to, performance under an FCM SwapClear Contract; or

(ii) the government of any nation, state or territory or any institution or agency thereof has proclaimed or given notice of its intention to exercise, vary or revoke controls which appear likely to affect the normal course of business, including, but not limited to, performance under an FCM SwapClear Contract; or

(iii) the EU or any international organisation, or any institution or agency thereof, has introduced, varied, terminated or allowed to lapse any provision so as to be likely to affect the normal course of business, including, but not limited to, performance under an FCM SwapClear Contract; or has given notice of its intention to do so or appears to be about to do so;

then:

(iv) in respect of such Open Contracts which are FCM SwapClear Contracts as specified by the Clearing House, and notified to the affected FCM Clearing Members, the Clearing House shall be entitled to invoice back such FCM SwapClear Contracts in accordance with FCM Regulation 1513 and the FCM Procedures at a price determined by the Clearing House or to require such FCM Clearing Members to comply with any directions issued by the Clearing House regarding the performance of, or any other direction in respect of, such FCM SwapClear Contracts. Accounts shall be made up by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures for each FCM Clearing Member who is a party to Open Contracts invoiced back pursuant to this paragraph. Settlement of such accounts shall be due immediately and settlement thereof shall be made forthwith in discharge of such contracts invoiced back notwithstanding any further change of circumstances.
**Regulation 12**  Force Majeure

(a) Neither the Clearing House (nor any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group) nor an FCM Clearing Member shall be liable for any failure, hindrance or delay in performance in whole or in part of its obligations under the terms of these FCM Regulations or of any FCM_SwapClear Contract if such failure, hindrance or delay arises out of events or circumstances beyond its control. Such events or circumstances may include, but are not limited to, acts of God or the public enemy, acts of a civil or military authority other than the acts referred in FCM Regulation 1311(a)(i), (ii) or (iii) above, terrorist or other criminal action, sabotage, civil unrest, embargoes, blockades, fire, flood, earthquake, tornado, tsunami, other natural disasters, explosion, epidemics or plagues, labour dispute, unavailability or restriction of computer or data processing facilities, energy supplies, settlement systems or of bank transfer systems or wires, failures of software or communications systems, and any other causes beyond the parties reasonable control.

(b) On the happening of any one or more of the events or circumstances referred to in paragraph (a) above, which shall immediately be notified by the party prevented, hindered or delayed from performing any of the obligations referred to in paragraph (a) above to the other in respect of affected FCM_SwapClear Contracts, the Clearing House shall be entitled to require any of the affected FCM_SwapClear Contracts to be performed in accordance with directions issued by the Clearing House, or shall be entitled to require the FCM Clearing Member to take such action as the Clearing House may direct in respect of such FCM_SwapClear Contracts.
Regulation 13  Invoicing Back

(a) Invoicing back of an FCM Clearing Member’s FCM SwapClear Contracts pursuant to FCM Regulation 13,11 or FCM Regulation 14,12 or otherwise shall be carried out by the Clearing House effecting and registering pursuant to the FCM Procedures opposite contracts between itself and the FCM Clearing Member at the price referred to in the relevant FCM Regulation or, where applicable, in paragraph (d) below, and thereupon settling such FCM SwapClear Contracts against such opposite contracts.

(b) The Clearing House shall, in addition to carrying out the procedures referred to in paragraph (a) above, register opposite contracts between itself and such other FCM Clearing Members as the Clearing House may select in its absolute discretion in proportion to the net position of Open Contracts in their names on the same FCM SwapClear Contract Terms as the FCM SwapClear Contracts invoiced back under paragraph (a) above.

(c) Where Open Contracts are invoiced back pursuant to FCM Regulation 13,11 or FCM Regulation 14,12 the Clearing House shall make up the accounts of any FCM Clearing Member affected by such invoicing back in accordance with FCM Regulation 13,11 or FCM Regulation 14,12, as applicable.

(d) Opposite FCM SwapClear Contracts effect ed and registered by the Clearing House pursuant to paragraph (a) and (b) above shall, subject to FCM Regulation 13,11, be at a price determined by the Clearing House, and shall be binding as a final settlement upon the parties affected by invoicing back. This paragraph shall be without prejudice to any further liability of the defaulting FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House or to any additional rights which the Clearing House may have against the defaulting FCM Clearing Member whether under these FCM Regulations, at law or otherwise.

(e) In this FCM Regulation 15,13:

(i) “net position” means: in respect of Open Contracts, one or more of such FCM SwapClear Contracts against which the FCM Clearing Member in whose name they are registered has no matching FCM SwapClear Contracts on the same Economic Terms; and

(ii) “opposite contract” means an FCM SwapClear Contract on the same terms (except as to price), as the FCM SwapClear Contract to be invoiced back in accordance with this FCM Regulation 15,13, but where an FCM Clearing Member is a floating rate payer, has position “X” in respect of an FCM SwapClear Contract to be invoiced back (where such FCM Contract consists of positions “X” and “Y”), such FCM Clearing Member shall be a fixed rate payer, have position “Y” in respect of the opposite contract and vice versa.
**Regulation 14**  Currency Conversion

For the purpose of exercising any rights under these FCM Regulations, the Clearing House shall be entitled in its discretion to convert monies standing to the debit or credit of an FCM Clearing Member’s accounts (including FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Accounts and FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Accounts with LCH) into such other currency or currencies as it thinks fit, such conversion to be effected at such reasonable rate or rates of exchange as the Clearing House may determine in accordance with the FCM Procedures.
Regulation 15 Disclosure

(a) The Clearing House shall have authority to supply any information whatsoever concerning an FCM Clearing Member and its trading to (a) any Regulatory Body which is entitled to receive or request any such details or information, (b) LCH.Clearnet Group Limited, (c) LCH.Clearnet SA or (d) any other person or body to which the Clearing House is, in its reasonable opinion, legally required to disclose the same.

(b) The Clearing House shall also be entitled to supply any information whatsoever concerning an FCM Clearing Member to any person (and the Clearing House will solicit an undertaking from any such person that such person will keep such information confidential) who has provided or may be contemplating entering into arrangements to provide the Clearing House directly or indirectly with stand-by or other finance, insurance cover, guarantee or other financial backing, which the Clearing House has been requested or is legally required to disclose to assist such person in relation to the provision of, or continued provision of, such finance, insurance cover, guarantee or financial backing.
Regulation 16  Fees and Other Charges

(a)  The Clearing House shall be entitled to levy fees in respect of such matters and at such rates as may from time to time be prescribed. Such fees shall be payable by such FCM Clearing Members, by such times, and in such manner as may be prescribed by the FCM Procedures.

(b)  Accommodation charges made by the Clearing House pursuant to FCM Regulation 10B(e) shall be payable to the Clearing House by such FCM Clearing Members, in such manner and by such times as may be prescribed by the FCM Procedures.

(c)  Any changes to be made to the fees and charges payable pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) above shall take effect, as prescribed by the FCM Procedures.
**Regulation 17**  
**Records**

An FCM Clearing Member shall not be entitled to the return of any particulars, notices or any other documentation presented to the Clearing House pursuant to FCM Regulation 8.7, FCM Regulation 98 and FCM Regulation 12.31.
Regulation 18  FCM Procedures

The FCM Procedures shall take effect and shall be binding on FCM Clearing Members as if they formed part of these FCM Regulations save that, in the event of any conflict between the provisions of these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, the provisions of these FCM Regulations shall prevail.
Regulation 19  Alteration of FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures

(a) Unless the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement or these FCM Regulations otherwise specifically provide in relation to any proposed amendment or extension, the Clearing House may from time to time, by notice delivered to FCM Clearing Members, amend or extend these FCM Regulations and such amendment or extension may be made with immediate effect or with such deferred effect as the Clearing House shall determine. Any amendment or extension to these FCM Regulations may take effect so as to apply to FCM SwapClear Contracts registered in an FCM Clearing Member’s name at the time such amendment or extension comes into effect if the Clearing House so determines.

(b) Unless the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement or these FCM Regulations or the FCM Procedures otherwise specifically provide in relation to any proposed amendment or extension, the Clearing House may from time to time amend or extend the FCM Procedures by notice to such FCM Clearing Members as may be affected.

(c) The accidental omission to give notice under this FCM Regulation to, or the non-receipt of notice under this FCM Regulation by, any FCM Clearing Member shall not invalidate the amendment or extension with which the notice is concerned.
Regulation 20  Interpretation of these FCM Regulations

(a)  In the event of inconsistency between the provisions of these FCM Regulations and the rules or regulations or other contractual provisions of any trading platform or other undertaking the provisions of these FCM Regulations shall prevail.

(b)  The headings to these FCM Regulations are for convenience only and shall not affect their interpretation.
Regulation 21 Waiver

No failure by the Clearing House to exercise, nor any delay on its part in exercising, any of its rights (in whole or in part) under these FCM Regulations shall operate as a waiver of the Clearing House’s rights or remedies upon that or any subsequent occasion, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right or remedy prevent any further exercise thereof or any other right or remedy.
Regulation 22  

Validity of FCM Regulations and Action

If at any time any provision of these FCM Regulations becomes illegal, invalid or unenforceable in any respect under the law of any jurisdiction, neither the legality, validity or enforceability of the remaining provisions of these FCM Regulations nor the legality, validity or enforceability of such provision under the law of any other jurisdiction shall in any way be affected or impaired thereby.
Regulation 23  Governing Law and Jurisdiction

(a) These FCM Regulations, the FCM Procedures and each FCM–SwapClear Contract shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to any conflicts of laws principles, and the laws of the United States of America, including the CEA and applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws.

(b) The Other Specific Regulations shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of England and Wales.

(c) The Clearing House and every FCM Clearing Member hereby irrevocably agree for the benefit of the Clearing House that (i) the courts of the State of New York, Borough of Manhattan in the United States of America, (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, or (iii) the courts of England and Wales shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any claim or matter arising from or in relation to any FCM–SwapClear Contract, these FCM Regulations, the FCM Procedures or to the Other Specific Regulations (in the case of the Other Specific Regulations, only with respect to a claim or matter arising from or in relation to an FCM–SwapClear Contract, FCM–SwapClear Clearing Services or these FCM Regulations), and each FCM Clearing Member irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction and waives any objection which it might otherwise have to such courts being a convenient and appropriate forum, save that this submission to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York, Borough of Manhattan in the United States of America, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York or the courts of England and Wales shall not (and shall not be construed so as to) limit the right of the Clearing House to take proceedings in any other court of competent jurisdiction, nor shall the taking of action in one or more jurisdictions preclude the taking of action in any other jurisdiction, whether concurrently or not.

(d) The Clearing House and each FCM Clearing Member hereby irrevocably waives any right to a trial by jury in any litigation directly or indirectly arising out of or relating to any FCM–SwapClear Contract, the FCM Procedures, the Other Specific Regulations or to these FCM Regulations.

(e) Each FCM Clearing Member irrevocably waives, with respect to itself and its revenues and assets, all immunity on the grounds of sovereignty or other similar grounds from suit, jurisdiction of any court, relief by way of injunction, order for specific performance or for recovery of property, attachment of its assets (whether before or after judgement) and execution or enforcement of any judgement to which it or its revenues or assets might otherwise be entitled in any proceedings in the courts of any jurisdiction and irrevocably agrees that it will not claim any such immunity in any proceedings.
Regulation 24  Exclusion of Liability

(a) Neither the Clearing House nor any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group shall have any liability to an FCM Clearing Member or any other person in respect of any dispute arising from or in relation to any FCM SwapClear Contract, including but not limited to, any dispute as to the validity or otherwise of such FCM SwapClear Contract, the terms of such FCM SwapClear Contract or whether any alleged agreement or arrangement constitutes an FCM SwapClear Contract.

(b) Without prejudice to the provisions of FCM Regulation 1 and FCM Regulation 26(24)(d), neither the Clearing House nor any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group shall have any liability whatsoever to any FCM Clearing Member, or to any other person in contract, tort (including without limitation, negligence), trust, as a fiduciary or under any other cause of action in respect of any damage, loss, cost or expense of whatsoever nature suffered or incurred as a result of: any suspension of clearing services, whether for a temporary period or otherwise, a step taken by the Clearing House under FCM Regulations 13, 14, 11, 12, 30(f) or 540(gf) or any failure or malfunction of any systems, communication lines or facilities, software or technology supplied, operated or used by the Clearing House or the relevant approved agent; the occurrence of any event which is outside the control of the Clearing House; or any exercise by the Clearing House of its discretion under the FCM Regulations, or any decision by the Clearing House not to exercise any such discretion.

(c) Without prejudice to FCM Regulation 26(24)(b) and FCM Regulation 26(24)(d), unless otherwise expressly provided in the FCM Regulations or in any other agreement to which the Clearing House is party, neither the Clearing House nor any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group shall have any liability under any circumstances (including, without limitation, as a result of any negligence by the Clearing House, or any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group Limited, their respective officers, employees, agents or representatives) to any FCM Clearing Member or any other Executing Party for any indirect or consequential loss or damage, or loss of anticipated profit (whether direct or indirect) or loss of bargain, suffered or incurred by any such FCM Clearing Member or other Executing Party and shall not in any circumstances be liable for any loss, cost, damage or expense suffered or incurred by any person as a result of any negligence on the part of the Clearing House, or any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group Limited, or their respective officers, employees, agents or representatives.

(d) Nothing in this FCM Regulation 2624 shall be construed as an attempt by the Clearing House to exclude any liability for any fraud, fraudulent misrepresentation or willful default on the part of the Clearing House. The Clearing House accepts liability for any personal injury or death caused by the negligence of the Clearing House and for any fraud or willful default on the part of the Clearing House.

(e) Without prejudice to the provisions of FCM Regulation 1 and FCM Regulation 26(24)(d) neither the Clearing House, nor any other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group shall have any liability whatsoever to any FCM Clearing Member or to any other person (including, without limitation, any FCM Client) in contract, tort (including, without limitation, negligence), trust, as a fiduciary or under any other cause of action in respect of any damage, loss, cost or expense of whatsoever nature suffered or incurred by an FCM Clearing Member or any other person, as the case may be, as a result of the failure of any systems, communication facilities or technology.
**Regulation 2624A  Netting**

(a) If at any time the Clearing House fails to make a payment to an FCM Clearing Member, other than a defaulter, under an FCM SwapClear Contract for a period of 30 days from the date when the obligation to pay fell due, then that FCM Clearing Member may exercise its rights under paragraph (c) below.

(b) If at any time the Clearing House commences a voluntary case or other procedure seeking or proposing liquidation, administration, receivership, voluntary arrangement or a scheme of arrangement, or other similar relief with respect to itself or to its debts under any bankruptcy, insolvency, regulatory, supervisory or similar law, or if any of the foregoing cases or procedures is commenced in relation to the Clearing House by any other person which results in liquidation or winding up of the Clearing House, or if the Clearing House takes corporate action to authorize any of the foregoing, in any such case other than for the purposes of corporate restructuring (including any consolidation, amalgamation or merger), then an FCM Clearing Member, other than a defaulter, may exercise the right given to it under paragraph (c) below.

(c) An FCM Clearing Member entitled to exercise rights under this paragraph may, at any time while any of the circumstances referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) above giving rise to such rights continue, by notice in writing to the Clearing House, specify a Termination Date for the termination and liquidation of all FCM SwapClear Contracts to which it is a party in accordance with paragraph (d) below.

(d) Upon the occurrence of a Termination Date:

(i) neither the Clearing House nor the FCM Clearing Member shall be obliged to make any further payments under any FCM SwapClear Contract between them which would, but for this FCM Regulation 2624A, have fallen due for performance on or after the Termination Date, and any obligations to make further payments which would otherwise have fallen due shall be satisfied by settlement (whether by payment, set-off or otherwise) of the Termination Amount;

(ii) the FCM Clearing Member shall (on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the Termination Date) determine (discounting if appropriate) in respect of each FCM SwapClear Contract its total loss or, as the case may be, gain, in each case expressed in the lawful currency of the United States or the currency of the relevant FCM SwapClear Contract where agreed by the Clearing House and the FCM Clearing Member (the “Base Currency”), (and, if appropriate, including any loss of bargain, cost of funding or, without duplication, loss or, as the case may be, gain as a result of the termination, liquidation, obtaining, performing or re-establishing of any hedge or related trading position), as a result of the termination, pursuant to this agreement, of each payment which would otherwise have been required to be made under such FCM SwapClear Contract; and

(iii) the FCM Clearing Member shall treat each loss to it, determined as above, as a positive amount and each gain by it, so determined, as a negative amount and, subject to paragraph (iv) below, shall aggregate all of such amounts to produce a single, net positive or negative amount, denominated in the Base Currency (the “Termination Amount”).
(iv) Where an FCM Clearing Member has a Proprietary Account and one or more FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Accounts:

1. the FCM Clearing Member shall determine two net amounts under paragraph (d)(iii); one net amount in respect of gains and losses arising on FCM SwapClear Contracts registered in the FCM Clearing Member’s FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account (or in its multiple FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Accounts as combined, if applicable) and a second net amount in respect of gains and losses arising on all other FCM SwapClear Contracts; and

2. the two net amounts determined under paragraph (iv)(1) shall constitute Termination Amounts.

(v) If a Termination Amount determined pursuant to paragraph (d)(iv) above is a positive amount, the Clearing House shall pay it to the FCM Clearing Member and if any such Termination Amount is a negative amount, the FCM Clearing Member shall pay it to the Clearing House, in either case in accordance with paragraph (vi). The FCM Clearing Member shall notify the Clearing House of each such Termination Amount, and by which party it is payable, immediately after the calculation thereof.

(vi) A Termination Amount shall, subject to FCM Regulation 26B, be paid in the Base Currency by the close of business on the Business Day following notification pursuant to paragraph (v) above (converted as required by applicable law into any other currency, any costs of such conversion to be borne by, and (if applicable) deducted from any payment to, the Clearing House). Any Termination Amount which is not paid on such day shall bear interest, at the average rate at which overnight deposits in the currency of such payment are offered by major banks in the London interbank market as of 11:00 hours (London time) (or, if no such rate is available, at such reasonable rate as the FCM Clearing Member may select) plus 1% per annum, for each day for which any such sum remains unpaid.

(vii) For the purposes of any calculation required to be made under this FCM Regulation 26A, the FCM Clearing Member may convert amounts denominated in any other currency into the Base Currency at such rate prevailing at the time of the calculation as it shall reasonably select.

The FCM Clearing Member's rights under this FCM Regulation 26A shall be in addition to, and not in limitation or exclusion of, any other rights which the FCM Clearing Member may have (whether by agreement, operation of law or otherwise, including its rights under FCM Regulation 6(i)).
**Regulation 24B** Distribution of Assets

(a) Where (after the netting and set-off provided for in FCM Regulation 2624A and FCM Regulation 65(i)) the Clearing House has insufficient assets available to it to pay all Termination Amounts (determined in accordance with FCM Regulation 2624A and General Regulation 39A (under the UK General Regulations)) in full, the claims of the Clearing Members shall be met first to those Clearing Members who are FCM Clearing Members and SwapClear Clearing Members and/or ForexClear Clearing Members in an amount equal to the outstanding SwapClear Contributions of such FCM Clearing Members and SwapClear Clearing Members and/or the outstanding ForexClear Contributions of such FCM Clearing Members and ForexClear Clearing Members (as applicable) and, thereafter, pro rata to each Clearing Member’s respective claim (and in respect of FCM Clearing Members and SwapClear Clearing Members who have received an amount relating to their outstanding SwapClear Contributions, their respective claims shall be reduced by such amounts so received), and in respect of FCM Clearing Members and ForexClear Clearing Members who have received an amount relating to their outstanding ForexClear Contributions, their respective claims shall be reduced by such amounts so received). To the extent the Clearing House does not have sufficient assets available to it to pay each FCM Clearing Member and SwapClear Clearing Member and/or ForexClear Clearing Member the amount equal to its outstanding SwapClear Contribution and/or its outstanding ForexClear Contribution (as applicable), the Clearing House shall distribute the assets available to it to each such FCM Clearing Member and SwapClear Clearing Member and/or ForexClear Clearing Member (as applicable) in an amount equal to the proportion that the outstanding SwapClear Contribution of the relevant FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member bears to the sum of the outstanding SwapClear Contributions of all FCM Clearing Members and SwapClear Clearing Members and/or the outstanding ForexClear Contribution of the relevant FCM Clearing Member or ForexClear Clearing Members bears to the aggregate of: (i) the sum of the outstanding SwapClear Contributions of all relevant FCM Clearing Members and SwapClear Clearing Members and (ii) the sum of the outstanding ForexClear Contributions of all relevant FCM Clearing Members and ForexClear Clearing Members.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these FCM Regulations or the FCM Rulebook, this FCM Regulation 2624B shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the governing law provided for in paragraph (a) of General Regulation 38-38 (under the UK General Regulations).

(c) For the purposes of this FCM Regulation 2624B, the term “Clearing Member” shall include FCM Clearing Members and all other Clearing Members (as defined in the Clearing House’s “General Regulations”) of the Clearing House.
Regulation 27 — The reset rate for, and the net present value of, an FCM SwapClear Contract

The Clearing House may determine the reset rate for, and the net present value of, an FCM SwapClear Contract for the purposes of these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed in the FCM Procedures. Except as prescribed in the FCM Procedures, neither the reset rate nor the net present value determined by the Clearing House may in any circumstances be challenged.

Regulation 28 — Withdrawal of the SwapClear Service by the Clearing House

(a) If at any time the Clearing House decides to withdraw the FCM SwapClear Service it shall give not less than six months' notice in accordance with the FCM Procedures to all FCM Clearing Members of the date on which the service will be withdrawn (the SwapClear Withdrawal Date). The accidental omission by the Clearing House to give notice under this FCM Regulation 28 to, or the non-receipt of notice under this FCM Regulation 28 by, one or more FCM Clearing Members shall not invalidate the SwapClear Withdrawal Date.

(b) Without prejudice to its rights under the Default Rules, the Clearing House will not, other than pursuant to action under the Default Rules or pursuant to the entering of offsetting/compressing trades in accordance with FCM Regulation 28(n), register an FCM SwapClear Contract (other than a Closing-out Contract) after notice to withdraw the service has been given under FCM Regulation 28(a).

(c) If, at the SwapClear Withdrawal Date, an FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member has not closed out all open FCM SwapClear Contracts registered in its name, the Clearing House may, in its sole discretion:
   (i) liquidate any or all of such FCM SwapClear Contracts and require such FCM SwapClear Contracts to be cash settled at a price determined by the Clearing House; or
   (ii) postpone the SwapClear Withdrawal Date until such time as the Clearing House determines.

Regulation 25 — Rules Relating to FCM OTC Client Segregated Accounts

(a) Notice of Deficiency in FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Accounts. Whenever an FCM Clearing Member knows or should know that the aggregate amount of funds on deposit in its FCM Segregated Accounts is less than the total amount of such funds required by the CEA, CFTC Regulations and/or the FCM Rulebook to be on deposit, the FCM Clearing Member must report such deficiency immediately by telephone notice, confirmed immediately in writing by facsimile notice, to the Clearing House and the principal office of the CFTC in Washington, DC, to the attention of the Director and the Chief Accountant of the Division of Clearing and Intermediary Oversight, and, if the FCM Clearing Member is a securities broker or dealer, to the Securities and Exchange Commission, in accordance with 17 C.F.R. § 240.17a-11.

(b) Segregation of Funds.
   (i) All FCM Client funds (deposited in connection with FCM Transactions and FCM Contracts) shall be separately accounted for and segregated as belonging to FCM Clients and shall be part of a separate account class, treated as a Cleared OTC Derivatives Swaps Account Class, as defined in and for purposes of Part 190 of the CFTC's regulations. Such funds, when, All such funds must be held by the applicable Clearing Member or deposited with the Clearing House, any bank, trust company or another FCM Clearing Member, and such funds shall be deposited under an account name which clearly identifies them as such and shows that they are segregated as required by the FCM Rulebook. Each FCM Clearing...
Member shall obtain and retain in its files for the period provided in CFTC Regulation 1.31 a written acknowledgment from such bank, trust company or FCM, that it was informed that the funds deposited in the FCM Segregated Accounts maintained by such bank, trust company or FCM for the FCM Clearing Member are those of FCM Clients and are being held in accordance with the provisions of the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook. For the avoidance of doubt, all FCM Segregated Accounts maintained by an FCM Clearing Member shall be treated as segregated accounts and shall be subject to the requirements of the CEA and CFTC Regulations applicable to segregated accounts and to this FCM Regulation 29, 25, regardless of the location of any such account. Without limitation of the foregoing, under no circumstances shall any portion of FCM Client funds held in FCM Segregated Accounts be obligated to the Clearing House, an FCM Clearing Member, any depository, or any other person except to purchase, margin, guarantee, secure, transfer, adjust or settle trades, contracts or transactions of FCM Clients. No person, including the Clearing House or any depository, that has received FCM Client funds for deposit in an FCM Segregated Account, as provided in this rule, may hold, dispose of, or use any such funds as belonging to any person other than the FCM Clients of the FCM Clearing Member which deposited such funds.

(ii) All FCM Client funds received by the Clearing House from an FCM Clearing Member to purchase, margin, guarantee, secure or settle FCM SwapClear Contracts of the FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Clients and all money accruing to such FCM Clients as the result of trades, contracts or transactions so carried shall be separately accounted for and segregated as belonging to such FCM Clients, and the Clearing House shall not hold, use or dispose of such FCM Client funds except as belonging to such FCM Clients. Such FCM Client funds, when deposited in a bank or trust company, shall be deposited under an account name which clearly shows that they are the FCM Client funds of FCM Clearing Members, and are segregated as required by the CEA, the CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook. The Clearing House shall obtain and retain in its files for the period provided by CFTC Regulation 1.31, an acknowledgment from such bank or trust company that it was informed that the funds deposited in any LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Accounts and any PPS Account(s) maintained by LCH are those of FCM Clients of FCM Clearing Members and are being held in accordance with the provisions of the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook.

(iii) Each FCM Clearing Member shall treat and deal with FCM Client funds as belonging to such FCM Clients. All FCM Client funds shall be separately accounted for, and shall not be commingled with the money, securities or property of an FCM Clearing Member or of any other person, or be used to secure or guarantee the trades, contracts or transactions, or to secure or extend the credit, of any person other than the one for whom the same are held; provided, however, that all FCM Client funds in respect of an FCM Clearing Member may for convenience be commingled and deposited in the same account or accounts with any bank or trust company, with another person registered as an FCM Clearing Member, or with the Clearing House, and that such share thereof as in the normal course of business is necessary to purchase, margin, guarantee, secure, transfer, adjust, or settle the FCM SwapClear Contracts of such FCM Clients or resulting market positions, with the
Clearing House or with any other person registered as an FCM Clearing Member, may be withdrawn and applied to such purposes, including the payment of commissions, brokerage, interest, taxes and other fees and charges, lawfully accruing in connection with such FCM SwapClear Contracts any Business Category of FCM Contracts in an FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH and in an LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account may be physically commingled (although separately accounted for in accordance with these FCM Regulations) with other FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Accounts with LCH and LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Accounts, respectively, subject to and in accordance with the CEA and CFTC Regulations; provided, further, that FCM Client funds may be invested in accordance with FCM Regulation 2925(g).

(iv) In no event may FCM Client funds (deposited or held in connection with FCM Transactions and FCM Contracts) be held or commingled and deposited with (A) FCM Client funds in the same account or accounts required to be separately accounted for and segregated pursuant to the provisions of Section 4d of the CEA and the regulations thereunder, or (ii) money, securities or property representing the foreign futures or foreign options secured amount held in accordance with CFTC Regulation 30.7.

(v) An FCM Clearing Member is required to maintain an FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH in respect of each Business Category of FCM Contract in which such FCM Clearing Member is approved by the Clearing House to clear such Business Category of FCM Contract; provided, that Account Assets of FCM Clients in respect of all Business Categories of FCM Contracts are permitted to be physically commingled in the same FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account.

(c) Care of Money and Securities Accruing to FCM Clients. All money received directly or indirectly by, and all money and securities accruing to, an FCM Clearing Member from the Clearing House or from any FCM Clearing Member or from any other person incident to or resulting from any cleared FCM SwapClear Contracts made by or through such FCM Clearing Member on behalf of any FCM Client shall be considered as accruing to such FCM Client within the meaning of the FCM Rulebook. Such money and securities shall be treated and dealt with as belonging to such FCM Client in accordance with the provisions of the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook. **Money The value of money and securities accruing in connection with an FCM Clients Client’s Open Contracts in an FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH need not be separately credited to individual FCM Client accounts but may be treated and dealt with as belonging undivided to FCM Clients having open cleared FCM SwapClear Contracts which if closed would result in a credit to such FCM Clients. Client’s accounts.**

(d) Use of FCM Client Funds Restricted. No FCM Clearing Member shall use, or permit the use of, FCM Client funds to purchase, margin, or settle the trades, contracts or transactions of, or to secure or extend the credit of, any person other than its FCM Clients. FCM Client funds held in an FCM OTC Client Segregated Depository Account shall not be used to carry trades or positions of the same FCM Client other than in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts or other OTC derivatives cleared through the facilities of a derivatives clearing organization that
has established rules or bylaws which require cleared OTC derivatives (as that term is defined in CFTC Regulation 190.01(oo)), along with the money, securities and/or other property margining, guaranteeing or securing such derivatives, to be held in a separate account.

(e) Interest of FCM Clearing Members in FCM Client Funds; Additions and Withdrawals. FCM Regulation 2925(b), which prohibits the commingling of FCM Client funds with the funds of an FCM Clearing Member, shall not be construed to prevent an FCM Clearing Member from having a residual financial interest in FCM Client funds, segregated as required by the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook and set apart for the benefit of FCM Clients; nor shall such provisions be construed to prevent an FCM Clearing Member from adding to the segregated FCM Client funds such amount or amounts of money, from its own funds or unencumbered securities from its own inventory, of the type permitted under FCM Regulation 2925(g), as it may deem necessary to ensure that its FCM Segregated Accounts hold at all times, at a minimum, an aggregate amount equal to the amount required by the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook. The books and records of an FCM Clearing Member shall at all times accurately reflect its interest in the segregated FCM Client funds. An FCM Clearing Member may draw upon such FCM Client funds to its own order, to the extent of its actual interest therein, including the withdrawal of securities held in FCM Segregated Accounts held by the Clearing House, a bank, trust company or other FCM Clearing Member, provided that any such withdrawals do not result in any such account holding less in segregated FCM Client assets than such account is required to contain at such time. Such withdrawal shall not result in FCM Client funds being used to purchase, margin or carry the trades, contracts or transactions, or extend the credit of any other FCM Client or other person.

(f) Funds Held in FCM Segregated Accounts; Exclusions Therefrom. Money held in FCM Segregated Accounts by an FCM Clearing Member shall not include (i) money invested in obligations or stocks of any clearing organization or in memberships in or obligations of any contract market or (ii) money held by any clearing organization which it may use for any purpose other than to purchase, margin, guarantee, secure, transfer, adjust, or settle the FCM—SwapClear Contracts of the FCM Clients of such FCM Clearing Member.

(g) Investments of FCM Client Funds. An FCM Clearing Member or the Clearing House may invest FCM Client funds subject to the terms and conditions set forth in CFTC Regulation 1.25, which regulation shall apply to such funds in accordance with the provisions of the CEA and CFTC Regulations thereunder related to transactions in the Cleared OTC Derivatives Swaps Account Class.

(h) Deposit of Instruments Purchased with FCM Client Funds.

(i) Each FCM Clearing Member that invests FCM Client funds in instruments permitted under FCM Regulation 2925(g) shall separately account for such instruments and segregate such instruments as belonging to such FCM Clients. Such instruments, when deposited with the Clearing House, a bank, trust company or another FCM Clearing Member, shall be deposited under an account name which clearly shows that they belong to FCM Clients and are segregated as required by the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook. Each FCM Clearing Member, upon opening an FCM Segregated Account, shall obtain and retain in its files an acknowledgment from such bank, trust company or other FCM Clearing Member that it was informed that the instruments
belong to FCM Clients and are being held in accordance with the CEA and CFTC Regulations. Such acknowledgment shall be retained in accordance with CFTC Regulation 1.31. Such bank, trust company or other FCM Clearing Member shall allow inspection of the records of such assets at any reasonable time by representatives of the Clearing House.

(ii) When it invests money belonging or accruing to FCM Clients of its FCM Clearing Members in instruments permitted under FCM Regulation 29 or 25(g), the Clearing House shall separately account for such instruments and segregate such instruments as belonging to such FCM Clients (provided that any such instruments may be held in commingled accounts, on behalf of all FCM Clients of all FCM Clearing Members, at one or more depositaries). Such instruments, when deposited with a bank or trust company, shall be deposited under an account name which will clearly show that they belong to FCM Clients and are segregated as required by the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook. Upon opening any such account, the Clearing House shall obtain and retain in its files a written acknowledgment from such bank or trust company that it was informed that the instruments belong to FCM Clients of FCM Clearing Members and are being held in accordance with the provisions of the CEA and CFTC Regulations. Such acknowledgment shall be retained in accordance with CFTC Regulation 1.31. Such bank or trust company shall allow inspection of such instruments at any reasonable time by representatives of the Clearing House.

(i) Record of Investments.

(i) Each FCM Clearing Member that invests FCM Client funds shall keep a record showing the following:

(A) The date on which such investments were made;

(B) The name of the person through whom such investments were made;

(C) The amount of money or current market value of securities so invested;

(D) A description of the instruments in which such investments were made, including the CUSIP or ISIN numbers;

(E) The identity of the depositories or other places where such instruments are held;

(F) The date on which such investments were liquidated or otherwise disposed of and the amount of money or current market value of securities received of such disposition, if any;

(G) The name of the person to or through whom such investments were disposed of; and

(H) Daily valuation for each instrument and readily available documentation supporting the daily valuation for each instrument. Such supporting documentation must be sufficient to enable auditors to verify the valuations and the accuracy of
any information from external sources used in those valuations.

(ii) When the Clearing House receives documents from its FCM Clearing Members representing or evidencing investment of FCM Client funds, the Clearing House shall keep a record showing separately for each clearing member the following:

(A) The date on which such documents were received from the clearing member;

(B) A description of such documents, including the CUSIP or ISIN numbers; and

(C) The date on which such documents were returned to the clearing member or the details of disposition by other means.

(iii) Such records shall be retained in accordance with CFTC Regulation 1.31. No such investments shall be made except in instruments permitted under FCM Regulation 2925(g).

(j) Valuation of Instruments Purchased with FCM Client Funds. FCM Clearing Members who invest FCM Client funds in instruments permitted under FCM Regulation 2925(g) shall include such instruments in their FCM Segregated Account records and reports at values which at no time exceed their then current market value, determined as of the close of the market on the date for which such computation is made.

(k) Increment or Interest Resulting from Investment of FCM Client Funds. The investment of FCM Client funds in instruments permitted under FCM Regulation 2925(g) shall not prevent the FCM Clearing Member or the Clearing House so investing such funds from receiving and retaining as its own any increment or interest resulting therefrom.

(l) FCM Segregated Accounts; Daily Computation and Record.

(i) Each FCM Clearing Member must compute as of the close of the previous Business Day:

(A) the aggregate amount of FCM Client funds on deposit in its FCM Segregated Accounts on behalf of FCM Clients;

(B) the amount of such FCM Client funds required by the CEA, CFTC Regulations and the FCM Rulebook to be on deposit in its FCM Segregated Accounts on behalf of such FCM Clients; and

(C) the amount of the FCM Clearing Member’s residual interest in such FCM Client funds.

(ii) In computing the aggregate amount of funds required to be in its FCM Segregated Accounts, an FCM Clearing Member may offset any net deficit in a particular FCM Client’s account against the then current market value of readily marketable securities, less applicable percentage deductions (i.e., “securities haircuts”) as set forth in Rule 15c3–1(c)(2)(vi)
of the Securities and Exchange Commission (17 CFR § 241.15c3–1(c)(2)(vi)), held for the same customer’s account. The FCM Clearing Member must maintain a security interest in the securities, including a written authorization to liquidate the securities at the FCM Clearing Member’s discretion, and must segregate the securities in a safekeeping account with the Clearing House, a bank, trust company or another FCM Clearing Member. For purposes of this section, a security will be considered readily marketable if it is traded on a “ready market” as defined in Rule 15c3–1(c)(11)(i) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (17 CFR § 240.15c3–1(c)(11)(i)).

(iii) The daily computations required by this FCM Regulation must be completed by the FCM Clearing Member prior to noon on the next Business Day and must be kept, together with all supporting data, in accordance with the requirements of CFTC Regulation 1.31.

(m) Classification of Positions. Each FCM Clearing Member shall maintain, as provided in CFTC Regulation 1.31, a record of all securities and property received from FCM Clients in lieu of money to margin, purchase, guarantee or settle the cleared FCM SwapClear Contracts of such FCM Clients. Such record shall show separately for each FCM Client: a description of the securities or property received; the name and address of such FCM Client; the dates when the securities or property were received; the identity of the depositories or other places where such securities or property are segregated; the dates of deposits and withdrawals from such depositories; and the dates of return of such securities or property to such FCM Client, or other disposition thereof, together with the facts and circumstances of such other disposition.

(n) Change in Law or Regulations. The Clearing House shall enforce the rules set forth in this FCM Regulation (and set forth in these FCM Regulations generally) at all times in accordance with and subject to the CEA and CFTC Regulations. In the event that a change in law or in CFTC Regulations occurs but has not yet been reflected appropriately in the FCM Rulebook, the CFTC Regulations (to the extent compliance therewith has become mandatory under CFTC Regulations) and applicable law will prevail, the provisions of this FCM Rulebook shall be deemed to be modified accordingly and the Clearing House will enforce these FCM Regulations in accordance with CFTC Regulations and applicable law.

(o) Notwithstanding any other provision of these FCM Regulations, any assets held in or credited to an FCM Omnibus OTC Clearing Product Client Account with LCH, an LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account or a PPS Account held by LCH shall be treated as segregated assets, to the same extent and with the same force and effect as required with respect to margin held in connection with transactions in futures contracts under the CEA and CFTC Regulations and will, without limitation, be held in trust in accordance with the CEA and CFTC Regulations (other than Part 22 until compliance therewith becomes mandatory under the CFTC Regulations).
Acknowledgements and Agreements of FCM Clients and Affiliates

Each FCM Client and Affiliate, by participating in FCM SwapClear Transactions and entering FCM SwapClear Contracts through its respective FCM Clearing Member(s), shall be deemed to understand, acknowledge and agree that:

(a) the services provided by the Clearing House with regard to the FCM SwapClear Clearing Services will be subject to and governed by the FCM Rulebook between the Clearing House and the FCM Clearing Member;

(b) the FCM Regulations shall govern the registration of FCM SwapClear Contracts and all transactions between an FCM Client or Affiliate and its FCM Clearing Member resulting in the registration of FCM SwapClear Contracts, and at the time of registration of an FCM SwapClear Contract the FCM Client or Affiliate on whose behalf it was registered will be deemed to be bound by the relevant FCM SwapClear Contract on the terms entered into between the FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House (including, without limitation, all applicable terms of the FCM Regulations and Schedule A thereto) automatically and without any further action by such FCM Client or Affiliate or by its FCM Clearing Member, and such FCM Client or Affiliate agrees to be bound by the applicable provisions of the FCM Regulations and by the terms of the applicable FCM SwapClear Contracts in all respects;

(c) the provisions of FCM Regulation 26 (Exclusion of Liability) shall apply to each FCM Client and Affiliate mutatis mutandis as though entered into by each FCM Client and Affiliate directly with the Clearing House;

(d) the Clearing House shall be under no obligation to deal directly with any FCM Client or Affiliate, and the Clearing House may deal exclusively with the FCM Clearing Members;

(e) upon the default of an FCM Client’s or Affiliate’s FCM Clearing Member, if the Clearing House is required to do so by any Regulatory Body or applicable laws or regulations, or determines in its discretion that it is necessary for its protection, the Clearing House may close out and terminate the FCM Client’s or Affiliate’s FCM SwapClear Contracts entered into by such FCM Clearing Member, subject to applicable law, regardless of whether such FCM Client or Affiliate had itself defaulted, and in certain circumstances the Clearing House will not transfer or otherwise re-establish such positions;

(f) the Clearing House will not hold any assets transferred to it on behalf of any individual FCM Client or an Affiliate;

(g) where an FCM Clearing Member provides an FCM Client’s or Affiliate’s securities or other assets to the Clearing House as collateral, such securities and other assets shall be held by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Rulebook and applicable law, and FCM Clients and Affiliates shall not be entitled to assert any equitable or other claim to any such securities or assets in circumstances where the assertion of such a claim would delay or inhibit (x) the disposal by the Clearing House of such securities or assets and/or (y) the application of the proceeds of sale of such securities or assets, in each case in accordance with the provisions of the FCM Rulebook and applicable law; and

(h) each FCM Client and Affiliate provides its respective FCM Clearing Member(s) with its unconditional consent for such FCM Clearing Member(s) to furnish or
deposit to or with the Clearing House any securities or other assets of such FCM Client or Affiliate in the FCM Clearing Member’s possession, and to repledge such property to the Clearing House, as cover for the purposes of clearing FCM SwapClear Contracts entered on behalf of the FCM Client or Affiliate.
Regulations 27-29: [Reserved]
PART II – REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO FCM SWAPCLEAR CONTRACTS

Regulation 30  Registration of FCM SwapClear Contracts: Novation and Post-Novation Compression; SwapClear Accounts

(a) In order for an FCM Clearing Member to submit an FCM SwapClear Transaction for registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract, the FCM Clearing Member must be currently approved as an FCM Clearing Member pursuant to these FCM Regulations. The Executing Parties to such FCM SwapClear Transaction shall be responsible for any give-up or other agreement mutually agreed to among the parties with respect to such transactions, as applicable. An FCM Clearing Member must submit the particulars of an FCM SwapClear Transaction for registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract in accordance with the FCM Rulebook. Each FCM SwapClear Transaction involving an FCM Client shall be presented to the Clearing House for registration on behalf of such FCM Client by its FCM Clearing Member. It is a condition for registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract that both sides of the underlying FCM SwapClear Transaction be presented for clearing (as one FCM SwapClear Contract and one Non-FCM SwapClear Contract, or as two FCM SwapClear Contracts, as the case may be).

(b) Where an Executing Party enters into an FCM SwapClear Transaction on an FCM Approved Trade Source and such FCM SwapClear Transaction is to be cleared through an FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall notify the FCM Clearing Member of such FCM SwapClear Transaction and request acceptance for registration in accordance with the FCM Procedures. Upon receipt of acceptance for registration by the Clearing House from the FCM Clearing Member, (i) the FCM Clearing Member shall be deemed to have presented the FCM SwapClear Transaction to the Clearing House (and such presentation may not be withdrawn by the FCM Clearing Member unless otherwise provided in the FCM Rulebook) and the Clearing House shall register the FCM SwapClear Transaction subject to, and in accordance, with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures and (ii) such FCM Clearing Member shall be obligated to pay, upon request of the Clearing House, all cover required by the Clearing House in connection with the registration of the FCM SwapClear Transaction.

(c) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this FCM Regulation 30, an FCM Clearing Member shall be bound by an FCM SwapClear Contract registered in its name on behalf of an FCM Client or an Affiliate pursuant to the presentation of particulars of an FCM SwapClear Transaction by it, and by the other FCM Clearing Member or Non-FCM Clearing Member, as applicable.

(d) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this FCM Regulation 30, an FCM SwapClear Transaction, particulars of which are submitted for registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract, must meet the eligibility criteria prescribed in these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures at the time the particulars of the FCM SwapClear Transaction are presented to the Clearing House and must continue to meet such criteria at the Registration Time in order to be registered as an FCM SwapClear Contract, at which time the FCM SwapClear Contracts (or the FCM SwapClear Contract and the Non-FCM SwapClear Contract, as the case may be) shall replace and supersede such corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction.

(e) The Clearing House shall be deemed to register an FCM SwapClear Contract, in accordance with this FCM Regulation 30 in the name of an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client or an Affiliate (or, if applicable, on the FCM Clearing
Member’s own behalf), at the Registration Time. At the Registration Time, the
FCM Clearing Member, and the FCM Client or Affiliate if applicable, will be
deemed to be bound by the relevant FCM SwapClear Contract on the terms
entered into between the FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House
automatically and without any further action by such FCM Clearing Member or
FCM Client or Affiliate, which such terms shall, without limitation, incorporate all
applicable terms of these FCM Regulations and Schedule A hereto.

(f) Ineligible Registered FCM SwapClear Transactions. If at any time after
registration of an FCM SwapClear Contract, the Clearing House determines that
the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction of which details were submitted
for registration did not, at the Registration Time, meet the eligibility criteria for
registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract pursuant to the FCM Rulebook in
existence at the Registration Time, the Clearing House shall, as soon as
practicable thereafter set aside such FCM SwapClear Contracts (or the FCM
SwapClear Contract and the Non-FCM SwapClear Contract, as the case may be).
Upon an FCM SwapClear Contract being set aside under this paragraph (f), the
particulars of the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction in question shall be
deemed never to have been submitted to the Clearing House. Any payment made
under, or in respect of, an FCM SwapClear Contract set aside under this
paragraph shall be repayable to the person who made the payment. Without
prejudice to FCM Regulation 24 and its obligations under this FCM Regulation 30,
the Clearing House (and each other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group and their
respective officers, employees and agents) shall have no liability whatsoever to
any person arising out of or in respect of the registration by it in error or otherwise
of an FCM SwapClear Contract in respect of a transaction which did not meet the
eligibility criteria at the Registration Time to enable it to be registered as an FCM
SwapClear Contract.

(g) Where the FCM Procedures so provide, the Clearing House may require the FCM
Clearing Members in whose names one or more FCM SwapClear Transactions
are to be registered to furnish it with cover as a condition of registration of such
FCM SwapClear Transaction(s), and such cover shall be furnished to the Clearing
House in accordance with FCM Regulation 9 and such other applicable provisions
in the FCM Rulebook.

(h) The Clearing House may decline to register an FCM SwapClear Transaction in the
name of an FCM Clearing Member where it considers such action advisable for its
own protection or the protection of the relevant market, provided that the Clearing
House shall (subject to the provisions of the FCM Rulebook) register any FCM
SwapClear Contract which reduces the risk exposure of the Clearing House and
the applicable FCM Clearing Member, as determined in the discretion of the
Clearing House. The Clearing House may, without assigning any reason, make
the registration of any FCM Transaction subject to any conditions stipulated by the
Clearing House including, without limitation, the furnishing of additional cover by
any FCM Clearing Member in whose name any such FCM SwapClear Transaction
is to be registered.

(i) Registration of FCM SwapClear Transactions. An FCM SwapClear Transaction
presented for registration to, and accepted by, the Clearing House shall be
registered by the Clearing House in one of the following ways:

(i) in the case where one Executing Party clears its side of such FCM
SwapClear Transaction either through a Non-FCM Clearing Member or
directly with the Clearing House in its capacity as a Non-FCM Clearing
Member, and the other Executing Party clears its side of such FCM SwapClear Transaction as or through an FCM Clearing Member, as one Non-FCM SwapClear Contract pursuant to the UK General Regulations applicable to Non-FCM Clearing Members and one FCM SwapClear Contract pursuant to these FCM Regulations, where the FCM SwapClear Contract shall be registered between the FCM Clearing Member, as the party paying Rate X, and the Clearing House as the party paying Rate Y, and the Non-FCM SwapClear Contract shall be registered between the Clearing House, as the party paying Rate X, and the Non-FCM Clearing Member, as the party paying Rate Y; or

(ii) in the case where each Executing Party will clear its respective side of such FCM SwapClear Transaction either through an FCM Clearing Member or directly itself as an FCM Clearing Member, as two FCM SwapClear Contracts pursuant to these FCM Regulations where each relevant FCM SwapClear Contract is registered between the relevant FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House, with one such FCM Clearing Member as the party paying Rate X, and the Clearing House as the party paying Rate Y, and the other FCM Clearing Member as the party paying Rate Y and the Clearing House as the party paying Rate X.

(iii) In each of the foregoing cases in clauses (i) and (ii) above, to the extent the FCM SwapClear Contract has been entered into by an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client or Affiliate, each FCM Clearing Member will be the agent of its FCM Client or Affiliate, but will nevertheless remain fully liable to the Clearing House for any and all amounts due to the Clearing House in connection with any FCM SwapClear Contract cleared on behalf of its FCM Client or Affiliate.

(j) Effect of Registration of FCM SwapClear Transactions. With effect from the registration of an FCM SwapClear Transaction in accordance with FCM Regulation 30(i) above:

(1) Such FCM SwapClear Transaction shall be extinguished and replaced by the corresponding FCM SwapClear Contracts (or if applicable, the corresponding FCM SwapClear Contract and Non-FCM SwapClear Contract), and the parties to such FCM SwapClear Transaction shall be released and discharged from all rights and obligations under such FCM SwapClear Transaction which fall due for performance on or after the Registration Time.

(2) Each FCM SwapClear Contract registered under FCM Regulation 30(i) shall be governed by the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms as applicable to that FCM SwapClear Contract.

(3) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, an FCM Clearing Member paying (or clearing on behalf of a person paying) Rate X under an FCM SwapClear Transaction shall have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the corresponding FCM SwapClear Contract registered by it in respect of such FCM SwapClear Transaction; and

(4) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, an FCM Clearing Member paying (or clearing on behalf of a person paying) Rate Y under an FCM SwapClear Transaction shall
have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the corresponding FCM SwapClear Contract registered by it in respect of such FCM SwapClear Transaction.

In subsections (3) and (4) above, a reference to the “same” rights or obligations is a reference to rights or obligations, falling due for exercise or performance after the Registration Time, and which are the same in nature and character as the rights or obligations arising from the Economic Terms of the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction (it being assumed, for this purpose, that such FCM SwapClear Transaction was a legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligation of the parties thereto and that the Economic Terms thereof were as presented to the Clearing House for registration), notwithstanding the change in the person entitled to them or obliged to perform them, and subject to any change thereto as a result of the operation of the Standard Terms.

(k) If an FCM SwapClear Transaction is revoked, avoided or otherwise declared invalid for any reason after particulars of it have been accepted by the Clearing House for registration that revocation, avoidance or invalidity shall not affect any FCM SwapClear Contract arising under this FCM Regulation or any other applicable provision of the FCM Rulebook.

(l) In the case of an FCM SwapClear Contract registered by the Clearing House pursuant to rule 6(a) of the Default Rules, the Registration Time shall be deemed to be the time chosen by the Clearing House whereupon this FCM Regulation shall take effect.

(m) An FCM Clearing Member may provide any of its approved FCM Clearing Services in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts or FCM SwapClear Transactions to any of its Affiliates. Such FCM Clearing Services shall be provided in the same manner as set forth under these FCM Regulations with respect to FCM Clients, as applicable, except that all transactions for Affiliates shall be cleared through the Proprietary Account of the applicable FCM Clearing Member.

(n) Compression. Notwithstanding any other provision of these FCM Regulations, if one or more FCM SwapClear Contracts registered by an FCM Clearing Member in accordance with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures has substantially the same Economic Terms as one or more other FCM SwapClear Contracts previously registered for the account of such FCM Clearing Member, and all such FCM SwapClear Contracts are either (i) registered on the FCM Clearing Member’s own behalf, (ii) registered on behalf of the same FCM Client or (iii) registered on behalf of the same Affiliate, then, to the extent permitted in the FCM Procedures with respect to a category of FCM SwapClear Contract, the FCM Clearing Member may request that the Clearing House compress and combine all such FCM SwapClear Contracts by terminating the relevant existing FCM SwapClear Contracts and compressing them into one FCM SwapClear Contract reflecting the aggregate economic terms, or the net economic terms, as the case may be, of the original FCM SwapClear Contracts. For purposes of this FCM Regulation, two or more FCM SwapClear Contracts may be deemed by the Clearing House to have “substantially the same Economic Terms” if they are based on the same underlying currencies and the Clearing House considers them, in its sole discretion, to have substantially the same fundamental economic attributes which influence the amount, value date and direction of all coupon cash flows. Two or more FCM SwapClear Contracts that are compressed under the terms of this FCM Regulation shall be aggregated if the position of the FCM
Clearing Member (on its own behalf) or the relevant FCM Client or Affiliate is in the same direction on each such FCM SwapClear Contract (i.e., obligations to make payment aggregated and rights to receive payment aggregated), such that the FCM SwapClear Contract that replaces the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts shall have a notional amount equal to the total notional amount of the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts. Two or more FCM SwapClear Contracts that are compressed under the terms of this Regulation 30(n) shall be netted if the position of the FCM Clearing Member (on its own behalf) or the relevant FCM Client or Affiliate is in the opposite direction on two or more of each such FCM SwapClear Contracts (i.e., obligations to make payment netted against rights to receive payment), such that the FCM SwapClear Contract (if any) that replaces the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts shall have a notional amount equal to the net notional amount of the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts and provided that in the event that the net notional amount is equal to zero such compression shall result in no replacement FCM SwapClear Contracts. The Clearing House shall determine (in its sole discretion) whether FCM SwapClear Contracts that are the subject of a request for compression from the FCM Clearing Member may be compressed and, if such FCM SwapClear Contracts are compressed, the Clearing House shall determine the resulting notional amount of the FCM SwapClear Contract(s) (if any) that replaces the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts, and such determination shall be binding on the FCM Clearing Member, absent manifest error. It is a condition for compression of FCM SwapClear Contracts that the amount of cover that the Clearing House requires in respect of the original FCM SwapClear Contracts is equal to that which is required by the Clearing House in respect of the replacement FCM SwapClear Contract(s).

(o) SwapClear Accounts. All FCM Omnibus OTC SC Client Accounts with LCH shall not be permitted to contain any FCM Contracts other than FCM SwapClear Contracts or associated cover and other payments and deliveries other than in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts. Furthermore, the LCH OTC SwapClear Client Segregated Depository Account shall not contain any FCM Contracts other than FCM SwapClear Contracts or associated cover and other payments and deliveries other than in connection with FCM SwapClear Contracts.
Regulation 31  Daily Marking to Market

(a) The Clearing House shall, in accordance with the FCM Procedures, in respect of each FCM SwapClear Contract in an FCM Clearing Member’s name, mark each such Open Contract against the price determined by the Clearing House to be the current Settlement Price of such contract to be used for marking to market purposes.

(b) The Clearing House shall, upon completion of the procedure set out in paragraph (a) above, calculate the daily mark-to-market amounts in accordance with the FCM Procedures and shall thereafter determine the status of the FCM Clearing Member’s accounts.

(c) For the avoidance of doubt, the completion of the calculation and settlement of daily marked-to-market amounts pursuant to paragraph (b) above by the Clearing House shall not affect the validity of any Open Contracts, which shall remain in effect as Open Contracts in all respects.

(d) The net present value of each FCM SwapClear Contract shall be calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of this FCM Regulation 31, in such manner and at such times as may be provided in the FCM Procedures. Except as prescribed in the FCM Procedures, the net present value calculated by the Clearing House may in no circumstances be called in question. The Clearing House shall, at least daily, receive payment from, or pay to, the FCM Clearing Member cash cover for Variation Margin, representing the change in the net present value of such FCM Clearing Member’s portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts from the preceding Business Day, in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

(e) Netting of Coupon Payments with respect to FCM SwapClear Contracts. In respect of a portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts and each payment date for Coupon Payments (in accordance with the FCM Procedures), the Clearing House shall net:

(i) the sums which would otherwise have been payable by the FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House as cash cover (in respect of Variation Margin) on such date and the Coupon Payments due on that date; and

(ii) the sums which would otherwise have been payable by the Clearing House to the FCM Clearing Member as cash cover (in respect of Variation Margin) on such date and the Coupon Payments due on that date,

and, if the aggregate amount that would otherwise have been payable by one party exceeds the aggregate amount that would otherwise have been payable by the other party then the obligations of each party under this FCM Regulation 31 shall be automatically satisfied and discharged on payment by the applicable party of the excess. All netting in respect of a portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts shall be calculated separately with respect to FCM SwapClear Contracts held in an FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account and with respect to FCM SwapClear Contracts held on behalf of FCM Clients.
Regulation 32  The reset rate for, and the net present value of, an FCM SwapClear Contract

The Clearing House may determine the reset rate for, and the net present value of, an FCM SwapClear Contract for the purposes of these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed in the FCM Procedures. Except as prescribed in the FCM Procedures, neither the reset rate nor the net present value determined by the Clearing House may in any circumstances be challenged.
Regulation 33  Withdrawal of the FCM SwapClear Service by the Clearing House

(a) If at any time the Clearing House decides to withdraw the FCM SwapClear Service it shall give not less than six months’ notice in accordance with the FCM Procedures to all FCM Clearing Members (approved to clear FCM SwapClear Contracts) of the applicable Withdrawal Date. The accidental omission by the Clearing House to give notice under this FCM Regulation 33 to, or the non-receipt of notice under this FCM Regulation 33 by, one or more FCM Clearing Members shall not invalidate the Withdrawal Date.

(b) Without prejudice to its rights under the Default Rules, the Clearing House will not, other than pursuant to action under the Default Rules or pursuant to the entering of offsetting/compressing trades in accordance with FCM Regulation 30(n), register an FCM SwapClear Contract (other than a Closing-out Contract) after notice to withdraw the applicable service(s) has been given under FCM Regulation 33(a).

(c) If, with respect to FCM SwapClear Clearing Services, at the Withdrawal Date an FCM Clearing Member or Non-FCM Clearing Member has not closed out all of the applicable open FCM SwapClear Contracts registered in its name, the Clearing House may, in its sole discretion:

(i) liquidate any or all of such FCM SwapClear Contracts and require such FCM SwapClear Contracts to be cash settled at a price determined by the Clearing House; or

(ii) postpone the Withdrawal Date until such time as the Clearing House determines.
Regulations 36-39: [Reserved]
PART III – REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO FCM FOREXCLEAR CONTRACTS

Regulation 40 Registration of FCM ForexClear Contracts: ForexClear Accounts

(a) In order for an FCM to submit an FCM ForexClear Transaction for registration as an FCM ForexClear Contract, the FCM must be currently approved as an FCM Clearing Member pursuant to these FCM Regulations. The Executing Parties to such FCM ForexClear Transaction shall be responsible for any give-up or other agreement mutually agreed to among the parties with respect to such transactions, as applicable. An FCM Clearing Member must submit the particulars of an FCM ForexClear Transaction for registration as an FCM ForexClear Contract in accordance with the FCM Rulebook. Each FCM ForexClear Transaction involving an FCM Client shall be presented to the Clearing House for registration on behalf of such FCM Client by its FCM Clearing Member. It is a condition for registration as an FCM ForexClear Contract that both sides of the underlying FCM ForexClear Transaction be presented for clearing (as one FCM ForexClear Contract and one Non-FCM ForexClear Contract, or as two FCM ForexClear Contracts, as the case may be).

(b) Where an Executing Party enters into an FCM ForexClear Transaction on an FCM Approved Trade Source and such FCM ForexClear Transaction is to be cleared through an FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall notify the FCM Clearing Member of such FCM ForexClear Transaction and request acceptance for registration in accordance with the FCM Procedures. Upon receipt of acceptance for registration by the Clearing House from the FCM Clearing Member, (i) the FCM Clearing Member shall be deemed to have presented the FCM ForexClear Transaction to the Clearing House (and such presentation may not be withdrawn by the FCM Clearing Member unless otherwise provided in the FCM Rulebook) and the Clearing House shall register the FCM ForexClear Transaction subject to, and in accordance, with these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures and (ii) such FCM Clearing Member shall be obligated to pay, upon request of the Clearing House, all cover required by the Clearing House in connection with the registration of the FCM ForexClear Transaction.

(c) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this FCM Regulation 40, an FCM Clearing Member shall be bound by an FCM ForexClear Contract registered in its name on behalf of an FCM Client or an Affiliate pursuant to the presentation of particulars of an FCM ForexClear Transaction by it, and by the other FCM Clearing Member or Non-FCM Clearing Member, as applicable.

(d) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this FCM Regulation 40, an FCM ForexClear Transaction, particulars of which are submitted for registration as an FCM ForexClear Contract, must meet the eligibility criteria prescribed in these FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures at the time the particulars of the FCM ForexClear Transaction are presented to the Clearing House and must continue to meet such criteria at the Registration Time in order to be registered as an FCM ForexClear Contract, at which time the FCM ForexClear Contracts (or the FCM ForexClear Contract and the Non-FCM ForexClear Contract, as the case may be) shall replace and supersede such corresponding FCM ForexClear Transaction.

(e) The Clearing House shall be deemed to register an FCM ForexClear Contract, in accordance with this FCM Regulation 40 in the name of an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client or an Affiliate (or, if applicable, on the FCM Clearing Member’s own behalf), at the Registration Time. At the Registration Time, the
FCM Clearing Member, and the FCM Client or Affiliate if applicable, will be deemed to be bound by the relevant FCM ForexClear Contract on the terms entered into between the FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House automatically and without any further action by such FCM Clearing Member or FCM Client or Affiliate, which such terms shall, without limitation, incorporate all applicable terms of these FCM Regulations and Schedule B hereto.

(f) Ineligible Registered FCM ForexClear Transactions.

(i) If at any time after registration of an FCM ForexClear Contract, the Clearing House determines that the corresponding FCM ForexClear Transaction of which details were submitted for registration did not, at the Registration Time, meet the eligibility criteria for registration as an FCM ForexClear Contract pursuant to the FCM Rulebook in existence at the Registration Time (such an FCM ForexClear Transaction, an “Ineligible FCM ForexClear Transaction”), the Clearing House shall, as soon as practicable thereafter set aside such FCM ForexClear Contracts (or the FCM ForexClear Contract and the Non-FCM ForexClear Contract, as the case may be).

(ii) Ineligible FCM ForexClear Transactions. Upon an FCM ForexClear Contract being set aside under subsection (i) above (such set aside contract, an “Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract”), the Clearing House will notify the FCM Clearing Member party to such Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract via the ForexClear Matcher that such Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract has been set aside. The following shall take effect immediately upon the delivery of such notice: (A) such Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract shall be deemed to be terminated at the time of the notification and shall thereafter have no force or effect; (B) all Variation Margin (if any) paid by the Clearing House or by an FCM Clearing Member in respect of such Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract shall be retained by the receiving party upon termination; (C) where there is a difference between the value of the Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract as at the last margin run and the value (as determined by the Clearing House) of that Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract at the time of the next official settlement rate for the relevant currency pair, then a payment shall be made between the FCM Clearing Members (or one FCM Clearing Member and one Non-FCM Clearing Member, as the case may be) to the original Ineligible FCM ForexClear Transaction equal to such difference; and (D) these payments shall be deemed to satisfy in full the relevant party’s obligations under the Ineligible FCM ForexClear Contract and shall be retained by the receiving party upon termination in accordance with clause (A) of this paragraph as a termination payment.

The Clearing House may not determine an FCM ForexClear Transaction to be an Ineligible FCM ForexClear Transaction after the Valuation Date (as defined in Part A of Schedule B to these FCM Regulations) in respect of the FCM ForexClear Contracts arising from the registration of such FCM ForexClear Transaction has occurred.

The Clearing House shall provide no less than 10 business days’ prior notice (including by email) to FCM Clearing Members providing FCM ForexClear Clearing Services of an amendment to the eligibility criteria for the registration of FCM ForexClear Contracts.
(iii) Without prejudice to FCM Regulation 24 and its obligations under this FCM Regulation 40, the Clearing House (and each other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group and their respective officers, employees and agents) shall have no liability whatsoever to any person arising out of or in respect of the registration by it in error or otherwise of an FCM ForexClear Contract in respect of a transaction which did not meet the eligibility criteria at the Registration Time to enable it to be registered as an FCM ForexClear Contract.

(g) Where the FCM Procedures so provide, the Clearing House may require the FCM Clearing Members in whose names one or more FCM ForexClear Transactions are to be registered to furnish it with cover as a condition of registration of such FCM Transaction(s), and such cover shall be furnished to the Clearing House in accordance with FCM Regulation 9 and such other applicable provisions in the FCM Rulebook.

(h) The Clearing House may decline to register an FCM ForexClear Transaction in the name of an FCM Clearing Member where it considers such action advisable for its own protection or the protection of the relevant market; provided, that the Clearing House shall (subject to the provisions of the FCM Rulebook) register any FCM ForexClear Contract which reduces the risk exposure of the Clearing House and the applicable FCM Clearing Member, as determined in the discretion of the Clearing House. The Clearing House may, without assigning any reason, make the registration of any FCM Transaction subject to any conditions stipulated by the Clearing House including, without limitation, the furnishing of additional cover by any FCM Clearing Member in whose name any such FCM ForexClear Transaction is to be registered.

(i) Registration of FCM ForexClear Transactions. An FCM ForexClear Transaction presented for registration to, and accepted by, the Clearing House shall be registered by the Clearing House in one of the following ways:

(i) in the case where one Executing Party clears its side of such FCM ForexClear Transaction either through a Non-FCM Clearing Member or directly with the Clearing House in its capacity as a Non-FCM Clearing Member, and the other Executing Party clears its side of such FCM ForexClear Transaction as or through an FCM Clearing Member, as one Non-FCM ForexClear Contract pursuant to the UK General Regulations applicable to Non-FCM Clearing Members and one FCM ForexClear Contract pursuant to these FCM Regulations, where (i) the FCM ForexClear Contract shall be registered between the FCM Clearing Member as the Reference Currency Buyer and the Clearing House as the Reference Currency Seller (or vice versa as applicable), and (ii) the Non-FCM ForexClear Contract shall be registered between the Clearing House as the Reference Currency Buyer and the Non-FCM Clearing Member as the Reference Currency Seller (or vice versa as applicable); or

(ii) in the case where each Executing Party will clear its respective side of such FCM ForexClear Transaction either through an FCM Clearing Member or directly itself as an FCM Clearing Member, as two FCM ForexClear Contracts pursuant to these FCM Regulations where each relevant FCM ForexClear Contract is registered between the relevant FCM Clearing Member and the Clearing House, with one such FCM Clearing Member as the Reference Currency Buyer, and the Clearing
In each of the foregoing cases in clauses (i) and (ii) above, to the extent the FCM ForexClear Contract has been entered into by an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client or Affiliate, each FCM Clearing Member will be the agent of its FCM Client or Affiliate, but will nevertheless remain fully liable to the Clearing House for any and all amounts due to the Clearing House in connection with any FCM ForexClear Contract cleared on behalf of its FCM Client or Affiliate.

Effect of Registration of FCM ForexClear Transactions. With effect from the registration of an FCM ForexClear Transaction in accordance with FCM Regulation 40(i):

(i) Such FCM ForexClear Transaction shall be extinguished and replaced by the corresponding FCM ForexClear Contracts (or if applicable, the corresponding FCM ForexClear Contract and Non-FCM ForexClear Contract), and the parties to such FCM ForexClear Transaction shall be released and discharged from all rights and obligations under such FCM ForexClear Transaction which fall due for performance on or after the Registration Time.

(ii) Each FCM ForexClear Contract registered under FCM Regulation 40(i) shall be governed by the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms as applicable to that FCM ForexClear Contract.

(iii) Subject to sub-paragraph (ii) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, an FCM Clearing Member (or clearing on behalf of a person) that is the Reference Currency Buyer under an FCM ForexClear Transaction shall have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the corresponding FCM ForexClear Contract registered by it in respect of such FCM ForexClear Transaction; and

(iv) Subject to sub-paragraph (ii) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, an FCM Clearing Member (or clearing on behalf of a person) that is the Reference Currency Seller under an FCM ForexClear Transaction shall have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the corresponding FCM ForexClear Contract registered by it in respect of such FCM ForexClear Transaction.

In subsections (iii) and (iv) above, a reference to the “same” rights or obligations is a reference to rights or obligations, falling due for exercise or performance after the Registration Time, and which are the same in nature and character as the rights or obligations arising from the Economic Terms of the corresponding FCM ForexClear Transaction (it being assumed, for this purpose, that such FCM ForexClear Transaction was a legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligation of the parties thereto and that the Economic Terms thereof were as presented to the Clearing House for registration), notwithstanding the change in the person entitled to them or obliged to perform them, and subject to any change thereto as a result of the operation of the Standard Terms.

(k) If an FCM ForexClear Transaction is revoked, avoided or otherwise declared invalid for any reason after particulars of it have been accepted by the Clearing
House for registration that revocation, avoidance or invalidity shall not affect any FCM ForexClear Contract arising under this FCM Regulation 40 or any other applicable provision of the FCM Rulebook.

(l) In the case of an FCM ForexClear Contract registered by the Clearing House pursuant to rule 6(a) of the Default Rules, the Registration Time shall be deemed to be the time chosen by the Clearing House whereupon this FCM Regulation 40 shall take effect.

(m) An FCM Clearing Member may provide any of its approved FCM Clearing Services in connection with FCM ForexClear Contracts or FCM ForexClear Transactions to any of its Affiliates. Such FCM Clearing Services shall be provided in the same manner as set forth under these FCM Regulations with respect to FCM Clients, as applicable, except that all transactions for Affiliates shall be cleared through the Proprietary Account of the applicable FCM Clearing Member.

(n) ForexClear Accounts. All FCM Omnibus OTC FX Client Accounts with LCH shall not be permitted to contain any FCM Contracts other than FCM ForexClear Contracts or associated cover and other payments and deliveries other than in connection with FCM ForexClear Contracts. Furthermore, the LCH OTC FX Client Segregated Depository Account shall not contain any FCM Contracts other than FCM ForexClear Contracts or associated cover and other payments and deliveries other than in connection with FCM ForexClear Contracts.
**Regulation 41  Cancellation of FCM ForexClear Contracts**

(a) An FCM Clearing Member may, in accordance with this FCM Regulation 41 and the FCM Procedures, cancel an FCM ForexClear Contract to which it is a party.

(b) The Clearing House shall have no obligation to inform, notify or seek the consent of any FCM Clearing Member (or Non-FCM Clearing Member) prior to cancelling an FCM ForexClear Contract in accordance with this FCM Regulation 41.

(c) The cancellation of an FCM ForexClear Contract to which an FCM Clearing Member is a party (referred to in this FCM Regulation 41 as the “First ForexClear Contract”) is contingent upon, inter alia, the cancellation of the corresponding FCM ForexClear Contract (or Non-FCM ForexClear Contract, if applicable) that arose from the same underlying FCM ForexClear Transaction (referred to in this FCM Regulation 41 as the “Second ForexClear Contract”), and vice versa.

(d) The date and time of the cancellation of an FCM ForexClear Contract shall be as reported by the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures and shall be binding on FCM Clearing Members (and Non-FCM Clearing Members, as applicable).

(e) The Clearing House may decline to cancel an FCM ForexClear Contract if:

(i) in the opinion of the Clearing House acting in its sole discretion, the cancellation of that FCM ForexClear Contract is not consistent with the FCM Rulebook (and if applicable the UK General Regulations) and any policies of the clearing house concerning risk management; or

(ii) there is insufficient margin standing to the credit of an FCM Clearing Member’s account to accommodate the cancellation of the First ForexClear Contract and/or the Second ForexClear Contract.

(f) With effect from the time of the cancellation of an FCM ForexClear Contract in accordance with this FCM Regulation 41, neither the FCM Clearing Member nor the Clearing House shall have any obligations under the terms of that FCM ForexClear Contract and liability in respect thereof.
Regulation 42  Variation Margin

(a) The Clearing House shall, at least daily and in accordance with and at the times stated in the Procedures, pay to, or require payment from, an FCM Clearing Member cash cover for variation margin in respect of any FCM ForexClear Contracts registered on behalf of such FCM Clearing Member. The amount paid represents the change from the preceding business day in the net present value of all FCM ForexClear Contracts registered in such FCM Clearing Member’s name.

(b) The net present value of each FCM ForexClear Contract shall be calculated by the Clearing House in such manner and at such times as may be provided in the Procedures. Except as prescribed in the Procedures, the net present value calculated by the Clearing House may in no circumstances be challenged.

(c) The Clearing House pays to (or receives from) each applicable FCM Clearing Member interest on cash cover received (or paid) by the Clearing House, calculated in accordance with the Procedures, in respect of open FCM ForexClear Contracts.

(d) All payments by an FCM ForexClear Clearing Member made pursuant to this FCM Regulation 42 to the Clearing House shall be reflected in the relevant FCM Omnibus OTC FX Client Account with LCH.

(e) This FCM Regulation 42 is without prejudice to the Clearing House’s right to require cover to be provided to it under FCM Regulation 9.
Regulation 43  Withdrawal of the FCM ForexClear Service by the Clearing House

(a) If at any time the Clearing House decides to withdraw the FCM ForexClear Service it shall give not less than six months’ notice in accordance with the FCM Procedures to all FCM Clearing Members (approved to clear FCM ForexClear Contracts) of the applicable Withdrawal Date. The accidental omission by the Clearing House to give notice under this FCM Regulation 43 to, or the non-receipt of notice under this FCM Regulation 43 by, one or more FCM Clearing Members shall not invalidate the Withdrawal Date.

(b) Without prejudice to its rights under the Default Rules, the Clearing House will not, other than pursuant to action under the Default Rules, register an FCM ForexClear Contract (other than a Closing-out Contract) after notice to withdraw the applicable service(s) has been given under FCM Regulation 43(a).

(c) If five Business days prior to the Withdrawal Date, an FCM Clearing Member or Non-FCM Clearing Member has not closed out all of the applicable open FCM ForexClear Contracts registered in its name, the Clearing House may, in its sole discretion and upon five Business Days’ notice to the FCM Clearing Members providing FCM ForexClear Clearing Services:

(i) liquidate any or all of such FCM ForexClear Contracts and require such FCM ForexClear Contracts to be cash settled at a price determined by the Clearing House; or

(ii) postpone the Withdrawal Date until such time as the Clearing House determines.
BSCHEDULE A TO THE FCM REGULATIONS— FCM SWAPCLEAR CONTRACT TERMS AND PRODUCT ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

Part A

FCM SwapClear Contract Terms

The terms of a registered FCM SwapClear Contract shall include these FCM SwapClear Contract Terms which shall comprise:

(1) Interpretation; and
(2) Economic Terms; and
(3) Standard Terms.

In the event of any inconsistency between the Economic Terms and the Standard Terms, the Standard Terms will prevail.

Subject to the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, the Clearing House will use the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms applicable to an FCM SwapClear Contract to calculate the amounts due under the FCM SwapClear Contract to, or from, the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

1. Interpretation

1.1 “ISDA 2000 Definitions” means the 2000 ISDA Definitions as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. (“ISDA”), and the same are incorporated by reference herein and “ISDA 2006 Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions as published by ISDA, and the same are incorporated by reference herein.

1.2 Words and expressions used in these FCM SwapClear Contract Terms which are not defined in the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures but which are defined in the “ISDA 2000 Definitions” or the “ISDA 2006 Definitions” shall have the same meaning herein as in the ISDA 2000 Definitions or the ISDA 2006 Definitions as the case may be, unless expressly provided otherwise. For the avoidance of doubt where the FCM SwapClear Contract identifies the ISDA 2000 Definitions as being applicable to that FCM SwapClear Contract then those definitions will apply and where the FCM SwapClear Contract identifies the ISDA 2006 Definitions as being applicable to that FCM SwapClear Contract then those definitions will apply.

1.3 In the event of an inconsistency between the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures and either the ISDA 2000 Definitions or the ISDA 2006 Definitions, the FCM Regulations and FCM Procedures will prevail.

1.4 References in the ISDA 2000 Definitions and the ISDA 2006 Definitions to a “Swap Transaction” shall be deemed to be references to an “FCM SwapClear Transaction” for the purposes of SwapClear.

1.5 Except where expressly stated otherwise, all reference to “Articles” means Articles in the ISDA 2000 Definitions or the ISDA 2006 Definitions as the case may be as published by ISDA:
(a) in relation to any amendments to either the ISDA 2000 Definitions and the ISDA 2006 Definitions, the Clearing House may from time to time, by notice delivered to the FCM Clearing Members and the SwapClear Clearing Members, give directions as to whether such amendment shall apply to FCM SwapClear Contracts with immediate effect or with such deferred effect as the Clearing House shall determine;

(b) any such notice may provide that the amendment to the ISDA 2000 Definitions and the ISDA 2006 Definitions may take effect so as to apply to FCM SwapClear Contracts registered in an FCM Clearing Member’s name at the time such amendment comes into effect if the Clearing House so determines;

(c) the accidental omission to give notice under this provision to, or the non-receipt of notice under this provision by, an FCM Clearing Member or a SwapClear Clearing Member shall not invalidate the amendment with which the notice is concerned.

2. Economic Terms

2.1 The Economic Terms of an FCM SwapClear Contract shall be derived from the information presented to the Clearing House by the parties to the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction in respect of the terms designated as Economic Terms in this Schedule.

2.2 It is part of the eligibility criteria for registration as an FCM SwapClear Contract that the particulars of an FCM SwapClear Transaction presented to the Clearing House must include matched information in respect of such designated Economic Terms, except that information in respect of (i), (viii) or (ix) (not both) for vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal and variable notional swaps must be provided.

2.3 The Economic Terms for vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal and variable notional swaps comprise:

(a) Notional Amount (see Article 4.7 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.7 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition) (for variable notional swaps, the Notional Amount can be set out in a Notional Amount Schedule¹);

(b) Currency (see Article 1.7 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 1.7 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(c) Trade Date (see Article 3.7 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 3.7 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

¹ SwapClear will accept IRS, Basis or zero coupon swaps with a Notional Amount which for each payment calculation period may remain unchanged, increase or decrease relative to its previous value. The changes in notional can only take place at the calculation period start dates and must be pre-determined at the point of registration. The notional schedule will be applied at the start of the corresponding calculation period, adjusted (or unadjusted) with the calculation period calendar specified in the trade. Notional schedules need not be identical for the two legs of the trade.
(d) Effective Date (see Article 3.2 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 3.2 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(e) Termination Date (see Article 3.3 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 3.3 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(f) Additional Payments/Fees:
   (i) the Payer of the Additional Payments/Fees (if any);
   (ii) the amount of the Additional Payments/Fees (specify zero if none).

(g) Business Days (see Article 1.4 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 1.4 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(h) Business Day Convention (see Article 4.12 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.12 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(i) Where Fixed Rate – Floating Rate Swap:
   (i) Fixed Rate Payer (see Article 2.1 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 2.1 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);
   (ii) Fixed Rate Payer Payment Dates;
   (iii) Fixed Amount (see Article 4.4 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.4 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition) [or Fixed Rate and Fixed Rate Day Count Fraction] [or Fixed Rate Payer Schedule];
   (iv) Floating Rate Payer (see Article 2.2 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 2.2 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);
   (v) Floating Rate Payer Payment Dates;
   (vi) Floating Rate Payer compounding dates (if applicable);
   (vii) Floating Amount (see Article 4.5 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.5 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);
   (viii) Floating Rate Option (see Article 6.2(i) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2(h) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);
   (Note: The details of each such option are as provided in the Procedures).
   (ix) Designated Maturity (see Article 7.3(b) and Article 7.3 (b) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions of the “Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version)” for definition);

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2 SwapClear will accept IRS, Basis or zero coupon variable notional swaps with a Fixed Rate on the fixed leg which for each calculation and/or compounding period may remain unchanged, increase or decrease relative to its previous value. The Fixed Rate must be greater than or equal to 0%.
(x) Spread (see Article 6.2(f) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (e) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);  

(xi) Reset Dates (see Article 6.2(b) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (b) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);  

(xii) Floating Rate Day Count Fraction (see Article 6.2(g) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (f) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition).

(j) Where Floating Rate – Floating Rate Swap (“basis” swap):

(i) Floating Rate Payer 1 (see Article 2.2 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 2.2 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition):

(a) Floating Rate Payer Payment Dates;

(b) Floating Rate Payer compounding dates (if applicable);

(c) Floating Rate Option (see Article 6.2(i) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2(h) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(Note: the details of each such option are as provided in the Procedures)

(d) Designated Maturity (see Article 7.3(b) of the “Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 version)” and Article 7.3 (b) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(e) Spread (see Article 6.2(f) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (e) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);  

(f) Reset Dates (see Article 6.2(b) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (b) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);  

(g) Floating Rate Day Count Fraction (see Article 6.2(g) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (f) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(ii) Floating Rate Payer 2 (see Article 2.2 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 2.2 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition):

(a) Floating Rate Payer Payment Dates;

(b) Floating Rate Payer compounding dates (if applicable);

__________________________

SwapClear will accept IRS, Basis or zero coupon variable notional swaps with a floating rate spread on the floating leg which for each calculation and/or compounding period may remain unchanged, increase or decrease relative to its previous value. The spread can be negative. Where such spread is variable it can be set out in a Spread schedule.

SwapClear will accept IRS, Basis or zero coupon variable notional swaps with a floating rate spread on the floating leg which for each calculation and/or compounding period may remain unchanged, increase or decrease relative to its previous value. The spread can be negative. Where such spread is variable it can be set out in a Spread schedule.
(c) Floating Rate Option (see Article 6.2(i) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2(h) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition)

(Note: The details of each such option are as provided in the Procedures)

(d) (vii) Designated Maturity (see Article 7.3(b) of the “Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 version)” and Article 7.3 (b) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(e) (viii) Spread (see Article 6.2(f) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (e) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(f) (ix) Reset Dates (see Article 6.2(b) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (b) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition);

(g) (x) Floating Rate Day Count Fraction (see Article 6.2(g) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 6.2 (f) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition)

2.4 Financial Centers

Detail of the relevant financial center/s must be provided using the appropriate Markitwire/FpML code as set out below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financial Center</th>
<th>Marketwire/FpML</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sydney</td>
<td>AUSY</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brussels</td>
<td>BEBR</td>
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<tr>
<td>Montreal</td>
<td>CAMO</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toronto</td>
<td>CATO</td>
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<td>Geneva</td>
<td>CHGE</td>
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<td>Zurich</td>
<td>CHZU</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prague</td>
<td>CZPR</td>
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<tr>
<td>Frankfurt</td>
<td>DEFR</td>
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<tr>
<td>Copenhagen</td>
<td>DKCO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madrid</td>
<td>ESMA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Helsinki</td>
<td>FIHE</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paris</td>
<td>FRPA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 SwapClear will accept IRS, Basis or zero coupon variable notional swaps with a floating rate spread on the floating leg which for each calculation and/or compounding period may remain unchanged, increase or decrease relative to its previous value. The spread can be negative. Where such spread is variable it can be set out in a Spread schedule.
3. **Standard Terms**

The following terms are designated as Standard Terms of a registered FCM SwapClear Contract:

3.1 **Business Days**

In addition to the Business Days for the financial centers specified in the Economic Terms, (such Business Days to be determined in accordance with the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar) the Business Days specified in the calendar published by the Clearing House, from time to time, will apply to an FCM SwapClear Contract.

3.2 **Negative Interest Rates**
The “Negative Interest Rate Method” as set out in Article 6.4(b) of the ISDA Definitions, will apply to an FCM SwapClear Contract.

3.3 Withholding Tax Provisions

All payments due under an FCM SwapClear Contract shall be made by the FCM Clearing Member free and clear and without deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax. Payments in respect of which such deduction or withholding is required to be made, by the FCM Clearing Member, shall be increased to the extent necessary to ensure that, after the making of the required deduction or withholding, the Clearing House receives and retains (free from any liability in respect of such deduction or withholding) a net sum equal to the sum which it would have received and so retained had no such deduction or withholding been made or required to be made.

The Clearing House shall make any payments due to an FCM Clearing Member net of any deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax it is required to make from such payments.

3.4 Payment of Stamp Tax

Each FCM Clearing Member will pay any stamp tax or duty levied or imposed upon it in respect of any FCM SwapClear Contract to which it is a party by a jurisdiction in which it is incorporated, organized, managed and controlled, or considered to have its seat, or in which a branch or office through which it is acting is located or by any other jurisdiction, and will indemnify the Clearing House against any stamp tax or duty levied or imposed upon the Clearing House by any such jurisdiction in respect of any FCM SwapClear Contract registered by the Clearing House and to which that FCM Clearing Member is a party.

3.5 Payments under an FCM SwapClear Contract

Payments under, and in respect of, an FCM SwapClear Contract shall be calculated by the Clearing House and shall be made by, or to, the FCM Clearing Member in accordance with the provisions of the FCM Procedures.

3.6 FCM Regulations

An FCM SwapClear Contract shall be subject to the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, which shall form a part of its terms. In the event of any inconsistency between these FCM SwapClear Contract Terms and the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures will prevail.

3.7 Governing Law

Each FCM SwapClear Contract shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York in the United States of America without regard to principles of conflicts of law and the parties hereby irrevocably agree for the benefit of the Clearing House that (i) the courts of the State of New York, Borough of Manhattan in the United States of America, (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, or (iii) the courts of England and Wales shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any action or dispute which may arise herefrom. The FCM Clearing Member party hereto irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction and agrees to waive any objection it might otherwise have to such jurisdiction, save that this submission to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the
State of New York, Borough of Manhattan in the United States of America, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York or the courts of England and Wales shall not (and shall not be construed so as to) limit the right of the Clearing House to take proceedings in any other court of competent jurisdiction, nor shall the taking of action in one or more jurisdictions preclude the Clearing House from taking action in any other jurisdiction, whether concurrently or not.

3.8 Third Party Rights

A person who is not a party to this FCM SwapClear Contract shall have no rights under or in respect of it. Rights of third parties to enforce any terms of this FCM SwapClear Contract are expressly excluded.
Part B

Product Eligibility Criteria for Registration of an FCM SwapClear Contract

1. FCM SwapClear Transaction

Without prejudice to the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, the Clearing House will only register an FCM SwapClear Contract pursuant to receipt of particulars of a transaction where at the time of the particulars being presented:

(a) the transaction meets the eligibility criteria, set out in paragraph 1.2(A), (B) and 1.3, below for an FCM SwapClear Transaction; and

(b) each party to the transaction is an Executing Party;

and the requirements of (a) and (b) continue to be satisfied at Registration Time.

1.2 Product eligibility criteria for an FCM SwapClear Transaction

(a) Vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal having the characteristics set out in the table below;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument</th>
<th>Acceptable Currencies</th>
<th>Acceptable Indices</th>
<th>Types</th>
<th>Maximum Residual Term</th>
<th>Notional Amount (Min-Max of the relevant currency unit)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal</td>
<td>Sterling (GBP)</td>
<td>GBP-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 days</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>GBP-WMBA-SONIA-COMPounded</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>736 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>See Article 7.1w (vii) for definition</td>
<td>Floating vs. Floating</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Dollar (USD)</td>
<td>USD-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 days</td>
<td>0.01-</td>
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<th>Acceptable Indices</th>
<th>Types</th>
<th>Maximum Residual Term</th>
<th>Notional Amount (Min-Max of the relevant currency unit)</th>
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</thead>
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<td>USD-Federal Funds H.15-OIS-COMPOUND D</td>
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<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Euro (EUR)</td>
<td>EUR-LIBOR-BBA</td>
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<td>Single currency</td>
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<tr>
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See Article 7.1(a) (viii) for definition.
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<th>Instrument</th>
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<th>Acceptable Indices</th>
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<th>Maximum Residual Term</th>
<th>Notional Amount (Min-Max of the relevant currency unit)</th>
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<td>HKD Dollar (HKD)</td>
<td>HKD-HIBOR</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>3670 days</td>
<td>0.01-99,999,999.9999,999.99</td>
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<td>See Article 7.1(g) (iii) for definition</td>
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<td></td>
<td>HKD-HIBOR-ISDC</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>See Article 7.1(g) (i) for definition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungarian Forint (HUF)</td>
<td>HUF-BUBOR-Reuters</td>
<td>FIXED vs. FLOAT</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>3670 days</td>
<td>1-10,000,000,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>See Article 7.1r(i) for definition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese Yen (JPY)</td>
<td>JPY-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>10970 days</td>
<td>1-10,000,000,000,000</td>
</tr>
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<td>See Article 7.1(l) (iv) for definition</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floating vs. Floating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument</td>
<td>Acceptable Currencies</td>
<td>Acceptable Indices</td>
<td>Types</td>
<td>Maximum Residual Term</td>
<td>Notional Amount (Min-Max of the relevant currency unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand Dollar (NZD)</td>
<td>NZD-BBR- Telerate</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>3670 days</td>
<td>0.01-99,999,999,999.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floating vs. Floating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand Dollar (NZD)</td>
<td>NZD-BBR- FRA</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>3670 days</td>
<td>0.01-99,999,999,999.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floating vs. Floating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norwegian Krone (NOK)</td>
<td>NOK-NIBOR- NIBR</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>3670 days</td>
<td>0.01-99,999,999,999.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floating vs. Floating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore Dollar (SGD)</td>
<td>SGD-SOR- Reuters</td>
<td>FIXED vs. FLOAT</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>3670 days</td>
<td>0.01-99,999,999,999.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floating vs. Floating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swedish Krona (SEK)</td>
<td>SEK-STIBOR- SIDE</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>10,970 days</td>
<td>0.01-99,999,999,999.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floating vs. Floating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss Franc (CHF)</td>
<td>CHF-LIBOR- BBA</td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>10,970 days</td>
<td>0.01-99,999,999,999.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument</td>
<td>Acceptable Currencies</td>
<td>Acceptable Indices</td>
<td>Types</td>
<td>Maximum Residual Term</td>
<td>Notional Amount (Min-Max of the relevant currency unit)</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>CHF-TOIS_OIS_COMPounded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fixed vs. Floating</td>
<td></td>
<td>736 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polish Zloty(PLN)</td>
<td>PLN</td>
<td>FIXED vs. FLOAT</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td></td>
<td>3670 days 0.01-99,999,999,999.999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>WIBOR-WIBO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>FLOAT vs. FLOAT</td>
<td>FLOT vs. FLOAT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South African Rand (ZAR)</td>
<td>ZAR</td>
<td>FIXED vs. FLOAT</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td></td>
<td>3670 days 0.01-99,999,999,999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>JIBAR-SAFEX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>FLOAT vs. FLOAT</td>
<td>FLOT vs. FLOAT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Article 7.1(y) (ii) for definition
(b) Variable notional swaps having the characteristics set out in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument</th>
<th>Acceptable Currencies</th>
<th>Acceptable Rate Options (as further set out in Article 7.1 of the 2000 ISDA Definitions and Article 7.1 of the 2006 ISDA Definitions)</th>
<th>Types</th>
<th>Single currency</th>
<th>Maximum Residual Term</th>
<th>Notional Amount (Min - Max of the relevant currency unit)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>USD-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Interest Rate Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>USD-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Basis Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>USD-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Zero Coupon Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>EUR-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Interest Rate Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>EUR-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Basis Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>EUR-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Zero Coupon Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>EUR-EURIBOR-REUTERS</td>
<td>Interest Rate Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>EUR-EURIBOR-REUTERS</td>
<td>Basis Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. [ Intentionally Omitted ]

3. Additional Criteria for an FCM SwapClear Transaction

3.1 A contract must also meet the following additional criteria to be eligible as an FCM SwapClear Transaction:

(a) Day Count Fractions

(See Article 4.16 of the “Annex to 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version)”, and Article 4.16 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition)

(i) The Clearing House will only accept the following day count fractions for vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal and variable notional swaps. Day Count Fractions are applied to each deal leg independently, as communicated via the affirmed MarkitWire trade detail:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument</th>
<th>Acceptable Currencies</th>
<th>Acceptable Rate Options (as further set out in Article 7.1 of the 2000 ISDA Definitions and Article 7.1 of the 2006 ISDA Definitions)</th>
<th>Types</th>
<th>Maximu m Residual Term</th>
<th>Notional Amount (Min - Max of the relevant currency unit)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>EUR-EURIBOR-REUTERS</td>
<td>Zero Coupon Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>GBP-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Interest Rate Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>GBP-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Basis Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Notional Swap</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>GBP-LIBOR-BBA</td>
<td>Zero Coupon Swap</td>
<td>Single currency</td>
<td>18,275 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Day Count Fractions using the ISDA 2000 Definitions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day Count Fraction</th>
<th>MarkitWire/FpML Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30/360 (or Bond Basis)</td>
<td>30/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30E/360 (or Eurobond Basis)</td>
<td>30E/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/360</td>
<td>ACT/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/365 (Fixed)</td>
<td>ACT/365.FIXED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/365 (or Actual/Actual)</td>
<td>ACT/365.ISDA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/Actual (ISMA)</td>
<td>ACT/ACT.ISMA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Day Count Fractions using the ISDA 2006 Definitions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day Count Fraction</th>
<th>MarkitWire/FpML Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30/360 (or Bond Basis)</td>
<td>30/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30E/360 (or Eurobond Basis)</td>
<td>30E/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/360</td>
<td>ACT/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/365 (Fixed)</td>
<td>ACT/365.FIXED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/Actual</td>
<td>ACT/ACT.ISDA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30E/360 (ISDA)</td>
<td>30E/360.ISDA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/Actual (ICMA)</td>
<td>ACT/ACT.ICMA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fraction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fraction</th>
<th>SWIFT Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actual/365, Actual/Actual</td>
<td>ACT/365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(See Article 4.16(b) for definition)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/365 (Fixed)</td>
<td>AFI/365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(See Article 4.16(c) for definition)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual/360</td>
<td>ACT/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(See Article 4.16(d) for definition)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30/360,360/360, Bond Basis</td>
<td>360/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(See Article 4.16(e) for definition)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30E/360</td>
<td>30E/360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(See Article 4.16(f) for definition)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Business Day Conventions

The Business Day Convention specified in the Economic Terms must be one of the following:

Following (see Article 4.12(i) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.12(i) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition)
Modified Following (see Article 4.12 (ii) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.12(ii) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition)

Preceding (see Article 4.12 (iii) of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.12 (iii) of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition)

For vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal SwapClear does not support trades where a different business day convention is used for:

(i) fixed period end dates and the termination date

(ii) float period end dates and the termination date

(c) Minimum and Maximum Residual Term of the Trade (Termination date – Today)

Trades in respect of vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal and variable notional swaps are subject to a minimum and maximum Residual Term on the day they are received by SwapClear.

Minimum Residual Term of trade:

Termination date - Today >= 1 + currency settlement lag

where currency settlement lag is:

1 day for EUR, USD, GBP and CAD denominated trades

2 days for JPY, CHF, AUD, DKK, HKD, NZD, SEK, NOK, PLN, ZAR, SAD, HUF & CZK denominated trades

(d) Designated Maturity

The Designated Maturity must be no less than one month and no more than twelve months. The Clearing House will, excepting stub periods, only accept a Designated Maturity that is a whole calendar month.

(e) Calculation Periods

(See Article 4.13 of the ISDA 2000 Definitions and Article 4.13 of the ISDA 2006 Definitions for definition.)

For vanilla interest rate swaps with constant notional principal and variable notional swaps the Clearing House will only accept non-standard Calculation Periods (“stub periods”) at either the start or end of the contract. Transactions with stub periods at both the start and end of the transaction will not be eligible as FCM SwapClear Transactions.

For variable notional swaps the stub rate should be detailed either as a percentage (i.e. 5.5%), an interpolation (i.e. 1 month/3months) or as a designated maturity (i.e. 1 month). Stub Rates within the Final Stub are calculated via interpolation or as a designated maturity.
For interpolated coupons, payment dates must fall between the rolled dates, according to the Modified Following business day convention, of the specified designated maturities. Where this does not occur and extrapolation would be required, SwapClear will reject the trade.

The minimum stub period of a variable notional swap accepted by SwapClear is $1 + \text{Currency Settlement Lag}$. The minimum stub rate tenor must be $\geq 1$ week for IRS and basis swap and $\geq 1$ month for zero coupon swaps.

SwapClear also calculates floating periods subject to ‘IMM settlement dates as per ISDA definitions.’
SCHEDULE B – FCM FOREXCLEAR CONTRACT TERMS AND PRODUCT ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

Part A

FCM ForexClear Contract Terms

The terms of a registered FCM ForexClear Contract shall include these FCM ForexClear Contract Terms which shall comprise:

1. Interpretation;

2. Economic Terms; and

3. Standard Terms, being both the:

A. Specific Standard Terms; and

B. General Standard Terms

In the event of any inconsistency between the Economic Terms and the Standard Terms, the Standard Terms will prevail.

Subject to the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, the Clearing House will use the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms applicable to an FCM ForexClear Contract to calculate the amounts due under the FCM ForexClear Contract to, or from, the Clearing House in accordance with the FCM Procedures.

1. Interpretation (“Interpretation”)

1.1 “ISDA Definitions” means the 1998 FX and Currency Options Definitions (including Annex A thereto) as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. (“ISDA”), the Emerging Markets Trade Association (“EMTA”) and The Foreign Exchange Committee (“FXC”) and the same are incorporated by reference herein.

1.2 Words and expressions used in these FCM ForexClear Contract Terms which are not defined in the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures but which are defined in the ISDA Definitions shall bear the same meaning herein as in the ISDA Definitions, unless expressly provided otherwise.

1.3 In the event of an inconsistency, the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures will prevail over the ISDA Definitions.

1.4 References in the ISDA Definitions to an “FX Transaction” shall be deemed to be references to an “FCM ForexClear Transaction” for the purposes of the FCM ForexClear Service.

1.5 Except where expressly stated otherwise, all reference to “Sections” means Sections in the ISDA Definitions.

1.6 In relation to any amendment to the ISDA Definitions published from time to time by ISDA, EMTA and FXC, the Clearing House may from time to time, by notice delivered to the FCM ForexClear Clearing Members, give directions as to whether such amendment shall apply to FCM ForexClear Contracts with immediate effect or
with such deferred effect as the Clearing House shall determine (provided that in any event any such amendment shall only apply in relation to FCM ForexClear Contracts that have a Trade Date that falls on or after the effective date of such amendment).

1.7 Any such notice may provide that despite the application of any such amendment to the ISDA Definitions to FCM ForexClear Contracts going forward, these FCM ForexClear Contracts shall continue, for the purpose of margining, valuation, set-off or otherwise, to be regarded as fully fungible with FCM ForexClear Contracts registered in a FCM ForexClear Clearing Member’s name prior to the time such amendment comes into effect.

1.8 The accidental omission to give notice under this provision to, or the non-receipt of notice under 1.6 or 1.7 above by, any FCM ForexClear Clearing Member shall not invalidate the amendment with which the notice is concerned.

2. Economic Terms

2.1 The Economic Terms of an FCM ForexClear Contract shall be derived from the information presented to the Clearing House by the parties to the corresponding FCM ForexClear Transaction.

2.2 The particulars of an FCM ForexClear Transaction presented to the Clearing House must include matched information in respect of the following Economic Terms which are not predetermined in the EMTA Templates:

   (1) Trade Date (Section 1.25)
   (2) Forward Rate (Section 2.1(a))
   (3) Reference Currency Notional Amount (Section 1.21) or Notional Amount (Section 1.17(b)) in USD
   (4) Reference Currency Buyer (Section 1.20)
   (5) Reference Currency Seller (Section 1.22)
   (6) scheduled Settlement Date (Section 1.24) (without prejudice to the adjustments set out in the relevant EMTA Template)
   (7) Scheduled Valuation Date (Section 1.16(f)) (without prejudice to the adjustments set out in the relevant EMTA Template).

2.3 However, as set out more particularly in FCM Regulation 40, where the FCM ForexClear Transaction specifies an FCM ForexClear Clearing Member as the Reference Currency Seller, with the other FCM ForexClear Member as the Reference Currency Buyer, the Clearing House, in respect of each FCM ForexClear Contract to which it is party pursuant to the corresponding FCM ForexClear Transaction, shall be [(i) the Reference Currency Buyer; and (ii) the Reference Currency Seller under such FCM ForexClear Contract, respectively.

3. Specific Standard Terms (“Specific Standard Terms”)

The following terms are designated as Specific Standard Terms of a registered FCM ForexClear Contract:
3.1 The EMTA template for Non-Deliverable FX Transactions appropriate to the particular Currency Pair (in effect and as posted on the website of EMTA (www.emta.org or any successor website on the relevant Trade Date) (each an “EMTA Template”)), governs the terms of an FCM ForexClear Contract relating to such Currency Pair, other than the Economic Terms set out in Part 2 above and the Specific Standard Terms and the General Standard Terms set out in this Part 3. For the avoidance of doubt, each EMTA Template shall be deemed to exclude the EMTA Template Terms for Non-Deliverable Cross-Currency FX Transactions published by EMTA on 31 May 2011.

3.2 In the format “Reference Currency – Settlement Currency”, the Currency Pairs are

(1) BRL-USD
(2) CLP-USD
(3) CNY-USD
(4) INR-USD
(5) KRW-USD
(6) RUB-USD

3.3 Certain Specific Standard Terms of each FCM ForexClear Contract are not provided in the EMTA Templates, but the parties to the corresponding FCM ForexClear Transaction will be required to accept the Specific Standard Terms set out below in each FCM ForexClear Contract:

(1) Date of Annex A (Section 4.2):

Annex A to the ISDA Definitions is incorporated as amended as at the Trade Date.

(2) Reference Currency (Section 1.19):

To be determined by using the EMTA Template appropriate to the particular Currency Pair.

Calculation Agent (Section 1.3):

(3) The Clearing House is the Calculation Agent.

3.4 If the terms of an EMTA Template conflict with these FCM ForexClear Contract Terms, these FCM ForexClear Contract Terms shall prevail. If the terms of an EMTA Template conflict with the ISDA Definitions, the terms of the EMTA Template shall prevail.

4. General Standard Terms (“General Standard Terms”)

The following terms are designated as General Standard Terms of a registered FCM ForexClear Contract:

4.1 Business Days
For the purposes of determining the Settlement Date only, in addition to the Business Days for the Principal Financial Centers for the Currency Pair specified in the relevant Economic Terms, the Business Days specified in the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar as published by Swaps Monitor Publications, Inc. (as further detailed in the FCM Procedures) from time to time, will apply to an FCM ForexClear Contract.

4.2 Withholding Tax Provisions

4.2.1 All payments due under an FCM ForexClear Contract shall be made by the FCM ForexClear Clearing Member free and clear and without deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax. Payments in respect of which such deduction or withholding is required to be made, by the FCM ForexClear Clearing Member, shall be increased to the extent necessary to ensure that, after the making of the required deduction or withholding, the Clearing House receives and retains (free from any liability in respect of such deduction or withholding) a net sum equal to the sum which it would have received and so retained had no such deduction or withholding been made or required to be made.

4.2.2 All payments due under an FCM ForexClear Contract shall be made by the Clearing House free and clear and without deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax. Payments in respect of which such deduction or withholding is required to be made, by the Clearing House, shall be increased to the extent necessary to ensure that, after the making of the required deduction or withholding, the FCM ForexClear Clearing Member receives and retains (free from any liability in respect of such deduction or withholding) a net sum equal to the sum which it would have received and so retained had no such deduction or withholding been made or required to be made.

4.3 Payment of Stamp Tax

Each FCM ForexClear Clearing Member will pay any Stamp Tax or duty levied or imposed upon it in respect of any FCM ForexClear Contract to which it is a party by a jurisdiction in which it is incorporated, organised, managed and controlled, or considered to have its seat, or in which a branch or office through which it is acting is located or by any other jurisdiction, and will indemnify the Clearing House against any stamp tax or duty levied or imposed upon the Clearing House by any such jurisdiction in respect of any FCM ForexClear Contract registered by the Clearing House and to which that FCM ForexClear Clearing Member is a party.

4.4 Payments under an FCM ForexClear Contract

Payments under, and in respect of, an FCM ForexClear Contract shall be calculated by the Clearing House and shall be made by, or to, the FCM ForexClear Clearing Member in accordance with the provisions of the FCM Procedures.

4.5 FCM Regulations

An FCM ForexClear Contract shall be subject to the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, which shall form a part of its terms. In the event of any inconsistency between these FCM ForexClear Contract Terms and the FCM Regulations and/or the FCM Procedures, the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures will prevail.
4.6 Governing Law

Each FCM ForexClear Contract, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York in the United States of America without regard to principles of conflicts of laws and the parties hereby irrevocably agree for the benefit of the Clearing House that (i) the courts of the State of New York, Borough of Manhattan in the United States of Americas, (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, or (iii) the courts of England and Wales shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any action or dispute which may arise herefrom. The FCM ForexClear Clearing Member party hereto irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction and agrees to waive any objection it might otherwise have to such jurisdiction, save that this submission to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York, Borough of Manhattan in the United States of Americas, the United states District Court for the Southern District of New York or the courts of England and Wales shall not (and shall not be construed as to) limit the right of the Clearing House to take proceedings in any other court of competent jurisdiction, nor shall the taking of action in one or more jurisdictions preclude the Clearing House from taking action in any other jurisdiction, whether concurrently or not.

4.7 Third Party Rights

A person who is not a party to this FCM ForexClear Contract shall have no rights under or in respect of it. Rights of third parties to enforce any terms of this FCM ForexClear Contract are expressly excluded.
Part B

Registration of an FCM ForexClear Contract - Product Eligibility Criteria

1. Registration of an FCM ForexClear Contract

Without prejudice to the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures, the Clearing House will only register an FCM ForexClear Contract pursuant to receipt of particulars of a transaction where at the time of the particulars being presented:

(a) the transaction meets the Product Eligibility Criteria set out in paragraph 2 below for an FCM ForexClear Transaction;

(b) each party to the transaction is an Executing Party; and

(c) the FCM ForexClear Clearing Member in whose name the FCM ForexClear Contract is to be registered has not been declared a defaulter by the Clearing House.

and the requirements of Paragraph 1(a), (b) and (c) above continue to be satisfied at the Registration Time.

2. Product Eligibility Criteria for an FCM ForexClear Contract

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Non-Deliverable FX Transaction</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Economic Terms</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reference Currency</td>
<td>One of</td>
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<td></td>
<td>1. BRL - Brazilian Real,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2. RUB - Russian Rouble,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>3. INR - Indian Rupee,</td>
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<td>4. CLP - Chilean Peso,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>5. CNY - Chinese Yuan, or</td>
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<td></td>
<td>6. KRW - South Korean Won.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valuation Date</td>
<td>A valid Business Day for the Currency Pair to which the FCM ForexClear Transaction relates and determined as set out in the relevant EMTA Template for the Currency Pair.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlement Date</td>
<td>A date falling:</td>
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<td></td>
<td>A. not earlier than the date falling three business days immediately following the Submission Date; and</td>
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<td></td>
<td>B. not later than the date falling two calendar years plus two business days immediately following the Submission Date, provided that in each case such date shall be, with respect to the Currency Pair to which the FCM ForexClear Transaction relates: (i) a valid Business Day; (ii) a date falling the Number of Business Days (as</td>
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<td>Settlement Type</td>
<td>Non-Deliverable</td>
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<td>Settlement Currency</td>
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LCH.Clearnet Limited © 2012
Draft of February 29 May 8, 2012
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Except where the context otherwise requires, defined terms used herein have the meaning ascribed to them in the FCM Regulations or in other portions of the FCM Rulebook.

1. FCM CLEARING MEMBER STATUS

1.1 FCM Clearing Member Application Procedure

(a) Application Procedure: An application for FCM Clearing Member status of the Clearing House must be made on the appropriate form which can be obtained from the Clearing House’s Membership Department. Additional information (including legal documents) must be supplied where required and submitted to the Clearing House with the completed form.

Applicants approved by the Clearing House for FCM Clearing Member status (“Approved Applicants”) must, within three months of notification of their approval as an applicant, fulfil all conditions attached to their approval. If an Approved Applicant does not fulfil all such conditions within these three months, the Clearing House may, at its sole discretion, require that an Approved Applicant re-apply for FCM Clearing Member status.

Approved Applicants will become FCM Clearing Members with the right to clear one or more categories of FCM Contracts. Separate approval from the Clearing House is required in order to clear each Business Category of FCM Contract. Existing FCM Clearing Members may apply to clear additional Business Categories of FCM Contract that they do not currently clear. Please note that FCM Clearing Member status does not provide membership of the company LCH.Clearnet Limited or any right to a shareholding therein, nor does it provide the right to any shareholding in LCH.Clearnet Group Limited or any entitlement or right to participate in any way in LCH.Clearnet SA or the clearing services it offers. LCH.Clearnet SA has its own arrangements and admission criteria for Clearing Member status – see the LCH.Clearnet SA sections of the LCH.Clearnet website for further details.

(b) FCM Clearing Member Status: The terms and conditions binding on each FCM Clearing Member are set out in the FCM Rulebook (which includes these FCM Procedures), the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement, the FCM Default Management Process Agreement and the FCM Default Fund Agreement, each as amended from time to time. Two copies of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement and the FCM Default Fund Agreement will be provided to the applicant who must sign both copies of each (but not date them) and return them to the Clearing House’s Membership Department along with the application documentation.

The applicant must pay the stipulated application fee to the Clearing House. This fee must accompany the application for FCM Clearing Member status and is non-refundable.

If and when FCM Clearing Member status is granted, new FCM Clearing Members will receive a duly executed (and dated) copy of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement and the FCM Default Fund Agreement together with the notification of acceptance and details of any condition(s) attached to FCM Clearing Member status. If granted, FCM Clearing Member status is subject
to a Contribution to the Default Fund of the Clearing House (DF), as determined by the Clearing House under the Default Fund Rules.

(c) **Conditions of Application:** An applicant for FCM Clearing Member status must accept that the Clearing House:

(i) is entitled to make enquiries of any nature about the applicant and any person connected or associated with the applicant;

(ii) is entitled to ask the applicant to supply additional information and take whatever steps are necessary to verify information;

(iii) is entitled to provide and/or disclose information to an exchange, governmental department, regulatory organization, other authority, or to the Clearing House's insurers in connection with any form of insurance, or to any person pursuant to the provisions of the CEA, any rules made thereunder, or in accordance with any other statutory requirement, and in accordance with the terms of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement;

(iv) may disclose to any other party the name, address, registered number and details of any exchange or clearing memberships held or applied for; and

(v) will endeavour to process, consider and decide upon an application in a timely fashion, but owes no duty or obligation to the applicant to do so.

**General**

An applicant must, in accordance with the FCM Regulations satisfy the criteria set out in the FCM Regulations and these FCM Procedures in order to be considered for FCM Clearing Member status. These requirements are without prejudice to the provisions of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement and the FCM Default Fund Agreement which must be executed by the applicant, and must equally be met by FCM Clearing Members.

The Clearing House may, in its sole discretion, refuse an application for membership where it considers it appropriate to do so in accordance with its internal risk management policies and procedures as amended from time to time.

The applicant and those of its staff who exercise an executive or managerial role, must have a high standard of integrity and a level of knowledge, as determined by and acceptable to the Clearing House, of the nature, risks and obligations of trading in the market they wish to clear.

The applicant must satisfy the minimum Net Capital requirements, as set out in the FCM Regulations or such greater amounts as may be required by the Clearing House.

The applicant must open Protected Payments System (PPS) bank account(s) at one or more of the bank branches participating in the PPS system:

(i) in London in each currency including in US dollars and GBP;
(ii) in the USA in US dollars,

and must execute all necessary PPS mandates for House and Client accounts.

The applicant must maintain a back office:

(i) remote from the trading desk;

(ii) with adequate systems (including but not limited to computer and communications systems) and records;

(iii) with an adequate number of administrative staff fully conversant with procedures for the management of business transacted in the contracts cleared by the Clearing House in which the applicant participates; and

(iv) with such technology and connectivity as may be stipulated by the Clearing House.

Applicants for FCM Clearing Member status and FCM Clearing Members must at all times respond promptly to enquiries or requests for information made by the Clearing House. Such enquiries may require FCM Clearing Members to demonstrate compliance with the applicable FCM clearing membership criteria and/or applicable laws and regulations.

(d) Termination of FCM Clearing Member Status: In the event that an FCM Clearing Member wishes to terminate its FCM Clearing Member status, it may do so by giving notice of not less than three months ahead of its proposed termination date. By the close of business on the termination date, the FCM Clearing Member shall ensure that all registered FCM SwapClear Contracts in its name have been closed-out or transferred so as to ensure that there are no Open Contracts to which it is party to at the termination date. A resigning FCM Clearing Member should note that any and all Executing Parties for which it clears FCM SwapClear Transactions will be required to find alternative clearing arrangements by this date or will be unable to enter into FCM SwapClear Transactions unless such Executing Party already has other clearing arrangements in place. For further information on the resignation process, FCM Clearing Members should contact the Clearing House’s Membership Department.

If an FCM Clearing Member has not been active in a market for a continuous period of three months, it will be asked to confirm that they intend to utilize their FCM Clearing Member status and, failing a satisfactory response, they may be required to resign their FCM Clearing Member status.

FCM Clearing Members are required to notify promptly or pre-notify the Clearing House of any changes which may result in non-compliance with the FCM Clearing Member status criteria as stated in the FCM Regulations and these FCM Procedures.
1.2 **Net Capital**

1.2.1 **Net Capital Requirements**

FCM Clearing Members are required to maintain a minimum level of net capital as set out in the FCM Regulations.

1.2.2 **Additional Net Capital Requirements**

Additional resources will be required when, in the Clearing House's assessment, an FCM Clearing Member's Net Capital is not commensurate with its level of business.

The Clearing House shall, on a daily basis, compare the market risk associated with each FCM Clearing Member's FCM SwapClear Contracts with their level of net capital as reported to the Clearing House in order to ascertain whether, in the Clearing House's opinion, such FCM Clearing Member is sufficiently capitalised to support the level of risk associated with the FCM SwapClear Contracts to which they are counterparty. In determining whether an FCM Clearing Member is sufficiently capitalised, the Clearing House may also consider:

1. the ratio of FCM SwapClear Contracts entered into on behalf of an FCM Client compared to those entered for its own account or that of an Affiliate;

2. the FCM Clearing Member's aggregate exposure to other clearing providers and other entities; and

3. the total amount of cover deposited with, transferred to or otherwise delivered to the Clearing House by the FCM Clearing Member.

In the event that the Clearing House considers that the FCM Clearing Member is not sufficiently capitalised to support the level of risk associated with its open FCM SwapClear Contracts, the Clearing House may perform one or more of the following:

1. require that the relevant FCM Clearing Member furnish the Clearing House with additional cover; or

2. prevent or limit the extent to which an FCM Clearing Member may register additional FCM SwapClear Contracts; or

3. require that the FCM Clearing member provide the Clearing House with additional information relating to its exposure to other clearing providers or other entities.

1.3 **Calculation Of Net Capital**

Net capital is calculated in line with CFTC Regulation 1.17.

1.4 **Reporting**

FCM Clearing Members must provide the information detailed below.

1.4.1 **Provision of Information**

(a) All FCM Clearing Members must, within six months from the date on which their annual accounts are made up, provide the Clearing House with an...
English-language copy of their profit and loss account and balance sheet, together with a statement that their auditors have reviewed and approved them, drawn up in accordance with CFTC Regulation 1.16 requirements or otherwise in accordance with the requirements of the Clearing House. In addition, the Clearing House may at its discretion require the provision of financial accounts for the ultimate or immediate parent of the FCM Clearing Member.

(b) All FCM Clearing Members must provide the Clearing House in a prompt and timely manner with:

(i) copies of all financial returns/reports made to their regulators, and upon request from the Clearing House, any other notifications made to the CFTC as required under the CFTC’s Regulations (including CFTC Regulation 1.12);

(ii) those financial reports detailed in CFTC Regulation 1.10;

(iii) any information concerning any financial or business development that the FCM Clearing Member reasonably considers may materially affect the clearing member’s ability to comply with the FCM membership criteria or applicable laws or regulations;

(iv) copies of all reports that are required to be filed with the CFTC pursuant to parts 17 and 20 of the CFTC Regulations;

(v) information and documents regarding the FCM Clearing Member’s risk management policies and practices as requested by the Clearing House. Such information shall include, without limitation, information and documents relating to the liquidity of that FCM Clearing Member’s financial resources and their settlement procedures;

(vi) any other financial information that the Clearing House determines is necessary to assess whether membership criteria are being met on an ongoing basis; and

(vii) notice if the FCM Clearing Member becomes the subject of a bankruptcy petition, receivership proceeding, or the equivalent, or any other event to which it is required to notify the Clearing House under the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement or the FCM Rulebook.

In addition, and upon request from the Clearing House or the CFTC, each FCM Clearing Member shall promptly provide the information detailed in (v) above directly to the CFTC.

1.4.2 Reduction in Net Capital

All FCM Clearing Members must immediately notify the Clearing House of any significant reduction (usually 10% or more), from the figures shown in their last financial returns, in:

(e)(a) shareholders’ funds;

(e)(b) Net Capital.
1.5 Additional Requirements

1.5.1 Notification of Changes of Ownership

FCM Clearing Members are required to notify or pre-notify the Clearing House of changes in controlling holdings (defined as the exercise or control of 20% or more of the voting power of the firm). In cases of changes in ownership, and particularly where those potentially acquiring a dominant stake in an FCM Clearing Member are not known to the Clearing House, FCM Clearing Members are required to pre-notify the Clearing House of their plans. The proposed change of ownership may be subject to an approval process involving the Risk Committee and Board of the Clearing House (LCH.Clearnet Limited).

1.5.2 Each FCM Clearing Member shall maintain current written risk management policies and procedures which address the risks that the relevant FCM Clearing Member may pose to the Clearing House, including any policies and procedures that the Clearing House may reasonably request be incorporated therein. Upon the request of the Clearing House, an FCM Clearing Member shall promptly provide the Clearing House with a copy of its current policies and procedures for review by the Clearing House.

1.5.3 Pursuant to and in accordance with FCM Regulation 10.9(o), where an FCM Client enters into an FCM SwapClear Transaction that is non-hedging in nature, the relevant FCM Clearing Member shall collect from that FCM Client additional collateral at a level of 10% above the amount that the Clearing House would normally require for the associated FCM SwapClear Contract:

(i) in respect of FCM SwapClear Contracts, 10% above the amount that the Clearing House would normally require for such contracts; and

(ii) in respect of FCM ForexClear Contracts, 10% above the amount that the Clearing House would normally require for such contracts.

1.6 Other Conditions

The Clearing House may, at any time, impose additional conditions relating to continued FCM Clearing Member status, and at any time vary or withdraw any such conditions. These conditions may include, but are not limited to, a requirement to deposit additional security in cash or other collateral as determined by the Clearing House.
2. [INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]
FCM SWAPCLEAR

2. SWAPCLEAR

2A __ SWAPCLEAR

2A.1 __ The Clearing Process

The FCM SwapClear Service is an interface that processes and stores all FCM SwapClear Transactions received from an FCM Approved Trade Source System. Only FCM Clearing Members are authorised by the Clearing House to submit trades for clearing in the FCM SwapClear Service.

2A.1.1 __ FCM SwapClear Service Functions

The following functions are performed within the FCM SwapClear Service:

(a) processing and settlement of coupon payments;
(b) processing and settlement of consideration (fee) payments;
(c) calculation of initial and variation margin requirements;
(d) calculation of Price Alignment Interest;
(e) adjustment of cash payments to conform with Opening Days and the SwapClear Calendars;
(f) allocation and designation of trades to a position-keeping account; and
(g) reporting of registered trades.

FCM SwapClear Transactions submitted via an FCM Approved Trade Source System (i.e., new trades submitted for intra-day registration or existing trades submitted for overnight registration – see sections 2A.3.2 and 2A.3.3) will, subject to meeting all requirements prescribed by the Clearing House, be processed and stored within the FCM SwapClear clearing system. Information regarding FCM SwapClear Contracts and margin reporting will be disseminated via the Clearing House’s FCM Clearing Member Reporting (see section 2A.1.3).

2A.1.2 __ Clearing House System Requirements

An FCM Clearing Member must, in order to submit FCM SwapClear Transactions to the Clearing House, be a user of an FCM Approved Trade Source System.

2A.1.3 __ SwapClear FCM Clearing Member Reporting

There are two methods of notification to FCM Clearing Members of FCM SwapClear Contract registrations:

Report 001

Via the FCM Approved Trade Source System.
An end-user report generation and analytical capability is provided by the Clearing House to FCM Clearing Members. All FCM SwapClear reports will be disseminated via the Clearing House’s secure password access FCM Clearing Member-only website. These reports are the definitive record as to registration by the Clearing House.

The Clearing House is not liable for any corruption or alteration of messages or loss of data which may take place within any FCM Approved Trade Source System.

FCM Clearing Members will be able to customize and produce reports either to print locally or to download in machine-readable data-file format. Queries about the FCM Clearing Member-only website should be directed to the Clearing House Service Desk on +44 (0)20 7426 7200.

### 2.2A.2 Operating Times And Calendars

#### 2A.2.1 Opening Days

The Clearing House will publish a circular detailing the days on which the FCM SwapClear clearing system will be open.

#### 2A.2.2 Opening Hours

The FCM SwapClear clearing system will be operational during the following hours:

07:30 to 24:00 hours London time (a "Business Day")

#### 2A.2.3 FCM SwapClear Clearing System Calendars

The FCM SwapClear clearing system uses the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar for its processing. This will require all FCM Clearing Members to be licensees of the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar. The calendars, as applicable to the FCM SwapClear clearing system, will be available online for inspection and for file download from FCM Clearing Member Reporting (see section 0). Section 2A.1.3).

### 2.3A.3 Registration

#### 2A.3.1 Submission for Registration

The Clearing House receives details of a new eligible FCM SwapClear Transaction using agreed format messages via an FCM Approved Trade Source System. The FCM Approved Trade Source System will send these trades to the Clearing House once they have been bi-laterally agreed by two Executing Parties and will confirm which FCM Clearing Member(s) has been elected to register the FCM SwapClear Transaction.

#### 2A.3.2 Clearing House Notification

Following receipt of information from the FCM Approved Trade Source System, the Clearing House will notify the relevant FCM Clearing Member(s), via member reports, the SwapClear API or otherwise, that an Executing Party has elected it to register the FCM SwapClear Transaction with the Clearing House (the “FCM Notification”).
Following receipt of the FCM Notification, an FCM Clearing Member may choose to accept or refuse to register the FCM SwapClear Transaction on behalf of the Executing Party.

Where an FCM Clearing Member accepts registration of the FCM SwapClear Transaction and notifies the Clearing House of such acceptance, the FCM Clearing Member shall, pursuant to FCM Regulation 530(b), (i) be deemed to have presented the FCM SwapClear Transaction for clearing and (ii) become obligated to pay all cover required by the Clearing House in connection with the registration of the FCM SwapClear Transaction upon request of the Clearing House.

It is a condition for registration of an FCM SwapClear Transaction that, where both Executing Parties intend to register the FCM SwapClear Transaction through an FCM Clearing Member, both FCM Clearing Members accept the FCM Notification (or where such Executing Parties nominate the same FCM Clearing Member, such FCM Clearing Member accepts both acceptances) and therefore submit the FCM SwapClear Transaction to the Clearing House. —In accordance with Section 2A.3.4 of these FCM Procedures, it is a condition for registration of an FCM SwapClear Contract that the applicable FCM Clearing Member provide sufficient cover to the Clearing House in respect of such FCM SwapClear Contract prior to registration.

2A.3.3 SwapClear FCM Approved Trade Source Systems

Currently the FCM Approved Trade Source Systems designated by the Clearing House for SwapClear are [MarkitWire, Bloomberg and Tradeweb]. Where the Clearing House approves additional FCM Approved Trade Source Systems, it will notify FCM Clearing Members via member circular.

FCM SwapClear Transactions submitted through an FCM Approved Trade Source System must be in an acceptable message format, as prescribed by the Clearing House.

Notwithstanding the designation by the Clearing House of any system as an FCM Approved Trade Source System, the Clearing House makes no warranty (and will accept no liability) as to the effectiveness, efficiency, performance or any other aspect of the services provided by any FCM Approved Trade Source System or the timeliness or otherwise of the delivery of any FCM SwapClear Transaction details by that FCM Approved Trade Source System to the Clearing House. —Such matters form part of the relationship between the FCM Clearing Members and that FCM Approved Trade Source System.

The Clearing House will process any FCM SwapClear Transaction reported to it by an FCM Approved Trade Source System on an “as is” basis, and subject to the FCM Regulations and these FCM Procedures, will register any such FCM SwapClear Transaction on the basis of the data provided to it by the FCM Approved Trade Source System and approved by the relevant FCM Clearing Member. —The Clearing House has no obligation to verify that the details received, properly reflect the trade entered into by the relevant Executing Parties.

The Clearing House accepts no liability for any error within or corruption of any data sent by an FCM Approved Trade Source System to the Clearing House or to an FCM Clearing Member or any delay in or failure of the transmission of such data to the Clearing House. —In the event that the Clearing House registers any FCM SwapClear Contract on the basis of incorrect or corrupted data sent to it by an FCM
Approved Trade Source System and accepted by an FCM Clearing Member, the FCM Clearing Member concerned shall be bound by the terms of such FCM SwapClear Contract. The Clearing House shall use its reasonable endeavours to assist the relevant FCM Clearing Members in re-registering the trade on the correct basis but the Clearing House shall not be liable to the FCM Clearing Member or anyone else with regard to the registration (or lack of registration or re-registration) of any such FCM SwapClear Contract.

FCM Clearing Members shall ensure that transaction details accepted for registration are accepted by appropriately authorised personnel. Apart from the foregoing acceptance, the Clearing House is not able to, and will not, verify the authorisation of the source of any details of any transaction reported to it for registration by any FCM Approved Trade Source System. The Clearing House shall have no liability in the event that any FCM Clearing Member suffers any loss through the unauthorised acceptance of an FCM Notification.

### 2A.3.4 Registration of New Trades

New trades are registered on an intra-day basis. Following acceptance by an FCM Clearing Member, the FCM SwapClear Clearing System will respond, after processing, with a message either confirming the registration or giving a reason for rejection (see section 2A.3.7). The registration notification or rejection message will be sent via the originating FCM Approved Trade Source System, the SwapClear API or otherwise. The definitive report of a registered FCM SwapClear Contract will be shown on Reporting (see section 2A.1.3) on the FCM Clearing Member reporting account in the FCM SwapClear clearing system.

The Clearing House will require an FCM Clearing Member in whose name an open contract is to be registered to provide it with cover for initial and variation margin prior to registration. In accordance with FCM Regulation 630(b), an FCM Clearing Member becomes obligated to pay such cover to the Clearing House upon the FCM Clearing Member’s acceptance for registration of an FCM SwapClear Transaction and the FCM Clearing Member shall pay such cover prior to registration upon request of the Clearing House. Variation margin can be covered intra-day in non-cash collateral.

FCM SwapClear Transactions that are submitted for registration after 14:30 are registered the following morning subject to the normal requirements for margin (unless the FCM Clearing Member has provided excess cover).

### 2A.3.5 Backloading of Existing Trades

The Clearing House provides the facility for FCM Clearing Members to load eligible existing FCM SwapClear Transactions, through an FCM Approved Trade Source System [(currently only MarkitWire)](https://www.markitwire.com). Where the Clearing House approves additional FCM Approved Trade Source Systems for this purposes, it will notify FCM Clearing Members via member circular. Backloading requires bilateral agreement between the relevant Executing Parties and acceptance by the FCM Clearing Member(s) and the SwapClear Clearing Member, if any, of the full particulars required by the Clearing House for each such FCM SwapClear Transactions. Following acceptance, the backloaded trade shall be deemed to have been presented by the FCM Clearing Member(s) and the SwapClear Clearing Member, if any, for registration by the Clearing House. In any backloading of transactions where one leg is to be registered as an SCM SwapClear Contract,
UK General Regulations will apply with respect to such registration of an SCM SwapClear Contract.

The Clearing House will, in the case of FCM SwapClear Transactions that have a Trade Date of greater than ten calendar days prior to the date of submission, hold the FCM SwapClear Transaction overnight for registration the following day. For backloaded trades the Clearing House will notify FCM Clearing Members of their submission and status via FCM Clearing Member Reporting (see section 2 Section 2A.1.3). It is a pre-condition of registration that sufficient cover for initial and variation margin is provided.

2A.3.6 Notification

The Clearing House will notify FCM Clearing Members of the registration or rejection of FCM SwapClear Transactions, or contracts purported as such, via the SwapClear FCM Clearing Member Reporting System (see section 2 Section 2A.1.3) and the originating FCM Approved Trade Source System messaging service for onward transmission to the submitting FCM Clearing Member.

2A.3.7 Rejected Trades

Trades submitted for registration that do not meet the product or other eligibility criteria prescribed from time to time by the Clearing House or which contain invalid or incomplete message data will be rejected. If, at any time, the Clearing House does not register a trade presented for registration it will notify the contracting parties of the reasons for rejection.

2A.4 Position Accounts

2A.4.1 FCM Accounts

For identification purposes each FCM Clearing Member is assigned a unique three-character mnemonic with respect to its accounts relating to FCM SwapClear Contracts. An FCM Clearing Member's position and financial information are further identified by a single character code: C for client business; and H for house business.

2A.4.2 Position-Keeping Accounts

FCM Clearing Member Accounts

The account types are: H for house business (Proprietary Account); and C for segregated client business (an FCM Omnibus OTC SC Client Account with LCH). An FCM Clearing Member's FCM SwapClear Contract positions are also recorded within the FCM SwapClear clearing system in SwapClear Accounts.

All registered FCM SwapClear Contracts will be identifiable to FCM Clearing Members via FCM SwapClear Reporting (see section 2.1.3), Section 2A.1.3). All registered FCM SwapClear Contracts will be maintained only in SwapClear accounts (identified as such by a unique three letter mnemonic) and separate from all accounts containing ForexClear Accounts (provided that all FCM Contracts and related cover may be physically commingled in the same depository accounts).

Each FCM SwapClear Contract will also be assigned a unique trade identifier. The FCM Clearing Member Reporting functionality also allows FCM Clearing Members to identify all FCM SwapClear Contracts registered in their name.
2A.5 Financial Accounts

FCM Clearing Member accounts have financial accounts associated with them. These are, inter alia, used to record cash balances and securities/ documentary credits. Information contained within position-keeping accounts is consolidated into financial accounts, as follows:

2A.5.1 Relationship with Position-Keeping Accounts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trading Account</th>
<th>Financial Account</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>House H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Client C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Proprietary Account | LCH OTC SC Client Segregated Depository Account

2A.5.2 Other Financial Accounts

At the Clearing House’s discretion, further financial accounts, used only to record financial balances, may be opened as follows:

- **Code**
  - Buffer accounts (House), used for holding additional cash in relation to Proprietary business
  - Buffer account (Client), used for holding additional cash in relation to FCM Client Business

2A.5.3 Default Fund (DF) Account

Each FCM’s Default Fund Contribution is held in a separate financial account. The DF account code is “F”.

2A.6 FCM SwapClear Contract Valuation

2A.6.1 Net Present Value

The Clearing House will calculate the Net Present Value (NPV) of each eligible FCM SwapClear Contract using the Clearing House’s zero coupon yield curves.

It is a condition of registration that sufficient cover, as determined by the Clearing House, is held with the Clearing House to cover both the NPV and Initial Margin of each FCM SwapClear Transaction.

All FCM SwapClear Contracts credited to an FCM Clearing Member will, on submission to the Clearing House, be marked-to-market, in accordance with FCM Regulation 1231(d). The Net Present Value so determined must, subject to Intraday Registration (see section 2A.3.4), be paid by the FCM Clearing Member in cash in the currency of the FCM SwapClear Contract. Where an FCM SwapClear Transaction is registered intra-day, and the NPV is covered with non-cash collateral, the Clearing House will, the following Business Day, require payment of the full cash amount.
2A.6.2 Zero Coupon Yield Curve Construction

The Clearing House will determine, at its sole discretion, appropriate instruments, points and market prices for the construction of zero coupon curves and portfolio valuation. Details of the construction method and Instruments used are available on request from the Clearing House Risk Management Department at +44 (0)20 7426 7549, but may be subject to change without prior notification.

2A.6.3 Official Quotations

Zero Coupon Yield curves will use prices and rates taken at:

All times quoted, are London time.

AUD  12:00
CAD  20:00
CHF LIBOR & OIS  16:15
CZK  16:15
DKK  16:15
EURO
LIBOR  16:15
GBP
LIBOR  16:15
HKD  12:00
HUF  16:15
JPY  12:00
NOK  16:15
NKD  12:00
PLN  16:15
SEK  16:15
SGD  12:00
USD
LIBOR & OIS  20:00
ZAR  16:15
EURO
OIS  18:15
GBP
OIS  17:15
Zero coupon yield curves used for daily marking to market will be published on the Clearing House’s Member Reporting website after the end of each Business Day.

2A.6.4 Variation Margin

On the date of registration, the Net Present Value of an FCM SwapClear Contract will be credited to or debited from the applicable FCM Clearing Member’s financial accounts in cash in denomination currency.

On all subsequent days, the change in the Net Present Value from one Business Day to the next will be credited to or debited from such FCM Clearing Member’s financial accounts in cash in denomination currency.

2A.6.5 Price Alignment Interest

In order to compensate for the payment of changes in NPV on a daily basis for FCM SwapClear Transactions cleared through the Clearing House, the Clearing House will for each FCM Clearing Member either charge interest on cumulative variation margin received, or pay interest on cumulative variation margin paid (see section 3.5.2). Price Alignment Interest is debited, credited and netted in accordance with the Clearing House’s normal practices.

2.7 2A.7 Coupon Payments

2A.7.1 Calendars and Coupons

Payment dates for coupon payments will be set based on the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar (see section 2A.2.3). Changes to the calendar that affect FCM SwapClear Contracts will be published and made available to FCM Clearing Members by the Clearing House in an FCM Clearing Member Report. The central control and publication of these calendars will assist the reconciliation of coupon payments between FCM Clearing Members and the Clearing House. Coupon payments will be adjusted, in the event of a holiday amendment, in accordance with the FCM SwapClear Contract Terms.

2A.7.2 Calculation of Fixed Amount

The Clearing House will calculate the Fixed Amount payable by a party on a Payment Date as either:

(a) if an amount is specified for the FCM SwapClear Contract as the Fixed Amount payable by that party for that Payment Date or for the related Calculation Period, such amount; or

(b) if an amount is not specified for the FCM SwapClear Contract as the Fixed Amount payable by that party for that Payment Date or for the related Calculation Period, an amount calculated on a formula basis for that Payment date or for the related Calculation Period as follows:

\[
\text{Fixed Amount} = \text{Calculation} \times \text{Fixed Amount} \times \text{Fixed Rate Day Count Fraction}
\]
2A.7.3 Calculation of Floating Amount

The Clearing House will calculate the Floating Amount payable by a party on a Payment Date as an amount calculated on a formula basis for that Payment Date or for the related Calculation Period as follows:

\[ \text{Floating Amount} = \text{Calculation} \times \text{Floating Amount} \times \text{Floating Rate Day Rate} \times \text{Count Fraction} \]

\((+/- \text{ Spread})\)

2A.7.4 OIS Coupon Calculation

Compounding Rate Calculations

The rate used for the OIS rate is calculated according to ISDA 2006 definitions. The formula for these calculations is given below.

USD-Federal Funds-H.15-OIS-COMPOUND

\[
\left[ \prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left( 1 + \frac{\text{FEDFUND}_i \times n_i}{360} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d}
\]

Where:

“d0” for any Calculation Period is the number of New York Banking Days in the relevant Calculation Period;

“i” is a series of whole numbers from 1 to d0, each representing the relevant New York Banking Days in chronological order from, and including, the first New York Banking Day in the relevant Calculation Period;

“FEDFUND\(_i\)”, for any day “i” in the relevant Calculation Period, is a reference rate equal to the rate set forth in H.15(519) in respect of the day under the caption “EFFECT”, as such rate is displayed on the Reuters Screen FEDFUNDS1 Page, in respect of any day “i”, the rate for that will be agreed between the parties, acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner. If the parties cannot agree, the rate for that day will be the rate displayed on the Reuters FEDFUNDS1 Page, in respect of the first preceding New York Banking Day;

“n\(_i\)” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period on which the rate is FEDFUND\(_i\); and

“d” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period.

CHF-TOIS-OIS-COMPOUND

\[
\left[ \prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left( 1 + \frac{\text{TOIS}_i \times n_i}{360} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d}
\]

Where:
“d0” for any Calculation Period is the number of Zurich Banking Days in the relevant Calculation Period;

“i” is a series of whole numbers from 1 to d0, each representing the relevant Zurich Banking Days in chronological order from, and including, the first Zurich Banking Day in the relevant Calculation Period;

“TOISi”, for any day “i” in the relevant Calculation Period, is a reference rate equal to the rate for tomorrow next deposits in Swiss Francs which appears on the Reuters Screen CHFTOIS= as of 11:00 a.m., Zurich time, on the day that is one Zurich Banking Day preceding that day;

“ni” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period on which the rate is TOISi; and

“d” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period.

GBP-WMBA-SONIA-COMPOUND

$$\left( \prod_{i=1}^{d0} \left( 1 + \frac{SONIA_i \times ni}{365} \right) - 1 \right) \times \frac{365}{d}$$

Where:

“d0” for any Calculation Period is the number of London Banking Days in the relevant Calculation Period;

“i” is a series of whole numbers from 1 to d0, each representing the relevant London Banking Days in chronological order from, and including, the first London Banking Day in the relevant Calculation Period;

“SONIAi”, for any day “i” in the relevant Calculation Period, is a reference rate equal to the overnight rate as calculated by the Wholesale Market Brokers’ Association and appearing on the Reuters Screen SONIA Page in respect of that day;

“ni” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period on which the rate is SONIAi; and

“d” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period.

EUR-EONIA-OIS-COMPOUND

$$\left( \prod_{i=1}^{d0} \left( 1 + \frac{EONIA_i \times ni}{360} \right) - 1 \right) \times \frac{360}{d}$$

Where:

“d0” for any Calculation Period is the number of TARGET Settlement Days in the relevant Calculation Period;
“i” is a series of whole numbers from 1 to \( d_0 \), each representing the relevant TARGET Settlement Days in chronological order from, and including, the first TARGET Settlement Days in the relevant Calculation Period;

“EONIA_i”, for any day “i” in the relevant Calculation Period, is a reference rate equal to the overnight rate as calculated by the European Central Bank and appearing on the Reuters Screen EONIA Page in respect of that day;

“ni” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period on which the rate is EONIA_i; and

“d” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Calculation Period.

### 2A.7.5 Calculation of Compounded Amount

Depending on whether the FCM SwapClear Contract is submitted under ISDA 2000 or ISDA 2006 Definitions, the Clearing House will calculate the compounded floating amount payable by an FCM Clearing Member on a Payment Date as an amount calculated in accordance with Articles 6.1 to 6.3 inclusive of the relevant Definitions.

### 2A.7.6 Business Day and Business Day Convention

In determining whether a day is a Business Day the Clearing House will only apply the Financial Centres specified in the matched FCM SwapClear Transaction message. The Clearing House will in the event of non-business days apply the Business Day Conventions as specified in the matched FCM SwapClear Transaction message.

### 2A.7.7 Payment of Coupons

After adjusting coupons, in accordance with the appropriate Business Day and Business Day Conventions, the Clearing House will credit or debit FCM Clearing Members’ Accounts with the appropriate Fixed or Floating Amount with a value date matching the Coupon Payment Date. In the event of SwapClear being closed on a Coupon Payment Date it will pay the Fixed and Floating Amounts on the next Business Day following the Coupon Payment Date.

### 2A.7.8 Calculation Periods

In respect of any Calculation Period that is a not a whole calendar month (a stub period), the Reset Rate for the Reset Date in respect of that Calculation Period shall be determined by the Clearing House with reference to the rate(s) specified in the matched format message.

### 2A.7.9 Day Count Fractions: ISDA 2000

Day count fractions will be applied to deal legs independently as they are communicated via the matched format message.

Where the FCM SwapClear Transaction is submitted under the ISDA 2000 Definitions, the Clearing House will calculate Day Count Fractions in accordance with the following principles:
(e)(a) if “Actual/365” or “Actual/Actual” is specified, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

(d)(b) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365;

(e)(c) if “Actual/360” is specified, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360;

(f)(d) if “30/360”, “360/360”, “Bond Basis”, “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified the actual number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made will be determined in accordance with the following formula:

\[(\text{Y2} - \text{Y1}) \times 360 + (\text{M2} - \text{M1}) \times 30 + (\text{D2} - \text{D1})\]

where D1, M1 and Y1 are the day, month and year respectively on which the period begins and D2, M2 and Y2 are the day, month and year respectively on which the period ends (coupon payment date).

In accordance with this formula the following will be applied:

(i)(i) if “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified the Clearing House will

  if D1 is 31 amend it to 30,

  if D2 is 31 amend it to 30 only if D1 is 30 or 31; or

(ii)(ii) if “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified the Clearing House will

  if D1 is 31 then amend it to 30

  if D2 is 31 then amend it to 30.

(g)(g) For Actual/Actual (ISMA): “The [Fixed/Floating] Amount will be calculated in accordance with Rule 251 of the statues, by-laws, rules and recommendations of the International Securities Market Association, as published in April 1999, as applied to straight and convertible bonds issued after December 31, 1998, as though the [Fixed/Floating] Amount were the interest coupon on such a bond”.

2A.7.10 Day Count Fractions: ISDA 2006

Day count fractions will be applied to deal legs independently as they are communicated via the matched format message.
Where the FCM SwapClear Transaction is submitted under the ISDA 2006 Definitions, the Clearing House will calculate Day Count Fractions in accordance with the following principles:

(h)(a) if “Actual/Actual”, “Actual/Actual (ISDA)”, “Act/Act”, or “Act/Act-(ISDA)” is specified, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

(i)(b) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365;

(i)(c) if “Actual/360” is specified, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360;

(k)(d) “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified the number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

\[
\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{((360 \times (Y2 - Y1)) + (30 \times (M2 - M1)) + (D2 - D1))}{360}
\]

where:

“Y1” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;

“Y2” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;

“M1” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period falls;

“M2” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;

“D1” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30 and

“D2” is the Calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be 30; and

(l)(e) if “30/E60” or “Eurobond basis is specified, the number of days in the Calculation or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculate on a formula basis as follows:
Day Count Fraction = \( \frac{(360 \times (Y2 - Y1)) + (30 \times (M2 - M1)) + (D2 - D1))}{360} \)

where:
- “Y1” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;
- “Y2” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;
- “M1” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period falls;
- “M2” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;
- “D1” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation period or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30 and
- “D2” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D2 will be 30.

If 30E/360(ISDA) is specified, the number of days in the Calculation or Compounding period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

Day Count Fraction = \( \frac{(360 \times (Y2 - Y1)) + (30 \times (M2 - M1)) + (D2 - D1))}{360} \)

where:
- “Y1” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;
- “Y2” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;
- “M1” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period falls;
- “M2” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period falls;
- “D1” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation period or Compounding Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and
- “D2” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation or Compounding Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but NOT the termination date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D2 will be 30.
Paragraph (m)(g) If “Actual/Actual” (ICMA) or “Act/Act” (ICMA) is specified, a fraction equal to “number of days accrued/number of days in year”, as such terms are used in Rule 251 of the statutes, by-laws, rules and recommendations of the International Capital Market Association (the ‘ICMA Rule Book’), calculated in accordance with Rule 251 of the ICMA Rule Book as applied to non-US Dollar denominated straight and convertible bonds issued after December 21, 1998, as though the interest coupon on a bond were being calculated for a coupon period corresponding to the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made.

2A.7.11 Reset Rates

Reset Rates will be published by the Clearing House via the Rate Reset reports.

The Clearing House will apply the following principles in calculating Reset Rates:

- (o)(a) “GBP-LIBOR-BBA” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Sterling for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen LIBOR01 Page as of 11:00 hours, London time, on that Reset Date.

- (p)(b) “USD--LIBOR-BBA” the rate for US Dollar deposits for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on Reuters Screen LIBOR01 as of 11:00 hours London time, on the day that is two London Banking Days preceding that Reset Date.

- (q)(c) “Euro-LIBOR-BBA” the rate for Euro deposits for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen LIBOR01 as of 11:00 hours London time, on the day that is two TARGET Settlement Days preceding that Reset Date.

- (r)(d) “Euro-EURIBOR-Telerate (ISDA2000)/” “Euro-EURIBOR-Reuters” the rate for Euro deposits for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen EURIBOR01 as of 11:00 hours Brussels time, on the day that is two TARGET Settlement Days preceding that Reset Date.

- (s)(e) “JPY-LIBOR-BBA” the rate for Japanese Yen deposits or a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen LIBOR01 as of 11:00 hours London time, on the day that is two London Banking Days preceding that Reset Date.

- (t)(f) “CHF-LIBOR-BBA” means that the rate for a Rest Date will be the rate for deposits in Swiss Francs for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen LIBOR02 as of 11:00 hours, London time, on the day that is two London Banking Days preceding that Reset Date.

- (u)“AUD(g). “AUD-BBR-BBSW” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the average mid rate, for Australian Dollar bills of exchange having a tenor of the Designated Maturity, which appears on the Reuters screen BBSW Page at approximately 10:10 hours, Sydney time, on that Reset Date.

- (v)“AUD(h) “AUD-LIBOR-BBA” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Australian Dollars for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen LIBOR02 as of 11:00 hours,
London time, on the day that is two London Banking Days preceding that
Reset Date.

(w) “CAD (BA-CDOR)” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the
average rate for Canadian Dollar bankers acceptances for a period of the
Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen CDOR page as
of 10:00 hours, Toronto time, on that Reset Date.

(x) “CAD-LIBOR-BBA” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be
the rate for deposits in Canadian Dollars for a period of the Designated
Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen LIBOR01 as of 11:00 hours,
London time, on the day that is two London Banking Days preceding that
Reset Date.

(y) “CZK-PRIBOR-PRBO” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate
for deposits in Czech Koruna for a period of the Designated Maturity which
appears on the Reuters Screen PRBO page as of 10:00 hours, Prague time,
on the day that is two Prague Banking days preceding that Reset Date.

(z) “DKK-CIBOR-DKNA13” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate
for deposits in Danish Kroner for a period of the Designated Maturity which
appears on the Reuters Screen DKNA13 Page as of 11:00 hours, Copenhagen time, on that Reset Date.

(aa) “DKK-CIBOR2-DKNA13” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Danish Kroner for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen DKNA13 Page as of 11:00 hours, Copenhagen time, on the day that is two Copenhagen Banking Days preceding that Reset Date.

(bb) “HKD-HIBOR-HIBOR” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be
the rate for deposits in Hong Kong Dollars for a period of the Designated
Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen HIBOR1=R Page (for Designated Maturities of one month to six months, inclusive) or the Reuters Screen HIBOR2=R Page (for Designated Maturities of seven months to one year, inclusive), in each case across from the caption “FIXING=FIXING@11:00” as of 11:00 hours, Hong Kong time, on that Reset Date.

(cc) “HKD-HKAB” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be
the rate for deposits in Hong Kong Dollars for a period of the Designated
Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen HKABHIBOR as of 11:00 hours, Hong Kong time, on that Reset Date.

(dd) “HKD-ISDC” (ISDA2000) means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Hong Kong Dollars for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen ISDC Page as of 11:00 hours, Hong Kong time, on that Reset Date.

(ee) “HUF-BUBOR-Reuters” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be
the rate for deposits in Hungarian Forint for a period of the Designated
Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen BUBOR= page as of 10:00 hours, Budapest time, on the day that is two Budapest Banking days preceding that Reset Date.
(ff) “NOK(r) “NOK-NIBOR-NIBR” “NIBR” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Norwegian Kroner for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen NIBR Page as of 12:00 noon, Oslotime, on the day that is two Oslo Banking Days preceding that Reset Date.

(gg) “NZD(s) “NZD-BBR-Telerate” “Telerate” (ISDA2000) means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the fixed midrate for New Zealand Dollar bills of exchange for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Telerate Page 2484 as of 11:00 hours, Wellington time, on that Reset Date.

(hh) “NZD-BBR-FRA” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for the New Zealand Dollar bills of exchange for a period of designated maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen BKBM Page opposite the caption of “FRA” as of 11:00 hours, Wellington time, on that Reset Date.

(iii) “SEK(u) “SEK-STIBOR-SIDE” “SIDE” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Swedish Kronor for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen SIDE page under the caption “FIXINGS” as of 11:00 hours, Stockholm time, on the day that is two Stockholm Banking days preceding that Reset Date.

(jj) “SGD(v) “SGD-SOR-Reuters” “Reuters” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Singapore Dollars for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 as of 11:00 hours, Singapore time, on the day that is two Singapore Banking days preceding that Reset Date.

(kk) “PLN-WIBOR-WIBO” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the rate for deposits in Polish Zloty for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters Screen WIBO page under the caption “FIXINGS” as of 11:00 hours, Warsaw time, on the day that is two Warsaw Banking days preceding that Reset Date.

(ll) “ZAR-JIBAR-SAFEX” means that the rate for a Reset Date will be the midmarket rate for deposits in South African Rand for a period of the Designated Maturity which appears on the Reuters screen SAFEX page under the caption “YIELD” as of 11:00 hours, Johannesburg time, on that reset date. If such rate does not appear on the Reuters screen SAFEX page, the rate for that Reset Date will be determined as if the parties had specified “ZAR-JIBAR-Reference Banks” as the applicable Floating Rate Option.

(mm) “CHF-TOIS-OIS-COMPOUND” means that the rate for a Reset Date, calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in section 2A.7.4, will be the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (it being understood that the reference rate for the calculation of interest is the arithmetic mean of the daily rates of the day-to-day Swiss interbank money market).

(nn) “GBP-WMBA-SONIA-COMPOUND” means that the rate for a Reset Date, calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in section 2A.7.4, will be the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (it being understood that the reference rate for the calculation of interest is the Sterling daily overnight reference rate).
“USD-Federal Funds-H.15-OIS-Compound” means that the rate for a Reset Date, calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in section 2A.7.4, will be the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (it being understood that the reference rate for the calculation of interest is the daily effective federal funds rate determined by the Federal Reserve as the weighted average of the rates on brokered trades).

“EUR-EONIA-OIS-COMPOUND” means that the rate for a Reset Date, calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in section 2A.7.4, will be the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (it being understood that the reference rate for the calculation of interest is the arithmetic mean of the daily rates of the day-to-day Euro-zone interbank euro money market).

In the event of no rate being available the Clearing House will, at its sole discretion, determine an applicable rate.

2A.7.12 Applying Reset Rate

The Clearing House will identify the reset dates of floating legs that require the application of a Reset Rate. The Reset Rate will be applied to the appropriate floating legs and the coupon payments calculated.

The coupon payments will be adjusted to fall on actual business days according to the Calendar(s) and Business Day Convention specified.

2A.7.13 Negative Interest Rate Method

FCM Clearing Member should note the provisions of section 3.3 of Part A of the Schedule to the FCM Regulations regarding the applicability of the Negative Interest Rate Method, to an FCM SwapClear Contract. FCM Clearing Members may, in the circumstances, wish to ensure that any trade submitted for registration follows that Negative interest Rate Method.

2A.8 Initial Margin

The Clearing House will require FCM Clearing Members to post initial margin. This amount will be determined by the prevailing market conditions and the expected time to close out the portfolio. The Portfolio Approach to Interest Rate Scenarios (PAIRS) will be used to calculate initial margin requirements for FCM SwapClear Contracts.

Separate initial margin calculations are performed for an FCM Clearing Member’s house “H” and client “C” accounts.

The Clearing House reserves the right to require additional amounts of cover from a specific FCM Clearing Member or from all FCM Clearing Members in accordance with FCM Regulation 10.9.

2A.8.1 Liquidity Multiplier

Risk Management applies a liquidity multiplier based on Worst Case Loss (WCL) exceeding certain thresholds on the FCM Clearing Member’s whole portfolio and individual currencies. The threshold amounts and multipliers are reviewed on an ongoing basis.
2A.8.2 Intra-day Margin Calls

In accordance with the Clearing House’s FCM Regulations, the Clearing House is entitled to make additional margin calls for payment the same day (intra-day margin calls) where it is considered necessary. Intra-day margin calls can be called at any time throughout the business day (08:30 to 21:00 hours London time). Intra-day margin calls will usually be made via the Protected Payments System (PPS) (see Section 22A.9).

In certain circumstances the Clearing House may wish to make a call for additional funds after the closure of London PPS facilities at 16:00 hours London time. In this event the Clearing House will require payment of additional funds through PPS facilities in the USA (see Section 3.2.2). Members must ensure, in these circumstances, that they are in a position to fund such calls through their nominated US PPS account within one hour of the call.

2A.8.3 Calculation of Initial Margin

(a) Portfolio Approach to Interest Rate Scenarios (PAIRS)

The PAIRS calculation is a VAR based approach based on filtered historical simulations. All positions in each currency are re-valued under a series of cross portfolio yield curve scenarios to estimate the highest forecast loss and therefore the initial margin requirement. Further details of this method are available upon request and are detailed in the PAIRS TIP document. The PAIRS document and further information relating to Initial Margin calculations can be obtained from the Rates team at +44 (020) 7426 6325 or +44 (020) 7426 7428.

2A.9 Intra-Day Margin Call: Collateral Management

2A.9.1 General – Intra-day Margining

Following an intra-day margin call and unless notified otherwise by an FCM Clearing Member at the time of an intra-day margin call the Clearing House will deduct cash, in the appropriate currency, directly from the relevant FCM Clearing Member’s PPS account to cover that intra-day margin call.

Cash payments in respect of intra-day cover are accepted only in USD by the Clearing House.

It is the responsibility of the FCM to ensure that they have sufficient cash funds in place with their PPS Bank(s) in order to avoid any intra-day liquidity issues.

2A.10 Declaring and Compression

Pursuant to FCM Regulation 531(n), an FCM Clearing Member may compress existing FCM SwapClear Contracts in accordance with that FCM Regulation. There are two options available to an FCM Clearing Member that wishes to compress existing FCM SwapClear Contracts:

(a) An FCM Clearing Member can request that all FCM SwapClear Contracts entered into (i) on behalf of a designated FCM Client, (ii) on behalf of a designated Affiliate or (iii) on such FCM Clearing Member’s own behalf be considered for compression by the Clearing House. Such a request shall be reconsidered by the...
Clearing House automatically each day (and the results notified to the FCM Clearing Member by 19:00 New York City time on each applicable day) until the FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing House to discontinue such compression of FCM SwapClear Contracts. – FCM Clearing Members should contact the Clearing House’s Membership Department to request such a compression of FCM SwapClear Contracts.

(b) An FCM Clearing Member may notify the Clearing House directly through the SwapClear API, specifying which FCM SwapClear Contracts should be compressed. - The FCM Clearing Member will be notified by 19:00 New York City time on the applicable day whether compression has occurred and the Clearing House will not automatically reconsider such compression request on subsequent days regardless of whether compression has occurred.

In order to declear an FCM SwapClear Contract, an FCM Clearing Member must register with an FCM Approved Trade Source System an offsetting FCM SwapClear Contract and shall then follow the process for compression as set out above.

The Clearing House shall process the compression of all FCM SwapClear Contracts as notified to it prior to 18:00 New York City time shortly after 18:00 New York City time and shall notify the applicable FCM Clearing Member by 19:00 New York City time of the result of such compression procedure. - A notification received after 18:00 shall be treated as if such notification was submitted on the following day prior to 18:00 New York City time, and as such shall be considered shortly after 18:00 New York City time on such following day and the results notified to the applicable FCM Clearing Member by 19:00 on such following day.

Following the compression process described above and as further set out in FCM Regulation 530(n), the applicable FCM Clearing Member shall promptly notify the Clearing House if it believes that any errors have occurred in the compression process or if its books and records do not reconcile with those of the Clearing House in respect of the compressed FCM SwapClear Contracts as notified to the FCM Clearing Member by the Clearing House.

2.11 Affiliate Clearing

Under FCM Regulation 4(c), FCM Clearing Members are permitted to clear for Affiliates through their Proprietary accounts.

2.12 Transfer of FCM Clients

In certain circumstance the Clearing House will transfer FCM SwapClear Contracts from one Carrying FCM Clearing Member to a Receiving FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client and pursuant to FCM Regulation 98(b) or 98(c).

2A.12.1 Partial Transfers

Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member wishes, on behalf of an FCM Client, to receive a transfer of a portion of such FCM Client’s portfolio of FCM Swapclear Contracts held with a Carrying FCM Clearing Member, it shall provide the Clearing House with an FCM Client Partial Transfer Form (see Appendix 2B2A.B), signed on behalf of the relevant FCM Client. - Such form shall list all of the FCM SwapClear Contracts that are to be transferred pursuant to this procedure. Following receipt of an FCM Client Partial Transfer Form, the Clearing House shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member that a request has been received to
transfer FCM SwapClear Contracts. — All partial transfers shall take place in accordance with the timing and notice requirements set out in Procedure 2 Section 2A.12.4.

In the event that any of the conditions set forth in FCM Regulation 98(c) are not satisfied, and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing house that they have not been satisfied using the Carrying Member Response Form the Clearing House shall not proceed with the transfer of the FCM SwapClear Contracts.

2A.12.2 Full Transfers

Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member wishes, on behalf of an FCM Client, to receive a transfer of such FCM Client's entire portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts held with a Carrying FCM Clearing Member, it shall provide the Clearing House with an FCM Client Full Transfer Form (see Appendix 2C), signed on behalf of the relevant FCM Client. — Such form shall confirm that all FCM SwapClear Contracts attributable to the applicable FCM Client shall be transferred pursuant to this procedure. — Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member submits an FCM Client Full Transfer Form, it must confirm whether or not the FCM Client also wishes to transfer the cover held by the Clearing House in respect of the transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts. — Following receipt of an FCM Client Full Transfer Form, the Clearing House shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member that a request has been received to transfer FCM SwapClear Contracts. — All full transfers shall take place in accordance with the timing and notice requirements set out in Procedure 2 Section 2A.12.4.

In the event that any of the conditions set forth in FCM Regulation 98(b) are not satisfied, and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing house that they have not been satisfied using the Carrying Member Response Form the Clearing House shall not proceed with the transfer of the FCM SwapClear Contracts or the transfer of Account Assets (when applicable).

Following receipt of a Full Transfer Form, the Carrying FCM Clearing Member shall not be permitted to register additional FCM SwapClear Contracts on behalf of the FCM Client whose FCM SwapClear Contracts are subject to transfer, until such transfer (and the transfer of the related Account Assets, if applicable) is actually effected or is rejected.

2A.12.3 Collateral Transfers

Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing House that an FCM Client wishes to transfer cover from a Carrying FCM Clearing Member to a Receiving FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member of such transfer in accordance with the timetable below.

Following such notification and upon request from the Clearing House, the Carrying FCM Clearing Member shall confirm to the Clearing House (using the Carrying Member Response form at Appendix 2D) which cover is attributable to the transferring FCM Client and the associated FCM SwapClear Contracts. — In the event that the Carrying FCM Clearing Member fails to do so in accordance with the timetable below, the Clearing House shall transfer sufficient cash or non-cash cover from the FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Omnibus OTC SC Client Account with LCH (such cover as selected in the Clearing House’s sole discretion) to enable the transfer. — Following the Clearing House’s determination of the cover that is to be
transferred, it shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member of the cover that will be transferred in accordance with the timetable below.

In the event that any of the conditions set forth in FCM Regulation 98(b) are not satisfied, and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing house that they have not been satisfied using the Carrying Member Response Form the Clearing House shall not proceed with the transfer of the related cover. In such circumstances, the Clearing House will notify the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that the associated cover will not be transferred and, in order to proceed with the transfer of the associated FCM SwapClear Contracts, the Receiving FCM Clearing Member will have to provide the Clearing House with sufficient cover in respect of the transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts.

In the event that the Clearing House transfers cover pursuant to these FCM Procedures and the FCM Regulations, it will also transfer the aggregate Variation Margin and next day settlement coupons and fees associated with the transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts.

### 2A.12.4 Timetable for FCM Client Transfer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Partial Transfer</th>
<th>Full Transfer (with collateral)</th>
<th>Full Transfer (without collateral)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Day 0: 15:00</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt from Receiving FCM Clearing Member of FCM Client Partial Transfer Form.</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt from Receiving FCM Clearing Member of FCM Full Transfer Form and confirmation that cover is to be transferred.</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt from Receiving FCM Clearing Member of FCM Full Transfer Form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 1: 05:00</td>
<td>Deadline for notification by the Clearing House to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that it intends to transfer certain FCM SwapClear Contracts pursuant to a request from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Deadline for notification by the Clearing House to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that it intends to transfer FCM SwapClear Contracts pursuant to a request from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Deadline for notification by the Clearing House to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that it intends to transfer FCM SwapClear Contracts pursuant to a request from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 2: 09:00</td>
<td>Deadline for notification (if any) from Carrying FCM Clearing Member that: (i) the FCM Client has become insolvent and/or (ii) the FCM Client has unsatisfied outstanding obligations</td>
<td>Deadline for notification (if any) from Carrying FCM Clearing Member that: (i) the FCM Client has become insolvent and/or (ii) the FCM Client has unsatisfied outstanding obligations</td>
<td>Deadline for notification (if any) from Carrying FCM Clearing Member that: (i) the FCM Client has become insolvent and/or (ii) the FCM Client has unsatisfied outstanding obligations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
unsatisfied obligations to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member (in accordance with FCM Regulation 9(c)(v)) and that the Carrying FCM Clearing Member is therefore objecting to the transfer.

Deadline for confirmation from Carrying FCM Clearing Member of the collateral which is to be ported to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.

Day 2: 09:00 to 10:00

LCH notifies the Receiving FCM Clearing Member of the collateral that will be transferred or that collateral will not be transferred.

Where collateral will not be transferred, transfer is treated as a full transfer (without collateral).

Deadline for receipt by the Clearing House of consent of transfer from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.

Day 2: 14:30

Day 3: 03:00

Target deadline for notification by Clearing House to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member or the Receiving FCM Clearing Member of whether any additional cover is required to enable the transfer.

Deadline for receipt by the Clearing House to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member of whether any additional cover is required to enable the transfer.

Day 3: 04:00

Deadline for receipt by Clearing House of any additional cover from the Carrying FCM Clearing Member required to enable the transfer.
2.13  Proprietary Account Position Transfers

The FCM SwapClear clearing system provides functionality for the transfer of positions from an FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account, either in respect of FCM SwapClear Contracts held on an FCM Clearing Member’s own behalf or in respect of FCM SwapClear Contracts held on behalf of an Affiliate. In either case, any such transfer may only occur if the Receiving FCM Clearing Member is an Affiliate of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member. An FCM Clearing Member who wishes to effect a position transfer to another FCM Clearing Member should contact the Clearing House Risk Management Department.

Transfers will only be effected once adequate cover has been provided by both parties to the transfer. Transfers of Affiliate positions shall not be permitted to another FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account unless such Affiliate is an Affiliate of the FCM Clearing Member receiving the transferred position.

2A.13.1  Legal Documentation

The Clearing House will provide standard legal documentation for the transfer of positions. The transfer must be authorised by both parties and by individuals with appropriate signing authority.

2A.13.2  Position Transfer Notice Period

The Clearing House will usually require five Business Days notice ahead of an intended transfer.

2.14  Amendment of Trade References

Sometimes FCM Clearing Members wish to change their own trade reference numbers/codes by which they identify trades registered in the FCM SwapClear Service. Subject to any such FCM Clearing Member meeting all the Clearing House’s requirements including under these FCM Procedures, the Clearing House will, as part of its service to FCM Clearing Members, amend its records in order to reflect any such change. Such change has no effect whatsoever on the terms of any registered FCM SwapClear Contract or any other obligations of the FCM Clearing Member party to such contract.

2A.14.1  Trade Reference Amendment Request Form

The Clearing House requires a completed Trade Amendment Request Form (in the form prescribed by the Clearing House) to be submitted by any FCM Clearing Member wishing to amend a trade reference. The form must be signed by two persons from within the FCM Clearing Member with appropriate signing authority...
and must set out the required full details of each registered trade in respect of which the FCM Clearing Member wishes to change its trade reference. Evidence of such signing authority may be required by the Clearing House. All parts of the form must be properly and fully completed, including the requested date for trade reference amendment, and, in respect of each trade identified therein, details of the current trade reference and the new trade reference and the Clearing House trade reference number.

The requested date for trade reference amendment must be no earlier than two Business Days (“the Trade Reference Amendment Notice Period”) after the date upon which the form is received by the Clearing House. While the Clearing House will do what it reasonably can to meet the requested date for the amendment it is under no obligation to do so. The date for the amendment in the Clearing House’s records and FCM SwapClear clearing system is a matter entirely within the discretion of the Clearing House and the FCM Clearing Member will be advised in due course of the date set by the Clearing House.

2A.14.2 Multi-trade Amendments

If an FCM Clearing Member requests amendment to several trades it must (in addition to providing the hard copy Trade Reference Amendment Request Form) provide to the Clearing House an electronic text file containing all the relevant details required by the Trade Reference Amendment Request Form. Detail of the required formats of the file can be obtained from SwapClear Operations (Tel: +44 (0) 20 7426 7697). If the file is not submitted in the correct format and containing all the required details, the request for deletion will be rejected by the Clearing House and the FCM Clearing Member will be advised accordingly.

2A.14.3 Processing

The Clearing House will usually agree to process any request for amendment of trade reference properly submitted; however the Clearing House will reject any such request if:

- it is not made in accordance with these FCM Procedures;
- any trade reference notified to the Clearing House in the Trade Reference Amendment Request Form does not match the FCM Clearing Member’s trade reference which the Clearing House has recorded;
- the Clearing House trade reference number notified in the Trade Reference Amendment Request Form does not refer to a trade registered in the FCM SwapClear clearing system;
- any trade referred to in the Trade Reference Amendment Request Form is not already registered in the FCM SwapClear clearing system or is not recorded by the Clearing House against the BIC code of the FCM Clearing Member requesting the amendment; or
- it would not be practical in all the circumstances or would subject the Clearing House to unacceptable cost if the Clearing House were to make the requested amendments or the Clearing House forms the view that to do so would adversely affect its risk.
Following notification of agreement to make the requested amendments, the Clearing House will use its reasonable endeavours to process the amendments on the anticipated date of amendments; if, for whatever reason the Clearing House is unable to do so, it will notify the FCM Clearing Member and process the amendment as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter.

After close of business of the day of processing, the Clearing House will produce a report setting out details of the time and date that it has amended its records in accordance with the request, details of the old and new FCM Clearing Member trade references and the status of the amendment in respect of each trade set out in the Trade Reference Amendment Request – namely “amended” or “rejected”. All records of the Clearing House and data held in the FCM SwapClear clearing system will then be updated overnight following the close of business on that day.

### 2A.14.4 Legal Documentation

The Clearing House will provide the requesting FCM Clearing Member with legal documentation in Clearing House standard form for that FCM Clearing Member to sign. No trade reference will be amended unless such documentation is completed and signed. The documentation must be signed by a person within the FCM Clearing Member with appropriate signing authority. Evidence of such authority may be required by the Clearing House. No amendment to such documentation will be accepted by the Clearing House.

### 2A.14.5 Notification

Subject to the requesting FCM Clearing Member meeting all the Clearing House’s requirements (including completion and submission of all documentation and such other additional requirements as the Clearing House may be set by the Clearing House in its discretion), the Clearing House will notify the FCM Clearing Member of its agreement to the amendment of its records of the FCM Clearing Member trade reference in respect of the trades identified in the Trade Reference Amendment Request Form, and advise of the anticipated date of amendment (“the anticipated date of amendment”),

### 2A.15 Default Management

#### 2A.15.1 Portfolio Splitting:

As part of the SwapClear DMP, the Clearing House may divide an Auction portfolio into two or more individual Auction Portfolios. In circumstances where such portfolio splitting is adopted, the Clearing house will, in consultation with the SwapClear DMG (which, as defined in the Default Rules, refers to the advisory Default Management Group established by the Clearing House pursuant to the terms of the SwapClear DMP Annex to the Default Rules), seek to create:

(a) one or more individual Sub-portfolios which have comparatively greater levels of risk associated with them, thereby isolating such Sub portfolios from those which are more risk neutral; and

(b) one or more individual Sub portfolios which are more risk neutral.
2A.15.2 Acceptance of Bids

In deciding whether to accept a bid, the Clearing House will generally accept the best bid in respect of any individual Auction. However, the Clearing House is entitled to reject a bid in the event that it considers, in its reasonable discretion that accepting the bid may:

- (c) cause the Clearing House to breach any legal or regulatory requirement applicable to it by virtue of its being a Recognised Clearing House or a Derivatives Clearing Organisation;
- (d) cause the Clearing House or its membership any reputational harm;
- (e) cause legal action or proceedings to be taken against the Clearing House;
- (f) endanger the Clearing House, any of its clearing members or the financial markets in which the Clearing House operates.

Where the Clearing House receives more than one bid from the same SwapClear Clearing Member and in respect of the same Auction the Clearing House is entitled to accept the last bid received by it in respect of that Auction. Where the Clearing House does not receive a bid that was made by a SwapClear Clearing Member for operational, technological or other similar reasons and as a result of which a bid does not reach the Clearing House, the Clearing House will be unable to accept a bid and shall not be liable for any failure to accept such bid.

2A.15.3 Affiliate Bidding

SwapClear Clearing Members are entitled to bid for an Auction Portfolio on behalf of an affiliated SwapClear Clearing Member or affiliated FCM Clearing Member. Where a SwapClear Clearing Member makes a bid and that SwapClear Clearing Member has an affiliated SwapClear Clearing Member or FCM Clearing Member that does not make a bid, the Clearing House shall not (unless instructed otherwise in accordance with the paragraph below) assume that the bidding SwapClear Clearing Member has made the relevant bid on behalf of a non-bidding, affiliated SwapClear Clearing Member or affiliated FCM Clearing Member.

A SwapClear Clearing Member may notify the Clearing House, in advance of an Auction, that it wishes to bid on behalf of an affiliated SwapClear Clearing Member or affiliated FCM Clearing Member. Where it wishes to do so, the SwapClear Clearing Member should contact the Clearing House’s Membership Department [insert details].

2A.15.4 Outsourcing

Pursuant to FCM Regulation 3(c)(vi) and 3(c)(vii), an FCM Clearing Member may appoint a third party to fulfil one or both of the the Clearing House’s Membership requirements to: (i) participate in a SwapClear “fire drill” run by the Clearing House; and (ii) participate in the SwapClear DMP operated by the Clearing House. Where an FCM Clearing Member chooses to outsource one or both of these functions it must appoint and maintain at least three LCH Approved Outsourcing Agents.
The following entities are eligible for appointment as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent:

- A SwapClear Clearing Member
- An FCM Clearing Member
- An FCM Client
- Any other entity that the Clearing House deems appropriate in its sole discretion.

Where an FCM Clearing Member wishes to appoint a third party to carry out any obligation on its behalf, it should contact the Clearing House’s Membership Department with the:

1. details of the third party entity that the FCM Clearing Member wishes to appoint as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent. Such information should include details of the applicant’s regulatory status;

2. evidence of the existence of a legally binding agreement between the FCM Clearing Member and the third party; and

3. such other information that the Clearing House reasonably considers necessary for the purposes of determining whether an entity should be approved as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent.

Following the receipt of all of the information above, the Clearing House shall determine in its sole discretion, whether to approve the third party as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent. In making its determination, the Clearing House shall consider the third party’s ability to demonstrate that it has the necessary operational infrastructure and appropriate asset class expertise.

Where an FCM Clearing Member successfully appoints an LCH Approved outsourcing Agent, that FCM Clearing Member may be subject to increased margin requirements to cater for the additional time required to invoke an outsourcing process in the event of a default.

FCM Clearing Members should note that LCH Approved Outsourcing Agents may be subject to a more rigorous driving test and fire-drill than FCM Clearing Members (i.e., required to demonstrate an ability to price and bid a greater number of trades at tighter pricing tolerances and within more onerous timeframes). In addition, the Clearing House may require an FCM Clearing Member, that has appointed an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent, to participate in an ad-hoc fire-drill or driving test with such notice as the Clearing House deems appropriate in its sole discretion.

The Clearing House reserves the right to revoke an entity’s status as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent, in its sole discretion and without notice. In the event of such a revocation, the relevant FCM Clearing Member shall be required to assume those responsibilities that were previously outsourced. Such revocation may occur where the Clearing House considers that there is an insufficient number of third party entities that are providing outsourced default management services (usually a minimum of five providers at any one time).
Other than in exceptional circumstances and in the Clearing House's sole discretion, an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent may not act on behalf of more than three clearing members.

The appointment of an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent does not absolve an FCM Clearing Member of its obligations under the SwapClear DMP (including its obligation to participate in an Auction) and an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent's participation in the SwapClear DMP on behalf of an FCM Clearing Member, in the event of a default, shall not extend beyond the provision of operational and other ancillary support to that FCM Clearing Member.

2A.15.4 SwapClear DMG

The necessary involvement of FCM Clearing Members and the SwapClear DMG in the SwapClear DMP entails the assessment and dissemination of information that could give rise to conflicts of interest. To ensure that such potential conflicts are demonstrably contained, Appendix 2E establishes binding obligations of confidentiality, anonymity and the extent of dissemination of information on FCM Clearing Members (and their executives or directors who participate from time to time in the SwapClear DMG) and on the Clearing House.

Each FCM Clearing Member who makes available a representative to serve on the SwapClear DMG agrees, and shall procure that, to the extent applicable, its representatives agree to be bound by and to ensure that it and any of its executives or directors serving on the SwapClear DMG complies with Schedule Appendix 2A.E covering confidentiality, non-disclosure and other terms.

2.16 Payment of Stamp Tax

Each FCM Clearing Member shall pay any stamp tax or duty levied or imposed upon it or in respect of its execution or performance of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement, the FCM Default Fund Agreement, the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures (including any registration of an FCM SwapClear Contract) by a jurisdiction in which it is incorporated, organised, managed and controlled, or considered to have its seat, or in which a branch or office through which it is acting is located or by any other jurisdiction and shall indemnify the Clearing House against any stamp tax or duty levied or imposed upon the Clearing House or in respect of the Clearing House's execution or performance of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement, the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures (including any registration of an FCM SwapClear Contract) by any such jurisdiction.

2.17 Section 168, Finance Act 1994

Under section 696 Corporation Tax Act 2009 ("CTA 2009"), net payments in relation to certain derivative contracts (as defined in Section 576 CTA 2009) by any company (company "A") to a non-UK resident are denied UK tax relief unless one or more of the following conditions in section 697 CTA 2009 are met:

Company A is a bank, building society, financial trader or recognised clearing house acting as principal who has entered into the qualifying contract for the purposes of a UK trade.

The non-UK resident holds the qualifying contract (as principal) for the purposes of its UK trade.
A double tax treaty, that makes provision for interest, is in force between the UK and the country of residence of the non-UK resident (or, if different, the country of residence of the beneficial counterparty to the contract).

The Clearing House is considered a “recognised clearing house” as defined in section 285 of FSMA 2000.

Any contract must not be submitted to the Clearing House by FCM Clearing Members for clearing where one or more of the conditions in section 697 CTA 2009 are not satisfied, thereby bringing the contract within section 696 CTA 2009, nor should any FCM Clearing Member knowingly permit any such contract to be submitted by a SwapClear Participant. Should this occur the SwapClear FCM Clearing Member in whose name the contract is to be or has been registered must promptly notify the Clearing House and, in any event, within 30 days of that FCM Clearing Member becoming aware of the situation. Having investigated the circumstances, the Clearing House has an obligation to notify the HM Revenue & Customs of the event and the Clearing House may, in its absolute discretion suspend any Executing [Dealer][Party] submitting such a contract for registration from the Register of Executing [Dealers][Parties]. The Clearing House may also, in its absolute discretion take such action in respect of the SwapClear FCM Clearing Member as it deems fit in accordance with the Regulations. The SwapClear FCM Clearing Member shall indemnify the Clearing House against any Corporation Tax or any other tax levied or imposed upon the Clearing House in respect of any such contract, and any other costs and expenses incurred by the Clearing House in connection therewith.

If in doubt, FCM Clearing Members should consult their professional advisers as to the potential application of sections 696 and 697 CTA 2009 to their transaction.
APPENDIX 2A_A

SWAPCLEAR PROCESSING SCHEDULE

This table outlines the daily processes and timetable of the FCM SwapClear operation and constitutes a “Business Day” for the purpose of the FCM Regulations. FCM Clearing Members will be informed of changes to this timetable via member circular. All times shown are in London time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>07:30</td>
<td>SwapClear Opens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>by 09:30</td>
<td>Registration of Backloaded trades and confirmation of deleted trades from T-1 (see section 2A 3.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16:00</td>
<td>Deadline for PPS calls in London</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24:00</td>
<td>SwapClear Closes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX 2B2A.B

FCM CLIENT – PARTIAL TRANSFER FORM

FCM CLIENT - PARTIAL TRANSFER FORM

V.1.0: November 2011

Terms used in this form are as defined in LCH.Clearnet Limited’s FCM Rulebook unless defined herein

To: LCH.Clearnet Limited

From: Receiving FCM Clearing Member

Date:

We, ........................................................................................................[insert name of Receiving FCM Clearing Member] (the “Receiving FCM Clearing Member”) have received a request from ........[insert name of transferring FCM Client] (the “FCM Client”) to transfer part of its portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts from its Carrying FCM Clearing Member to us. We hereby request the transfer of the FCM SwapClear Contracts as identified below pursuant to FCM Regulation 98(c) and the FCM Procedures.

Please insert the LCH trade IDs of the transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts, using the Schedule below:

**Please insert the LCH trade ID and Approved Trade Source (ATS) ID of the transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts.

**Please append a list of additional FCM SwapClear Contracts to this form, if required

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LCH Trade ID</th>
<th>ATS Trade ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Signatories for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member:

We acknowledge and confirm the above and are authorised to sign for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member

1. (Authorised Signatory) Name Position Date

2. (Authorised Signatory) Name Position Date

Signatories for and on behalf of the transferring FCM Client:

To: Receiving FCM Clearing Member

We acknowledge and confirm:

i. the request to transfer as detailed above;

ii. that LCH.Clearnet will contact our Carrying FCM Clearing Member in relation to this transfer and will disclose our identity to such Carrying FCM Clearing Member;

iii. that, in accordance with the FCM Rulebook, LCH.Clearnet is entitled to rely conclusively on the instructions and information received from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and shall have no liability or responsibility therefor;

iv. that the transfer detailed above may require that additional cover be paid to LCH.Clearnet (and/or by us to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member listed above and/or our Carrying FCM Clearing Member), and that LCH.Clearnet is not required to affect the transfer if it has not received adequate cover in respect of the transfer or if any of the other conditions set forth in the FCM Rulebook applicable to the transfer are unsatisfied;

v. that the FCM Client is not insolvent and has no outstanding obligations that are due and payable to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and/or its Affiliates; and

vi. that we are authorised to make these acknowledgements and confirmations and do so on behalf of the FCM Client listed above in accordance with the FCM Regulations.

For and on behalf of the FCM Client:

Authorised signatory Authorised signatory

Date Date

All forms should be returned to LCH.Clearnet Limited for the attention of Client Services.

Email: swapclearclientservices@lchclearnet.com

Telephone: +44 (0) 207 426 7651 or +1 212 513 8265

SwapClear Client Services SwapClear Client Services
Aldgate House Suite 4G
33 Aldgate High Street 14 Wall Street
London EC3N 1EA New York NY 10005
APPENDIX 2C2A.C

FCM CLIENT – FULL TRANSFER FORM

FCM CLIENT - FULL TRANSFER FORM

V.1.0: November 2011

Terms used in this form are as defined in LCH.Clearnet Limited's FCM Rulebook unless defined herein.

To: LCH.Clearnet Limited

From: Receiving FCM Clearing Member

Date:

We, .........................................................................................................................[insert name of Receiving FCM Clearing Member] —(the “Receiving FCM Clearing Member”) have received a request from ................. ..........................................................................................................................

[insert name of transferring FCM Client] (the “FCM Client”) to transfer its entire portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts from its Carrying FCM Clearing Member to us. We hereby request the transfer of the FCM SwapClear Contracts as identified below pursuant to FCM Regulation 98(b) and the FCM Procedures.

Please insert EITHER:

i. Name of Carrying FCM Clearing Member:

.................................................................................................................................

OR

ii. the LCH trade IDs of the transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts (using the Schedule on the next page).

In order to enable LCH.Clearnet to identify the relevant FCM SwapClear Contracts that are to be transferred.

Please tick the relevant box below to confirm whether the FCM Client wishes to transfer the associated Accounts Assets in accordance with FCM Regulations 98(d).

☐ The FCM Client wishes to transfer Account Assets
☐ The FCM Client does NOT wish to transfer Account Assets

Signatories for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member:

We acknowledge and confirm the above and are authorised to sign for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member

1. (Authorised Signatory) Name Position date

2.
Signatories for and on behalf of the transferring FCM Client:

To: Receiving FCM Clearing Member

We acknowledge and confirm:

i. the request to transfer as detailed herein;

ii. that we will be unable to submit further FCM SwapClear Contracts through our Carrying FCM Clearing Member from the date that this form is received by LCH.Clearnet until the transfer has been effected;

iii. that LCH.Clearnet will contact our Carrying FCM Clearing Member in relation to this transfer and will disclose our identity to such Carrying FCM Clearing Member;

iv. that, in accordance with the FCM Rulebook, LCH.Clearnet is entitled to rely conclusively on the instructions and information received from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and shall have no liability or responsibility therefor;

v. that the transfer detailed above may require that additional cover be paid to LCH.Clearnet (and/or by us to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member listed above) even where Account Assets are transferred, and that LCH.Clearnet is not required to affect the transfer if it has not received adequate cover in respect of the transfer or if any of the other conditions set forth in the FCM Rulebook applicable to the transfer are unsatisfied;

vi. that, where we have requested the transfer of Account Assets, (x) we should contact our Carrying FCM Clearing Member to ensure that they contact LCH.Clearnet to identify the correct Account Assets to be transferred, and (y) while LCH.Clearnet will attempt to transfer the specified Account Assets to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member, LCH.Clearnet is permitted to transfer alternative collateral as it deems appropriate in accordance with the FCM Rulebook;

vii. that the FCM Client is not insolvent; and has no outstanding obligations that are due and payable to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and/or its Affiliates

viii. that we are authorised to make these acknowledgements and confirmations and do so on behalf of the FCM Client listed above in accordance with the FCM Regulations.

For and on behalf of the FCM Client:

Authorised signatory

Authorised signatory

Date

Date

All forms should be returned to LCH.Clearnet Limited for the attention of Client Services.

Insert email: swapclearclientservices@lchclearnet.com

Insert telephone number: +44 (0) 207 426 7651
Schedule of transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts:

**Please insert the LCH trade ID and Approved Trade Source (ATS) ID of one or more transferring FCM SwapClear Contracts in order that LCH.Clearnet can determine the identity of the relevant Carrying FCM Clearing Member.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LCH Trade ID</th>
<th>ATS Trade ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
We, ........................................................................................................[insert name of Carrying FCM Clearing Member] (the “Carrying FCM Clearing Member”) have received a request from LCH.Clearnet Limited in relation to ...................................................................'s [insert name of transferring FCM Client] (the “FCM Client”) request to transfer [its entire/part of its*] portfolio of FCM SwapClear Contracts held by us. -We are writing to inform you that:

☐ (Please tick if applicable) The transferring FCM Client has become insolvent and its FCM SwapClear Contracts should therefore not be transferred in accordance with FCM Regulation 98(b)(i) or FCM Regulation 98(c)(i), as applicable.

☐ (Please tick if applicable) The transferring FCM Client has outstanding obligations that are due and payable to us and/or our Affiliates and therefore its FCM SwapClear Contracts should not be transferred in accordance with FCM Regulation 98(b)(v) or FCM Regulation 98(c)(v), as applicable.

☐ (Please tick if applicable) The transferring FCM Client has asked that Account Assets be transferred and the relevant Account Assets are described in the schedule below.

Schedule of Account Assets:

☐ The Account Assets of the FCM Client consist solely of cash in the following amount and currency:

CASH AMOUNT & CURRENCY

☐ The Account Assets of the FCM Client consist of the following cash and non-cash collateral:

CASH AMOUNT & CURRENCY
All forms should be returned to LCH.Clearnet Limited for the attention of Client Services.

Email: swapclearclientservices@lchclearnet.com

Telephone: +44 (0) 207 426 7651 or +1 212 513 8265

Fax: +1 212 513 8290

SwapClear Client Services  
Aldgate House  
33 Aldgate High Street  
London  
EC3N 1EA  
UNITED KINGDOM

SwapClear Client Services  
Suite 4G  
14 Wall Street  
New York  
NY 10005  
USA

**Signatories for and on behalf of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member:**

We acknowledge and confirm the above and that we are authorised to sign for and on behalf of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member:

1.  
   (Authorised Signatory) Name Position Date

2.  
   (Authorised Signatory) Name Position Date
APPENDIX 2E2A.E
CONFIDENTIALITY, NON-DISCLOSURE AND PARTICIPATION IN THE DEFAULT MANAGEMENT GROUP

1. Definitions

1.1 "Confidential Material" means data (including but not limited to portfolio data) and documents, which are not in the public domain and which are disclosed to the FCM Clearing Member, its associated companies and advisers, or to which the FCM Clearing Member, its associated companies and advisers obtains or otherwise has access as a result of participation in the SwapClear DMP, (which, for the avoidance of doubt, does not include any information, data or documents provided to the Clearing House by the FCM Clearing Member).

1.2 "DMG Member" means an individual appointed by a Nominating FCM Clearing Member.

1.3 "Nominating FCM Clearing Member" means a SwapClear Member who, through their obligations under the SwapClear DMP, makes available a representative to serve on the SwapClear DMG.

1.4 "Permitted Purpose" means proper fulfilment by the FCM Clearing Member of its duties under the SwapClear DMP Annex and includes, after the completion of the Auction, the use by the FCM Clearing Member, its associated companies and advisers (to be determined by it at its discretion) of any data or documents related to portfolios successfully won through the Auction, for the purposes of its own ongoing portfolio management and to enable it to comply with ongoing legal or regulatory requirements.

1.5 References denoting the masculine (including "his" and "he") shall be construed as the feminine if the DMG Member is female.

1.6 All other terms have the meaning ascribed to them in the Default Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex).

Confidentiality and Non-Disclosure: General Obligations of the FCM Clearing Member

2. Confidentiality

2.1 The FCM Clearing Member agrees that, in consideration of being given Confidential Material, it will keep all such Confidential Material in the strictest confidence, adhere to the provisions of this Appendix in respect thereof and, subject to Clause 2.3, will not disclose it to any person without the prior written permission of the Managing Director, Risk of the Clearing House or a Director of Risk Management of the Clearing House, providing always that the FCM Clearing Member shall be relieved of such an obligation of confidentiality in respect of any Confidential Material if:
2.1.1 It comes into the public domain other than through a breach by the FCM Clearing Member of this Appendix; or

2.1.2 the FCM Clearing Member is expressly obliged to do so by order of a court of competent jurisdiction upon the application of a third party, or as a result of any request to disclose such part or parts of the Confidential Material in connection with any inquiry or other request by a regulatory authority or self-regulatory authority asserting jurisdiction over the FCM Clearing Member.

2.2 The FCM Clearing Member further agrees that it will not use any Confidential Material for any purpose other than the Permitted Purpose. In this regard the FCM Clearing Member expressly acknowledges and agrees that the Confidential Material may contain commercially sensitive information which if used inappropriately or otherwise than in accordance with this Appendix might result in the gaining of an unfair commercial advantage by the FCM Clearing Member over other members of the Clearing House SwapClear Service.

2.3 Subject to paragraph 2.5, the FCM Clearing Member may disclose any Confidential Material to any of its employees, representatives, associated companies and advisers on a "strictly need to know" basis, in the event that any such person needs that Confidential Material for the Permitted Purpose (and to that extent only).

2.4 The FCM Clearing Member agrees to establish and adhere to adequate procedures (including, without limitation, the establishment of appropriate Chinese walls) to ensure that any employee or representative to whom any Confidential Material is disclosed shall not use any part or all of that Confidential Material for any proprietary purpose outside the scope of the Permitted Purpose.

2.5 This paragraph and the duties hereunder shall survive the termination of this Agreement and, in relation to any Confidential Material, shall expire on the second anniversary of the date the Confidential Material was first provided to the FCM Clearing Member.

3. Secrecy

3.1 Except in accordance with the terms of this Annex, the FCM Clearing Member agrees that it shall treat as strictly confidential and shall not disclose or allow to be divulged to any person:

3.1.1 Confidential Material;

3.1.2 the fact that it has received any Confidential Material;

3.1.3 the existence of any discussions or negotiations between the parties in this matter;

3.1.4 details of the Permitted Purpose and any of the proposals, terms, conditions, facts or other matters relating to any of the forgoing. Subject only to the FCM Clearing Member being relieved of such an obligation because of the circumstances covered in paragraphs 2.1.1 and 2.1.2.
3.2 The Clearing House undertakes to ensure that the FCM Clearing Member is fully apprised of information on the SwapClear DMP that it makes public and which is accordingly of relevance to the FCM Clearing Member’s obligations.

4. Property

4.1 The parties acknowledge that the property in the Confidential Material (or any part of it) shall not pass to the FCM Clearing Member or any FCM Clearing Member, and the property in the media on which it is conveyed to the receiving party shall not pass to the FCM Clearing Member or any FCM Clearing Member unless expressly so agreed by the Clearing House in writing.

5. Return of Confidential Material

5.1 Upon request by the Clearing House, and in any event upon fulfilment of the Permitted Purpose, the FCM Clearing Member shall promptly return to the Clearing House by a secure method of transportation all or any part of the Confidential Material and all copies thereof in its possession or control or that of its employees or representatives, including all other papers, programs and records incorporating any of that Confidential Material, or shall destroy such information and shall certify to the Clearing House in writing that it has done so provided that the FCM Clearing Member is permitted to retain copies of any Confidential Material which it requires as part of its portfolio management or otherwise for legal or regulatory reasons.

6. No Representations or Warranties; No Conflict of Interest

6.1 Subject to paragraph 7, the Confidential Material is disclosed by the Clearing House without any representation or warranty whatsoever as to its accuracy or completeness or otherwise.

6.2 The Clearing House acknowledges and agrees that, subject to compliance with the terms of this Appendix by the FCM Clearing Member and any of its employees or representatives to whom Confidential Material is provided in accordance with this Appendix, the FCM Clearing Member’s participation in the SwapClear DMP shall not prevent the FCM Clearing Member from carrying out any transaction, or otherwise providing investment services in respect of, investments that the FCM Clearing Member may subsequently learn are the subject of Confidential Material and, furthermore, the Clearing House agrees that it shall not be able to assert that the FCM Clearing Member has a conflict of interest in doing so nor shall the Clearing House have a claim or action in respect of the foregoing against the FCM Clearing Member or any of its directors, employees or other representatives.

7. Liability

7.1 Subject to FCM Regulation 2624 of the Agreement, the parties agree and acknowledge that neither the Clearing House nor any of its employees or representatives shall have any liability whatsoever to the FCM Clearing Member or
any of employees or representatives, for any loss or damage of whatsoever kind
howsoever arising directly or indirectly out of or in connection with the disclosed
Confidential Material or its use.

7.2 The Clearing House accepts liability for any personal injury or death caused by the
negligence of the Clearing House and any fraud or wilful default on the part of the
Clearing House, for any actions that it may take on the basis of advice given to it by
the DMG, and for the accuracy of the information (confidential material as defined in
the Annex to this Agreement) that it distributes to the FCM Clearing Member in
connection with the SwapClear DMP.

7.3 Under no circumstances shall the Clearing House have any liability to the FCM
Clearing Member for (a) any consequential loss or other indirect loss of whatsoever
kind or (b) loss of anticipated profit (whether direct or indirect).

8. Remedies

8.1 Without affecting any other rights or remedies that the Clearing House may have,
the FCM Clearing Member acknowledges that the Clearing House may be
irreparably harmed by any breach of the terms of this Appendix and that damages
alone may not necessarily be an adequate remedy. Accordingly, the Clearing
House will be entitled to the remedies of injunction, specific performance and other
equitable relief, or any combination of these remedies, for any threatened or actual
breach of its terms, and not proof of special damages will be necessary to enforce
this Appendix.

Confidentiality and non-disclosure and general terms of participation in
Default Management Group

9. Conflict of interest

9.1 The FCM Clearing Member shall procure that, in the event that a DMG Member
takes the view that a possible conflict of interest may arise with regard to any matter
forming part of the business of the DMG, he shall promptly report his view to the
Chairman of the DMG, who shall act accordingly, taking the advice of other DMG
Members as appropriate.

10. Confidentiality

10.1 Subject to paragraph 10.3 below, the FCM Clearing Member shall procure that the
DMG Member shall keep all Confidential Material strictly confidential to himself and
will not disclose it to any person who is not a DMG Member (including, for the
avoidance of doubt, the FCM Clearing Member who recommended his appointment
to the DMG (“the Nominating FCM Clearing Member”) or his employer (if different)
or any other employee, adviser, officer or fellow worker of that FCM Clearing
Member or his employer) without the prior written permission of the Managing
Director, Risk of the Clearing House or his properly authorised delegate, providing
always that the DMG Member shall be relieved of such an obligation of
confidentiality in respect of any Confidential Material if it comes into the public domain in the circumstances covered in paragraphs 2.1.1 and 2.1.2.

10.2 Subject to paragraph 10.3 below, the FCM Clearing Member shall procure that the DMG Member shall not use any Confidential Material for any purpose other than the proper fulfilment of his duties as a DMG Member.

10.3 The parties acknowledge that, in the event that a Default Notice is issued by the Clearing House in respect of any SwapClear Clearing Member, the DMG Member may be required by the Nominating FCM Clearing Member and/or his employer (if different) to provide certain services to the Clearing House in the management of the default. In such event, and only in such event, the parties acknowledge that the DMG Member shall be entitled to disclose any part or parts of the Confidential Material as may be agreed by the Clearing House, in such manner and form and in accordance with such procedures as may prescribed by the Clearing House and/or the DMG with regard to the management of that default.

10.4 Upon request by the Clearing House, and in any event upon termination of the membership of the DMG Member of the DMG, the FCM Clearing Member shall procure that the DMG Member shall promptly return to the Clearing House by a secure method of transportation all or any part of the Confidential Material and all copies thereof in his possession or control, including all abstracts, notes, drawings and other papers, programs and records incorporating any of that Confidential Material, or shall destroy such information and shall certify to the Clearing House in writing that it has done so, provided that the DMG Member is permitted to retain a copy thereof to comply with applicable legal or regulatory requirements.

11. Warranty and Representation

11.1 The FCM Clearing Member represents and warrants that it will procure that:

11.1.1 the Nominating FCM Clearing Member and the DMG Member’s employer (if different) are aware of the obligations of confidentiality arising out of this Agreement; and

11.1.2 nothing in this Appendix will cause the DMG Member to breach any duty or obligation (whether arising pursuant to contract or otherwise) which he owes to the Nominating FCM Clearing Member or to his employer, if different, or any other contract counterparty of the DMG Member.

12. Confidentiality and Non-Disclosure: General Obligations of the Clearing House

12.1 The Clearing House will treat all Confidential Material in the terms envisaged in this Annex to the Agreement, confining use to the SwapClear DMP, restricting its availability on a "strictly need to know basis", and exercising every duty of care required of it as a Recognised Clearing House and as a Derivatives Clearing Organisation.
13. Third Party Rights

13.1 A person who is not a party to this Annex shall have no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 to enforce any of its terms.
2B FOREXCLEAR

2B.1 Introduction and Interpretation

This Section 2B of the FCM Procedures governs the FCM ForexClear Service and must be read in conjunction with the other parts of the FCM Rulebook.

A reference to an “FXCCM” is generic and encompasses both ForexClear Clearing Members (as defined in the UK General Regulations) and FCM ForexClear Clearing Members.

Unless otherwise specified, all times are in local London time.

2B.2 Users of FCM ForexClear

The FCM ForexClear Service is an interface that processes and stores all FCM ForexClear Transactions. Those authorised by the Clearing House to submit trades (as defined below) for clearing in the FCM ForexClear Service fall into three categories – FCM Clearing Members approved by the Clearing House to clear in the FCM ForexClear Service (“FX FCMs”), FCM Clients of FX FCMs and Affiliates of FX FCMs. FCM Clients of FX FCMs and Affiliates of FX FCMs are collectively known as ForexClear Participants (“FXPs”). For membership procedures, please see Section 1 of the FCM Procedures. At least one party to each FCM ForexClear Transaction will be an FX FCM, acting through a client or house account; the other party may be another FX FCM or may be a ForexClear Clearing Member.

For identification purposes each FX FCM is assigned a unique three-character mnemonic for purposes of the FCM ForexClear Service.

2B.3 Termination of FX FCM Status

Clearing Members should contact the Clearing House Membership Department (+44 (0)207 426 7891/7627/7063; membership@lchclearnet.com) for details of how to resign from the FCM ForexClear Service.

2B.4 Service Scope

2B.4.1 Eligibility

Non-Deliverable FX Transactions as defined in Part A of Schedule B to the FCM Regulations (“NDFs”) may be submitted for clearing through the ForexClear Service. To be eligible to be registered as a ForexClear Contract, a trade must meet the ForexClear Eligibility Criteria (as set out in Part B of Schedule B to the FCM Regulations).

2B.4.2 Service Operating Hours

Opening Days:

The FCM ForexClear Service will be open each day, except weekends, Christmas Day and New Year’s Day.
Opening Hours:

The FCM ForexClear Service will be open between 20:00 local London time Sunday night and 01:00 local London time Saturday morning ("Opening Hours"). The FCM ForexClear Service will not accept FCM ForexClear Transactions outside of these hours.

2B.5 Position Accounts

2B.5.1 FCM Accounts

For identification purposes each FCM Clearing Member is assigned a unique three-character mnemonic with respect to its accounts relating to FCM ForexClear Transactions and FCMForexClear Contracts. An FCM Clearing Member's position and financial information are further identified by a single character code: C for client business; and H for house business.

2B.5.2 Position-Keeping Accounts

**FCM Clearing Member Accounts:**

The account types are: H for house business (Proprietary Account); and C for segregated client business (FCM Omnibus OTC FX Client Account with LCH). An FCM Clearing Member's FCM ForexClear Contract positions are also recorded within the FCM ForexClear Clearing System in ForexClear Accounts.

All registered FCM ForexClear Contracts will be identifiable to FCM Clearing Members via FCM ForexClear Reporting (see Section 2B.20). All registered FCM ForexClear Contracts will be maintained only in ForexClear accounts (identified as such by a unique three letter mnemonic) and separate from all accounts containing FCM Contracts attributable to other Business Categories of FCM Contract (provided that all Business Categories of FCM Contracts and related cover may be physically commingled in the same depository accounts). Each FCM ForexClear Contract will also be assigned a unique trade identifier. The FCM Clearing Member Reporting functionality also allows FCM Clearing Members to identify all FCM ForexClear Contracts registered in their name.

Sub-accounts within the FX FCM's Proprietary Account may be set up (e.g. for branches or Affiliates). Each such sub-account will carry the unique Bank Identifier Code ("BIC") (or equivalent unique identifier) of the relevant branch/Affiliate (please see Section 2B.5.4 below).

Sub-accounts within the FX FCM's Proprietary Account will be associated with the House financial account of the FX FCM and information contained across the Proprietary Account sub-accounts is consolidated into the House financial account of each FX FCM.

2B.5.3 Clients

Where an FX FCM enters into an agreement with an FCM Client in accordance with FCM Regulation 4(a), the FX FCM must submit an "FCM Client Static Data" form to the Clearing House's membership department. Positions of an FCM Client will be identifiable in ForexClear Reporting through that FCM Client's BIC/unique identifier.
2B.5.4 **Affiliates and Branches**

Under FCM Regulation 4(c), FX FCMs are permitted to clear for Affiliates through their Proprietary accounts.

Where an FX FCM enters into an agreement with an Affiliate in accordance with FCM Regulation 4(c), submission of an “FCM Affiliated Client Static Data” form to the Clearing House will allow the FX FCM to be provided with one or more sub-accounts for that Affiliate (for position-keeping purposes) within that FX FCM’s house account.

Because the House financial account reflects the consolidated balances and liabilities of the FX FCM’s proprietary business, the balances and liabilities associated with FCM ForexClear Transactions submitted by Affiliates (if applicable) and/or per branch (if applicable) will be provided as an estimate.

2B.6 **Financial Accounts**

FCM Clearing Member accounts have financial accounts associated with them. These are, inter alia, used to record cash balances and securities/documentary credits. Information contained within position-keeping accounts is consolidated into financial accounts, as follows:

2B.6.1 **Relationship with Position-Keeping Accounts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trading Account</th>
<th>Financial Account</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>House H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Client C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Proprietary Account

LCH OTC FX Client Segregated Depository Account

2B.6.2 **Other Financial Accounts**

At the Clearing House’s discretion, further financial accounts, used only to record financial balances, may be opened as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Buffer accounts (House), used for holding additional cash in relation to Proprietary business</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Buffer account (Client), used for holding additional cash in relation to FCM Client Business</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2B.6.3 Default Fund (DF) Account

Each FCM Clearing Member’s Default Fund Contribution is held in a separate financial account. The DF account code is “F”. Each FCM Clearing Member’s Default Fund Contribution relating to its FCM ForexClear Contracts is held in an account that is separate from any financial account containing such FCM Clearing Member’s Default Fund Contribution relating to any other Business Categories of FCM Contracts.

2B.7 Novation and Registration

An NDF is an FCM ForexClear Transaction (i.e., eligible for registration as an FCM ForexClear Contract) if it satisfies the FCM ForexClear Eligibility Criteria (set out in Part B of the Schedule B to the FCM Regulations) at the Registration Time.

Where an FX FCM accepts registration of the FCM ForexClear Transaction and notifies the Clearing House of such acceptance, the FX FCM shall, pursuant to FCM Regulation 40(b), (i) be deemed to have presented the FCM ForexClear Transaction for clearing and (ii) become obliged to pay all cover required by the Clearing House in connection with the registration of the FCM ForexClear Transaction upon request of the Clearing House. It is a condition for registration of an FCM ForexClear Transaction that, where both Executing Parties intend to register the FCM ForexClear Transaction through an FX FCM, both FX FCMs accept the FCM Notification (or where such Executing Parties nominate the same FX FCM, such FX FCM accepts both acceptances) and therefore submit the FCM ForexClear Transaction to the Clearing House.

It is a condition for registration of an FCM ForexClear Contract that the applicable FCM Clearing Member provide sufficient cover to the Clearing House in respect of such FCM ForexClear Contract prior to registration.

The FCM ForexClear Service will register FCM ForexClear Transactions submitted during the Opening Hours, provided that all FX FCMs have sufficient cover for their Liabilities (as defined in Section 2B.17) at the time of the relevant Margin Run.

If any FX FCM does not have sufficient cover for its Liabilities at the time of the relevant Margin Run, then the registration of FCM ForexClear Transactions will be suspended until sufficient cover is provided or until the FX FCM’s portfolio risk is reduced by the FX FCM submitting for registration risk reducing FCM ForexClear Transactions.

Once the FCM ForexClear Transaction has passed the Validation Checks (as defined in Section 2B.8.1) and the required cover has been provided by the relevant FX FCMs, the Clearing House will send, via the FCM Approved Trade Source System, a message confirming the registration of the FCM ForexClear Transaction as an FCM ForexClear Contract and including a datestamp of the relevant registration time. For the purpose of the ForexClear Regulations, the time of dispatch of such message shall be the “Registration Time” of that FCM ForexClear Contract.

The definitive report of the registered FCM ForexClear Contract will be shown on the “All Open Contracts” report issued by ForexClear Reporting (as defined in Section 2B.20).
If an FX FCM is declared a defaulter, the Clearing House will not register any ForexClear Transactions to which the defaulter was a party. ForexClear Transactions between non-defaulting FX FCMs will continue to be registered (assuming sufficient cover for their Liabilities has been provided).

**2B.7.1 Trade Capture**

Once the FCM Approved Trade Source System receives the trade instructions from the FXPs who are parties to the trade, the FCM Approved Trade Source System matches both instructions (a “trade”). The FCM Approved Trade Source System validates the trade using the FCM ForexClear Eligibility Criteria and will, if appropriate, submit a single message containing the names of the FXPs who are parties to the trade and the terms of the trade to the Clearing House for registration and clearing, such matched trade being known as an “FCM ForexClear Transaction”. Once the Clearing House receives the FCM ForexClear Transaction message, it will send a message of acknowledgement back via the FCM Approved Trade Source System that the trade has been matched and accepted for clearing. Instructions which show that one or both sides of the trade do not meet the Validation Checks are rejected. Rejections are reported back to the FCM Approved Trade Source System.

The Clearing House will provide ForexClear Transaction/ForexClear Contract (as applicable) updates as and when these change, e.g., for acceptance, rejection and novation.

**2B.7.2 ForexClear FCM Approved Trade Source Systems**

Currently the FCM Approved Trade Source System designated by the Clearing House for ForexClear is MarkitSERV. Where the Clearing House approves additional FCM Approved Trade Source Systems, it will notify FCM Clearing Members via member circular.

FCM ForexClear Transactions submitted through an FCM Approved Trade Source System must be in an acceptable message format, as prescribed by the Clearing House.

Notwithstanding the designation by the Clearing House of any system as an FCM Approved Trade Source System, the Clearing House makes no warranty (and will accept no liability) as to the effectiveness, efficiency, performance or any other aspect of the services provided by any FCM Approved Trade Source System or the timeliness otherwise of the delivery of any FCM ForexClear Transaction details by that FCM Approved Trade Source System to the Clearing House. Such matters form part of the relationship between the FCM Clearing Members and that FCM Approved Trade Source System and the terms of such relationship may entitle the FCM Approved Trade Source System to suspend the ability of an FX FCM to make submissions from time to time.

FX FCMs must not submit instructions to the Clearing House for trades which will not meet the FCM ForexClear Eligibility Criteria. The Clearing House will process any FCM ForexClear Transaction reported to it by an FCM Approved Trade Source System on an “as is” basis, and subject to the FCM Regulations and these FCM Procedures, will register any such FCM ForexClear Transaction on the basis of the data provided to it by the FCM Approved Trade Source System and approved by the relevant FCM Clearing Member. The Clearing House has no obligation to verify
that the details received properly reflect the trade entered into by the relevant Executing Parties.

The Clearing House accepts no liability for any error within or corruption of any data sent by an FCM Approved Trade Source System to the Clearing House or to an FCM Clearing Member or any delay in or failure of the transmission of such data to the Clearing House. In the event that the Clearing House registers any FCM ForexClear Contract on the basis of incorrect or corrupted data sent to it by an FCM Approved Trade Source System and accepted by an FCM Clearing Member, the FCM Clearing Member concerned shall be bound by the terms of such FCM ForexClear Contract(s), unless the FCM ForexClear Contract is subsequently cancelled in accordance with FCM Regulation 41.

FCM Clearing Members shall ensure that transaction details accepted for registration are accepted by appropriately authorised personnel. Apart from the foregoing acceptance, the Clearing House is not able to, and will not, verify the authorisation of the source of any details of any transaction reported to it for registration by any FCM Approved Trade Source System. The Clearing House shall have no liability in the event that any FCM Clearing Member suffers any loss through the unauthorised acceptance of an FCM Notification.

2B.8 Trade Validation and Registration

2B.8.1 Process flow description

The Clearing House performs a validation check on each trade submitted by FXPs to ensure that each such trade meets the FCM ForexClear Eligibility Criteria and the Counterparty Validation Check (as defined below) required for FCM ForexClear Transactions (together the "Validation Checks").

The fields checked are as follows:

- **Counterparties**: (a) are both parties submitting trade particulars FXPs and (b) has each FXCCM in whose name the FCM ForexClear Contract is to be registered not been declared a defaulter by the Clearing House? (together, the "Counterparty Validation Check");

- **Trade type**: is the instrument type an NDF?

- **Economic Terms**: does the trade include all the Economic Terms (as defined in the Schedule B to the FCM Regulations)?

- **Currency Pairs**: are the Reference Currency and the Settlement Currency a Currency Pair (as defined in Schedule B to the FCM Regulations)?

- **Settlement Currency**: is the Settlement Currency USD?

- **Trade tenor eligibility**: does the scheduled Settlement Date fall on a date: (a) not earlier than three business days immediately following the date on which the trade is submitted to the Clearing House for registration (the "Submission Date") and (b) not later than the date falling two calendar years plus two business days immediately following the Submission Date? If the FCM ForexClear Transaction arrives after the ForexClear date roll (22.00 local London time), the Submission Date is defined as the next good business day.
- **Valuation Date and Settlement Date**: do the Valuation Date and Settlement Date for the FCM ForexClear Transaction fall on a valid Business Day for the Currency Pair to which the FCM ForexClear Transaction relates? Does the Settlement Date fall on a Business Day after the Valuation Date? Is the Validation Date in the future?

Trades that pass the Validation Checks are accepted and two trade records are created for the FCM ForexClear Transaction: one for the FCM ForexClear Contract between the Clearing House and the first FX FCM to the FCM ForexClear Transaction and the other for the FCM ForexClear Contract between the Clearing House and the second FX FCM to the FCM ForexClear Transaction (or the ForexClear Contract between the Clearing House and the ForexClear Clearing Member to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction pursuant to the UK General Regulations).

Provided each FXCCM has sufficient cover, the Clearing House will send a message via the FCM Approved Trade Source System confirming the registration or, where the trade fails a Validation Check, the trade will be rejected and a status message will be sent to the FCM Approved Trade Source System giving a reason for rejection.

As provided in Section 2B.7, in respect of messages confirming registration, the time of dispatch of such message shall be the Registration Time of that FCM ForexClear Contract.

The account (H or C) and sub-account (if applicable) into which each trade record is booked is derived from the BIC/unique identifier code within the message from the FCM Approved Trade Source System. The BIC links to the FX FCM reference data.

Both new trade records arising out of the ForexClear Transaction have the same unique ForexClear ID (the "ForexClear ID"). Any further events or actions are applied on the basis of this ForexClear ID, to ensure consistency.

### 2B.8.2 Manual Trade Rejection, Novation and Cancellation (Exceptional Event)

From time to time, as an exceptional event, it may be necessary for the Clearing House to: (i) reject a trade submitted for registration; (ii) register an FCM ForexClear Transaction; or (iii) accept or reject a cancellation request for an FCM ForexClear Contract or an FCM ForexClear Transaction, in each case manually prior to a Margin Run, (e.g. in the case of a default event, when an FCM ForexClear Transaction needs to be registered immediately to expedite the hedging and auction process or to reject an FCM ForexClear Transaction received from a defaulted FX FCM).

The Clearing House acknowledges the action and sends a status message to the ForexClear Approved Trade Source System of either "REJECTED" in respect of trades being manually rejected; "NOVATED" in respect of trades being manually registered; and "CANCELLED" in respect of an FCM ForexClear Contract or an FCM ForexClear Transaction being manually cancelled, as appropriate.

### 2B.8.3 Trade Cancellation

The Clearing House accepts cancellation messages from Executing Parties against both non-novated trades (FCM ForexClear Transactions) and novated trades (FCM ForexClear Contracts).
With respect to any FCM ForexClear Contract, cancellation messages may be submitted via the FCM Approved Trade Source System until such FCM ForexClear Contract is “fixed” – i.e., when its Settlement Rate has been determined on the relevant Valuation Date.

A successful cancellation message results in a “CANCELLED” status message if the FCM ForexClear Transaction or the FCM ForexClear Contract (as the case may be) is cancelled before or after a Margin Run (as defined in Section 2B.15). The status messages are sent from the Clearing House to the FX FCM via the FCM Approved Trade Source System.

2B.8.4 Process flow description

The Clearing House accepts trade cancellation instructions from the FCM Approved Trade Source System for FCM ForexClear Transactions or FCM ForexClear Contracts (as the case may be) that have previously been submitted to the FCM ForexClear Service. Cancellation instructions must include the ForexClear ID.

The Clearing House acknowledges receipt of the instruction from the FCM Approved Trade Source System to cancel an FCM ForexClear Transaction/FCM ForexClear Contract (as the case may be) and sends a “PENDING CANCELLATION” message to the FCM Approved Trade Source System for the relevant FXPs.

The Clearing House checks that the cancellation instruction contains a valid ForexClear ID which relates to: (a) an FCM ForexClear Transaction or FCM ForexClear Contract (as the case may be) that has not been previously cancelled; and (b) in the case of an FCM ForexClear Contract only, an FCM ForexClear Contract with respect to which the relevant Valuation Date has not yet occurred.

Where a trade has already been rejected (as a result of having failed a Validation Check), the FCM ForexClear Service sends a “CANCEL REJECTED” message to the FCM Approved Trade Source System for the relevant FXPs.

If the FCM ForexClear Transaction is “PARKED” but has not been included in a Margin Run, it is cancelled and a “CANCELLED” message is sent to the FCM Approved Trade Source System to confirm to the relevant FXPs that the FCM ForexClear Transaction has been cancelled. The ForexClear Transaction is excluded from the next and future Margin Runs. In accordance with FCM Regulation 41, the date and time of the cancellation shall be as reported by the Clearing House via the FCM Approved Trade Source System.

If a Margin Run is currently in progress, the request to cancel is routed to a temporary queue for later manual action. Once the Margin Run has finished, the Clearing House will re-submit or reject the request to cancel.

If the FCM ForexClear Contract is “NOVATED”, the Clearing House amends the status of the relevant FCM ForexClear Contract to “PARKED PENDING CANCELLATION” and sends this information in a message to the FCM Approved Trade Source System for the relevant FXPs. The effect of the “PARKED PENDING CANCELLATION” FCM ForexClear Contract is included in the next Margin Run.

The “PARKED PENDING CANCELLATION” FCM ForexClear Contract is cancelled if all FXCCMs have pledged sufficient collateral with the Clearing House to cover the ForexClear margin requirement without that particular FCM ForexClear
Contract. If an FX FCM has insufficient collateral pledged, the Clearing House makes a cash margin call via PPS. When confirmation of receipt of the margin call is received, the FCM ForexClear Contract is cancelled. The FCM ForexClear Contract is excluded from future Margin Runs and a “CANCELLED” message is sent to the ForexClear Approved Trade Source System for the benefit of the relevant FXPs to the now excluded FCM ForexClear Contract. In accordance with FCM Regulation 41, the time of dispatch of such message shall be the cancellation date and time in respect of that FCM ForexClear Contract. If an FX FCM is declared a defaulter, the Clearing House will not process any cancellation of an FCM ForexClear Contract to which the defaulter is a party, nor the corresponding FCM ForexClear Contract that arose from the same underlying FCM ForexClear Transaction. All FCM ForexClear Contracts between non-defaulting FX FCMs for cancellation (assuming sufficient cover for their Liabilities has been provided) will be cancelled.

2B.8.5 Trade Amendment

No amendment of the financial terms of an FCM ForexClear Transaction or FCM ForexClear Contract is permitted. FX FCMs who wish to change the FCM Client information on a ForexClear Transaction should contact ForexClear Business Operations at 0207 426 3729 for further information.

2B.8.6 Backloading of Existing Trades

The Clearing House provides the facility for FCM Clearing Members to load eligible existing FCM ForexClear Transactions, through an FCM Approved Trade Source System. Backloading requires bilateral agreement between the relevant Executing Parties and acceptance by the FCM Clearing Member(s) and the ForexClear Clearing Member, if any, of the full particulars required by the Clearing House for each such FCM ForexClear Transactions. Following acceptance, the backloaded trade shall be deemed to have been presented by the FCM Clearing Member(s) and the ForexClear Clearing Member, if any, for registration by the Clearing House. In any backloading of transactions where one leg is to be registered as a ForexClear Contract, the UK General Regulations will apply with respect to such registration of a ForexClear Contract.

For backloaded trades the Clearing House will notify FCM Clearing Members of their submission and status via FCM Clearing Member Reporting (see Section 2B.20). It is a pre-condition of registration that sufficient cover for IM and variation margin (“VM”) is provided.

2B.8.7 Valuation Date Event Management

The Clearing House is the Calculation Agent and will store and apply the Settlement Rate Option and the Valuation Date for each FCM ForexClear Contract. On the Valuation Date with respect to each FCM ForexClear Contract, the Settlement Rate will be retrieved from the Settlement Rate Option per Currency Pair in accordance with the relevant EMTA Templates (as referenced in the Schedule to the ForexClear Regulations). The Market Data provider for Settlement Rates is Reuters.

The FCM ForexClear Service applies the relevant Settlement Rate to FCM ForexClear Contracts using the following criteria:
Settlement Rate Option source code (as below)

Valuation Date

The table below gives the source codes of the Settlement Rate Options to be used as per the relevant EMTA Template:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Currency Pair</th>
<th>Settlement Rate Option (or as per the relevant EMTA Template as amended from time to time)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USD-BRL</td>
<td>BRL PTAX (BRL09)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD-RUB</td>
<td>RUB CMF-EMTA (RUB03)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD-INR</td>
<td>INR RBIB (INR01)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD-CNY</td>
<td>CNY SAEC (CNY01)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD-CLP</td>
<td>CLP DOLAR OBS (CLP10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD-KRW</td>
<td>KRW KFTC18 (KRW02)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Clearing House applies the Settlement Rate to all relevant FCM ForexClear Contracts at a predefined time (see Section 2B.8.8 below) following its publication.

The Clearing House calculates the Settlement Currency Amount in the Settlement Currency per FCM ForexClear Contract. FX FCMs can retrieve the Settlement Rate and Settlement Currency Amount in the Settlement Currency via ForexClear Reporting on the ForexClear Service Portal and on MemWeb, which are internet services onto which information is loaded and can be accessed by FX FCMs.

2B.8.8 Valuation Date Event Management: Process flow description

After the Registration Time for an FCM ForexClear Contract, the FCM ForexClear Service links a Settlement Rate Option to it in accordance with the relevant EMTA Template for the Currency Pair.

On the Valuation Date, the Clearing House uses the Settlement Rate for the Currency Pair for the FCM ForexClear Contract when it is published by Reuters, and calculates the Settlement Currency Amount for each FCM ForexClear Contract in the Settlement Currency by applying the relevant Settlement Rate Option as published.

If the Settlement Rate Option set out in the relevant EMTA Template is unavailable at the relevant time, Disruption Fallback alternatives for the determination of the Settlement Rate will apply as set out in the relevant EMTA Template.

2B.8.9 Settlement

With respect to each FCM ForexClear Contract, the Settlement Currency Amount is calculated by the application of the Settlement Rate to the Notional Amount in accordance with the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms.

From (and including) the Registration Time to (and including) the Business Day immediately preceding the Settlement Date, changes in the daily value of open
FCM ForexClear Contracts will have resulted in VM credits and debits between the parties (as set out at Section 2B.10.3). With respect to each FCM ForexClear Contract, on the Business Day immediately preceding the Settlement Date, the Clearing House nets the Settlement Currency Amount against the aggregate net VM which has been paid/received through the term of the FCM ForexClear Contract, the result of which is a Net Settlement Amount ("NSA"), which will be reflected in the FX FCMs’ cash accounts with the Clearing House on the Settlement Date. As such, with respect to each FCM ForexClear Contract, the payment in full of all the VM required during the term of such FCM ForexClear Contract shall satisfy the relevant party’s obligation to pay the Settlement Currency Amount on the Settlement Date of such FCM ForexClear Contract. This paragraph applies even if the Settlement Date has been adjusted in accordance with the FCM ForexClear Contract Terms.

2B.8.10 Reference Data

Holiday Event Calendar:

For the FCM ForexClear Service the Clearing House uses the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar (as published by Swaps Monitor Publications, Inc.) the ("SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar") in order to determine holidays. This requires all FX FCMs to be licensees of the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar. The calendars, as applicable to the FCM ForexClear Service, will be available online for inspection and for file download from Clearing Member Reporting. SwapsMonitor is used on a daily basis across all calendars.

Date Adjustment:

When a new holiday is declared in a particular jurisdiction, an update to the holiday calendar affecting FCM ForexClear Contracts for which the Valuation Date is due on the new holiday is required. The Valuation Date and the Settlement Date will be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the EMTA Template for the relevant Currency Pair.

The Clearing House may accede to a request from FX FCMs to suspend processing of adjustments to the relevant affected Valuation Dates and Settlement Dates so as to allow FX FCMs to cancel and rebook any FCM ForexClear Contracts following any such adjustment. In such case, the Clearing House will inform FX FCMs as to the timing and duration of any such suspension.

2B.9 Market Data

2B.9.1 Sources used by FCM ForexClear Service

The FCM ForexClear Service collates instrument quotes for the following from multiple market sources (as detailed in Section 2B.9.2) in relation to each Currency Pair:

- FX spot rates ("FX Spot Rates");
- FX swap points ("FX Swap Points");
- Settlement Rate Option;
- Interest rate curves (see Section 2B.9.5 below) ("Interest Rate Curves").
• USD LIBOR Curve;
• PAI rates ("PAI Rates"); and
• Country credit spreads (see Section 2B.9.6 below) ("Country Credit Spreads"),
together, "Market Data”.

FX Spot Rates and FX Swap Points are received by the Clearing House via a live link from all eligible FXCCMs (including FX FCMs) during the Opening Hours (as defined in Section 2B.4.2).

2B.9.2 Market Data Sources and Frequencies

The Clearing House receives the following updated raw prices:

FX Spot Rates:
• Source – FXCCMs (including FX FCMs).
• Frequency - every time updated by FXCCMs (including FX FCMs) up to a maximum rate of once every five minutes.

FX Swap Points:
• Source - all FXCCMs (including FX FCMs).
• Frequency - every time updated by FXCCMs (including FX FCMs) up to a maximum rate of once every five minutes.

• Tenors – as shown in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tenor</th>
<th>S/N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 week</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 month</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Settlement Rate Options:
• Source - Reuters.
• Frequency - when published (at the times shown in the table at Section 4.3 below).
**Interest Rate Curves:**

- **Source:** internal Clearing House
- **Frequency:** at each SwapClear margin run.

**Country Credit Spreads:**

- **Source:** Bloomberg.
- **Frequency:** when published.

**USD LIBOR Curve:**

- **Source:** SwapClear.
- **Frequency:** at each SwapClear margin run.

**PAI rates:**

- **Source:** LCH Treasury.
- **Frequency:** Daily.

**2B.9.3 Market Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference Currency</th>
<th>Settlement Rate Option (or as per the relevant EMTA Template as amended from time to time)</th>
<th>Settlement Rate Publication Local Time (or as per the relevant EMTA Template as amended from time to time)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BRL</td>
<td>BRL PTAX (BRL09)</td>
<td>13:15 (São Paolo)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RUB</td>
<td>RUB CME-EMTA (RUB03)</td>
<td>13:30 (Moscow)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INR</td>
<td>INR RBIB (INR01)</td>
<td>12:30 (Mumbai)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLP</td>
<td>CLP DOLAR OBS (CLP10)</td>
<td>10:30 (Santiago)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNY</td>
<td>CNY SAEC (CNY01)</td>
<td>09:15 (Beijing)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRW</td>
<td>KRW KFTC18 (KRW02)</td>
<td>15:30 (Seoul)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**2B.9.4 Market Data Provision to FX FCMs**

All Market Data used in a Margin Run is made available to FX FCMs via ForexClear Reporting (as defined in Section 2B.20).

**2B.9.5 Curve Building in ForexClear**

**FX Curve (Zero Coupon/Market Rate Curve):**

The Clearing House builds for each Currency Pair an FX curve (zero coupon/ market rate curve) using the FX Spot Rates, FX Swap Points and the USD LIBOR Curve based on interpolation techniques agreed through the ForexClear Risk & Trading Working Group (a group comprising the Clearing House’s and FXCCM’s (including FX FCM) risk and trading representatives) ("RTWG"). The USD
LIBOR Curve is used for discounting; the FX curve is used for capitalisation of forward cash flows.

**Interest Rate Curve:**

The Clearing House applies the linear interpolation method to build the Interest Rate Curve. Linear interpolation is applied on zero coupon curves.

**Curve Use:**

End of day is defined as 22.00 local London time (“EOD”). The following EOD data is used in the calculation of risk analytics for an EOD Margin Run (as defined in Section 6.1.2):

- FX Spot Rates; and
- FX Swap Points.

### 2B.9.6 Country Credit Spreads

The Clearing House takes country credit spreads (in relation to Brazil, Russia, India, China, Chile and South Korea) from Bloomberg for use in risk multiplier calculations.

### 2B.10 FCM ForexClear Contract Valuation

#### 2B.10.1 Price Submission

In accordance with the FCM Procedures, FX FCMs shall provide pricing data to the Clearing House in accordance with the ForexClear Market Data Interface (a document issued by LCH and as amended from time to time) as amended from time to time.

This data is used to calculate the NPV (as defined in Section 2B10.2 below) of FCM ForexClear Contracts.

#### 2B.10.2 Net Present Value (“NPV”)

From (and including) the Registration Time to the EOD Margin Run on the business day preceding the Valuation Date, each FCM ForexClear Contract is valued in USD using the current market rates and discounted from the future Settlement Date to its present value (being valued using the data submitted by FXCCMs, in accordance with Sections 2B.9.2 and 2B.10.1).

On the Valuation Date, the Settlement Rate is used to value the FCM ForexClear Contract.

If Valuation Postponement applies, the FCM ForexClear Contract is valued using the current forward price (based on the data submitted by FXCCMs in accordance with Sections 1.9.2 and 1.10.1) to (and including) the date on which the Settlement Rate is determined in accordance with the ForexClear Contract Terms.
2B.10.3 Variation Margin ("VM")

VM for each FCM ForexClear Contract is calculated at EOD as the change from the preceding business day in its NPV. With respect to each FX FCM, the net sum of the VM for all open FCM ForexClear Contracts is credited to or debited from such FX FCM once a day, following the EOD Margin Run.

Cover for VM (adjusted by PAI, as set out below) will be paid each business day by or to each FX FCM in respect of all of its open FCM ForexClear Contracts. The VM will be calculated in, and must be paid in, USD.

With respect to each FCM ForexClear Contract, VM is calculated every business day from (and including) the Registration Time to (and including) the EOD on the business day immediately preceding the Settlement Date.

2B.10.4 Reporting Breakdown

ForexClear margin reports show the portfolio of open FCM ForexClear Contracts of each FX FCM by Currency Pairs and in the Settlement Currency (i.e., USD).

2B.10.5 Price Alignment Interest ("PAI")

The effect of daily cash VM movements results in the need for PAI. Without this adjustment, the pricing of FCM ForexClear Contracts would differ from identical uncleared trades, as cash earned from favourable daily price moves would be priced into the product.

2B.10.6 PAI Calculation Methodology

PAI is calculated at EOD on each business day from (and including) the first business day after the Trade Date to (and including) the business day immediately preceding the Settlement Date.

In this Section 2B.10.6, "T" means any given business day; "T-1" means the business day immediately preceding T; "T+1" means the business day immediately following T; and "MTM" means the total value (expressed in USD) of an FXCCM's portfolio open of FCM ForexClear Contracts after valuation in accordance with Section 2B.10.3 at close of business on any business day. The Clearing House calculates PAI in USD once a day at EOD.

Principles:

- MTM is calculated at EOD on T-1.
- Change in MTM (net VM in respect of an FX FCM's portfolio of open ForexClear Contracts) is paid/ received on the morning of T.
- PAI Rate for T to be applied is known at EOD T.
- PAI is calculated on the night of T for MTM of T-1 for FCM ForexClear Contracts up to the business day before their Settlement Date.
- PAI is paid / received on morning of T+1 via PPS.
Components:

- PAI Rate (annualised interest applied to an FX FCM's MTM).
- MTM
- Accrual Factor (factor used to convert the PAI Rate from an annual rate to a daily rate, on a basis of a year of 360 days).

So:

- \[ \text{PAI}_T = \text{PAI}_{T-1} \times \text{MTM}_{T-1} \times \text{Accrual Factor}. \]

The Clearing House uses the PAI Rate from the relevant EOD overnight index swap curves, which is sourced from the Clearing House.

2B.10.7 VM/PAI Adjustment

With respect to each FX FCM, the Clearing House makes the following adjustment to the EOD VM:

- If, with respect to its portfolio of open FCM ForexClear Contracts, such FX FCM has (to but excluding the relevant EOD) paid an amount in VM greater than the amount of VM it has received, such FX FCM will receive PAI; and
- If, with respect to its portfolio of open FCM ForexClear Contracts, such FX FCM has (to but excluding the relevant EOD) received an amount in VM greater than the amount of VM it has paid, such FX FCM will pay PAI.

2B.11 Initial Margin (“IM”)

The Clearing House will require FX FCMs to post IM. This amount will be calculated within the day and at EOD on each business day as part of each Margin Run. With respect to each FX FCM, it is calculated for the portfolio of open FCM ForexClear Contracts and FCM ForexClear Transactions using a value at risk (VaR) based methodology based on filtered historical simulations ("Historical Simulation"). All open FCM ForexClear Contracts and FCM ForexClear Transactions in each Currency Pair are re-valued under a series of cross portfolio yield curve scenarios to estimate the potential portfolio profit and loss and therefore the IM requirement.

These scenarios will be continually monitored and reviewed periodically or on an ad hoc basis according to market conditions. FX FCMs will usually be notified by the Clearing House of alterations to margin parameters no later than the day before calls are made based on the new parameters. Further details of this method are available upon request from the ForexClear Risk team.

Historical Simulation uses the historical (5 year) data submitted by FXCCMs pursuant to Section 2B.9, which is adapted to current market prices.

Separate initial margin calculations are performed for an FX FCM's house “H” and client “C” accounts.

The Clearing House reserves the right to require additional amounts of cover from a specific FX FCM or from all FX FCMs in accordance with FCM Regulation 9.
2B.11.1 Credit Risk Multiplier ("CRiM")

The CRiM applied will consider the FX FCM’s credit worthiness, initial margin level and/or stress testing exposures in accordance with LCH.Clearnet Credit Risk Policy.

2B.11.2 Liquidity Risk Multiplier ("IMM")

Where an FXCCM has an exposure above set thresholds in a particular Currency Pair or tenor of FCM ForexClear Contracts, the IMM is applied and additional IM is charged. The IMM is calculated in accordance with parameters set by the ForexClear Default Management Group (the "FXDMG") according to tenor and notional concentration. The thresholds are reviewed quarterly and use prevailing perceptions of market conditions as seen by the FXDMG.

IMM increases IM called due to concentrated Currency Pair exposure by tenor of FCM ForexClear Contracts. Additional IM is called to mitigate the risk of a position not being closed out in seven days and/or the extra hedging costs that may be incurred.

The Clearing House calculates and applies IMM as part of each Margin Run, based on the IM for each Currency Pair in the FX FCM’s house position-keeping account.

2B.11.3 Sovereign Risk multiplier ("SRM")

An SRM is applied when there is a perceived risk of sovereign default or a change in a country’s currency regime which would impact FCM ForexClear Contracts transacted in certain Reference Currencies. The SRM takes into account:

i. the probability of sovereign default or a regime change event occurring; and

ii. the depreciation or appreciation risk of the Reference Currencies.

The SRM sovereign default probability is calculated by assessing the three month probability of default for the different sovereign countries, based on the country’s 5-year credit default swap (CDS) spread. The probability of a regime change event is estimated based on historical events and publicly available data for the different sovereign countries. The probabilities are reviewed and updated weekly.

The Clearing House calculates and applies the SRM as part of each Margin Run, for each Currency Pair in the FX FCM’s house position-keeping account.

2B.12 Additional Margin

The Clearing House may require an FX FCM to pay additional amounts (in addition to initial margin and variation margin) as security for the performance by an FX FCM of its obligations to the Clearing House in respect of FCM ForexClear Contracts to which such FX FCM is a party in accordance with FCM Regulation 9. This may be required from time to time where, in the opinion of the Clearing House, the risk inherent in FCM ForexClear Contracts to which such FX FCM is a party not adequately covered by IM or VM. This may cover instances where stress testing losses under various scenarios provided in the ForexClear Default Fund Rules have increased.
2B.12.1 Intra-day Margin Calls

In accordance with the Clearing House’s FCM Regulations, the Clearing House is entitled to make additional margin calls for payment the same day (intra-day margin calls) where it is considered necessary. Intra-day margin calls can be called at any time throughout the business day (08:30 to 21:00 hours London time). Intra-day margin calls will usually be made via the Protected Payments System (PPS) (see Section 2B.9).

In certain circumstances the Clearing House may wish to make a call for additional funds after the closure of London PPS facilities at 16:00 hours London time. In this event the Clearing House will require payment of additional funds through PPS facilities in the USA (see Section 3.2.2). Members must ensure, in these circumstances, that they are in a position to fund such calls through their nominated US PPS account within one hour of the call.

2B.13 Initial Margin Management Events Service (“IMMES”)

IMMES aims to find risk and IM reducing FCM ForexClear Contracts and ForexClear Contracts amongst participating FXCCMs. IMMES can be run on all Currency Pairs that are cleared through the FCM ForexClear Service, although the primary focus will be on those Currency Pairs that contribute to the largest IM requirement. IMMES is available in respect of an FX FCM’s house account only.

FX FCMs who wish to obtain further information about, or to participate in, IMMES should contact ForexClear Business Operations on 0207 426 7527. To be eligible to participate in IMMES, an FX FCM must enter into an IMMES agreement with the Clearing House (the “IMMES Agreement”).

2B.13.1 Step-by-step details

The Clearing House usually conducts the IMMES at least monthly.

A reminder that there is an IMMES run taking place is sent out the week before to each FXCCM which is a party to an IMMES Agreement with LCH and each FXCCM is asked to confirm their participation.

On the day of the scheduled IMMES run, the Clearing House analyses all participating FXCCMs’ profiles to find FCM ForexClear Contracts and ForexClear Contracts with equivalent and opposite delta values by tenor and Currency Pair to compile a list of offsetting suggested trades that are mutually beneficial in terms of IM reduction (the “IMMES Trades”).

The Clearing House then analyses the relevant FX FCM’s FCM ForexClear Contract portfolios with the IMMES Trades and determines the change in NPV, IM, delta and zero yield sensitivity from the IMMES Trades.

The FXCCMs on either side of the trades are advised of the economic details of the IMMES Trades.

If the two FXCCMs agree to undertake the IMMES Trades, the Clearing House will then put them in touch with each other. The FXCCMs will enter into the bilateral IMMES Trades and submit them to the Clearing House through the ForexClear Approved Trade Source System for registration.
2B.14 Intra-Day Margin Call: Collateral Management

2B.14.1 General – Intra-day Margining

Following an intra-day margin call and unless notified otherwise by an FX FCM at the time of an intra-day margin call the Clearing House will deduct cash, in the appropriate currency, directly from the relevant FX FCMs PPS account to cover that intra-day margin call.

Cash payments in respect of intra-day cover are accepted only in USD by the Clearing House.

It is the responsibility of the FCM to ensure that they have sufficient cash funds in place with their PPS Bank(s) in order to avoid any intra-day liquidity issues.

2B.15 General Margining Process

A “Margin Run” is the process by which the Clearing House calculates an FX FCM’s IM requirement (if any) and, during an EOD Margin Run, its VM requirement and PAI adjustment (if required) (together its “Margin Requirements”); and (a) applies that FX FCM’s cover to satisfy the Margin Requirements for that FX FCM in respect of the FCM ForexClear Contracts within that FX FCM’s portfolio; and/or (b) calls for additional cover (if required) to cover the relevant Margin Requirement.

2B.16 Types of Margin Runs

There are three types of Margin Run:

2B.16.1 ITD / Ad Hoc - Day Margin Run

ITD/Ad-hoc London daytime Margin Runs are initiated as and when dictated by the schedule published by the Clearing House and notified to FX FCMs from time to time (the “Schedule”) or as necessary, and are performed in the time period during which a PPS call can be made (the “ITD/Ad-hoc Day Margin Run”). PPS times are published on the Clearing House’s website at: http://www.lchclearnet.com/risk_management/ltd/pps/.

ITD/Ad-hoc Margin Runs are calls in respect of IM only. VM and PAI are not included in ITD/Ad-hoc Margin Runs.

2B.16.2 EOD Margin Run

The EOD Margin Run is the final ITD/Ad-hoc Day Margin Run that completes by 22:00 local London time on that business day (the “EOD Margin Run”).

EOD Margin Runs are calls in respect of IM as well as VM, NSA and PAI.

2B.16.3 ITD / Ad Hoc - Night Margin Run

ITD/Ad-hoc London overnight Margin Runs are initiated as and when dictated by the Schedule or as necessary, and are performed in the time period during which a PPS call cannot be made (the “ITD/Ad-hoc Night Margin Run”).

ITD/Ad-hoc Night Margin Runs are calls in respect of IM only. VM, NSA and PAI are included in ITD/Ad-hoc Night Margin Runs, but only as a component of IM.
2B.17 Margin Run Process

Margin Runs cover all registered FCM ForexClear Contracts with the status “NOVATED”, FCM ForexClear Transactions with the status “PARKED” and FCM ForexClear Contracts in respect of which the Clearing House has received a request for cancellation with the status “PARKED PENDING CANCELLATION”.

Margin runs will be carried out for each FCM ForexClear Contract and FCM ForexClear Transaction (as the case may be) until (and including) the later of:

- EOD Margin Run on the Settlement Date; or
- EOD Margin Run after the Settlement Rate is published.

During every Margin Run the Clearing House calculates the IM required and (where applicable) the VM and PAI required to cover each FX FCM’s open FCM ForexClear Contracts and FCM ForexClear Transactions (each a “Liability” and together the “Liabilities”).

Each FX FCM’s Liability is offset against that FX FCM’s non-cash collateral account (being a sub-account of the FX FCM’s financial account) (for IM only) or funds in that FX FCM’s cash account (being a sub-account of the FX FCM’s financial account) (for VM/PAI/IM). IM will always be a Liability (payable to the Clearing House) and VM, NSA and PAI may be a cash posting or a Liability (payable by, or to, the Clearing House, respectively).

FX FCMs are informed via email of their Liabilities as a percentage of their current total cover (such percentage being shown as a percentage of the aggregate cover in their cash and non-cash collateral account(s)) and are directed to the ForexClear Service portal (being a secure website made available to FXCCMs) (the “ForexClear Service Portal”) which provides reports (at the times specified in Section 7.1) informing FX FCMs of their (i) total Liabilities under the FCM ForexClear Service; (ii) current total cover posted with the Clearing House for FCM ForexClear; and (iii) Liabilities as a percentage of their current total cover (such percentage being shown as a percentage of the aggregate cover in their cash and non-cash collateral account(s)).

If following a Margin Run an FX FCM is required to provide additional collateral, this is also indicated in the email and via the ForexClear Service Portal. Registration of FCM ForexClear Transactions and cancellations of FCM ForexClear Contracts will cease until all FXCCMs have provided sufficient cover.

Once it is confirmed that all FXCCMs have sufficient cover, the Clearing House:

- registers each FCM ForexClear Transaction as two FCM ForexClear Contracts (or registers an FCM ForexClear Contract and a ForexClear Contract under the UK General Regulations, if applicable) and changes the status for each FCM ForexClear Transaction from “PARKED” to “NOVATED” and informs the FCM Approved Trade Source System; and
- in respect of relevant FCM ForexClear Contracts being cancelled, cancels the relevant FCM ForexClear Contracts and changes the FCM ForexClear Contract status of each relevant FCM ForexClear Contract from “PARKED” to “CANCELLED”. 
The Clearing House acknowledges the FCM ForexClear Contract status and sends a message to the FCM Approved Trade Source System that the FCM ForexClear Transaction/FCM ForexClear Contract (as the case may be) is either “NOVATED” or “CANCELLED” as appropriate.

2B.18 Transfer of FCM Clients

In certain circumstances, the Clearing House will transfer FCM ForexClear Contracts from one Carrying FCM Clearing Member to a Receiving FCM Clearing Member on behalf of an FCM Client and pursuant to FCM Regulation 8(b) or 8(c).

2B.18.1 Partial Transfers

Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member wishes, on behalf of an FCM Client, to receive a transfer of a portion of such FCM Client’s portfolio of FCM ForexClear Contracts held with a Carrying FCM Clearing Member, it shall provide the Clearing House with an FCM Client Partial Transfer Form (see Appendix 2B.A), signed on behalf of the relevant FCM Client. Such form shall list all of the FCM ForexClear Contracts that are to be transferred pursuant to this procedure. Following receipt of an FCM Client Partial Transfer Form, the Clearing House shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member that a request has been received to transfer FCM ForexClear Contracts. All partial transfers shall take place in accordance with the timing and notice requirements set out in Section 2B.18.4.

In the event that any of the conditions set forth in FCM Regulation 8(c) are not satisfied, and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing House that they have not been satisfied using the Carrying Member Response Form, the Clearing House shall not proceed with the transfer of the FCM ForexClear Contracts.

2B.18.2 Full Transfers

Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member wishes, on behalf of an FCM Client, to receive a transfer of such FCM Client’s entire portfolio of FCM ForexClear Contracts held with a Carrying FCM Clearing Member, it shall provide the Clearing House with an FCM Client Full Transfer Form (see Appendix 2B.B), signed on behalf of the relevant FCM Client. Such form shall confirm that all FCM ForexClear Contracts attributable to the applicable FCM Client shall be transferred pursuant to this procedure. Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member submits an FCM Client Full Transfer Form, it must confirm whether or not the FCM Client also wishes to transfer the cover held by the Clearing House in respect of the transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts. Following receipt of an FCM Client Full Transfer Form, the Clearing House shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member that a request has been received to transfer FCM ForexClear Contracts. All full transfers shall take place in accordance with the timing and notice requirements set out in Section 2B.18.4.

In the event that any of the conditions set forth in FCM Regulation 8(b) are not satisfied, and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing House that they have not been satisfied using the Carrying Member Response Form, the Clearing House shall not proceed with the transfer of the FCM ForexClear Contracts or the transfer of Account Assets (when applicable).

Following receipt of a Full Transfer Form, the Carrying FCM Clearing Member shall not be permitted to register additional FCM ForexClear Contracts on behalf of the
FCM Client whose FCM ForexClear Contracts are subject to transfer, until such transfer (and the transfer of the related Account Assets, if applicable) is actually effected or is rejected.

2B.18.3 Collateral Transfers

Where a Receiving FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing House that an FCM Client wishes to transfer cover from a Carrying FCM Clearing Member to a Receiving FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member of such transfer in accordance with the timetable below.

Following such notification and upon request from the Clearing House, the Carrying FCM Clearing Member shall confirm to the Clearing House (using the Carrying Member Response form at Appendix 2B.C) which cover is attributable to the transferring FCM Client and the associated FCM ForexClear Contracts. In the event that the Carrying FCM Clearing Member fails to do so in accordance with the timetable below, the Clearing House shall transfer sufficient cash or non-cash cover from the Carrying FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Omnibus OTC FX Client Account with LCH (such cover as selected in the Clearing House’s sole discretion) to enable the transfer. Following the Clearing House’s determination of the cover that is to be transferred, it shall notify the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member of the cover that will be transferred in accordance with the timetable below.

In the event that any of the conditions set forth in FCM Regulation 8(b) are not satisfied, and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member notifies the Clearing house that they have not been satisfied using the Carrying Member Response Form the Clearing House shall not proceed with the transfer of the related cover. In such circumstances, the Clearing House will notify the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that the associated cover will not be transferred and, in order to proceed with the transfer of the associated FCM ForexClear Contracts, the Receiving FCM Clearing Member will have to provide the Clearing House with sufficient cover in respect of the transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts.

In the event that the Clearing House transfers cover pursuant to these FCM Procedures and the FCM Regulations, it will also transfer the aggregate Variation Margin and next day settlement coupons and fees associated with the transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts.

2B.18.4 Timetable for FCM Client Transfer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time (all references below are to New York City Time)</th>
<th>Partial Transfer</th>
<th>Full Transfer (with collateral)</th>
<th>Full Transfer (without collateral)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Day 0: 15:00</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt from Receiving FCM Clearing Member of FCM Client Partial Transfer Form.</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt from Receiving FCM Clearing Member of FCM Full Transfer Form and confirmation that cover is to be transferred.</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt from Receiving FCM Clearing Member of FCM Full Transfer Form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 1: 05:00</td>
<td>Deadline for notification by the Clearing House</td>
<td>Deadline for notification by the Clearing House</td>
<td>Deadline for notification by the Clearing House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Partial Transfer</td>
<td>Full Transfer (with collateral)</td>
<td>Full Transfer (without collateral)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that it intends to transfer certain FCM ForexClear Contracts pursuant to a request from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that it intends to transfer FCM ForexClear Contracts pursuant to a request from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Carrying FCM Clearing Member and the Receiving FCM Clearing Member that it intends to transfer FCM ForexClear Contracts pursuant to a request from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 2: 09:00</td>
<td>Deadline for notification (if any) from Carrying FCM Clearing Member that: (i) the FCM Client has become insolvent and/or (ii) the FCM Client has unsatisfied outstanding obligations to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member (in accordance with FCM Regulation 8(c)(v)) and that the Carrying FCM Clearing Member is therefore objecting to the transfer.</td>
<td>Deadline for notification (if any) from Carrying FCM Clearing Member that: (i) the FCM Client has become insolvent and/or (ii) the FCM Client has unsatisfied outstanding obligations to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member (in accordance with FCM Regulation 8(b)(v)) and that the Carrying FCM Clearing Member is therefore objecting to the transfer.</td>
<td>Deadline for notification (if any) from Carrying FCM Clearing Member that: (i) the FCM Client has become insolvent and/or (ii) the FCM Client has unsatisfied outstanding obligations to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member (in accordance with FCM Regulation 8(b)(v)) and that the Carrying FCM Clearing Member is therefore objecting to the transfer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 2: 09:00 to 10:00</td>
<td>LCH notifies the Receiving FCM Clearing Member of the collateral that will be transferred or that collateral will not be transferred. Where collateral will not be transferred, transfer is treated as a full transfer (without collateral).</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt by the Clearing House of consent of transfer and associated collateral from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt by the Clearing House of consent of transfer from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 2: 14:30</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt by the Clearing House of consent of transfer from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt by the Clearing House of consent of transfer from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Deadline for receipt by the Clearing House of consent of transfer from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 3: 03:00</td>
<td>Target deadline for notification by Clearing House to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Target deadline for notification by Clearing House to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
<td>Target deadline for notification by Clearing House to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Partial Transfer | Full Transfer (with collateral) | Full Transfer (without collateral)
---|---|---
Time (all references below are to New York City Time) | or the Receiving FCM Clearing Member, whether any additional cover is required to enable the transfer. | whether any additional cover is required to enable the transfer. |
Day 3: 04:00 | Deadline for receipt by Clearing House of any additional cover from the Carrying FCM Clearing Member or the Receiving FCM Clearing Member required to enable the transfer. | Deadline for receipt by Clearing House of any additional cover from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member required to enable the transfer. |

2B.19 Proprietary Account Position Transfers

The FCM ForexClear Clearing System provides functionality for the transfer of positions from an FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account, either in respect of FCM ForexClear Contracts held on an FCM Clearing Member’s own behalf or in respect of FCM ForexClear Contracts held on behalf of an Affiliate. In either case, any such transfer may only occur if the Receiving FCM Clearing Member is an Affiliate of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member. An FCM Clearing Member who wishes to effect a position transfer to another FCM Clearing Member should contact the Clearing House Risk Management Department.

Transfers will only be effected once adequate cover has been provided by both parties to the transfer. Transfers of Affiliate positions shall not be permitted to another FCM Clearing Member’s Proprietary Account unless such Affiliate is an Affiliate of the FCM Clearing Member receiving the transferred position.

2B.19.1 Legal Documentation

The Clearing House will provide standard legal documentation for the transfer of positions. The transfer must be authorised by both parties and by individuals with appropriate signing authority.

2B.19.2 Position Transfer Notice Period

The Clearing House will usually require five Business Days notice ahead of an intended transfer.
2B.20 ForexClear Reporting

The Clearing House produces a suite of treasury reports for members across each of the Clearing House services. Some of these reports are cross-service reports and others are specific to the ForexClear Service (including the FCM ForexClear Service), thus an FX FCM will receive reports in respect of the FCM ForexClear Service and may also receive cross-service reports where it is a member of another service. Follow this link to the information available from the LCH.Clearnet website: Banking Reports.¹

In respect of the FCM ForexClear Service, on each business day the Clearing House will provide two sets of reports to FX FCMs: (1) Banking Reports; and (2) reports direct from the FCM ForexClear Service (together “ForexClear Reporting”). These Procedures reference the FCM ForexClear Service specific reports. Each day’s report will remain available for download by FX FCMs from the FCM ForexClear Service Portal for five days.

2B.20.1 Margin Liability Reports

Reports detailing Liabilities are provided to FX FCMs following every scheduled Margin Run in accordance with Section 2B.17 and where additional collateral cover has been called by the Clearing House. Additionally, a report, including sensitivities, is provided at ForexClear Contracts level at 22.00 local London time. If the EOD Margin Run has not completed by 22:00 local London time on a particular business day, the report generated at EOD will reflect that not all the Liabilities of all FXCCMs as covered by collateral by 22:00 local London time.

2B.20.2 Market Data Reports

Reports detailing Market Data are provided to FX FCMs following every scheduled Margin Run. They include reports of Market Data and Settlement Rate used in the valuation of FCM ForexClear Contracts and reports of Market Data shifts for each historic scenario used in IM calculations.

2B.20.3 Trade Reports

Reports are provided that enable FX FCMs to monitor their firms’ trading events and positions in respect of ForexClear. Reports on open FCM ForexClear Contracts and on cancelled FCM ForexClear Transactions and FCM ForexClear Contracts are generated at EOD and reports on transferred FCM ForexClear Contracts are made on an ad hoc basis.

2B.20.4 Trade Fixing and Settlement Reports

Reports are published on each business day detailing the FCM ForexClear Contracts to which the Settlement Rate has been applied on that business day (the “NDF Fixings” report), FCM ForexClear Contracts that have been settled during that current business day (the “Settlements Today” report) and FCM ForexClear Contracts that will settle the next business day (the “NDF’s Fixed with Settlement Tomorrow” report).

2B.20.5 Fees Reports

Reports on trading volumes on a daily and monthly basis are provided to FX FCMs. Monthly reports are provided on the last business day of each month. They include the full trading volumes on which the monthly transaction fees will be charged to those FX FCMs choosing to have tariffs levied per transaction.

2B.20.6 Banking Reports

Follow this link for a full list of Banking reports.²

2B.21 Treasury Operations & Collateral Management

2B.21.1 Cover Distribution

The Clearing House nets each FX FCM's Liabilities (i.e. margins and multipliers) and then the total of cash collateral and non-cash collateral are applied to offset those net Liabilities. This process is known as cover distribution ("Cover Distribution"). FX FCMs can choose whether cash or non-cash collateral should be applied first. At the end of this process, if an FX FCM has a shortfall, a PPS (as defined in Section 2B.21.3 below) call for additional collateral is made. Conversely, any excess cash remaining after the final overnight Margin Run can, if requested before 09:30 local London time, be repaid to the FX FCM.

2B.21.2 Cover Distribution Notification

FX FCMs are informed via email of their: Liabilities as a percentage of their current total cover (such percentage being shown as a percentage of the aggregate cover in their cash and non-cash collateral account(s)) and are directed to the ForexClear Service Portal which provides reports (at the times specified in Section 0) informing FX FCMs of their (i) total Liabilities under the ForexClear Service; (ii) current total cover posted with the Clearing House for ForexClear; and (iii) Liabilities as a percentage of their current total cover (such percentage being shown as a percentage of the aggregate cover in their cash and non-cash collateral account(s)).

The reports accessed via the ForexClear Service Portal will enable FX FCMs to log in and examine the underlying data.

2B.21.3 Protected Payment System

The Clearing House operates the Protected Payments System ("PPS") for transferring funds to and from its FX FCMs to cover their Margin Requirements. This is similar to a direct debit arrangement where the PPS bank confirms that any Clearing House-specified call is met.

FX FCMs are obliged to hold an account with a London PPS bank in USD, as well as a USD account with a PPS bank in the USA.

Follow the link below for a list of PPS banks operating in the UK and US:

List of PPS Banks³

2B.21.4 Acceptable Forms of Collateral Cover

Follow the link below for a detailed description of acceptable collateral and processes applicable from time to time:

Risk Management/LCH.Clearnet Ltd/Acceptable Collateral

2B.21.5 Interest and Accommodation

Interest is paid to FX FCMs on cash collateral held by the Clearing House. The London Deposit Rate ("LDR") is applied. This rate is set daily at 10.00 local London time.

A utilisation fee, known as an accommodation charge, is charged on securities lodged at the Clearing House to cover liabilities. For an overview of interest and accommodation charges, please contact the Clearing House’s Treasury Operations or follow the link below:

Overview of interest and charges

2B.22 Default Management

2B.22.1 Portfolio Splitting

As part of the ForexClear Default Management Process, the Clearing House may divide an Auction Portfolio into two or more individual Auction Portfolios. In circumstances where such portfolio splitting is adopted, the Clearing House will, in consultation with the ForexClear Default Management Group, seek to create:

(a) one or more individual Auction Portfolios which have comparatively greater levels of risk associated with them, thereby isolating such Auction Portfolios from those which are more risk neutral; and

(b) one or more individual Auction Portfolios which are more risk neutral.

2B.22.2 Acceptance of Bids

In deciding whether to accept a bid, the Clearing House will generally accept the best bid in respect of any individual Auction. However, the Clearing House is entitled to reject a bid in the event that it considers, in its reasonable discretion that accepting the bid may:

(a) cause the Clearing House to breach any legal or regulatory requirement applicable to it by virtue of its being a Recognized Clearing House or a Derivatives Clearing Organization;

(b) cause the Clearing House or its membership any reputational harm;

http://www.lchclearnet.com/risk_management/ltd/pps/
http://www.lchclearnet.com/Images/Section4_tcm6-43748.pdf
(c) cause legal action or proceedings to be taken against the Clearing House; or
(d) endanger the Clearing House, any of its clearing members or the financial markets in which the Clearing House operates.

Where the Clearing House receives more than one bid from the same ForexClear Clearing Member and in respect of the same Auction the Clearing House is entitled to accept the last bid received by it in respect of that Auction. Where the Clearing House does not receive a bid that was made by a ForexClear Clearing Member for operational, technological or other similar reasons and as a result of which a bid does not reach the Clearing House, the Clearing House will be unable to accept a bid and shall not be liable for any failure to accept such bid.

2B.22.3 Affiliate Bidding

ForexClear Clearing Members are entitled to bid for an Auction Portfolio on behalf of an affiliated ForexClear Clearing Member or an affiliated FCM Clearing Member. Where a ForexClear Clearing Member makes a bid and that ForexClear Clearing Member has an affiliated ForexClear Clearing Member or FCM Clearing Member that does not make a bid, the Clearing House shall not (unless instructed otherwise in accordance with the paragraph below) assume that the bidding ForexClear Clearing Member has made the relevant bid on behalf of a non-bidding, affiliated ForexClear Clearing Member or FCM Clearing Member.

A ForexClear Clearing Member may notify the Clearing House, in advance of an Auction, that it wishes to bid on behalf of an affiliated ForexClear Clearing Member. Where it wishes to do so, the ForexClear Clearing Member should contact the Clearing House’s Membership Department (membership@lchclearnet.com; +44 (0)207 426 7949).

2B.22.4 Outsourcing

Pursuant to Section 1 (Membership) of the Procedures, an FX FCM may appoint a third party to fulfil one or both of the Clearing House’s Membership requirements to: (i) participate in a ForexClear “fire drill” run by the Clearing House; and (ii) participate in the ForexClear Default Management Process operated by the Clearing House. Where an FX FCM chooses to outsource one or both of these functions it must appoint and maintain at least three LCH Approved Outsourcing Agents.

The following entities are eligible for appointment as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent:

- a ForexClear Clearing Member
- an FX FCM;
- an FCM Client; or
- any other entity that the Clearing House deems appropriate in its sole discretion.

Where an FX FCM wishes to appoint a third party to carry out any obligation on its behalf, it should contact the Clearing House’s Membership Department with the:
(a) details of the third party entity that the FX FCM wishes to appoint as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent. Such information should include details of the applicant’s regulatory status;

(b) evidence of the existence of a legally binding agreement between the FX FCM Clearing Member and the third party; and

(c) such other information that the Clearing House reasonably considers necessary for the purposes of determining whether an entity should be approved as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent.

Following the receipt of all of the information above, the Clearing House shall determine in its sole discretion, whether to approve the third party as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent. In making its determination, the Clearing House shall consider the third party’s ability to demonstrate that it has the necessary operational infrastructure and appropriate asset class expertise.

Where an FX FCM successfully appoints an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent, that FX FCM may be subject to increased margin requirements to cater for the additional time required to invoke an outsourcing process in the event of a default.

FX FCMs should note that LCH Approved Outsourcing Agents may be subject to a more rigorous driving test and fire-drill than FX FCM (i.e. required to demonstrate an ability to price and bid a greater number of trades at tighter pricing tolerances and within more onerous timeframes). In addition, the Clearing House may require an FX FCM, that has appointed an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent, to participate in an ad-hoc fire-drill or driving test with such notice as the Clearing House deems appropriate in its sole discretion.

The Clearing House reserves the right to revoke an entity’s status as an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent, in its sole discretion and without notice. In the event of such a revocation, the relevant FX FCM shall be required to assume those responsibilities that were previously outsourced. Such revocation may occur where the Clearing House considers that there is an insufficient number of third party entities that are providing outsourced default management services (usually a minimum of five providers at any one time).

Other than in exceptional circumstances and in the Clearing House’s sole discretion, an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent may not act on behalf of more than three clearing members.

The appointment of an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent does not absolve an FX FCM of its obligations under the ForexClear DMP (including its obligation to participate in an Auction) and an LCH Approved Outsourcing Agent’s participation in the ForexClear DMP on behalf of an FX FCM, in the event of a default, shall not extend beyond the provision of operational and other ancillary support to that FX FCM.

2B.22.5 ForexClear DMG

The necessary involvement of FX FCMs and the ForexClear DMG (which, as defined in the Default Rules, refers to the advisory Default Management Group established by the Clearing House pursuant to the terms of the ForexClear DMP Annex to the Default Rules) in the ForexClear DMP entails the assessment and dissemination of information that could give rise to conflicts of interest. To ensure
that such potential conflicts are demonstrably contained. Appendix 2B.D establishes binding obligations of confidentiality, anonymity and the extent of dissemination of information on FX FCMs (and their executives or directors who participate from time to time in the ForexClear DMG) and on the Clearing House.

Each FX FCM who makes available a representative to serve on the ForexClear DMG agrees, and shall procure that, to the extent applicable, its representatives agree to be bound by and to ensure that it and any of its executives or directors serving on the ForexClear DMG complies with Appendix 2B.D covering confidentiality, non-disclosure and other terms.

2B.23 Payment of Stamp Tax

Each FCM Clearing Member shall pay any stamp tax or duty levied or imposed upon it or in respect of its execution or performance of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement, the FCM Default Fund Agreement, the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures (including any registration of an FCM ForexClear Contract) by a jurisdiction in which it is incorporated, organised, managed and controlled, or considered to have its seat, or in which a branch or office through which it is acting is located or by any other jurisdiction and shall indemnify the Clearing House against any stamp tax or duty levied or imposed upon the Clearing House or in respect of the Clearing House’s execution or performance of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement, the FCM Regulations and the FCM Procedures (including any registration of an FCM ForexClear Contract) by any such jurisdiction.

2B.24 Section 168, Finance Act 1994

Under section 696 Corporation Tax Act 2009 ("CTA 2009"), net payments in relation to certain derivative contracts (as defined in section 576 CTA 2009) by any company (company “A”) to a non-UK resident are denied UK tax relief unless one or more of the following conditions in section 697 CTA 2009 are met:

Company A is a bank, building society, financial trader or recognised clearing house acting as principal who has entered into the qualifying contract for the purposes of a UK trade.

The non-UK resident holds the qualifying contract (as principal) for the purposes of its UK trade.

A double tax treaty, that makes provision for interest, is in force between the UK and the country of residence of the non-UK resident (or, if different, the country of residence of the beneficial counterparty to the contract).

The Clearing House is considered a “recognised clearing house” as defined in section 285 of FSMA 2000.

Any contract must not be submitted to the Clearing House by FCM Clearing Members for clearing where one or more of the conditions in section 697 CTA 2009 are not satisfied, thereby bringing the contract within section 696 CTA 2009, nor should any FCM Clearing Member knowingly permit any such contract to be submitted by a ForexClear Participant. Should this occur the ForexClear FCM Clearing Member in whose name the contract is to be or has been registered must promptly notify the Clearing House and, in any event, within 30 days of that FCM Clearing Member becoming aware of the situation. Having investigated the circumstances, the Clearing House has an obligation to notify the HM Revenue &
Customs of the event and the Clearing House may, in its absolute discretion 
suspend any Executing [Dealer][Party] submitting such a contract for registration 
from the Register of Executing [Dealers][Parties]. The Clearing House may also, in 
its absolute discretion take such action in respect of the ForexClear FCM Clearing 
Member as it deems fit in accordance with the Regulations. The ForexClear FCM 
Clearing Member shall indemnify the Clearing House against any Corporation Tax 
or any other tax levied or imposed upon the Clearing House in respect of any such 
contract, and any other costs and expenses incurred by the Clearing House in 
connection therewith.

If in doubt, FCM Clearing Members should consult their professional advisers as to 
the potential application of sections 696 and 697 CTA 2009 to their transaction.]
**FCM CLIENT - PARTIAL TRANSFER FORM**

**V.1.0: November 2011**

Terms used in this form are as defined in LCH.Clearnet Limited’s FCM Rulebook unless defined herein.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>To:</strong></th>
<th>LCH.Clearnet Limited</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>From:</strong></td>
<td>Receiving FCM Clearing Member</td>
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<td><strong>Date:</strong></td>
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We, .................................................................................................................. [insert name of Receiving FCM Clearing Member] (the “Receiving FCM Clearing Member”) have received a request from ............ [insert name of transferring FCM Client] (the "FCM Client") to transfer part of its portfolio of FCM ForexClear Contracts from its Carrying FCM Clearing Member to us. We hereby request the transfer of the FCM ForexClear Contracts as identified below pursuant to FCM Regulation 8(c) and the FCM Procedures.

Please insert the LCH trade IDs of the transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts, using the Schedule below:

**Please insert the LCH trade ID and Approved Trade Source (ATS) ID of the transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts.**

**Please append a list of additional FCM ForexClear Contracts to this form, if required.**

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<th>LCH Trade ID</th>
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Signatories for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member:

We acknowledge and confirm the above and are authorised to sign for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member:

1. (Authorised Signatory) Name Position Date

2. (Authorised Signatory) Name Position Date

Signatories for and on behalf of the transferring FCM Client:

To: Receiving FCM Clearing Member

We acknowledge and confirm:

i. the request to transfer as detailed above;

ii. that LCH.Clearnet will contact our Carrying FCM Clearing Member in relation to this transfer and will disclose our identity to such Carrying FCM Clearing Member;

iii. that, in accordance with the FCM Rulebook, LCH.Clearnet is entitled to rely conclusively on the instructions and information received from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and shall have no liability or responsibility therefor;

iv. that the transfer detailed above may require that additional cover be paid to LCH.Clearnet (and/or by us to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member listed above and/or our Carrying FCM Clearing Member), and that LCH.Clearnet is not required to affect the transfer if it has not received adequate cover in respect of the transfer or if any of the other conditions set forth in the FCM Rulebook applicable to the transfer are unsatisfied;

v. that the FCM Client is not insolvent and has no outstanding obligations that are due and payable to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and/or its Affiliates; and

vi. that we are authorised to make these acknowledgements and confirmations and do so on behalf of the FCM Client listed above in accordance with the FCM Regulations.

For and on behalf of the FCM Client:

________________________________________  ______________________________________
Authorised signatory  Authorised signatory

________________________________________  ______________________________________
Date  Date

All forms should be returned to LCH.Clearnet Limited for the attention of Business Operations.

Email: ForexClear.BusOps@lchclearnet.com

Telephone: [+44 (0) 207 426 3729]

ForexClear Business Operations

Aldgate House

33 Aldgate High Street

London EC3N 1EA
APPENDIX 2B.B

FCM CLIENT – FULL TRANSFER FORM

LCH.CLEARNET

FCM CLIENT - FULL TRANSFER FORM

V.1.0: November 2011

Terms used in this form are as defined in LCH.Clearnet Limited’s FCM Rulebook unless defined herein

To: LCH.Clearnet Limited

From: Receiving FCM Clearing Member

Date:

We, ………………………………………………………………[insert name of Receiving FCM Clearing Member] (the “Receiving FCM Clearing Member”) have received a request from …………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….. [insert name of transferring FCM Client] (the “FCM Client”) to transfer its entire portfolio of FCM ForexClear Contracts from its Carrying FCM Clearing Member to us. We hereby request the transfer of the FCM ForexClear Contracts as identified below pursuant to FCM Regulation 8(b) and the FCM Procedures.

Please insert EITHER:

i. Name of Carrying FCM Clearing Member:

…………………………………………………………………………………………

OR

ii. the LCH trade IDs of the transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts (using the Schedule on the next page).

in order to enable LCH.Clearnet to identify the relevant FCM ForexClear Contracts that are to be transferred.

Please tick the relevant box below to confirm whether the FCM Client wishes to transfer the associated Accounts Assets in accordance with FCM Regulations 8(d).

☐ The FCM Client wishes to transfer Account Assets

☐ The FCM Client does NOT wish to transfer Account Assets

Signatories for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member:

We acknowledge and confirm the above and are authorised to sign for and on behalf of the Receiving FCM Clearing Member

1

(Authorised Signatory) Name Position date

2

(Authorised Signatory) Name Position date
Signatories for and on behalf of the transferring FCM Client:

To: Receiving FCM Clearing Member

We acknowledge and confirm:

i. the request to transfer as detailed herein;

ii. that we will be unable to submit further FCM ForexClear Contracts through our Carrying FCM Clearing Member from the date that this form is received by LCH.Clearnet until the transfer has been effected;

iii. that LCH.Clearnet will contact our Carrying FCM Clearing Member in relation to this transfer and will disclose our identity to such Carrying FCM Clearing Member;

iv. that, in accordance with the FCM Rulebook, LCH.Clearnet is entitled to rely conclusively on the instructions and information received from the Receiving FCM Clearing Member and the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and shall have no liability or responsibility therefor;

v. that the transfer detailed above may require that additional cover be paid to LCH.Clearnet (and/or by us to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member listed above) even where Account Assets are transferred, and that LCH.Clearnet is not required to affect the transfer if it has not received adequate cover in respect of the transfer or if any of the other conditions set forth in the FCM Rulebook applicable to the transfer are unsatisfied;

vi. that, where we have requested the transfer of Account Assets, (x) we should contact our Carrying FCM Clearing Member to ensure that they contact LCH.Clearnet to identify the correct Account Assets to be transferred, and (y) while LCH.Clearnet will attempt to transfer the specified Account Assets to the Receiving FCM Clearing Member, LCH.Clearnet is permitted to transfer alternative collateral as it deems appropriate in accordance with the FCM Rulebook;

vii. that the FCM Client is not insolvent; and has no outstanding obligations that are due and payable to the Carrying FCM Clearing Member and/or its Affiliates;

viii. that we are authorised to make these acknowledgements and confirmations and do so on behalf of the FCM Client listed above in accordance with the FCM Regulations.

For and on behalf of the FCM Client:

Authorised signatory

Date

Authorised signatory

Date

All forms should be returned to LCH.Clearnet Limited for the attention of Business Operations.

Insert email: ForexClear.BusOps@lchclearnet.com

Insert telephone number: [+44 (0) 207 426 3729]

ForexClear Business Operations
Aldgate House
33 Aldgate High Street
London EC3N 1EA
UNITED KINGDOM
Schedule of transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts:

**Please insert the LCH trade ID and Approved Trade Source (ATS) ID of one or more transferring FCM ForexClear Contracts in order that LCH.Clearnet can determine the identity of the relevant Carrying FCM Clearing Member.**

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<th>ATS Trade ID</th>
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## FCM CLIENT TRANSFER - CARRYING FCM CLEARING MEMBER RESPONSE FORM

**V.1.0: November 2011**

Terms used in this form are as defined in LCH.Clearnet Limited’s FCM Rulebook unless defined herein.

### To:
LCH.Clearnet Limited

### From:
Carrying FCM Clearing Member

### Date:

We, [insert name of Carrying FCM Clearing Member] (the “Carrying FCM Clearing Member”) have received a request from LCH.Clearnet Limited in relation to [insert name of transferring FCM Client]’s [insert name of transferring FCM Client] (the “FCM Client”) request to transfer [its entire/part of its*] portfolio of FCM ForexClear Contracts held by us. We are writing to inform you that:

*Delete as appropriate*

- [ ] The transferring FCM Client has become insolvent and its FCM ForexClear Contracts should therefore not be transferred in accordance with FCM Regulation 8(b)(i) or FCM Regulation 8(c)(i), as applicable.
- [ ] The transferring FCM Client has outstanding obligations that are due and payable to us and/or our Affiliates and therefore its FCM ForexClear Contracts should not be transferred in accordance with FCM Regulation 8(b)(v) or FCM Regulation 8(c)(v), as applicable.
- [ ] The transferring FCM Client has asked that Account Assets be transferred and the relevant Account Assets are described in the schedule below.

### Schedule of Account Assets:

- [ ] The Account Assets of the FCM Client consist solely of cash in the following amount and currency:

<table>
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<th>CASH AMOUNT &amp; CURRENCY</th>
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</table>

- [ ] The Account Assets of the FCM Client consist of the following cash and non-cash collateral:

  | CASH AMOUNT & CURRENCY |
### ISIN | Notional Value
--- | ---

All forms should be returned to LCH.Clearnet Limited for the attention of Business Operations.

Email: ForexClear.BusOps@lchclearnet.com

Telephone: [+44 (0) 207 426 3729]

Fax: [TBC]

ForexClear Business Operations  
Aldgate House  
33 Aldgate High Street  
London EC3N 1EA  
UNITED KINGDOM

---

**Signatories for and on behalf of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member:**

We acknowledge and confirm the above and that we are authorised to sign for and on behalf of the Carrying FCM Clearing Member:

1. (Authorised Signatory) Name Position date

2. (Authorised Signatory) Name Position date
CONFIDENTIALITY, NON-DISCLOSURE AND PARTICIPATION IN THE FOREXCLEAR DEFAULT MANAGEMENT GROUP

1 Definitions

1.1 “Confidential Material” means data (including but not limited to portfolio data) and documents, which are not in the public domain and which are disclosed to the FXCCM, its associated companies and advisers, or to which the FXCCM, its associated companies and advisers obtains or otherwise has access as a result of participation in the ForexClear Default Management Process, (which, for the avoidance of doubt, does not include any information, data or documents provided to the Clearing House by the FXCCM).

1.2 “FXDMG Member” means an individual appointed by a Nominating FXCCM.

1.3 “Nominating FXCCM” means a ForexClear Member who, through their obligations under the ForexClear DMP Annex, makes available a representative to serve on the FXDMG.

1.4 “Permitted Purpose” means proper fulfilment by the FXCCM of its duties under the ForexClear DMP Annex and includes, after the completion of the Auction, the use by the FXCCM its associated companies and advisers (to be determined by it at its discretion) of any data or documents related to portfolios successfully won through the Auction, for the purposes of its own ongoing portfolio management and to enable it to comply with ongoing legal or regulatory requirements.

1.5 References denoting the masculine (including “his” and “he”) shall be construed as the feminine if the FXDMG Member is female.

1.6 All other terms have the meaning ascribed to them in the Default Rules (including the ForexClear DMP Annex).

Confidentiality and non-disclosure: general obligations of the FXCCM

2 Confidentiality

2.1 The FXCCM agrees that, in consideration of being given Confidential Material, it will keep all such Confidential Material in the strictest confidence, adhere to the provisions of this Agreement in respect thereof and, subject to paragraph 2.3, will not disclose it to any person without the prior written permission of the Managing Director, Risk of the Clearing House or a Director of Risk Management of the Clearing House, providing always that the FXCCM shall be relieved of such an obligation of confidentiality in respect of any Confidential Material if:

a) it comes into the public domain other than through a breach by the FXCCM of this Agreement; or

b) the FXCCM is expressly obliged to do so by order of a court of competent jurisdiction upon the application of a third party, or as a result of any request to disclose such part or parts of the Confidential Material in connection with any inquiry or other request by a regulatory authority or self-regulatory authority asserting jurisdiction over the FXCCM.
2.2 The FXCCM further agrees that it will not use any Confidential Material for any purpose other than the Permitted Purpose. In this regard the FXCCM expressly acknowledges and agrees that the Confidential Material may contain commercially sensitive information which if used inappropriately or otherwise than in accordance with this Appendix 2B.D might result in the gaining of an unfair commercial advantage by the FXCCM over other members of the Clearing House ForexClear Service.

2.3 Subject to paragraph 2.5, the FXCCM may disclose any Confidential Material to any of its employees, representatives, associated companies and advisers on a “strictly need to know” basis, in the event that any such person needs that Confidential Material for the Permitted Purpose (and to that extent only).

2.4 The FXCCM agrees to establish and adhere to adequate procedures (including, without limitation, the establishment of appropriate Chinese walls) to ensure that any employee or representative to whom any Confidential Material is disclosed shall not use any part or all of that Confidential Material for any proprietary purpose outside the scope of the Permitted Purpose.

2.5 This paragraph and the duties hereunder shall survive the termination of this Appendix 2B.D and, in relation to any Confidential Material, shall expire on the second anniversary of the date the Confidential Material was first provided to the FXCCM.

3 Secrecy

3.1 Except in accordance with the terms of this Appendix 2B.D, the FXCCM agrees that it shall treat as strictly confidential and shall not disclose or allow to be divulged to any person:

   a) Confidential Material;

   b) the fact that it has received any Confidential Material;

   c) the existence of any discussions or negotiations between the parties in this matter.

   d) details of the Permitted Purpose and any of the proposals, terms, conditions, facts or other matters relating to any of the foregoing. Subject only to the FXCCM being relieved of such an obligation because of the circumstances covered in paragraphs 2.1a) and 2.1b).

3.2 The Clearing House undertakes to ensure that the FXCCM is fully appraised of information on the ForexClear Default Management Process that it makes public and which is accordingly of relevance to the FXCCM's obligations.

4 Property

4.1 The parties acknowledge that the property in the Confidential Material (or any part of it) shall not pass to the FXCCM or any FXCCM, and the property in the media on
which it is conveyed to the receiving party shall not pass to the FXCCM or any FXCCM unless expressly so agreed by the Clearing House in writing.

5 Return of Confidential Material

5.1 Upon request by the Clearing House, and in any event upon fulfilment of the Permitted Purpose, the FXCCM shall promptly return to the Clearing House by a secure method of transportation all or any part of the Confidential Material and all copies thereof in its possession or control or that of its employees or representatives, including all other papers, programs and records incorporating any of that Confidential Material, or shall destroy such information and shall certify to the Clearing House in writing that it has done so provided that the FXCCM is permitted to retain copies of any Confidential Material which it requires as part of its portfolio management or otherwise for legal or regulatory reasons.

6 No Representations or Warranties; No Conflict of Interest

6.1 Subject to references made in paragraph 7, the Confidential Material is disclosed by the Clearing House without any representation or warranty whatsoever as to its accuracy or completeness or otherwise.

6.2 The Clearing House acknowledges and agrees that, subject to compliance with the terms of this Appendix 2B.D by the FXCCM and any of its employees or representatives to whom Confidential Material is provided in accordance with this Appendix 2B.D, the FXCCM’s participation in the ForexClear Default Management Process shall not prevent the FXCCM from carrying out any transaction, or otherwise providing investment services in respect of, investments that the FXCCM may subsequently learn are the subject of Confidential Material and, furthermore, the Clearing House agrees that it shall not be able to assert that the FXCCM has a conflict of interest in doing so nor shall the Clearing House have a claim or action in respect of the foregoing against the FXCCM or any of its directors, employees or other representatives.

7 Liability

7.1 Subject to Regulation 24, the parties agree and acknowledge that neither the Clearing House nor any of its employees or representatives shall have any liability whatsoever to the FXCCM or any of employees or representatives, for any loss or damage of whatsoever kind howsoever arising directly or indirectly out of or in connection with the disclosed Confidential Material or its use.

7.2 The Clearing House accepts liability for any personal injury or death caused by the negligence of the Clearing House and any fraud or wilful default on the part of the Clearing House, for any actions that it may take on the basis of advice given to it by the FXDMG, and for the accuracy of the information (confidential material as defined in this Appendix 2B.D) that it distributes to the FXCCM in connection with the ForexClear Default Management Process.
7.3 Under no circumstances shall the Clearing House have any liability to the FXCCM for (a) any consequential loss or other indirect loss of whatsoever kind or (b) loss of anticipated profit (whether direct or indirect).

8 Remedies

8.1 Without affecting any other rights or remedies that the Clearing House may have, the FXCCM acknowledges that the Clearing House may be irreparably harmed by any breach of the terms of this Appendix 2B.D and that damages alone may not necessarily be an adequate remedy. Accordingly, the Clearing House will be entitled to the remedies of injunction, specific performance and other equitable relief, or any combination of these remedies, for any threatened or actual breach of its terms, and not proof of special damages will be necessary to enforce this Agreement.

Confidentiality and non-disclosure and general terms of participation in ForexClear Default Management Group

9 Conflict of interest

9.1 The FXCCM shall procure that, in the event that a FXDMG Member takes the view that a possible conflict of interest may arise with regard to any matter forming part of the business of the FXDMG, he shall promptly report his view to the Chairman of the FXDMG, who shall act accordingly, taking the advice of other FXDMG Members as appropriate.

10 Confidentiality

10.1 Subject to paragraph 10.3 below, the FXCCM shall procure that the FXDMG Member shall keep all Confidential Material strictly confidential to himself and will not disclose it to any person who is not a FXDMG Member (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the FXCCM who recommended his appointment to the FXDMG (the Nominating FXCCM) or his employer (if different) or any other employee, adviser, officer or fellow worker of that FXCCM or his employer) without the prior written permission of the Managing Director, Risk of the Clearing House or his properly authorised delegate, providing always that the FXDMG Member shall be relieved of such an obligation of confidentiality in respect of any Confidential Material if it comes into the public domain in the circumstances covered in paragraphs 2.1a) and 2.1b).

10.2 Subject to paragraph 10.3 below, the FXCCM shall procure that the FXDMG Member shall not use any Confidential Material for any purpose other than the proper fulfilment of his duties as a FXDMG Member.

10.3 The parties acknowledge that, in the event that a Default Notice is issued by the Clearing House in respect of any ForexClear Clearing Member, the FXDMG Member may be required by the Nominating FXCCM and/or his employer (if different) to provide certain services to the Clearing House in the management of the default. In such event, and only in such event, the parties acknowledge that the
FXDMG Member shall be entitled to disclose any part or parts of the Confidential Material as may be agreed by the Clearing House, in such manner and form and in accordance with such procedures as may prescribed by the Clearing House and/or the FXDMG with regard to the management of that default.

10.4 Upon request by the Clearing House, and in any event upon termination of the membership of the FXDMG Member of the FXDMG, the FXCCM shall procure that the FXDMG Member shall promptly return to the Clearing House by a secure method of transportation all or any part of the Confidential Material and all copies thereof in his possession or control, including all abstracts, notes, drawings and other papers, programs and records incorporating any of that Confidential Material, or shall destroy such information and shall certify to the Clearing House in writing that it has done so, provided that the FXDMG Member is permitted to retain a copy thereof to comply with applicable legal or regulatory requirements.

11 Warranty and representation

11.1 The FXCCM represents and warrants that it will procure that:

a) the Nominating FXCCM and the FXDMG Member’s employer (if different) are aware of the obligations of confidentiality arising out of this Agreement; and

b) nothing in this Appendix 2B.D will cause the FXDMG Member to breach any duty or obligation (whether arising pursuant to contract or otherwise) which he owes to the Nominating FXCCM or to his employer, if different, or any other contract counterparty of the FXDMG Member.

12 Confidentiality and non-disclosure: general obligations of the Clearing House

12.1 The Clearing House will treat all Confidential Material in the terms envisaged in this Appendix 2B.D, confining use to the ForexClear Default Management Process, restricting its availability on a “strictly need to know basis”, and exercising every duty of care required of it as a Recognised Clearing House and as a Derivatives Clearing Organization.
FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

3. FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

3.1 Accounts

3.1.1 Overview

FCM Clearing Members are usually provided with two sub-accounts per financial account:

Cover account;

Tender account (not applicable to Default Fund (DF) accounts)

These accounts are used to record cash movements between the Clearing House and the FCM Clearing Member. Refer to section 2.5 for a full description of financial accounts. Although the Clearing House and FCM Clearing Members are permitted to physically commingle FCM Client cover relating to FCM Contracts in any Business Category of FCM Contract, FCM Clearing Members and the Clearing House are required to maintain separate accounts for each such Business Category of FCM Contract.

3.1.2 Cover Account Postings

Transactions posted to the Cover account include but are not limited to:

PPS payments and receipts;

Interest and accommodation charges;

Currency purchases and sales;

Clearing House fees, charges and rebates;

SwapClear coupon payments;

SwapClear coupon adjustments;

Net Present Value (NPV);

Price alignment interest;

Consideration.

3.1.3 Tender Account Postings

Transactions posted to the Tender account include but are not limited to:

PPS payments and receipts;

Coupon Payments relating to member collateral.
3.1.4 **Financial Transaction Reporting**

Details of postings to these accounts are available to FCM Clearing Members with direct access to the LCH.Clearnet Limited Member Intranet Site. FCM Clearing Members with direct access to the LCH.Clearnet Limited’s Member Intranet Site for SwapClear (see section 2A.1.3) should use the “Yesterday’s Cover Account Postings” report.

3.2 **Protected Payments System (PPS)**

The Clearing House operates a direct debit system, known as the Protected Payments System (PPS), for the transfer of funds to and from FCM Clearing Members. It is operated in both London (“London PPS”) and in the United States (where it is known as “US PPS”).

3.2.1 **London PPS**

(a) Introduction

An FCM Clearing Member must open and maintain PPS accounts in GBP and USD and such other currencies in which it incurs settlements on its Client or House accounts.

In addition, FCM Clearing Members must open PPS accounts in London in USD and in all other currencies in which it incurs settlements (see Appendix 3A for a list of the relevant participating PPS banks in London).

Any bank charges connected with the holding of any PPS bank account or related to any activity on that account must be paid by the account holding FCM Clearing Member.

The GBP non-segregated PPS account will, inter alia, be used to process DF contributions.

Where applicable, all PPS accounts that hold FCM Clients’ funds and collateral must be segregated in line with the FCM Regulations and CFTC Regulation 1.49.

(b) PPS Mandate

Each FCM Clearing Member is required to complete a standard form London PPS Mandate(s) (see Appendix 3B) for each bank branch at which they wish to operate an account before clearing can commence.

(c) Morning PPS Calls

FCM Clearing Members’ liabilities are calculated overnight. Should the amount not be covered by acceptable forms of cover held by the Clearing House (see section 3.3) the difference is called through London PPS with separate calls made for each currency. It is the responsibility of each FCM Clearing Member to ensure that its London PPS bank(s) meets all payment instructions received from the Clearing House. Confirmation of payments, as notified, must be received by the Clearing House from the relevant PPS bank(s) by 09:00 hours or earlier on the day on which the PPS Call is made.
(d) Other PPS Functions

In addition to the morning calls, London PPS is used to:

(i) remit surplus cash balances to the FCM Clearing Member’s PPS bank(s) upon instruction to LCH.Clearnet Limited Treasury Operations between 07:00 and 9:30 hours or by prior arrangement with LCH.Clearnet Limited Treasury Operations;

(ii) call intra-day cover payments, where the Clearing House must receive confirmation of payment from the PPS bank(s) within one hour of receipt by the relevant bank of the PPS Call. Such PPS calls will usually be made up until 16:00 hours.

(e) Value Date

FCM Clearing Members should note that the PPS (both in London and in the USA) is a system for facilitating payment to the Clearing House of moneys due from FCM Clearing Members to the Clearing House and vice versa. The giving of a commitment by a participating Bank through PPS to make any payment, and the receipt of that commitment by the Clearing House is not to be regarded as satisfaction of any payment due to the Clearing House. Each FCM Clearing Member remains fully responsible for the payment to the Clearing House of all moneys due to the Clearing House as required, inter alia, by the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement, the FCM Default Fund Agreement, clearing extension documentation, these FCM Procedures, the Default Rules and the FCM Regulations. Payment is only completed when the funds have been credited for value to the relevant Clearing House bank account, and any time permitted by the relevant payment settlement system for the recall of any such payment has expired.

(f) Foreign Bank Holidays

The Clearing House has made arrangements with its London PPS bankers to operate the PPS on all UK banking days including foreign bank holidays. Confirmation that PPS payments will be made must still be received within the deadlines set out in section 3.2.1.5 and 3.2.1.6. However, the value date for any PPS transactions made on a day which is a bank or public holiday in the country of that currency will be for the next business day on which both the foreign currency centre and the Clearing House are open for business.

Example: 20 August is a public holiday in the USA but not in the UK. 21 August is a normal banking day in the USA.

On the 20 August the Clearing House will issue its normal USD instructions to PPS banks, and receive confirmation in response to the PPS Call, for value 21 August.

UK Bank Holidays

The Clearing House does not give value to any payment on a UK bank holiday, if the Clearing House is closed for business on that bank holiday. PPS Calls will be made on the next following business day.
However, the Clearing House may sometimes be open for business on a UK bank holiday – in such circumstances PPS Calls will be made as normal that day. Value will be given the same day providing that US banks are open for business that day too.

(g) Secured Debit Cash Balances

FCM Clearing Members may, at the discretion of the Clearing House, secure debit cash balances up to defined limits with collateral or cash in another currency. Once the cash balance exceeds any such limit, the London PPS automatically issues an instruction demanding payment of the full amount in that currency.

For current debit cash limits, refer to LCH.Clearnet Limited circulars or contact LCH.Clearnet Limited Treasury Operations.

LCH.Clearnet Limited reserves the right to alter the levels set and/or to demand immediate payment of the total sum due or any part thereof.

3.2.2 US PPS

Each FCM Clearing Member is required to maintain a US dollar PPS account for its House and Client account with at least one of the US PPS Banks – a list of the participating branches appears at Appendix 3C.

Where applicable, all PPS accounts must be segregated in line with the FCM Regulations, CFTC Regulations 1.20 and 1.49 and Part 22 of the CFTC Regulations.

This requirement is supplemental to and additional to the requirement that each FCM Clearing Member must hold relevant PPS accounts in London, which must also segregate FCM Clients’ funds and collateral as required by the FCM Regulations and CFTC Regulation 1.49.

(h)(a) US PPS Mandates

An FCM Clearing Member is required to complete a standard form US PPS mandate (see Appendix 3D). The original of the US PPS mandate must be signed by a person with the appropriate authority within the FCM Clearing Member institution and then forwarded to the relevant bank. A copy must also be forwarded at the same time to the Clearing House.

(i)(b) Intra-Day Margin Call

The intra-day margin call by the Clearing House is for intra-day cover payments.

Normally the Clearing House will call intra-day margin through London PPS accounts. However where the Clearing House wishes to make such an intra-day call after London PPS closes (16:00 London time), such a call will be made upon the FCM Clearing Member’s nominated US PPS account.

The Clearing House has the ability to call US dollars in respect of an intra-day margin call up until 16:00 hours New York Time (21:00 hours London Time).
Funds will be called through US PPS until 16:00 hours NY Time (21:00 hours London Time)

4(g) Confirmations

The Clearing House must receive confirmation of payment from the FCM Clearing Member’s nominated US PPS bank within one hour of receipt of the US PPS Call by the relevant US bank branch.

4(d) Use of London PPS and US PPS

These FCM Procedures indicate which part of the PPS system will be used in the normal course of events for making PPS Calls. Generally London PPS will be used for Morning PPS Calls (including contributions to the Default Fund), remitting surplus cash balances to an FCM Clearing Member, and for making intra-day margin calls up to 16:00 hours London time. However FCM Clearing Members should be aware that the Clearing House reserves the right to direct a Morning PPS Call or intra-day margin calls before 16:00 hours London time to an FCM Clearing Member's US PPS account in exceptional circumstances (“Exceptional PPS Call”). The Clearing House will use all reasonable commercial endeavours to notify the FCM Clearing Member in advance of issuing any such Exceptional PPS Call.

3.3 Acceptable Forms Of Cover

The Clearing House accepts certain types of securities and cash in the Clearing House’s prescribed form against liabilities

The Clearing House may vary, at its discretion, the standard requirements and valuation procedures set out in this section, either generally or in a particular case, without giving prior written notice to FCM Clearing Members. Further, the Clearing House may vary the types of cover acceptable to it, including but not limited to cash, performance bonds or securities.

To view our acceptable collateral list, go to: http://www.lchclearnet.com/risk_management/ltd/acceptable_collateral.asp.

3.3.1 Cash

In order not to fall within the scope of deposit-taking regulations applying to banks and similar institutions, the Clearing House can accept cash from FCM Clearing Members only in relation to current or anticipated obligations.

FCM Clearing Members must give LCH.Clearnet Limited Treasury Operations no less than two (2) Business Days notice of their intention to request withdrawal of cash used as cover for margin and its replacement by the lodgement of collateral. In the event that an FCM Clearing Member seeks to withdraw such cash cover without giving such notice, the Clearing House will decline to release such cash cover until the end of the required notice period.
3.3.2 **Securities**

Please refer to the following pages on our website for both prevailing haircuts and notes on collateral acceptable for margin purposes


3.3.3 **Securities Value Notification**

FCM Clearing Members may obtain details on the value of securities credited to their account on a daily basis. FCM Clearing Members with direct access to the LCH.Clearnet Limited Member Intranet site should use the “Collateral by Member” report.

3.4 **Distribution Of Cover**

3.4.1 **Overview**

As different types of cover attract different utilisation fees and different contracts are assessed for VAT in different ways (see section 3.5.4), the Clearing House identifies the cover applied to liabilities in order to allow utilisation fees and VAT to be calculated correctly.

This is done by establishing a specified order for both types of liabilities and types of cover and applying cover sequentially, such that cover type 1 is applied first to liability type 1, cover type 2 to liability type 1 if there is a deficiency when cover type 1 has been exhausted and so on.

The following procedures are not in any way intended to restrict, vary, or alter the Clearing House's rights to apply cover held (including any described in LCH.Clearnet Limited reports/records as “unutilised” or “excess”) to meet the FCM Clearing Member's liabilities/obligations to LCH.Clearnet Limited.

3.4.2 **Liability Order**

**Note:** The following provision applies solely for the purpose of calculating fees. In case of default by an FCM Clearing Member, please see section 3.4.4 below.

Liabilities will be covered in the order:

(a) Secured debit cash balances (see section 3.2.1.10);

(b) Variation and initial margin including offset of contingent credits.

3.4.3 **Cover Application**

**Note:** The following provision applies solely for the purpose of calculating fees. In case of default by an FCM Clearing Member, please see section 3.4.7 below.

Cash will be applied before to each liability.

FCM Clearing Members may choose to have cash applied before securities:
3.4.4 **Order of Priority on Default**

Post-default the Clearing House is entitled to realise and/or apply cover in whatever order it deems appropriate.

3.5 **Interest And Accommodation Charge Structure**

This Section applies to accounts other than DF accounts.

3.5.1 **London Deposit Rate (LDR)**

The LDR is the rate at which the Clearing House will normally pay interest on credit cash balances (excluding DF Contributions).

(a) Calculation

LDR is calculated daily for each currency by 10:00 hours. It is derived from bid rates for overnight funds quoted by selected money brokers and/or major banks. For next day value currencies, LDR is calculated the day prior using the tom/next rate.

Rates are available on and on the Clearing House banking system (screen code CBRDS) or by telephone from LCH.Clearnet Limited Treasury Operations.

(b) Alteration

The Clearing House reserves the right to alter the basis of calculating LDR. Any alteration will be effective on the date notified.

3.5.2 **Contingency Payment Arrangements**

Clearing Members must ensure that they have contingency arrangements to ensure continuity of margin payment in the event of failure of their nominated PPS Bank.

3.5.3 **Price Alignment Interest (PAI) Rate**

To minimise the impact of daily cash variation margin payments on the pricing of interest rate swaps, the Clearing House will charge interest on cumulative variation margin received by the clearing member and pay interest on cumulative variation margin paid in by the clearing member respect of these instruments. This interest element is known as price alignment interest (“PAI”).

The calculation of PAI shall use the interest rates specified as below. The amount of PAI for each currency shall be calculated as:

The amount of NPV in such currency from the previous day’s COB multiplied by:

The relevant interest rate in effect for that day; divided by

360 or in the case of AUD, CAD, GBP, HKD, JPY, NZD, PLN, SGD and ZAR, 365

In the case of the currencies marked below with an asterisk, the Clearing House, as provided in Regulation 21(b), specifies that it will not change the PAI rate without the consent of all SwapClear Clearing Members holding open contracts in such currencies.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>PAI Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>**USD *</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the Effective Federal Funds rate, the rate published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as such rate appears on Reuters page “FEDFUNDS1” or Telerate 120 or on any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**EUR *</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the EONIA rate, the rate published by the European Banking Federation and ACI – The Financial Market Association as such rate appears on Reuters page “EONIA” or Telerate 247 or on any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**GBP *</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the SONIA rate, the rate published by the Wholesale Markets Broker Association as such rate appears on Reuters page “SONIA” or on any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**JPY *</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the Mutan call rate, the rate published by the Bank of Japan as such rate appears on Reuters page “TONAR” or on any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**CHF *</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the TOIS rate, the T/N interbank fixing as such rate appears on Reuters page “CHFTOIS” or Telerate 3450 or any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**AUD</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the “AONIA” rate, the rate published by the Reserve Bank of Australia – as such rate appears on Reuters page “RBA30” or any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**CAD</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the “CORRA” rate, the rate published by the Bank of Canada website – as such rate appears on Reuters page “CORRA” or any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**DKK</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the “DKKOIS” rate, the rate published by the Danish Central Bank – as such rate appears on Reuters page “DKNA14” or any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**HKD</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the “HONIX” rate, the rate published by the Hong Kong Brokers Association – as such rate appears on Reuters page “HONIX” or any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**NZD</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the “NZIONA” rate, the rate published by the Reserve bank of New Zealand – as such rate appears on Reuters page “RBNZ02” or any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**PLN</td>
<td>The rate used shall be the “POLONIA” rate, the rate published by the National Bank of Poland – as such rate appears on Reuters page “NBPS” or any successor page(s) thereto.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SEK  The rate used shall be the "SIOR" rate, the rate published by the OMX Exchange – as such rate appears on Reuters page “SIOR” or any successor page(s) thereto.

ZAR  The rate used shall be the SFX ZAR OND rate, the rate published by SAFEX JIBAR – as such rate appears on Reuters page “SFXROD” or any successor page(s) thereto.

CZK  The rate used shall be the "CZEONIA" rate, the rate published by the Czech National Bank – as such rate appears on Reuters page “CZEONIA” or any successor page(s) thereto.

HUF  The rate used shall be the "HUFONIA" rate, the rate published by the National Bank of Hungary – as such rate appears on Reuters page “HUFONIA” or any successor page(s) thereto.

SGD  The rate used shall be the "SONAR" rate, the rate published by the Association of Banks in Singapore – as such rate appears on Reuters page “ABSIRFIX01” or any successor page(s) thereto.

NOK  The rate used shall be the NOK sight deposit rate, the rate published by Norges Bank – as such rate appears on Reuters page “NOINTR=ECI” or any successor page(s) thereto.

For currency NOK, PAI is calculated using an appropriate overnight deposit rate for the currency

### 3.5.4 Interest/Accommodation Structure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application of Cover</th>
<th>Type of Cover</th>
<th>Credit Variation Margin</th>
<th>Performance Bonds</th>
<th>Securities</th>
<th>Cash</th>
<th>Foreign Cash</th>
<th>Forward Cash</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debit Cash (GBP, USD EUR)</td>
<td>No charge or payment</td>
<td>Charge 0.10%</td>
<td>Charge LDR of debit currency plus 0.10%</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Charge LDR of debit currency plus 1.00%</td>
<td>Charge LDR of debit currency plus 1.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit Cash CHF, JPY DKK, NOK, SEK</td>
<td>No charge or payment</td>
<td>Charge 0.10%</td>
<td>Charge LDR of debit currency plus 0.10%</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Charge LDR of debit currency plus 2.00%</td>
<td>Charge LDR of debit currency plus 2.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial &amp; Variation margin after offset</td>
<td>No charge or payment</td>
<td>Charge 0.10%</td>
<td>Charge LDR of debit currency plus 0.10%</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Pay LDR of cover currency</td>
<td>No charge or payment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.5.5 Payment of Interest and Charges

Interest and accommodation charges (other than PAI) are calculated on a daily basis and the resultant monthly total is posted to FCM Clearing Members’ cover accounts at the beginning of the following calendar month. A VAT invoice is issued monthly detailing the interest and accommodation charges applicable for the previous month. Separate invoices are issued for each currency.

VAT is charged, dependent on contract, on accommodation charges and collateral utilisation fees at current rates. On foreign currency amounts VAT is charged in sterling on the converted value of any relevant charges. The sterling cover account shows separate postings for sterling VAT amounts arising from foreign currency charges.

The net invoice value for each currency is posted to the relevant cover account for value on the second working day of the month succeeding the month in which the charges arose.

The invoice provides detail in respect of:

- **(c)(a)** interest due;
- **(d)(b)** accommodation charges;
- **(e)(c)** collateral/performance bonds utilisation fees.

Accommodation charges and collateral utilisation fees are combined and reported as accommodation charges for each appropriate category on the monthly invoice.

3.6 Fees

Details of fees and refunds pending are collated during the month.

An invoice or credit note is produced detailing the fees to be posted to the house cover account.

The invoice/credit note displays the type of fee, contract, currency, fee rate, volume, fee amount, VAT amount, sub totals for each fee class and the overall total posted to the cover account.

Monthly postings are processed via the cover account at the beginning of the following month, on the third working day. Other postings, such as various Market Maker Scheme rebates, are processed by the Clearing House following receipt of data from the relevant exchange.
3.7 **Default Fund: SwapClear Contributions**

SwapClear Contributions (as defined in the Default Fund Rules) will be called via PPS on the fourth working day of each month or more frequently pursuant to a determination of the SwapClear Contribution under S2(k) of the Default Fund Rules (each a “SwapClear Reset Day”). SwapClear Contribution requirements will be notified to SwapClear Clearing Members at least two working days prior to each SwapClear Reset Day on Member Intranet Report 000032.

Excess SwapClear Contribution amounts due to SwapClear Clearing Members following the adjustment to the SwapClear Contribution will be repaid to SwapClear Clearing Members’ PPS accounts immediately following the adjustment to the SwapClear Contribution.

Interest on SwapClear Contributions will be paid to SwapClear Clearing Members’ PPS accounts on the first working day after the SwapClear Reset Day following the end of the relevant “interest accrual period”. Interest is calculated in respect of each “interest accrual period”, which commences on (and includes) a SwapClear Reset Day and ends on (and includes) the calendar day immediately before the next SwapClear Reset Day.

3.8 **Quantifying SwapClear Contributions**

For the purposes of calculating the SwapClear Margin Weight under Rule S2(c) of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement, the average daily requirement for initial margin applied to an FCM Clearing Member shall be determined by reference to the FCM SwapClear Contracts comprising the SwapClear House Business of that FCM Clearing Member only. Nothing in the foregoing sentence shall prevent the Clearing House from introducing changes to the methodology used for calculating the SwapClear Margin Weight and, in particular, with effect from 28 September 2012, the average daily requirement for initial margin applied to an FCM Clearing Member for the purposes of such calculation shall be determined by reference to the FCM SwapClear Contracts comprising both the SwapClear House Business and the SwapClear Clearing Client Business of that FCM Clearing Member.

3.9 **Default Fund: ForexClear Contributions**

ForexClear Contributions (as defined in the Default Fund Rules) will be called via PPS on the fourth working day of each month or more frequently pursuant to a determination of the ForexClear Contribution under F2(a) of the Default Fund Rules (each a “ForexClear Reset Day”). ForexClear Contribution requirements will be notified to ForexClear Clearing Members at least two working days prior to each ForexClear Reset Day on Member Intranet Report 000032.

Excess ForexClear Contribution amounts due to ForexClear Clearing Members following the adjustment to the ForexClear Contribution will be repaid to ForexClear Clearing Members’ PPS accounts on the ForexClear Reset Day immediately following the adjustment to the ForexClear Contribution.

Interest on ForexClear Contributions will be paid to ForexClear Clearing Members’ PPS accounts on the first working day after the ForexClear Reset Day following the end of the relevant “interest accrual period”. Interest is calculated in respect of each “interest accrual period”, which commences on (and includes) a ForexClear Reset Day and ends on (and includes) the calendar day immediately before the next ForexClear Reset Day.
3.10 **Quantifying ForexClear Contributions**

For the purposes of calculating the ForexClear Margin Weight under Rule F2(d) of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement, the average daily requirement for initial margin applied to an FX FCM shall be determined by reference to the ForexClear Contracts comprising the ForexClear House and Client Business of that FX FCM only.
APPENDIX 3A
BANK PARTICIPANTS IN THE LONDON PROTECTED PAYMENTS SYSTEM

Bank of America, N.A.
Barclays Bank Plc
JP Morgan Chase Bank
Citibank NA
Deutsche Bank AG
HSBC Bank Plc
Lloyds TSB Bank Plc
National Westminster Bank Plc
The Royal Bank of Scotland Plc
Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB

For more information on PPS Banks please contact LCH.Clearnet Limited Treasury Operations.
APPENDIX 3B
BANK PARTICIPANTS IN THE LONDON PROTECTED PAYMENTS SYSTEM

| Name of Relationship Manager: | |
| Contact Details (telephone & email): | |
| Name of Bank: | |
| Address: | |
| LCH.Clearnet Limited MNEMONIC(S): | |

LCH.CLEARNET LIMITED

I/We authorise you, until further notice in writing, to debit my/our account(s) with unspecified amounts from time to time at the instance of LCH.Clearnet Limited without further reference to me/us.

In acting on this Mandate, you may rely, without qualification, upon the information provided to you by LCH.Clearnet Limited in whatsoever form this information is submitted to you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HOUSE ACCOUNT</th>
<th>CLIENT ACCOUNT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CURRENCY</strong></td>
<td><strong>ACCOUNT NUMBER</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZAR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For and on behalf of:

Name of FCM Clearing
Member:

Signature of Director:

Print Name: ____________________________ Date ____________________________

When completed and signed, this form should be sent to your Relationship Manager at the above-mentioned Bank and a copy issued to: Treasury Operations, LCH.Clearnet Limited, 3rd Floor, Aldgate House, 33 Aldgate High Street, London EC3N 1EA. Email: lchoperations-treasury@lchclearnet.com. Telephone: 020 7426 7505. Fax: 020 7426 7037.
APPENDIX 3C

BANK PARTICIPANTS IN THE US PROTECTED PAYMENTS SYSTEM

(In New York unless stated otherwise)
Bank of America, N.A.
J P Morgan Chase (New York or London)
Citibank NA
HSBC Bank USA
The Bank of New York
Harris Trust and Savings Bank (Chicago)

For more information on US PPS Banks please contact LCH.Clearnet Limited Treasury Operations on +44 (0)20 7426 7505.
## APPENDIX 3D

### MANDATE FOR LCH.CLEARNET LIMITED: CLEARING OPERATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Relationship Manager:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contact Details (telephone &amp; email):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of Bank:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCH.Clearnet Limited MNEMONIC(S):</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**LCH.CLEARNET LIMITED**

I/We authorise you, until further notice in writing, to debit my/our account(s) with unspecified amounts from time to time at the instance of LCH.Clearnet Limited without further reference to me/us.

In acting on this Mandate, you may rely, without qualification, upon the information provided to you by LCH.Clearen Limited in whatsoever form this information is submitted to you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HOUSE ACCOUNT</th>
<th>CLIENT ACCOUNT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CURRENCY</strong></td>
<td><strong>CURRENCY</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACCOUNT NUMBER</strong></td>
<td><strong>ACCOUNT NUMBER</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD</td>
<td>USD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above information is correct and LCH.Clearen Limited will rely on this information in making debit and credit transactions for the identified accounts and will have no liability to the extent of such reliance.

For and on behalf of:

Name of FCM Clearing Member: 
Signature of Director: 
Print Name: Date 

**Notes:**
A separate Mandate must be completed and delivered to LCH.Clearen Limited for each different PPS bank.

Twenty days notice must be given to LCH.Clearen Limited in writing in respect of any change of bank account name or bank account number and a fresh Mandate provided.

When completed and signed, this form should be sent to your Relationship Manager at the above-mentioned Bank and a copy issued to: Treasury Operations, LCH.Clearen Limited, 3rd Floor, Aldgate House, 33 Aldgate High Street, London EC3N 1EA; E-mail: lchoperations-treasury@lchclearnet.com; Telephone: 020 7426 7505; Fax: 020 7426 7037.
COLLATERAL

4. COLLATERAL

4.1 General Information

4.1.1 Non-Cash Collateral

FCM Clearing Members wishing may lodge securities with the Clearing House. Securities lodged will be subject to a security interest and held in an account with the Clearing House by the FCM Clearing Member (in respect of FCM Client cover, in an LCH OTC Clearing Product Client Segregated Depository Account in respect of each Business Category of FCM Contract such FCM Clearing Member clears).

Collateral pledged in respect of an FCM Clearing Member's Client account will not be applied by the Clearing House to its liabilities on a house account (see FCM Regulation 9(k)).

FCM Clearing Members are warned that the taking of collateral is a complex legal matter. These FCM Procedures, and any communication with the Clearing House, whether of an oral or written nature, are not to be taken as containing legal advice. An FCM Clearing Member who contemplates taking an interest in securities belonging to a client should seek independent professional advice on the matter.

4.1.2 GENERAL INFORMATION

LCH.Clearnet Security Arrangements

FCM Clearing Members wishing to lodge securities with the Clearing House may do so under the security arrangements set out in the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement and the FCM Regulations.

Collateral pledged in respect of an FCM Clearing Member's Client account will not be applied by the Clearing House to its liabilities on a House account (see FCM Regulation 29(b)).

Unless stated otherwise in the FCM Rulebook, collateral pledged in respect of an FCM Clearing Member's House account may be applied by the FCM Clearing House towards the payment of any sum whatsoever due by the FCM Clearing Member to the Clearing House, save that no collateral charged in respect of an FCM Clearing Member's Client accounts shall be applied on or towards payment or satisfaction of any of the FCM Clearing Member's liabilities to the Clearing House on any of the FCM Clearing Member's House accounts.

As set out in FCM Regulation 199(c), where an FCM Clearing Member wishes to pass an FCM Client's collateral to the Clearing House, the FCM Clearing Member must, inter alia, ensure that at all times it remains expressly agreed with the FCM Client that the FCM Clearing Member may pledge the collateral to the Clearing House, on the Clearing House's terms and free of the FCM Client's interest to secure the FCM Clearing Member's obligations to the Clearing House. The Clearing House gives no undertaking that, on the default of an FCM Clearing Member, it will not utilise FCM Clients' collateral which has been passed to it by an FCM Clearing Member, before utilising any other form of cover the Clearing House may hold.
4.1.3 General Information

The Clearing House is, at its sole discretion, entitled to determine what will be acceptable to it as collateral and to determine when a security will cease to be acceptable as collateral.

If any instrument or security, lodged in accordance with any of the following procedures, is in any way found to be unacceptable, it will immediately be given a zero value in the FCM Clearing Member’s cover account with the Clearing House. Replacement cover may be required immediately from the FCM Clearing Member.

The Clearing House accepts faxed copies of Collateral Lodgement Forms and Collateral Release Forms. These will be valid for a period of fourteen days, by which time original copies must have been received. If original copies are not received by the Clearing House within fourteen days cover value will not be given on the FCM Clearing Member’s account and the collateral may be returned.

The Clearing House will only accept delivery of securities in accordance with these FCM Procedures, and will not sell, purchase or encash securities for FCM Clearing Members, except in so far as it is acting under its Default Rules and related FCM Regulations and the UK General Regulations.

Subject to the FCM Regulations in the event that the Clearing House at any time determines that it is holding excess collateral (as defined below) from an FCM Clearing Member, the Clearing House may notify that FCM Clearing Member of the intention to levy a charge in respect of excess collateral with effect from such date as is notified to the FCM Clearing Member. In the event that the FCM Clearing Member does not remove excess collateral before the date so notified, the Clearing House may, in its discretion, charge the FCM Clearing Member at the rate of 1 basis point until excess collateral is removed by the FCM Clearing Member through use of a Collateral Release Form. Payment of this charge shall be collected on a monthly basis through that FCM Clearing Member’s appropriate PPS account.

For the purposes of this Section, “excess collateral” means that collateral identified by the Clearing House as being collateral over and above that which is required by the Clearing House in order to cover the obligations to the Clearing House of that FCM Clearing Member. The Clearing House shall have absolute discretion to decide whether and to what extent it is holding excess collateral at any time.

4.1.4 Communications

The Clearing House is entitled to act upon documentation instructions or communications appearing to have been issued by, or have come from, an FCM Clearing Member. These will be accepted by the Clearing House as genuine, even if, for example, they are later found:

(a) to be inaccurate, whether in whole or in part; or

(b) not to have been given by the FCM Clearing Member or an FCM Client or with the authority of the FCM Clearing Member or FCM Client.

4.1.5 Lodgement of Collateral as Replacement for Cash Cover for Margin

FCM Clearing Members should note that they must give Treasury Operations no less than two (2) Business Days notice of their intention to lodge collateral with a
value of £50 million sterling or more, and which is reasonably likely to have the
effect that cash to a similar value is repayable by the Clearing House to that FCM
Clearing Member as a result of such lodgement. In the event that an FCM Clearing
Member seeks to withdraw such cash cover without giving such notice, the Clearing
House will decline to release such cash cover until the end of the required notice
period.

4.1.6 Force Majeure

The Clearing House will not be liable for any failure, hindrance or delay in the
performance (in whole or in part) of any of its obligations to FCM Clearing Members
with regard to instruments or securities accepted as collateral where such failure,
hindrance or delay arises from causes beyond the control of the Clearing House,
such as but not limited to the failure whether partial or total, interruption or
suspension of any depository or custodian or other service (“depository”) that the
Clearing House is using, the termination or suspension of the Clearing House’s
membership or use of the depository or any variation of the depository’s operational
timetable, whether or not occasioned by action of the depository operator or other
party, or any embargo, unavailability or restriction of bank transfer systems or wires,
malfunction or overload of the depository or other emergency. This provision is
without prejudice to the force majeure provisions of FCM Clearing Members’
agreements with the Clearing House.

4.1.7 Regulatory and Supervisory Information

In every case, the Clearing House will be entitled to supply a securities depository
with all the information it requires for any purposes relating to an FCM Clearing
Member, or to securities received by the Clearing House from an FCM Clearing
Member which are or may at any time have been held by the depository. Securities
will be lodged and held within such depository or other systems as the Clearing
House may select or allow, subject to the conditions of such systems and to any
applicable law and subordinate rules relating thereto as well as to the terms of the
FCM Rulebook and these FCM Procedures.

4.1.8 Interest Payments

The Clearing House will remit interest amounts, taking into account any withheld
tax, to FCM Clearing Members’ PPS banks on the appropriate value date. These
are processed using “Tender” sub-accounts designated “I” for house or “L” for
segregated client.

4.2 Securities

4.2.1 General Information

Securities must be lodged in the Clearing House’s relevant Custodian accounts
(see appendix 4D).

4.2.2 Lodgement Procedure

Day One

(a) FCM Clearing Members must submit, a completed collateral Lodgement Form
in respect of each collateral lodgement (see appendix 4A or 4B). FCM
Clearing Members may also need to supply a tax form (see section Section
4.2.4). A Proprietary Collateral Lodgement Form should be used in respect of
Collateral lodged for an FCM Clearing Member's Proprietary or Affiliate business (see Appendix 4B). An FCM Client Collateral Lodgement Form should be used in respect of collateral lodged for an FCM Clearing Member’s FCM Client Business.

(b) The Clearing House will enter a receipt instruction into the relevant Custodial system.

(c) The FCM Clearing Member or his agent bank should enter “free of payment” delivery instructions.

FCM Clearing Members should contact the Clearing House’s Treasury Operations department in order to find out when they are open for collateral to be posted (0044 (0)207 426 7593 or TreasuryOps@lchclearnet.com).

The details of the accounts are:

Client Account:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bank of New York</th>
<th>Citibank</th>
<th>Euroclear Bank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BKOFNYC/CUST 021000018</td>
<td>CITIBANKNYC/CUST 021000089</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>735138</td>
<td>735139</td>
<td>874067</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Proprietary Account:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bank of New York</th>
<th>Citibank</th>
<th>Euroclear Bank</th>
<th>Euroclear UK &amp; Ireland</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BKOFNYC/CUST 021000018</td>
<td>CITIBANKNYC/CUST 021000089</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>735136</td>
<td>735137</td>
<td>090401</td>
<td>090372</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The securities are transferred into the Clearing House’s account through the relevant Custodial system.

Unless the Clearing House contacts the FCM Clearing Member to notify that a lodgement has been rejected, value will normally be given overnight on the following Business Day. However, if settlement has taken place before 20:00 hours, value may be given overnight the same day.
4.2.3 Release Procedure

**Day One**

(a) The FCM Clearing Member submits a completed Release Form (see appendix 4C) to Treasury Operations.

(b) Where the security is not utilised as margin cover, the Clearing House will input appropriate delivery instructions into the relevant custodial system.

(c) The Clearing House reduces the level of cover held for the FCM Clearing Member’s relevant cover account by the amount of the value of the security which is being withdrawn.

(d) The FCM Clearing Member passes acceptance instructions to its own agent bank and the securities will then be transferred to the FCM Clearing Member’s agent bank.

(e) The securities are transferred to the FCM Clearing Member’s bank.

**Day Two**

Where alternative cover is required it will be called in cash by PPS

After 09:00 hours (London)

Where the security has been utilised on day one, and providing the morning PPS call has been met, the security will be released as follows:

(a) the Clearing House inputs appropriate delivery instructions into the relevant custodial system;

(b) the FCM Clearing Member passes acceptance instructions to its own agent bank;

(c) securities will then be transferred to the FCM Clearing Member’s agent bank; or

(d) the securities are transferred to the FCM Clearing Member’s bank.

4.2.4 Withholding Taxes

US income tax laws impose a withholding tax on payments of US source interest, including original issue discount, to a foreign person unless an exemption or reduced rate applies. —Interest is US source income, if the debtor is a US corporation.— Interest on debt obligations issued after July 18 1984 is generally exempt from US withholding tax. -In addition, a foreign person who is a resident of a country with which the US has an income tax treaty may be entitled to a reduced withholding tax rate or an exemption from the US withholding tax.

In order to reduce or eliminate US withholding tax, the correct tax documentation must have been provided in respect of each owner. -To this end, FCM Clearing Members will be expected to provide one of the forms (noted below) to the Clearing House. -A current form will be required for each FCM Clearing Member.

The relevant forms will normally be one of:
(a) ‘W-9 (Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification)’. Applies to a US corporation including a foreign branch of a US corporation; or

(b) ‘W-8BEN (Certificate of Foreign Status)’. Applies to non-resident alien individuals, foreign corporations, partnerships and estates.

FCM Clearing Members may obtain originals of forms W-8BEN and W-9 from Treasury Operations.

Note: The Clearing House’s arrangements with the Custodians only allow for securities holdings of US corporations or foreign (i.e. non-US) entities or individuals. FCM Clearing Members who wish to discuss the possibility of lodging securities belonging to owners excluded from this arrangement should contact Treasury Operations.

Unless the Clearing House has already received the appropriate tax form, lodgements into A/c numbers 735136, 735138, 206203 and 090401 must be accompanied by form W-9.

Unless the Clearing House has already received the appropriate tax form, lodgements into A/c numbers 735137, 735139, 207887 and 090372 must be accompanied by form W-8.

The Clearing House’s acceptance of US securities does not indicate any responsibility for the adequacy or otherwise of tax documentation. Any queries in relation to these tax forms should be referred to your company accountant or professional advisers.

Completed tax forms should be returned to Treasury Operations for onward transmission to the Custodians.

Custodians offer a recovery service for overseas taxes on Government Bonds. The Clearing House will assist in the recovery process and remit to Clearing Members any recovery in withholding tax credited to the Clearing House’s account by the Custodian.

In certain cases the Custodian/the Clearing House will withhold tax on a coupon if the correct documentation is not lodged with either the custodian/the Clearing House at the time when a coupon is due.

Italian Securities

The accounts are operated by the Clearing House in accordance with the Custodians’ Procedures to Obtain Exemption from Italian Withholding Tax on Italian Domestic Debt Securities”.

Beneficial owners are entitled to exemption at source from Italian Withholding Tax on Italian securities if they are:

(a) resident in a country that has entered into a double taxation agreement with Italy (except Black list countries/countries that do not have a tax treaty with Italy); or
(b) (b) a corporation resident in Italy; or

(c) (c) a supranational organisation recognised by Italian Law.

Beneficial owners are required to supply duly completed and executed official forms as proof of eligibility to exemption, and where applicable supply additional documentation, before a delivery can be made.

Official forms are available on request from Treasury Operations Department.

Original forms are to be received by the Clearing House before Italian securities can be accepted within our accounts.

The effective date depends on the type and terms of the security:

- Coupon Debt securities (BTPs, CCTs and CTOs)

The new regime applies to the interest on these securities that starts to run on or after 1 January 1997, regardless of the issue date.

- Zero coupon debt securities with a maturity of less than one year (BOTs)

The regime applies to all securities issued on or after 1 January 1997.

Clearing Members should consult their own tax advisers before lodging Collateral to the Clearing House or submitting any tax documentation.
FCM - CLIENT LODGEMENT FORM

To: LCH.Clearnet Limited (“the Clearing House”)

From: Clearing Member (full name):

Client Account Mnemonic:

Beneficial Owner Name (full name):

We hereby transfer the securities described below to the Clearing House under the terms of regulation 10(m), Regulations 9(m) and 9(n) of the FCM Regulations.

We acknowledge that these securities may be held by any custodian in any depository, securities clearing or settlement system (in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) which may for the time being be customarily used in connection with securities of similar kinds on a fungible basis and subject to the rules of the relative system and the terms and conditions of its operator, and the Clearing House has no responsibility for the performance of any such custodian, system or operator. We hereby confirm that the securities detailed below are customer funds subject to segregation pursuant to the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act and the regulations of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission promulgated thereunder.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security Code Number</th>
<th>Settlement Date</th>
<th>Trade Date</th>
<th>Amount/Nominal Value</th>
<th>Description of Security</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Delivery from: Depository/Agent

US Securities, Broker Code

Account Holder:

Account Number:

Beneficial Owner Italian Tax ID:

Delivery to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>735138</td>
<td>735139</td>
<td>874067</td>
<td>206203</td>
<td>207887</td>
<td>TBC</td>
<td>15211</td>
<td>25910</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signatories for and on behalf of The Clearing Member:

1. (Signature) (Print Name) (Position)

2. (Signature) (Print Name) (Position)

Date:
APPENDIX 4B
FCM House Account Lodgement Form

PROPRIETARY - COLLATERAL LODGEMENT FORM

To: LCH.Clearnet Limited (“the Clearing House”)

From: Clearing Member (full name):

LCH.Clearnet Limited Ref No:

In respect of Proprietary Business Mnemonic:

We are entitled to the entire beneficial interest in these securities.

We acknowledge that these securities may be held by any custodian in any depository, securities clearing or settlement system (in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) which may for the time being be customarily used in connection with securities of similar kinds on a fungible basis and subject to the rules of the relative system and the terms and conditions of its operator, and the Clearing House has no responsibility for the performance of any such custodian, system or operator and in particular we consent, where applicable, to the securities being held in the Euroclear clearance system subject to the fungibility regime organised by the Belgian Royal Decree No. 62 of 10 November 1967 promoting the circulation of securities as amended from time to time.

We hereby confirm that the securities detailed below are NOT customer funds subject to segregation requirements pursuant to the US Commodity Exchange Act and the regulations of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission promulgated thereunder.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security Code Number</th>
<th>Settlement Date</th>
<th>Trade Date</th>
<th>Amount/Nominal Value</th>
<th>Description of Security</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Delivery from: Depository/Agent

US Securities, Broker Code

Account Holder:

Account Number:

Beneficial Owner Italian Tax ID:

Delivery to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<tr>
<td>735136</td>
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<td>090372</td>
<td>91205</td>
<td>91737</td>
<td>5165</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signatories for and on behalf of The Clearing Member:

1. (Signature) (Print Name) (Position)

2. (Signature) (Print Name) (Position)

Date: ____________________
# APPENDIX 4C

## Collateral Release Form

### COLLATERAL RELEASE FORM

**Version 1:** June 2011

**To:** LCH.Clearnet Limited ("the Clearing House")

**From:** Clearing Member (full name):

* House/Client Account* Mnemonic: ...........................................................
* Please delete as appropriate

We hereby request you to release the securities described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security Code Number (e.g. ISIN)</th>
<th>Delivery Date</th>
<th>Trade Date</th>
<th>Amount/Nominal Value (Issue - Coupon - Maturity)</th>
<th>Description of Security</th>
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The Clearing House Ref No: ............................................................ (from lodgement form)

Delivery to: Depository/Agent  ..............................................................................

US Securities, Broker Code ..........................................................................

Account Holder ..............................................................................................

Account Number ...........................................................................................

**Signatories for and on behalf of the Clearing Member:**

1

(Signature) ................................................ (Print Name) ................................ (Position) ................................

2

(Signature) ................................................ (Print Name) ................................ (Position) ................................

Date ..............................................................................................................

**To:** THE ABOVE-NAMED CLEARING MEMBER

The release of the above-mentioned securities is agreed.

For and on behalf of

LCH.Clearnet Limited: Date: ................................................ Time: ................................................

(Authorised Signatory): ..................................................................................

---

Registered in England No. 25932 Registered Office: Aldgate House, 33 Aldgate High Street, London EC3N 1EA
Recognised as a Clearing House under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

LCH.CLEARNET LIMITED COPY
## Appendix 4D

### Margin Collateral - FCM Client

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### Margin Collateral - FCM House

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BUSINESS Continuity

5. BUSINESS RECOVERY

5.1 Recovery Situations

The FCM Procedures set out in this section are intended to provide FCM Clearing Members with a guide to the changes in working practices which would follow the invocation of the Clearing House’s Business Continuity Plans.

Due to the uncertain nature of the events which would lead to the need for Business Recovery the Clearing House reserves the right to depart from these FCM Procedures to meet the characteristics of specific business recovery situations.

These FCM Procedures provide for the evacuation or decommissioning of Aldgate House. The procedures detail the alterations to the Clearing House’s operations and also the action to be taken on invocation of the Business Continuity Plans.

5.2 Recovery Situations Affecting Members’ Offices

5.2.1 During Office Hours

FCM Clearing Members that are unable to gain access to their principal office accommodation and as a result require the Clearing House assistance should contact the Help Desk on +44 (0)20 7426 7200.

5.2.2 Outside Office Hours

FCM Clearing Members should telephone the Clearing House on +44 (0)20 7426 7545, leaving the following information:

Name:
Company Name:
Contact Telephone Number:
Brief Details of the Nature of the Problem:

A member of the Clearing House operational staff will then make contact regarding any assistance that can be given.

5.3 Aldgate House Evacuation

5.3.1 Communicating with FCM Clearing Members

Should the Clearing House be forced to evacuate Aldgate House it will need to inform its FCM Clearing Members as soon as practicable. The following sections detail a number of different messages that the Clearing House may wish to communicate. However, in all cases the means by which information will be disseminated is the same. Information will be communicated to FCM Clearing Members by the following methods:

(a) facsimile transmissions to FCM Clearing Members designated fax machines;

(b) posting messages on www.lchclearnet.com;
(c) posting messages on the following toll free number 0044 800 1 69 69 09.

Some of the above communications methods can only be used to disseminate very short messages. However the toll free number is capable of recording a message of up to ten minutes duration, and handling unlimited concurrent connections. It is therefore likely to be the main method used for providing FCM Clearing Members with progress reports following an initial broadcast message.

5.3.2 Evacuation of Aldgate House

If it is necessary for the Clearing House to evacuate Aldgate House, and if re-entry to the building is unlikely within thirty minutes, FCM Clearing Members will be informed by disseminating the following message using the methods described in section 5.3.1 above.

“The Clearing House has been forced to evacuate Aldgate House. Please refer to Clearing House Procedures - Business Continuity Arrangements for further information.”

At this time all of the activities normally carried out at Aldgate House will have ceased, if only temporarily. FCM Clearing Members will be kept informed of developments as further details become available.

Please note that the reason for broadcasting the above message is to provide FCM Clearing Members with early notification of an evacuation of Aldgate House. At this stage no decision will have been taken to invoke Business Continuity Plans. See section 5.3.3 below for advice on how FCM Clearing Members will be notified of an invocation of the recovery plan.

5.3.3 Invoking of Business Continuity Plans

The Clearing House is contracted with a specialist provider for dedicated and syndicated work area recovery facilities. The agreement between the Clearing House and the provider stipulates that dedicated work area recovery positions will be available immediately. Syndicated recovery positions will be available within four hours of invocation.

Depending on the severity of an incident a full or partial invocation of the service may be required.

5.3.4 Limited Invocation

If the Clearing House’s assessment of the incident suggests that reoccupation of Aldgate House will be possible within two hours, then it is likely that only the mission critical activities (MCA) will be recovered to the recovery site. All other activities will cease until Aldgate House becomes available.

The following message will be posted:

“The Clearing House has invoked business continuity plans for its MCA’s. Please refer to the Clearing House’s Procedures - Business Continuity Arrangements for further information.”
5.3.5 Full Invocation

Once a decision has been taken to proceed with full invocation of business continuity plans FCM Clearing Members will be informed at the earliest opportunity. This will be achieved by disseminating the following message using the methods described in section Section 5.3.1 above.

“The Clearing House has invoked all business continuity plans. Please refer to the Clearing House’s Procedures - Business Continuity Arrangements for further information.”

It is anticipated that a period of approximately two hours will elapse between the invocation of full business continuity plans and relocation of recovery teams. During this time most of the activities normally carried out at Aldgate House will cease.

Please note that the Clearing House’s primary data centre is not located at Aldgate House and so an evacuation of the site will not affect FCM Clearing Members’ ability to access IT applications.

5.3.6 Cover Calling

In order to simplify the Treasury process, it is likely that a number of routine Treasury Procedures may be amended or suspended. These may include but are not limited to:

(a) the acceptance/release of securities and guarantees;
(b) the conversion of currencies;
(c) the ability to cover liabilities in currencies other than their original currency.

5.3.7 Registration of Contracts

The Clearing House reserves the right, at its discretion, to amend the timing of registration as it deems necessary. In the event that registration is to be delayed the Clearing House will notify FCM Clearing Members as soon as practically possible.

5.3.8 New Address for Document Delivery

Following invocation of the business continuity plans the Clearing House will provide new address details for document delivery. Will arrange to have its mail forwarded to its office recovery site.

5.3.9 Permanent Change of Address

If an incident is so serious that the Clearing House is unable to reoccupy Aldgate House, FCM Clearing Members will be informed of the proposed new office location and contact numbers prior to occupation of the premises. This information will be communicated via the methods described in section Section 5.3.1.

FCM Clearing Members will be informed of the date when the new arrangements will take effect.
5.3.10 Return to Normal

When the Clearing House is able to resume a normal service a message will be disseminated using the methods described in section 5.3.1 above. Assuming that it has been possible to return to Aldgate House the following message will be broadcast.

“The Clearing House has returned to Aldgate House. Please revert to normal contact telephone numbers and procedures.”

If normal working is being resumed at a site other than Aldgate House FCM Clearing Members will already have been informed of the new office location and contact numbers see section 5.3.10 above. The following message will be broadcast.

“The Clearing House is resuming normal service at <insert location name>. Please use the new contact numbers previously supplied.”

5.4 Clearing House Data Centre

5.4.1 Failure of LCH’s Data Centre

If the Clearing House’s primary data centre fails during business hours, those Clearing House IT systems that are used by FCM Clearing Members will be temporarily unavailable while processing is transferred to the secondary data centre.
APPEAL PROCEDURES

6. APPEAL PROCEDURES

6.1 Introduction

These FCM Procedures describe how an FCM Clearing Member may appeal against a decision of the Clearing House (that is, LCH.Clearnet Limited).

It should be noted that no appeal may be lodged to the Clearing House in respect of any decision of any other member company of the LCH.Clearnet Group (including LCH.Clearnet SA).

6.2 Decisions In Respect Of Which An Appeal May Be Lodged

6.2.1 A Member may appeal against any of the following decisions made by the Clearing House:

(a) a decision by the Clearing House to rescind that Member’s eligibility to have contracts of a certain category registered in its name;

(b) a decision by the Clearing House to terminate that Member’s FCM Clearing Membership Agreement other than when such decision occurs in connection with the operation by the Clearing House of its Default Rules and Procedures.

6.2.2 An undertaking which is not an FCM Clearing Member may appeal to an Appeal Committee against the decision made by the Clearing House declining to grant FCM Clearing Member status to that person.

6.2.3 From time to time the Clearing House may amend the lists in this section of decisions in respect of which appeals may be lodged.

6.3 Initiating An Appeal

6.3.1 An appeal to an Appeal Committee under this Section 6 shall be commenced by sending a copy of the APPEAL FORM in the form set out in Appendix 6A of these FCM Procedures to the Company Secretary of LCH.Clearnet Limited (“the Company Secretary”) at the registered office of the Clearing House.

6.3.2 The APPEAL FORM must be fully completed in all material respects by the person lodging the appeal (“the appellant”).

6.3.3 The appellant must enclose with its APPEAL FORM payment of £500 which payment shall be returned if the appeal is subsequently upheld by the Appeal Committee or by the Appeal Tribunal.

6.3.4 An appeal may only be commenced under these FCM Procedures within 28 days of the date upon which the decision to which it relates was notified to the appellant. The Chief Executive of the Clearing House has a discretion to waive this time limit if the appellant provides a satisfactory explanation for the delay and no prejudice would be caused to any person by proceeding with the appeal in the circumstances.

6.3.5 The Company Secretary shall acknowledge receipt of the APPEAL FORM no later than 7 days after receipt.
6.3.6 The Company Secretary may request further information or clarification relating to the subject matter or grounds of the appeal.

6.4 The First Tier Appeal

6.4.1 No later than 28 days from receipt of any APPEAL FORM the Company Secretary shall:

(a) refer the appeal to an Appeal Committee comprising:
   (i) the Chief Executive of LCH.Clearnet Limited or the Deputy Chief Executive; and
   (ii) two directors of the Clearing House with relevant market experience, nominated by the Chairman of the Clearing House; and

(b) notify the appellant in writing of the identity of the persons constituting the Appeal Committee; and

(c) provide to the appellant copies of such documents and written representations as the Clearing House intends to place before the Appeal Committee for its consideration.

6.4.2 Following notification to the appellant in accordance with 6.4.1 above, the appellant shall then have a period of 14 days to submit to the Appeal Committee such written representations and other documentation for the consideration of the Appeal Committee. All representations and documentation shall be submitted in sufficient copies so that each member of the Appeal Committee shall have a copy each.

6.4.3 The Appeal Committee shall decide upon its own procedure for considering and determining the appeal which will normally be done without an oral hearing but on the basis of the written representations and documents submitted by the appellant and such other information and documentation as the Appeal Committee considers appropriate.

6.4.4 The Appeal Committee may request further or other documentation and information from the appellant.

6.4.5 No later than 21 days from the date upon which the appellant is notified of the composition of the Appeal Committee, or 21 days from the receipt by the Appeal Committee of any further or other documentation or pursuant to 6.4.4 above, whichever is the later, the Appeal Committee shall consider and determine the appeal before it.

6.4.6 An Appeal Committee constituted pursuant to this paragraph 6.4 shall promptly, and in any event, no later than 7 days after coming to its determination, give notice of its determination to an appellant in writing together with its reasons.

6.5 The Second Tier Appeal

6.5.1 If an appellant, having received notice of a determination of an appeal pursuant to paragraph 6.4.6 above, is not satisfied by such determination, it may appeal to lodge a second tier appeal to an Appeal Tribunal.
6.5.2 A second tier appeal may be commenced under this paragraph 6.5 by the submission of a NOTICE OF FURTHER APPEAL in the form set out in Appendix 6B hereto to the Company Secretary at its registered office, setting out the reasons for the appeal. Such NOTICE OF FURTHER APPEAL must be received by the Company Secretary no later than 14 days from the date upon which the notice of determination of the Appeal Committee was given to the appellant.

6.5.3 An appeal under this paragraph 6.5 shall be heard by an Appeal Tribunal within 3 months of the Notice of Appeal being received by the Company Secretary, or such longer time as the Chairman of the Appeal Tribunal shall determine in order to provide a full and fair determination of the appeal.

6.5.4 An Appeal Tribunal constituted under this paragraph 6.5 shall consist of 2 persons (“Tribunal Members”), with relevant knowledge and experience in the industry of matters in issue in the appeal, and a legally qualified Chairman. The appellant and the Clearing House may each select a Tribunal Member from a list of no less than 4 persons appropriately qualified persons nominated by The Centre for Dispute Resolution (CEDR), London, and the Chairman shall be nominated by CEDR. In the event that either the Clearing House or an appellant fails to nominate such a Tribunal Member before a date 2 weeks prior to the date fixed by the Chairman for the hearing of the appeal, then the Chairman shall nominate such Tribunal Member from the list referred to above. No person who served on the Appeal Committee which considered the appellant’s first tier appeal shall be eligible to serve upon an Appeal Tribunal constituted in respect of that appellant’s second tier appeal.

6.5.5 The Chairman of an Appeal Tribunal shall fix a date for the hearing of the appeal and shall give no less than 28 days notice in writing to the appellant and the Company Secretary of the time and place in London where such appeal shall be heard.

6.5.6 The appellant shall provide the Appeal Tribunal, with a copy to the Company Secretary, no less than 14 days before the date fixed for the hearing of the appeal, with written submissions setting out such representations as it wishes to put forward in support of its appeal, together with copies of all documentation and other material upon which it wishes to rely.

6.5.7 The Clearing House will submit written submissions, documentation and information with regard to the matters and issues relevant to the decision which is the subject of the appeal and provide a copy thereof to the appellant.

6.5.8 An Appeal Tribunal may invite any person (including the Clearing House) to provide written information or written opinion with regard to any matter which forms the subject matter of an appeal.

6.5.9 An Appeal Tribunal shall determine its own procedure for the hearing of an appeal and shall not be bound by the rules of evidence. It may adjourn a hearing to another date or dates if it so wishes. If prior to or at such hearing an appellant notifies the Appeal Tribunal that it wishes to make oral submissions an opportunity shall be given to the appellant to do so. A representative of the appellant (and the appellant himself, if the appellant is an individual) and a representative of the Clearing House may attend the hearing and the Appeal Tribunal may in its discretion invite further or other persons to attend the hearing.

6.5.10 At the hearing an appellant may conduct its case itself through an employee, officer or other agent, or be represented by legal counsel PROVIDED that if in any particular case an Appeal Tribunal is satisfied that there is good and sufficient
reasons for doing so, it may refuse to permit a particular individual to represent an appellant at the hearing.

6.5.11 Neither the Clearing House nor an appellant shall have the right to call any witness or cross examine any person who shall have provided any information to an Appeal Tribunal, PROVIDED that an Appeal Tribunal may permit any such cross examination on such terms as it may determine, if it decides that it is appropriate in the particular circumstances of that appeal so to do.

6.5.12 An Appeal Tribunal may have regard to such further or other documents and information and matters as it considers fair and reasonable in the circumstances.

6.5.13 Where in this paragraph 6.5 any time is giving for the doing of anything, the Chairman of the Tribunal shall have a discretion to extend such time if he determines that it is fair and reasonable in the circumstances so to do.

6.5.14 In considering an appeal, an Appeal Tribunal shall act fairly and impartially and shall take into consideration, inter alia, the following:

(a) the FCM Regulations, other specific Regulations, Default Rules and Procedures of the Clearing House; and

(b) the Notice of Further Appeal; and

(c) all documentation and information placed before it by an appellant or by the Clearing House; and

(d) the role and concomitant obligations of the Clearing House (“LCH.Clearnet Limited”) as a recognised clearing house under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

6.5.15 An Appeal Tribunal may in its absolute discretion decline to entertain an appeal and shall dismiss such appeal where it considers the appeal to be frivolous or vexatious.

6.5.16 An appellant shall pay its own costs and expenses in relation to an appeal. -The Clearing House shall meet its own costs, those of the Tribunal Members and those related to the hearing other than costs and expenses incurred by the appellant.

6.5.17 An Appeal Tribunal shall determine an appeal by majority vote although the voting of an Appeal Tribunal shall remain confidential and the result shall be presented as a unanimous view by that Appeal Tribunal. -An Appeal Tribunal may:

(a) dismiss the appeal; or

(b) uphold the appeal.

6.5.18 An Appeal Tribunal shall deliver a written statement of its decision together its reasons to an appellant and the Clearing House within 28 days of the date of the hearing. -Except in so far as an Appeal Tribunal may direct, information about proceedings before the Appeal Tribunal and the names of persons concerned in the proceedings shall not be made public.

6.5.19 In the event that an Appeal Tribunal determines to uphold the appeal then the Clearing House shall within 28 days of the receipt of the written decision, re-view and re-consider the decision upon which the appeal was based in the light of the
conclusions of the Appeal Tribunal. The Clearing House agrees to be guided in reviewing its decision by the conclusions of the Appeal Tribunal.

6.6 Requests For Review

6.6.1 A Member who is aggrieved by any action taken by the Clearing House or decision of the Clearing House (other than any decision set out in 6.2 above or any decision taken under Regulation 13 in or under or in connection with the Clearing House’s powers under the Default Rules and Procedures) may, no later than 14 days after the date of the decision or action, request a review of such action or decision by the Chief Executive of the Clearing House.

6.6.2 A Request for Review under this 6.6 shall be made in writing, addressed to the Chief Executive of the Clearing House at the registered office and shall set out details of the relevant decision or action, the reasons why the Member is aggrieved and details of such reasonable remedial or other action or monetary payment as that Member requests to be carried out in the circumstances.

6.6.3 The Chief Executive shall consider the Member’s Request for Review and such further or other documents and information as he considers reasonably relevant and shall notify the Member in writing of the outcome of his review within a period of 28 days from receipt by him of the Request for Review. Where it is not possible to complete such review within such period of 28 days, the Chief Executive shall notify the Member accordingly and nominate a further period for the review, such period not to be longer than 3 months from the date of such notification to the Member.

6.7 Market Disorders etc, and Default

For the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House shall be under no obligation to consider any Request for Review under 6.6 above or otherwise, or comply with the provisions of this Section 6, and no appeal or Request for Review may be lodged under this Section 11 or otherwise, in respect of any decision or action taken by the Clearing House under the provisions of Regulation 13 or in respect of any decision, action or other matter arising out of or connected to the operation of the Default Rules and Default Procedures and the Clearing House’s powers thereunder.
APPENDIX 6A

APPEAL FORM

The Clearing House Appeal Procedures

| Full Name of firm/company etc lodging the appeal (“the appellant”): |
| Registered office address: |
| Contact address and telephone number and email (if different from the above): |
| Contact name: |
| Position: |
| Description of decision appealed against (see Section 6.2 of the Clearing House Procedures): |
| Date decision notified to appellant: |
| Set out here the grounds for appeal (if there is not enough space, please use additional sheets and staple to this form) |
| What action or remedy are you seeking? |

Pursuant to Section 6.3 of the Clearing House Procedures, we request that this appeal against the above mentioned decision of the Clearing House be referred to an Appeal Committee.

Signed for and on behalf of the appellant

(print name)

Notes:

Please enclose a cheque payable to LCH.Clearnet Limited drawn on a UK branch, in the sum of £500 sterling. If your appeal is successful this sum will be refunded to you.

If there are any written representations, any documentation or further material which you would like the Appeal Committee to consider when determining your appeal, you may send it with this Appeal Form if you wish. Alternatively you may send it in later. However, please note that the Procedures put a time limit on the submission of such material. See Section 6.4.2 of the Clearing House Procedures.
For any inquiries or further information please contact the Company Secretary, LCH.Clearnet Limited on +44 (0)20 7426 7000.
APPENDIX 6B
NOTICE OF FURTHER APPEAL

The Clearing House Appeal Procedures

**Note**: This form should only be used if you have had a determination of an Appeal Committee and you are now commencing a Second Tier Appeal under Section 6.5 of the Clearing House Procedures.

| **Full Name of firm/company etc lodging the appeal (“the appellant”):** |
| **Registered office address:** |
| **Contact address and telephone number and email (if different from the above):** |
| **Contact name:** |
| **Position:** |
| **Details of determination of Appeal Committee appealed against (see Section 6.5 of the Clearing House Procedures):** |
| **Please attach a copy of the Determination** |
| **Date of determination of the Appeal Committee:** |
| **Set out here the grounds for appeal (if there is not enough space, please use additional sheets and staple to this form)** |
| **What action or remedy are you seeking?** |

Pursuant to Section 6.5 of the Clearing House Procedures, we request that an Appeal Tribunal be constituted to determine this appeal against the above mentioned determination of the Appeal Committee.

Signed for and on behalf of the appellant

(print name)
Notes:

If there are any written representations, any documentation or further material which you would like the Appeal Tribunal to consider when determining your appeal, you may send it with this Notice of Further Appeal Form you wish. Alternatively you may send it in later. However, please note that the Procedures put a time limit on the submission of such material. See Section 6.5.6 of the Clearing House Procedures.

For any inquiries or further information please contact the Company Secretary, LCH.Clearnet Limited on +44 (0)20 7426 7000.
COMPLAINTS

7. COMPLAINTS

7.1 Introduction

7.1.1 These FCM Procedures describe how a person (“the Complainant”) who:

(a) has a complaint about the conduct or behaviour or other actions of an FCM Clearing Member with regard to that FCM Clearing Member’s clearing activities with LCH; or

(b) has a complaint arising in connection with the performance of, or failure to perform, any of the Clearing House’s regulatory functions;

(c) may make a formal complaint, and how that complaint will be investigated and resolved.

7.2 How To Make A Complaint

7.2.1 A complaint with regard to the conduct or behaviour or other actions of an FCM Clearing Member in that FCM Clearing Member’s clearing activities conducted through the Clearing House or a complaint regarding the performance of the Clearing House or its failure to perform any of its regulatory functions:

(a) must be made in writing, dated and addressed to the Company Secretary LCH.Clearnet Limited at Aldgate House, 33 Aldgate High Street, London EC3N 1EA, U.K.;

(b) should set out, as far as possible, details of the conduct, behaviour or other actions complained of, date/s and place/s it occurred, names of person involved, outcome sought, and any other relevant details;

(c) must be made no later than 3 months after the conduct, behaviour or other actions complained of, or, if the conduct, behaviour or other actions complained of consists of a series of events, no later than 3 months after the end of the last such event;

(d) must contain the full name and address of the complainant and, wherever possible details of a contact telephone number and email address.

4.7.2.2 In submitting a complaint in accordance with these FCM Procedures the Complainant may submit such further and other documentation and material which he/she believes may be relevant.

5.7.2.3 Upon receipt of a written complaint pursuant to these FCM Procedures, the Company Secretary shall acknowledge in writing to the address shown in the letter of complaint, receipt of the complaint. Such acknowledgment shall be made within 14 days of receipt of the letter of complaint. After receipt of a complaint in accordance with the procedure set out in this section, the Clearing House shall conduct an internal investigation and review of such complaint in accordance with the procedures set out in section 7.3 below.
7.3 **Internal Investigation And Review By The Clearing House**

7.3.1 No later than 14 days from receipt of a complaint of the type referred to in section 7.1.1 or 7.1.2 above, the Company Secretary shall refer the complaint, together with any supporting material provided by the Complainant, to an Investigation Committee.

7.3.2 An Investigation Committee shall consist of any 3 of the following persons:

(a) the Deputy Chief Executive of LCH.Clearnet Limited;

(b) the Managing Director, Operations;

(c) the Managing Director, Finance;

(d) the Managing Director, Business Development;

(e) any person holding the position of Director at the Clearing House.

Providing always that an Investigation Committee shall have at least one Managing Director or the Deputy Chief Executive among its number.

7.3.3 The Investigation Committee established pursuant to this Section 7 shall conduct an investigation into the subject matter of the complaint and shall deliver its report to the Complainant and to the Chief Executive of LCH.Clearnet Limited within a period of 12 weeks from the referral to it of the complaint. The committee may make such recommendations as it deems fit for resolving the subject matter of the complaint. The committee may, if it so decides, make no recommendations if it considers such course of action to be appropriate in the circumstances. The report shall contain reasons for the committee’s decision.

7.3.4 The costs of the internal investigation and review shall be borne by LCH.

7.3.5 Where the Company Secretary receives a written complaint which is not a complaint regarding the conduct, behaviour or other actions of an FCM Clearing Member in respect of its clearing activities with the Clearing House or is not a complaint arising in connection with the performance of, or failure to perform, any of the Clearing House’s regulatory functions but is nevertheless a complaint regarding an FCM Clearing Member or regarding the conduct, behaviour or actions of an officer or employee or other staff member of the Clearing House, then such complaint shall be referred to the Chief Executive of LCH.Clearnet Limited to be dealt with in accordance with the REQUESTS FOR REVIEW procedure set out in Section 6.6 (Appeals Procedures) of these FCM Procedures.

7.4 **Referral To An Independent Investigator**

7.4.1 In the event that the Complainant is dissatisfied with the outcome of the Internal Investigation and Review procedure set out in section 7.3 above, or in the event that the Complainant does not receive the report of the Investigation Committee within 14 weeks of the submission of a complaint of the kind described in sections 7.1.1 and 7.1.2 above, (and providing that the subject matter of the complaint (or substantially the same matters) shall not have already been referred to an independent investigator as a result of a complaint from that same Complainant) the Complainant may ask for the complaint to be referred to an Independent Investigator.
Investigator nominated in accordance with the procedure set out in Section 7.5 below.

7.4.2 A request for referral to an Independent Investigator shall be made in writing to the Company Secretary and shall be made no later than 2 weeks following notification to the Complainant of the report of the Investigation Committee or 16 weeks from the submission of the original complaint to the Clearing House in accordance with Section 7.2.

7.4.3 Within 14 days of receipt of a written request, in accordance with Section 7.4.2 above, the Company Secretary shall refer the complaint to an Independent Investigator.

7.4.4 An Independent Investigator shall be nominated for this purpose by The Centre for Dispute Resolution (CEDR), London. Such investigator shall be a person:

(a) independent of LCH.Clearnet Limited (for these purposes “independent” shall mean that such person is not and has not been an officer, director or employee of LCH.Clearnet Limited); and

(b) with appropriate knowledge of how clearing in carried out by the Clearing House and of the Regulations (including the Procedures), and other relevant documentation, regulation and applicable law;

(c) with appropriate experience of the market activities in respect of which the complaint is focused.

7.4.5 The Clearing House shall be responsible for the payment of the fees and expenses of the Independent Investigator although this shall not give rise to any employment or other relationship between the Independent Investigator and the Clearing House, and shall not give rise to any duty between the Independent Investigator and the Clearing House other than that the Independent Investigator shall act as an independent complaints investigator in accordance with the terms of these FCM Procedures.

7.4.6 In the event, that for reasons beyond the reasonable control of the Clearing House, referral to an Independent Investigator is not made within the 2 week day period referred to in 7.4.3 above, then the Company Secretary shall notify the complainant in writing of the reasons for the delay.

7.5 Procedure For Dealing With The Complaint

7.5.1 Upon appointment, an Independent Investigator nominated in accordance with these FCM Procedures, shall forthwith notify the Complainant and the Clearing House in writing of his appointment and shall invite the Complainant and the Clearing House to make such submissions and submit such documentation as each may wish within such timescale as the Independent Investigator may determine.

7.5.2 The Independent Investigator shall determine his own procedure for considering the complaint referred to him, shall be guided by the requirements of fairness and, and may do, inter alia, any one or more of the following:

(a) interview the Complainant;

(b) interview a representative of the Clearing House;
(c) seek further or other information from the Clearing House and/or the Complainant;

(d) make such further or other reasonable inquiries as he/she deems fit in order properly and fully to investigate the Complaint.

7.6 Outcomes

7.6.1 The Independent Investigator shall, wherever reasonably possible, conclude his investigation of a complaint referred to him under these FCM Procedures, within a period of 2 months from the date of his nomination. Where it is not reasonably possible so to do on account of the nature or complexity of the matter referred to him or other good reason, then he shall notify the Complainant and the Clearing House in writing of this fact and provide a further date for the completion of the investigation.

7.6.2 The Independent Investigator shall, at the end of his investigation produce a written report setting out his findings, conclusions, and reasons for his conclusions. Such report shall be provided both to the Complainant and to the Clearing House but it shall not be made public unless the complaint is upheld in whole or in part and the Complainant so requests. In the event of such request, the report shall be made public by being published on the LCH.Clearnet Limited public website. Where only part of the complaint is upheld, then only that part of the report relating to that part of the complaint shall be so published.

7.6.3 In his written report the Independent Investigator may:

(a) dismiss the complaint; or

(b) uphold the complaint in its totality; or

(c) uphold part of the complaint and dismiss part of the complaint;

(d) make such recommendations as he/she deems fit in the circumstances including a recommendation that the Clearing House make a compensatory payment and/or takes such action as may be reasonably practicable to remedy the cause of the complaint.
DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS

8. DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS

8.1 SCOPE OF THIS PROCEDURE

All FCM Clearing Members are subject to Disciplinary Proceedings pursuant to Section 8 of these FCM Procedures (the “Disciplinary Procedures”).

Any alleged breach by an FCM Clearing Member of an obligation set out in the FCM Rulebook (the “Alleged Breach”) may be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of these Disciplinary Procedures.

These Disciplinary Procedures are without prejudice to:

(a) any action and/or measures that may be taken by the Clearing House based on any other procedure set out in the FCM Rulebook including, without limitation, the right of the Clearing House to issue a Default Notice under the Default Rules;

(b) the Clearing House’s right to take no action where it considers that taking action would be disproportionate or otherwise, in its discretion;

(c) any provision of Applicable Law concerning enforcement by the Regulatory Body.

8.2 INVESTIGATION PROCEDURE

Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 8.3, the investigation of an Alleged Breach pursuant to these Disciplinary Proceedings shall be handled in accordance with this Paragraph 8.2.

(a) Opening of the Investigation Procedure

When the Clearing House commences proceedings to investigate an Alleged Breach:

(i) the Clearing House shall send a written notice to the FCM Clearing Member, setting out details of the Alleged Breach, including a summary of the facts relied on in sufficient detail for a reasonable person in the FCM Clearing Member’s position to properly understand and respond to the allegations made against it;

(ii) the Clearing House shall identify a suitably senior representative of any entity of the LCH.Clearnet group organisation that shall lead the investigation procedure on behalf of the Clearing House and shall inform the FCM Clearing Member who this representative will be in the written notice which is sent in accordance with sub-paragraph (i) above;

(iii) Following receipt of the written notice sent in accordance with sub-paragraph (i) above, the FCM Clearing Member shall be permitted to (x) raise objections in writing to the Alleged Breach of which it has been notified and/or (y) raise objections to the identity of the representative that is to lead the investigation procedure, on grounds
of conflicts of interest, within 48 hours. Where an objection is raised, either the Chief Executive Officer of the Clearing House or the Chief Compliance Officer shall discuss the perceived conflict of interest with the FCM Clearing Member within 24 hours and shall make a decision on whether an alternative representative needs to be identified for the purposes of sub-paragraph (ii) above;

(iv) the FCM Clearing Member shall be required to provide any information, copies or records and documents that may be reasonably requested, in connection with the examination of the Alleged Breach, to the Clearing House, save that the FCM Clearing Member shall not be compelled to disclose any information which it is prohibited from disclosing by virtue of Applicable Law or regulation, as a result of agreements signed with third parties or as a result of legal professional privilege (in which case the FCM Clearing Member shall provide the Clearing House with proof of such prohibition). The FCM Clearing Member is permitted to request that the Clearing House provides to it copies of the documentation it relies on during the investigation, provided that the Clearing House shall not be required to reveal any information which it deems to be confidential;

(v) the Clearing House may send a representative (being either the representative identified as leading the investigation procedure on behalf of the Clearing House or another representative) to the FCM Clearing Member's offices at any time during normal business hours, having provided reasonable notice (being proportionate to the seriousness of the Alleged Breach) to the FCM Clearing Member as part of the investigation procedure. The FCM Clearing Member shall only be entitled to refuse access to such representative in the event of a substantiated conflict of interest. The FCM Clearing Member shall make available all information, records, and documents kept by the FCM Clearing Member, that may be reasonably required for the examination of the Alleged Breach, to the Clearing House's representative; and

(vi) the FCM Clearing Member shall exercise best endeavours to procure the attendance of any of its directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives, as may be reasonably requested, at a specified time on reasonable notice (at either the offices of the Clearing House or those of the FCM Clearing Member) in order to answer questions or provide explanations that may be relevant for the examination of the Alleged Breach.

(b) Report

Following the conclusion of the investigation procedure, the Clearing House shall: (i) notify the FCM Clearing Member; and (ii) produce a written report (the "Report") in relation to the Alleged Breach and provide it to the FCM Clearing Member, within no more than 14 days as from the notification by the Clearing House of the conclusion of the investigation procedure.

The Report shall contain the findings of the investigation, reference the provision of the FCM Rulebook allegedly breached by the relevant FCM Clearing Member and indicate the Clearing House’s intended course of action in relation to the Alleged Breach, being either:
(i) to proceed with Disciplinary Proceedings, in accordance with these Disciplinary Procedures, if the Clearing House believes there to be prima facie evidence of the Alleged Breach having been committed;

(ii) to discontinue these Disciplinary Proceedings and refer the matter to the Chief Executive Officer of the Clearing House to take action in accordance with the provisions of the FCM Rulebook if the Clearing House believes there to be prima facie evidence of the Alleged Breach having been committed but the sanctions set out in Paragraph 8.4 of these Disciplinary Procedures are, in the Clearing House’s reasonable opinion, inadequate; or

(iii) to take no further action.

(c) Disciplinary Committee Formation

Where the Clearing House determines that it wishes to proceed with Disciplinary Proceedings in accordance with Paragraph 8.2(b)(i) above, it will convene a “Disciplinary Committee” consisting of:

(i) The Chairman of the Risk Committee of the Clearing House, or his representative;

(ii) The Chief Compliance Officer, or his representative;

(iii) The Chief Risk Officer, or his representative, and

(iv) Two members of the Executive Committee of LCH.Clearnet Group Limited.

Details of the precise composition of the Disciplinary Committee shall be provided to the FCM Clearing Member as part of the Report, as appropriate.

(d) FCM Clearing Member Response

The FCM Clearing Member shall respond to the Disciplinary Committee, within 14 days of receiving a Report which indicates that the Clearing House intends to proceed with Disciplinary Proceedings, providing a statement of defence responding to the allegations.

If no response has been received by the Disciplinary Committee within 14 days or such extended period as has been agreed between the FCM Clearing Member and the Disciplinary Committee, the Clearing House shall be relieved of its obligations to follow the remaining steps of the investigation procedure (as set out in Paragraph 8.2(e) below) and the Disciplinary Committee may instead make a determination in respect of the Alleged Breach and issue its Recommendation to the Clearing House as provided for in Paragraphs 8.2(g) and 8.2(h) below.

(e) Exploratory Meetings

Once the FCM Clearing Member has responded to the Report, either the FCM Clearing Member or the Disciplinary Committee can, within 7 days, request a meeting with the other party to ask further questions and discuss the Alleged Breach (the “Meeting”).
Unless otherwise agreed between the FCM Clearing Member and the Disciplinary Committee, the Meeting will be held at the Clearing House’s offices in London, provided that, if appropriate, the Meeting may take place at the Clearing House’s offices in New York, within 14 days from the request for a Meeting.

The Disciplinary Committee and the relevant FCM Clearing Member are each entitled to bring to the Meeting any person relevant to the Disciplinary Proceedings which includes but is not limited to the following:

(i) relevant experts;
(ii) legal advisors; and
(iii) accounting advisors.

The Clearing House and/or the FCM Clearing Member shall only be entitled to object to the attendance by any of the above if there is a substantiated conflict of interest.

The Disciplinary Committee shall, in addition, invite the Clearing House representative that led the investigation procedure to attend the Meeting.

The Disciplinary Committee shall, subject to the provisions of these Disciplinary Proceedings, decide upon its own procedure for conducting the Meeting and considering and determining the matters to be discussed in the course of the Meeting, on the basis of the Report, the FCM Clearing Member’s response to the Report, and such other information and documentation as the Disciplinary Committee considers appropriate. A secretary will be appointed to keep minutes of the Meeting.

The Disciplinary Committee may reasonably request further or other documentation and information from the FCM Clearing Member, save that the FCM Clearing Member shall not be compelled to disclose any information which it is prohibited from disclosing by virtue of Applicable Law or regulation, as a result of agreements signed with third parties or as a result of legal professional privilege (in which case the FCM Clearing Member shall provide the Clearing House with proof of such prohibition).

The matters discussed at the Meeting are confidential. The Disciplinary Committee and the FCM Clearing Member must ensure that any persons attending the Meeting are subject to a confidentiality agreement.

To ensure the efficiency of the Meeting, neither the Disciplinary Committee nor the FCM Clearing Member shall bring more than six representatives, unless otherwise agreed.

(a) Determination

Having considered the Report, the FCM Clearing Member’s response to the Report, any other information and documentation provided to the Disciplinary Committee in accordance with Paragraph 8.2(e) above and conducted the Meeting, the Disciplinary Committee must determine whether, in its view, the Alleged Breach has been committed.
The Disciplinary Committee shall make its determination, in accordance with this Paragraph 8.2(f), by a majority of the attendees, provided that no determination shall be made without a quorum of three (3) Disciplinary Committee members being in attendance.

In the event of a tie, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Disciplinary Committee shall not be bound to comply with any rule of Applicable Law or court procedure in respect of the admissibility of evidence and may, in its discretion, accept, any finding of fact by:

(i) a relevant Regulatory Body;

(ii) a Governmental Authority; or

(iii) the courts of England and Wales, the State of New York or the United States, in connection with a Dispute.

(g)(b) Recommendation

Within 7 days of the later of:

(i) the FCM Clearing Member’s response to the Report; and

(ii) the date of the Meeting, if applicable,

the Disciplinary Committee shall communicate its determination, made in accordance with Paragraph 8.2(f) above, to the Clearing House (the “Recommendation”).

The Disciplinary Committee shall set out in its Recommendation the grounds on which the Disciplinary Committee has determined that the Alleged Breach has or has not been committed and its proposal as to the sanctions, if any, that should be imposed by the Clearing House upon the FCM Clearing Member pursuant to Paragraph 8.4 of these Disciplinary Procedures.

This Paragraph 8.2(g) is without prejudice to the rights of the Disciplinary Committee to recommend that these Disciplinary Proceedings be discontinued and refer the matter to the Chief Executive Officer of the Clearing House to take action in accordance with the provisions of the Rules if the Disciplinary Committee has determined that the Alleged Breach has been committed but the sanctions set out in Paragraph 8.4 of these Disciplinary Procedures are, in the Disciplinary Committee’s reasonable opinion, inadequate.

(h)(c) Decision Notice

Following receipt of a Recommendation, pursuant to Paragraph 8.2(g) above, the Clearing House must decide whether or not to sanction the FCM Clearing Member in accordance with Paragraph 8.4 of these Disciplinary Procedures or otherwise in accordance with the provisions of the Rules.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House shall not be bound by the terms of the Recommendation of the Disciplinary Committee.
A decision by the Clearing House in accordance with this Paragraph 8.2(h) will be made by the Chief Executive Officer of the Clearing House or another suitably senior executive of the Clearing House.

Within 14 days of receiving a Recommendation, the Clearing House must notify the FCM Clearing Member of its decision by registered mail to the address notified to the Clearing House in its admission application (the “Decision Notice”).

A Decision Notice shall include details of the grounds on which the Clearing House has come to its decision and the sanction(s), if any, to be imposed against the FCM Clearing Member by the Clearing House pursuant to Paragraph 8.4 below or otherwise in accordance with the provisions of the Rules.

**Action**

Notwithstanding any decision by the Clearing House to convene a Disciplinary Committee and proceed with Disciplinary Proceedings in accordance with Paragraphs 8.2(c) to 8.2(i) above, the Clearing House may at any time choose to:

(i) discontinue the Disciplinary Proceedings;

(ii) determine that, in light of the relevant facts and circumstances, no sanction should be imposed upon the relevant FCM Clearing Member pursuant to Paragraph 8.4 below or otherwise in accordance with the provisions of the Rules;

(iii) take alternative action in accordance with the provisions of the Rules (including, without limitation, suspension or termination of the FCM Clearing Member’s membership of the Clearing House pursuant to the FCM Rulebook and/or the issuance of a Default Notice in respect of such FCM Clearing Member in respect of the FCM Clearing Member pursuant to the Default Rules), in which case the Clearing House shall be deemed to have instituted Disciplinary Proceedings in respect of the Alleged Breach; or

(iv) amend the scope of matters being considered by the Disciplinary Committee by amending the Report to add, delete or alter any detail of the Alleged Breach or to add detail of an additional Alleged Breach. For the avoidance of doubt, where the Report is amended in this way, the provisions of this Paragraph 8.2 will apply (and, unless otherwise agreed between the FCM Clearing Member and the Disciplinary Committee, any timing specified in this Paragraph 8.2 will restart) in respect of the amended Report.

**8.3 IMMEDIATE MEASURE**

Where the Alleged Breach comprises a breach of:

(a) any of an FCM Clearing Member’s obligations set out in the FCM Rulebook when such breach constitutes a threat to the integrity or safety of the Clearing House or increases the risk exposure of the Clearing House or other FCM Clearing Members;
an FCM Clearing Member’s obligation to satisfy the relevant membership criteria pursuant to Section 1 of the FCM Procedures;

(c) an FCM Clearing Member’s obligation to provide information and reporting to the Clearing House pursuant to Section 1 of the FCM Procedures;

(d) an FCM Clearing Member’s obligations to submit its clearing activity to audits and inspections pursuant to Section 1 of the FCM Procedures;

(e) an FCM Clearing Member’s obligations to satisfy its record keeping requirements pursuant to Section 1 of the FCM Procedures;

(f) an FCM Clearing Member’s obligation to furnish the Clearing House with Margin by the required time in accordance with FCM Regulation 409 and Section 3 of the FCM Procedures.

the Chief Executive Officer of the Clearing House or the Chief Compliance Officer shall be entitled at their sole discretion to, (a) issue a letter to the relevant FCM Clearing Member, reminding such member of their obligations under the FCM Rulebook or (b) impose a fine on the FCM Clearing Member in accordance with Paragraph 8.4, without being required to follow the procedure set out in Paragraph 8.2 above. In such circumstances the Clearing House must notify the FCM Clearing Member of its decision and the sanction that is to be imposed by way of a Decision Notice.

8.4 SANCTIONS

The Clearing House shall be entitled, in its absolute discretion, to impose the following sanctions against an FCM Clearing Member, pursuant to these Disciplinary Procedures, provided that any such sanction is proportionate and commensurate with the seriousness of the Alleged Breach:

(a) to impose a fine or require the FCM Clearing Member to make any other form of payment in an amount which it considers appropriate;

(b) public censure, by way of publishing all or part of the decision taken by the Clearing House pursuant to Disciplinary Proceedings on the Website;

(c) suspension for a fixed period, as determined by LCH.Clearnet Limited in its sole discretion from anyone or all of the clearing services offered by the Clearing House;

(d) issuance of a private warning or reprimand;

(e) termination of the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement; and/or

(f) any combination of the above.

8.5 DISPUTING A DECISION

Where an FCM Clearing Member wishes to dispute the Clearing House’s decision to impose sanctions listed in Paragraph 8.3 or 8.4, an FCM Clearing Member may, within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chief Executive Officer of the Clearing House or the Chief Compliance Officer may, at their discretion, direct) of receiving the Decision Notice in accordance with Paragraph 8.2(h) or 8.3, file an Appeal in
accordance with Section 6 of the FCM Procedures. In the event that the FCM Clearing Member does not lodge an appeal within the relevant timeframe, the decision rendered by the Clearing House in connection with the Alleged Breach shall be final and binding. In the event that the FCM Clearing Member does lodge an appeal, the results of the appeal process shall be final and binding.

8.6 **REPORTING AND PUBLICATION**

The Clearing House shall:

(a) report on its monitoring procedures in respect of the FCM Rulebook, compliance and breaches of the FCM Rulebook to its Regulatory Body pursuant to Applicable Law and/or on the basis of any arrangements between the Clearing House and any Regulatory Body;

(b) immediately notify the Regulatory Body of a decision to suspend or terminate an FCM Clearing Member’s membership rights or declare an FCM Clearing Member to be subject to an Event of Default (in each case in accordance with the FCM Rulebook); and

(c) prepare and publish a general report on the application of these Disciplinary Proceedings, from time to time but at least once a year, provided however that only the details of those FCM Clearing Members who have defaulted or whose membership rights have been suspended or terminated by the Clearing House shall be disclosed.

8.7 **INFRINGEMENT OF APPLICABLE LAW**

If the Clearing House finds, in the course of the investigation procedure, or otherwise, serious indications of a possible infringement of Applicable Law, it shall report the matter to the relevant Regulatory Body as soon as possible.
Exhibit A-3
Default Rules
See Attached
DEFAULT RULES

1. Save where expressly stated to the contrary these Default Rules (“Rules”) have effect with regard to the provision of clearing services for all markets cleared by the Clearing House.

2. (a) Words and expressions defined in the Clearing House’s Rulebook shall have the same meanings in these Rules, save that in relation to the provision of clearing services by an FCM Clearing Member, words and expressions defined in the Clearing House’s FCM Regulations shall have the same meanings in these Rules and such meanings shall prevail over any other meaning given to the relevant word or expression in the Clearing House’s Rulebook;

(b) A reference to a numbered Regulation in these Rules is a reference to the Regulation so numbered in the Regulations section of the Rulebook and a reference to a numbered FCM Regulation is a reference to the FCM Regulation so numbered in the FCM Regulations. A reference to a numbered Rule is a reference to the Rule so numbered in these Rules;

(c) The expression “relevant office-holder” in these Rules has the meaning given to it by section 189 of the Companies Act 1989 and a reference to the defaulter shall include where the context permits a reference to the relevant office-holder; and

(d) A reference to an agreement in these Rules is a reference to that agreement as amended, modified or varied from time to time.

3. In the event of a Clearing Member appearing to the Clearing House to be unable, or to be likely to become unable, to meet its obligations in respect of one or more Contracts, the Clearing House may (or upon the occurrence of an Automatic Early Termination Event, in which case such contracts will automatically terminate, the Clearing House will) take such steps listed in Rule 6 as in the circumstances appear to it best calculated:

(a) to discharge all the Clearing Member’s rights and liabilities under or in respect of all Contracts to which it is party or upon which it is or may be liable, and

(b) to complete the process set out in Rule 8.

Before taking any such step the Clearing House shall have regard to the interests of the members of any market that the Clearing Member may belong to and shall, where in the circumstances it is reasonably practicable to do so without prejudice to those interests if applicable or the interests of the Clearing House, consult any relevant Exchange to whose Exchange Rules open contracts registered in the name of the Clearing Member are subject. As soon as practicable after the Clearing House has elected to take any such step in relation to a Clearing Member (or in the case of an Automatic Early Termination Event as soon as practicable after the occurrence of such
event) the Clearing House shall send to such Clearing Member: (a) a notice of such step being taken or notice of the occurrence of an Automatic Early Termination Event (a "Default Notice"), and shall publish a copy of the Default Notice; and (b) in relation a defaulter who is a SwapClear Clearing Member, copies of any written notices received from the Individual Segregated Account Clearing Client(s) and/or any of the Omnibus Net Segregated Clearing Client(s) of that defaulter confirming their instructions for the Clearing House to arrange for a transfer or termination, close-out and re-establishment of their open SwapClear Contracts to/with the relevant Back-up SwapClear Clearing Member(s), provided, however, that the Clearing House shall have no liability for any failure to deliver such notices.

4. A Clearing Member (i) in respect of whom the Clearing House has issued a Default Notice under Rule 3; or (ii) in respect of whom an Automatic Early Termination Event has occurred is in these Rules called a “defaulter”.

5. Without prejudice to the generality of Rule 3, the Clearing House may take any or all of the events under paragraphs 5(a) to (q) below to show that a Clearing Member is or is likely to become unable to meet its obligations in respect of one or more Contracts. Also, the Clearing House may from time to time by publication in a circular to Clearing Members specify criteria (including but not limited to the jurisdiction of incorporation of a Clearing Member) according to which an event under paragraphs 5(i) to (p) below will constitute an Automatic Early Termination Event:

(a) the Clearing Member fails duly to perform or is in breach of the Regulations, the FCM Regulations, the Procedures, or any of the terms of any agreement, understanding or arrangement with the Clearing House or the right of the Clearing Member to receive a transfer or termination, close-out and re-establishment of contracts pursuant to a Link has been suspended under Participating Exchange Rules, or a Clearing Member is a Defaulter (as defined in a Member Link Agreement to which the Clearing Member is a party);

(b) the Clearing Member is in breach of the terms of membership of, or is declared to be in default by, or is suspended or expelled from membership of, an Exchange, a Participating Exchange or any other recognised, designated or overseas investment exchange or clearing house;

(c) the Clearing Member is in breach of any Exchange Rules, Participating Exchange Rules or the rules of any recognised, designated or overseas investment exchange or clearing house;

(d) the Clearing Member is in breach of the terms of membership of, or is refused an application for or is suspended or expelled from membership of, a Regulatory Body or is in breach of the rules of a Regulatory Body to which it is subject or its authorisation by a Regulatory Body is suspended or withdrawn;

(e) a Regulatory Body takes or threatens to take action against or in respect of the Clearing Member under any statutory provision or process of law;

(f) the Clearing Member is in default in the payment of any sum whatsoever due and payable to the Clearing House;
the Clearing Member is in default in making or accepting a tender pursuant to Regulation 19 or in performing an open contract subject to tender or a delivery contract;

the Clearing Member fails to pay any sum due and payable, or is otherwise in default under the terms of any agreement or threatens to suspend payment or to default under the terms of any agreement;

in respect of the Clearing Member, a bankruptcy petition is presented or bankruptcy order made or a voluntary arrangement is approved;

in respect of the Clearing Member, a receiver, manager or administrative receiver is appointed or a composition or scheme of arrangement is approved by the court;

an assignment or composition is made by the Clearing Member for the benefit of creditors or any of them;

a petition is presented for the winding up of the Clearing Member;

an order is made for the winding up of the Clearing Member, or a resolution is passed for the winding up of the Clearing Member (save for the purpose of its amalgamation or reconstruction);

in respect of the Clearing Member, a petition is presented or order made for the appointment of an administrator;

the Clearing Member, being a partnership, is dissolved, or being a registered company, is dissolved or suffers its name to be struck off the register of companies;

any step analogous to those mentioned in paragraphs (i) to (o) is taken in respect of the Clearing Member in any jurisdiction; or

any distress, execution or other process is levied or enforced or served upon or against any property of the Clearing Member.

The steps which may be taken by the Clearing House under Rule 3 in respect of the defaulter or otherwise are:

(a) to register an original contract or an FCM SwapClear Transaction (as the case may be) in the name of the defaulter or to decline to register an original contract or an FCM SwapClear Transaction (as the case may be) in the name of the defaulter or otherwise to exercise the Clearing House's discretion with regard to the defaulter under Regulation 9(c) or, in the case of an FCM Clearing Member, FCM Regulations 30(h) and 40(h);

(b) to effect a closing-out in respect of an open contract of the defaulter (whether by the entering into of a closing-out contract or otherwise) and at the option of the Clearing House to settle such contracts or to effect the transfer or termination, close-out and cash-settlement of an open contract of the defaulter by applying a price determined by the Clearing House in its discretion;

(c) to settle any open contract of which settlement might have been requested by the defaulter pursuant to Regulation 15(e) or 16;
(d) to invoice a Contract, other than a SwapClear Contract or an FCM SwapClear Contract or a ForexClear Contract, of the defaulter back by way of compulsory settlement in accordance with Regulation 28 at a price or premium determined under paragraph (d) of that Regulation;

(e) to sell any security deposited by the defaulter pursuant to Regulation 12 or, in the case of a defaulter who is an FCM Clearing Member, FCM Regulation 109, or any agreement made between the defaulter and the Clearing House by public or private sale for account of the defaulter without being obliged to obtain the defaulter’s consent or any order of a court of law, and to appoint any person to execute any document for such purpose in the name and on behalf of the defaulter;

(f) subject to the Procedures, to exercise an option of the defaulter on its behalf notwithstanding that such exercise may take place on a day which is not a day prescribed for such exercise by any relevant Exchange Rules;

(g) to transfer an open contract of the defaulter to the account of another Clearing Member or to close-out and terminate such open contract and re-establish it with another Clearing Member, being a Clearing Member entitled and willing to have such open contract registered in its name or to transfer an open contract from the account of another Clearing Member to the account of the defaulter for the purposes of closing out an open contract registered in an account of the defaulter or for any other reason which the Clearing House considers appropriate in the circumstances without requiring the consent of any relevant Exchange;

(h) to take such steps as may be desirable, including crediting or debiting of accounts (including margin accounts), entry into new contracts, transfer of existing contracts, reversal of contracts, or termination, close-out and re-establishment of contracts, or any other step, to preserve as far as possible the position of any client of the Clearing Member. Where an open contract is transferred or closed-out, terminated, and re-established under paragraph (g), without requiring the consent of the relevant Exchange, to transfer (whether by way of transfer or by way of termination, close-out and re-establishment of positions) to the Clearing Member to whom the open contract is transferred (or with whom the replacement open contract is re-established) such cover held as security for the defaulter’s obligations to the Clearing House on that account as the Clearing House may deem appropriate;

(i) tender or receive a tender in the defaulter’s name;

(j) to perform an open contract subject to tender or a delivery contract by either delivery of or accepting delivery of the commodity the subject of such contract to or from, as the case may be, the defaulter, its agent or a third party in any manner permitted by the terms of the Contract and the Exchange Rules (if any);

(k) where the defaulter is party to an open contract subject to tender, to declare the defaulter’s rights and liabilities in respect of performance thereof discharged, whereupon the provisions of Rule 7 shall apply to the defaulter in respect of the open contract;

(l) to make or procure the making of one or more contracts, including (without limitation) original contracts for the purpose of hedging market risk to which
the defaulter is exposed, and to register the same in the defaulter’s name under the Regulations or the FCM Regulations (as the case may be);

(m) to make or procure the making of one or more contracts, whether or not in the terms of exchange contracts, for the sale, purchase or other disposition of a commodity, and to register the same in the defaulter’s name under the Regulations;

(n) to designate a currency as a currency of account, and at the defaulter’s expense to convert any sum payable by or to the defaulter in another currency into the currency of account;

(o) to take any step which in the circumstances is open to the Clearing House under any applicable Exchange Rules including, without limitation, to transfer (whether by way of transfer or by way of termination, close-out and re-establishment) an open contract of the defaulter to a Participating Exchange to be registered at the Participating Exchange in accordance with its rules;

(p) without prejudice to any other right of the Clearing House under the Regulations, to take such action as the Clearing House may deem necessary for its protection in the name and at the expense of the defaulter with regard to any open contract standing in its name;

(q) in respect of Contracts standing in the defaulter’s name, to charge to its account the amount (or, if the amount is not finally known, the estimated amount) of any expenses incurred by the Clearing House with regard to or in consequence of the circumstances mentioned in Rule 3 or the steps which are or may be taken under this Rule, the Regulations or the FCM Regulations (as the case may be) and any expenses incurred with regard thereto under Rule 11 and the amount of any losses, costs or expenses incurred or suffered by the Clearing House referred to in paragraph (g) of Regulation 42 and any other amounts referred to in such paragraph;

(r) any other step calculated by the Clearing House to complete the process set out in Rule 8; and

(s) to obtain such advice or assistance, whether legal advice or otherwise, as the Clearing House may deem necessary and at the expense of the defaulter for any matter arising out of or in connection with the default,

PROVIDED that in the case of SwapClear Contracts, the steps which shall be taken by the Clearing House shall be set out in the SwapClear DMP Annex to these Default Rules, and

PROVIDED further that in the case of ForexClear Contracts, the steps which shall be taken by the Clearing House shall be set out in the ForexClear DMP Annex to these Default Rules.

7. (a) Where the Clearing House declares the defaulter’s rights and liabilities under an open contract subject to tender discharged under Rule 6(k):

(i) those rights and liabilities and the rights and liabilities of the Clearing House under the open contract shall be discharged, and,

(ii) there shall arise between the defaulter and the Clearing House in respect of the open contract an obligation to account, as directed by
the Clearing House, for a settlement amount determined by the relevant Board under this Rule.

(b) The settlement amount referred to in paragraph (a) shall be an amount which, at the request of the Clearing House, the relevant Board determines to represent adequate compensation (in the circumstances known to the Board) for the discharge of the mutual rights and liabilities of the defaulter and the Clearing House under the open contract. The Board’s determination shall be conclusive. The Clearing House shall direct how the settlement amount is to be accounted for between the defaulter and itself.

(c) Neither the Clearing House nor any relevant Board or Exchange shall have any liability whatsoever for anything done or omitted in the determination of a settlement amount under this Rule.

8. Upon the discharge of the defaulter’s rights and liabilities under or in respect of all Contracts to which it is party the following process shall, subject to any contrary provision in Rule 16, be completed by the Clearing House:

(a) there shall be brought into account all sums payable: (i) by or to a defaulter in respect of Contracts (other than FCM SwapClear Contracts); any other sum due under the Regulations; any sum due in respect of any breach of the Regulations; (except, if the Clearing House so determines at its discretion, any sum payable under a Contract as the price for the commodity the subject of such Contract delivered or to be delivered to the Clearing House by or on behalf of the defaulter); and/or any amount due from the defaulter to the Clearing House in respect of any Treasury Contract; or (ii) by or to a defaulter in respect of FCM SwapClear Contracts; any other sum due under the FCM Regulations; and/or any sum due in respect of any breach of the FCM Regulations;

(b) the sums so payable shall be aggregated or set off so as to produce a net sum or as many net sums as required by Rule 10; and

(c) such net sum, or each such net sum:

(i) if payable by the defaulter to the Clearing House, shall be set off against any cover standing to the credit of the defaulter’s account so as to produce a further net sum, or shall be aggregated with any debit balance of the defaulter’s account, or

(ii) if payable by the Clearing House to the defaulter, shall be aggregated with any cover standing to the credit of the defaulter's account, or shall be set off against any debit balance of the defaulter’s account so as to produce a further net sum.

(d) Where an amount is payable by the Clearing House to the defaulter in respect of a balance on its Proprietary Account or accounts, and there are amounts due to the Clearing House in respect of any client account or any FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account with LCH (as the case may be) operated by it, the balance on the Proprietary Account or accounts may be applied to meet the shortfall on the client account or accounts or on the FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account(s) with LCH (as the case may be) in any way which the Clearing House may determine.
For the purposes of paragraph (a) of this Rule the Clearing House may assess the sum payable by or to the defaulter in respect of any breach of the Regulations or the FCM Regulations (as the case may be) in such reasonable manner as it thinks fit.

9. The sum, or each sum, finally payable by the defaulter to the Clearing House or by the Clearing House to the defaulter, or the fact that no sum is finally payable by either such party to the other, as the case may be upon completion of the process set out in Rule 8, shall be forthwith certified by the Clearing House. The certificate of the Clearing House under this Rule shall be conclusive as to the discharge of the defaulter’s rights and liabilities in respect of the Contracts to which it relates. The Clearing House shall, as soon as practicable after issuing a Default Notice in respect of a Clearing Member, appoint a day on which any net sums certified under this Rule to be due to the defaulter are to be paid by the Clearing House. The day so appointed may fall before or after the effective date of termination of the defaulter’s Clearing Membership Agreement but shall not fall on a day before the process specified in Rule 8 can be completed.

10. (a) Where the defaulter has more than one account with the Clearing House, the defaulter's accounts shall be combined for the purpose of Rules 8 and 9 as follows: an account which is an FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account with LCH of the defaulter may only be combined with other FCM Omnibus OTC Client Accounts with LCH of the defaulter; an account which is a Proprietary Account of the defaulter may be combined with any other Proprietary Accounts of the defaulter and (if the Clearing House so elects) Treasury Accounts of the defaulter (subject to Rule 8(d) and 10(d) of the Default Rules); and an account which is a Treasury Account of the defaulter may only be combined with other Treasury Accounts and (if the Clearing House so elects) Proprietary Accounts of the defaulter. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no circumstances may an account which is an Individual Segregated Account of the defaulter or an Omnibus Net Segregated Account of the defaulter be combined with any other account of the defaulter.

(b) For the purposes of this Rule 10, each Individual Segregated Account of the defaulter and each Omnibus Net Segregated Account of the defaulter shall constitute a separate “kind of account”. Where the defaulter has more than one kind of account with the Clearing House, the process set out in Rule 8 shall be separately completed in respect of each kind of account. In the case of each kind of account of the defaulter which is not an Omnibus Net Segregated Account, the sum finally payable in respect of that kind of account following completion of the process set out in Rule 8 shall be separately certified under Rule 9. In the case of each kind of account of the defaulter which is an Omnibus Net Segregated Account, the sum finally payable in respect of that kind of account following completion of the process set out in Rule 8 will be allocated by the Clearing House (pro rata as it sees fit in its sole discretion) between the Omnibus Net Segregated Clearing Clients sharing in that Omnibus Net Segregated Account. Each sum so allocated to an Omnibus Net Segregated Clearing Client shall be separately certified under Rule 9.

(c) In Rule 8(c) the “defaulter's account” means:

(i) with regard to a net sum produced by reference to Contracts registered in an Individual Segregated Account of the defaulter, that Individual Segregated Account;
(ii) with regard to a net sum produced by reference to Contracts registered in an Omnibus Net Segregated Account of the defaulter, that Omnibus Net Segregated Account;

(iii) with regard to a net sum produced by reference to FCM SwapClear Contracts registered in one or more FCM Omnibus OTC Client Accounts with LCH of the defaulter, that FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account with LCH, or (if there is more than one) all those FCM Omnibus OTC Client Accounts with LCH combined;

(iv) with regard to a net sum produced by reference to Contracts registered in one or more Proprietary Accounts of the defaulter, that Proprietary Account or those Proprietary Accounts combined and (if the Clearing House has elected in accordance with Rule 10(a)) any Treasury Accounts of the defaulter; and

(v) with regard to a net sum produced by reference to one or more Treasury Accounts of the defaulter, that Treasury Account or those Treasury Accounts combined, and (if the Clearing House has elected in accordance with Rule 10(a)) Proprietary Accounts.

(d) Notwithstanding any provision of the Rulebook to the contrary, any loss which relates to a Treasury Account may not be treated as a Default Loss (as defined in Rule 23(b)), whether or not cover has been applied in respect of such loss. Nothing in this Rule 10(d) requires the Clearing House to apply cover in respect of any such loss instead of any other amount referred to in Rule 8(a), except that the Clearing House may not apply cover in respect of any such loss to the extent that doing so would give rise to an Excess Loss (as defined in Rule 15).

11. Without further authorisation, permission or cooperation from the defaulter, the Clearing House may appoint any person to take or assist it in taking any step under these Rules or to complete or assist it in completing the process set out in Rule 8.

12. The Clearing House may co-operate, by the sharing of information and otherwise, with any Regulatory Body or relevant Exchange, any relevant office-holder acting in relation to the defaulter or its estate and any other authority or body having responsibility for, or any Clearing Member having an interest in, any matter arising out of or connected with the circumstances mentioned in Rule 3.

13. In addition to such copy report as it supplies under section 162(3) of the Companies Act 1989, the Clearing House shall report to the defaulter, or any relevant office-holder acting in relation to the defaulter or its estate, on steps taken in relation to the defaulter under Rule 6.
SWAPCLEAR DMP ANNEX

1. **Scope and Interpretation**

1.1 The Clearing House has established a SwapClear DMP which will apply to SwapClear Contracts following the issue of a Default Notice relating to a SwapClear Clearing Member and in respect of which, for the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House will have no recourse to the process of invoicing-back. The fundamental principles of the SwapClear DMP are elaborated to the fullest extent possible in this Annex. Where exhaustive detail cannot be laid out in the provisions of this Annex, the SwapClear DMP will be undertaken on the basis of the principles contained herein.

1.2 The Clearing House has an obligation to ensure the on-going integrity of the SwapClear service and SwapClear Contracts in the interests of the Non-Defaulting SCMs. When a SwapClear Clearing Member defaults, Non-Defaulting SCMs are required to supply impartial expertise through the SwapClear DMG and to bid for the Auction Portfolios of a Defaulting SCM, as laid out in this Annex. In addition, most SCMs or their parent companies or subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, have direct interests in that integrity, notably as contributors to the various default funds of the Clearing House. Each SCM shall take all steps and execute all documents necessary or required by the Clearing House to comply with its obligations as a SCM arising out of this SwapClear DMP Annex.

1.3 The initial margining of SwapClear Contracts will be such so as to ensure that the acceptance of bids for the Auction Portfolios of a Defaulting SCM will recognise risk premiums, and that equivalent premiums will be paid by the Clearing House in closing-out large positions in other Contracts traded on exchange or ATS-organised markets.

1.4 In this Annex:

"AIP" has the meaning given in Rule 2.4 of this Annex;

"Auction" means the process of bidding by SwapClear Clearing Members for an Auction Portfolio prescribed by the Clearing House following consultation with the SwapClear DMG from time to time in accordance with Rule 2.3 of this Annex;

"Auction Currency" means in relation to an Auction, the currency of an Auction Portfolio which is the subject of that Auction;

"Auction Losses" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.2 of this Annex;

"Auction Portfolio" means (i) a Portfolio; or (ii) a group of SwapClear Contracts resulting from the splitting of a Portfolio pursuant Rule 2.1 of this Annex including any connected hedging trades concluded by the Clearing House through Risk Neutralisation;

"Bankruptcy Code" means the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, as amended;

"CEA" means the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act, as amended;

"CFTC" means the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission;
"Currency Participant" means, in respect of a specific SwapClear currency, a Non-Defaulting SCM who at the time the Clearing House declares a Default has SwapClear Contracts for that SwapClear currency registered in its name;

"Derivatives Clearing Organization" means an organisation designated and registered as such by way of United States Code Title 7, Chapter 1, paragraph 7a-1;

"Equal Bid" has the meaning given in Rule 2.3.5 of this Annex;

"FCM House Business" means the FCM SwapClear Contracts entered into by an FCM Clearing Member for its own account or for the account of an Affiliate;

"Guidance" means guidance, in the form of one or more written notices, issued from time to time pursuant to Rule 1.2 of this Annex by or on behalf of the Clearing House to SwapClear Clearing Members, supplementing the detail or conduct of any aspect of the SwapClear DMP;

"Higher Bid" and "Higher Bidder" have the meanings given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Initial Resources" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.2 of this Annex;

"Losing Currency" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.4 of this Annex;

"Losing Currency Original SCM" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.4 of this Annex;

"Losing Currency Unfunded SCM" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.7 of this Annex;

"Margin Cover" has the meaning given in Rule 16(1) of the Default Fund Rules;

"Non-defaulters' Contributions" means the SwapClear Contributions made by Non-Defaulting SCMs to the SwapClear Default Fund;

"Original Contributions" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Portfolios" means, in respect of each SwapClear currency, the SwapClear Contracts in such currency registered in the name of a Defaulting SCM, and, where relevant, includes any connected hedging trades concluded by the Clearing House through Risk Neutralisation;

"Potential Unfunded Contributions" has the meaning given in Rule 2.4.2 of this Annex;

"Recognised Clearing House" mean an organisation which is declared to be a recognised clearing house by a recognition order (that is for the time being in force) made under section 290(1)(b) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;

"Relevant Original Contributions" has the meaning given to it in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Relevant Unfunded Contributions" has the meaning given to it in Rule 2.5.6 of this Annex;
"Remaining Original Short Bidder" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Remaining Unfunded Short Bidder" has the meaning given to it in Rule 2.5.6 of this Annex;

"Risk Neutralisation" means the process of reducing the market risk associated with a Defaulting SCM’s obligations to the Clearing House under SwapClear Contracts by hedging the exposure prior to the auction process as described in Rule 2.2 of this Annex;

"Short Bidder" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"SwapClear Default Management Process Completion Date" means the date when the SwapClear Default Management Process in relation to a Default has been completed as determined by the Clearing House in consultation with the SwapClear DMG and notified to all SCMs;

"SwapClear DMG" means the advisory Default Management Group established by the Clearing House pursuant to the terms of this Annex;

"SwapClear DMP or SwapClear Default Management Process" means the processes of the Clearing House outlined in this Annex, as the same may be supplemented and/or amended from time to time in accordance with this Annex; and

"Worst Case Loss" means, in respect of an Auction Portfolio or all of the SwapClear Contracts of a Non-Defaulting SCM denominated in a particular currency, the largest loss which could be incurred by the Clearing House in respect of the relevant group of SwapClear Contracts, as determined by the Clearing House using the SwapClear PAIRS marging algorithm based on 1250 historical scenarios (5 years history) and a holding period of 5 days.

Terms used in this Annex which are not defined herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Regulations and in the FCM Regulations.

2. SwapClear Clearing House Business and FCM House Business

The SwapClear Default Management Process in respect of SwapClear Clearing House Business and FCM House Business shall involve the stages described in this Rule 2.

2.1 Portfolio Splitting

The Clearing House, in consultation with and the assistance of the SwapClear DMG, shall determine the composition of each Auction Portfolio and shall have the discretion to divide a Portfolio into two or more individual Auction Portfolios with the aim of facilitating the efficiency of, and reducing the risk associated with, the auction process provided for in Rule 2.3 of this Annex. The overriding principle is that the Clearing House will structure Auction Portfolios with the intention of ensuring a SwapClear DMP which best protects the resources of the Clearing House, subject to compliance with applicable provisions of the CEA and regulations of the CFTC regarding segregation of client assets. Therefore, nothing in this Rule 2.1 shall be deemed to imply: (a) that the Clearing House is under any obligation to split a particular Portfolio of a Defaulting SCM (regardless of the number of SwapClear Contracts that such Portfolio contains); or (b) any particular requirements as to the composition of an individual Auction Portfolio, except that, subject to overriding risk
procedures it is broadly anticipated that the parameters of any Auction Portfolio shall not be materially different to those set out in the Clearing House’s fire drill.

2.2 Risk Neutralisation

The Clearing House will, in consultation with and with the assistance of the SwapClear DMG, reduce the market risk associated with a Defaulting SCM’s obligations to the Clearing House so far as is reasonably practicable by hedging the Clearing House’s exposure in open SwapClear Contracts to which the Defaulting SCM is party. All such hedging shall be undertaken by the Clearing House with SCMs, on the basis of separate agreements between the Clearing House and each such SCM. The aim of Risk Neutralisation is to reduce market exposure to within defined tolerance limits expressed as deltas or other measures of market risk and as established from time to time by the Clearing House in consultation with the SwapClear DMG as may reasonably be determined by the Clearing House in consultation with the SwapClear DMG once a Default has been declared under the Default Rules. For the avoidance of doubt, Risk Neutralisation may happen prior to, concurrently with and/or subsequently to the splitting of a Portfolio pursuant to Rule 2.1 above.

2.3 Auction

2.3.1 Following the completion of Risk Neutralisation, the Clearing House shall auction each Auction Portfolio to Non-Defaulting SCMs. The Clearing House, in consultation with the SwapClear DMG, shall prescribe such procedures (in addition to those set out herein) for the conduct of the auction process as it considers reasonably appropriate from time to time.

2.3.2 The Clearing House shall notify each SCM of all details that may be reasonably required in relation to an Auction Portfolio prior to the relevant Auction.

2.3.3 The auction process may take place over a number of days and Auctions of different Auction Portfolios may take place at different times.

2.3.4 SCMs will submit bids to the Clearing House representatives on the SwapClear DMG, who will ensure that the identities of the bidders are not revealed to the SCM representatives on the SwapClear DMG. For the avoidance of doubt, an SCM shall be entitled to submit a bid on behalf of one or more affiliated SCMs. The SwapClear DMG will oversee the bidding process in a manner which it considers best protects the resources of the Clearing House and ensures an orderly process.

2.3.5 The Clearing House in consultation with the SwapClear DMG will have full discretion in deciding whether or not to accept a particular bid in an Auction and, in so deciding, will take into account the relevant factors that determine risk premiums, as well as the range of bids received relative to initial margin held and, subject to their availability, the Clearing House resources as set out in Rule 16 of the Clearing House’s Default Fund Rules. In the event that more than one SCM submits a bid of the same value (each an “Equal Bid”), the Clearing House will, subject to its discretion to reject all such Equal Bids, select the bid which was received first in time.

2.3.6 In the case of an Auction in which no bid is accepted or received (as the case may be), one or more further Auctions will be held in relation to the relevant Auction Portfolio. As soon as practicable following an Auction:
in the event that a bid was accepted, the Clearing House will notify those Currency Participants in the relevant Auction Currency together with any other SCMs who participated in the Auction that a bid was accepted and shall notify the SCM who submitted the accepted bid that its bid was accepted;

(b) in the event that no bid was accepted, the Clearing House will notify all SCMs of the details of any further Auction.

2.3.7 The SCM agrees to use all reasonable efforts to make a bid in an Auction for an Auction Portfolio in respect of which such SCM is a Currency Participant.

2.4 Auction Incentive Pools

2.4.1 Before commencing the auction process, the Clearing House will calculate an auction incentive pool (each an “AIP”) for each individual Auction Portfolio for the purposes of providing an initial allocation of the resources potentially available to it to satisfy any loss incurred in the Auction of each such Auction Portfolio. Notwithstanding such initial allocation, any resources utilised by the Clearing House will be allocated in accordance with Rule 2.5 below.

2.4.2 For each AIP, the resources shall be allocated as follows:

(a) the resources of the Defaulting SCM (in the form of: (i) that part of the Margin Cover for the SwapClear Contracts of the Defaulting SCM pursuant to Rule 16(1) of the Default Fund Rules and (ii) the SwapClear Contribution made by the Defaulting SCM to the SwapClear Default Fund) available pursuant to Rule 16(2) of the Default Fund Rules at the time of the auction process will be allocated to the AIPs based on the proportion that (a) the risk of the relevant Auction Portfolio bears to (b) the aggregate of the risks (on an absolute basis) for all Auction Portfolios;

(b) the portion of the Capped Amount applied to the SwapClear Business of the Defaulting SCM pursuant to Rule 16(3) of the Default Fund Rules will be allocated to the AIPs based on the proportion that (a) the risk of the relevant Auction Portfolio bears to (b) the aggregate of the risks (on an absolute basis) for all Auction Portfolios;

and

(b) the Non-defaulters' Contribution of each SCM and the total value of the SwapClear Unfunded Contributions which would be callable but have not been called by the Clearing House from the relevant SCM in respect of the relevant Default in accordance with Rule S8 of the Default Fund Rules (the “Potential Unfunded Contributions”) will, subject to Rule 2.4.3 below, be allocated between the AIPs relating to the Auction Portfolios in which the relevant SCM is a Currency Participant based on the proportion that: (a) the risk of the SwapClear Contracts of such SCM denominated in the relevant currency bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) in respect of each currency in which the relevant SCM is a Currency Participant.

2.4.3 Where a Portfolio for a particular Swapclear currency has been split into two or more Auction Portfolios, the Non-defaulters' Contributions and Potential Unfunded Contributions allocated to the AIP related to the relevant Portfolio will be further divided for the purposes of allocation into AIPs relating to the relevant Auction Portfolios based on the proportion that (a) the risk of the
SwapClear Contracts in each such Auction Portfolio bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) for each of the Auction Portfolios in the relevant currency.

2.5 Loss Attribution

2.5.1 Following the completion of all Auctions of all Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting SCM, the Clearing House will determine whether losses incurred by it as a result of such Auctions are such that the Non-defaulters’ Contributions must be utilised. Where applicable, such losses will be allocated to Non-defaulters’ Contributions in accordance with the loss attribution process described in Rules 2.5.2 to 2.5.8 of this Annex.

2.5.2 For each Auction Portfolio, losses to the Clearing House will be met using the resources as set out in Rule 16. In applying those resources, the Clearing House will allocate the losses in respect of each Auction Portfolio (the “Auction Losses”) by reference to the resources allocated to the AIPs related to such Auction Portfolios in accordance with Rule 2.4 of this Annex. Where there are no Auction Losses in respect of an Auction Portfolio or the Auction Losses in respect of an Auction Portfolio do not require the full amount of the resources referred to in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of Rule 2.4.2 of this Annex allocated to the AIP related to the relevant Auction Portfolio (the “Initial Resources”) to be fully utilised, the relevant surplus Initial Resources will be allocated pro rata between those AIPs relating to Auction Portfolios in respect of which there are Auction Losses requiring the utilisation of resources beyond the Initial Resources available in the relevant AIP in accordance with Rule 16(1), 16(2) and 16(3) until such time as all Initial Resources have been fully utilised.

2.5.3 In the case of each Auction for which there are Auction Losses in respect of which the Non-defaulters’ Contributions must be utilised, those Non-defaulter’s Contributions, not including, for these purposes, any part of such Non-defaulters’ Contributions that reflect any SwapClear Unfunded Contribution deposited with the Clearing House pursuant to the Default in respect of which the relevant Auction was held (the “Original Contributions”) and which have been allocated to the AIP relating to the relevant Auction Portfolio (the “Relevant Original Contributions”) will be used first in the following order:

(a)(i) The Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contributions of those SCMs who are Currency Participants in the Auction Currency and who did not bid in the relevant Auction. Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contribution of an individual SCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (i) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Original Contribution of such SCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Original Contributions of all SCMs who are Currency Participants in the Auction Currency and who did not bid in the relevant Auction;

(b)(ii) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (i) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contributions of the Short Bidders. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (ii) and sub-paragraph (ii) of Rule 2.5.6 of this Annex the term “Short Bidder” means any SCM who is a Currency Participant in
the Auction Currency and who submitted an unsuccessful bid in the relevant Auction save for any SCM who submitted a higher bid in an Auction than the bid accepted by the Clearing House in accordance with Rule 2.3.4 of this Annex (each such SCM, a “Higher Bidder” and each such bid, a “Higher Bid”).

Auction Losses will be attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) based upon the proportion that (a) the variance of the bid of such Short Bidder from the winning bid (denominated in units of the relevant Auction Currency) bears to (b) the sum of the variances of the bids of all Short Bidders from the winning bid (denominated in units of the relevant Auction Currency);

Where the value of the Auction Losses attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) is greater than the value of the Relevant Original Contribution of such Short Bidder, the relevant excess Auction Losses will be attributed to each Short Bidder whose Relevant Original Contribution exceeds the value of the Auction Losses which have been attributed to it pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) (each a “Remaining Original Short Bidder”) by (a) calculating the amount which is the bid of the relevant Remaining Original Short Bidder divided by the sum of the bids of all Remaining Original Short Bidders; and (b) multiplying such amount by the value of the relevant excess Auction Losses;

The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution process described in this sub-paragraph (ii) until the first to occur of (a) the Auction Losses being fully met; and (b) the Relevant Original Contributions of all Short Bidders being fully attributed; and

(e)(iii) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (ii) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contribution of the SCM who submitted the winning bid, together with, where applicable, the Relevant Original Contribution of any SCM who submitted a bid which is an Equal Bid or a Higher Bid in relation to that winning bid. The outstanding Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contribution of an individual SCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (iii) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Original Contribution of such SCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Original Contributions of (i) the SCM who submitted the winning bid; (ii) any SCMs who submitted an Equal Bid to such winning bid; and (iii) any SCMs who were Higher Bidders, in the relevant Auction.

If, for an Auction Portfolio, there remain Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referenced to in sub-paragraph (iii) above, and there are AIPs relating to other Auction Portfolios in the same Auction Currency in which the Relevant Original Contributions have not been fully utilised, the Clearing House shall attribute the remaining Auctions Losses amongst such Remaining Original Contributions through the attribution process set out in sub-paragraphs (i) to (iii) above.

2.5.4 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.3 above, those Auction Losses will
be attributed to the Original Contributions of those SCMs who are Currency Participants in any other Auction Currency in relation to which Auction Losses have arisen to the extent that Non-defaulters’ Contributions must be utilised (each a “Losing Currency”) and whose Original Contributions have not yet been fully utilised (each a “Losing Currency Original SCM”). Such remaining Auction Losses will be attributed to any remaining Original Contribution of each such SCM pursuant to this Rule 2.5.4 based upon the proportion that: (a) the risk of all of the SwapClear Contracts of such SCM denominated in each of the Losing Currencies bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) for all Losing Currency Original SCMs. The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution process described in this Rule 2.5.4 until the first to occur of (a) the Auction Losses being fully met; and (b) the Original Contributions of all Losing Currency Original SCMs being fully attributed.

2.5.5 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.4 above, those remaining Auction Losses will be allocated to the Original Contributions of each SCM who is not a Currency Participant in any of the Losing Currencies based upon the proportion that (a) the value of each such Original Contribution bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) for each of such SCMs.

2.5.6 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.5 above, the SwapClear Unfunded Contributions which have been allocated to the AIP relating to the relevant Auction Portfolio (the “Relevant Unfunded Contributions”) will be used first in the following order:

(a)(i) The Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of those SCMs who are Currency Participants in the Auction Currency and who did not bid in the relevant Auction. Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of an individual SCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (i) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of such SCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of all SCMs who are Currency Participants in the Auction Currency and who did not bid in the relevant Auction;

(b)(ii) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (i) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of the Short Bidders in the relevant Auction. Auction Losses will be attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) based upon the proportion that (a) the variance of the bid of such Short Bidder from the winning bid (denominated in units of the relevant Auction Currency) bears to (b) the sum of the variances of the bids of all Short Bidders from the winning bid (denominated in units of the relevant Auction Currency);

Where the value of the Auction Losses attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) is greater than the value of the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of such Short Bidder, the relevant excess Auction Losses will be attributed to each Short Bidder whose Relevant Unfunded Contribution exceeds the value of the Auction Losses which have been attributed to it pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) (each a “Remaining Unfunded Short Bidder”) by (a) calculating
the amount which is the bid of the relevant Remaining Unfunded Short Bidder divided by the sum of the bids of all Remaining Unfunded Short Bidders; and (b) multiplying such amount by the value of the relevant excess Auction Losses;

The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution process described in this sub-paragraph (ii) until the first to occur of (a) the Auction Losses being fully met; and (b) the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of all Short Bidders being fully attributed; and

(c) (iii) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (ii) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of the SCM who submitted the winning bid, together with, where applicable, the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of any SCM who submitted a bid which is an Equal Bid or a Higher Bid in relation to that winning bid. The outstanding Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of an individual SCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (iii) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of such SCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of (i) the SCM who submitted the winning bid; (ii) any SCMs who submitted an Equal Bid to such winning bid; and (iii) any SCMs who were Higher Bidders, in the relevant Auction.

If, for an Auction Portfolio, there remain Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referenced to in sub-paragraph (iii) above, and there are AIPs relating to other Auction Portfolios in the same Auction Currency in which the Relevant Unfunded Contributions have not been fully utilised, the Clearing House shall attribute the remaining Auction Losses amongst such Remaining Unfunded Contributions through the attribution process set out in sub-paragraphs (i) to (iii) above.

2.5.7 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.6 above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the SwapClear Unfunded Contributions of those SCMs who are Currency Participants in any other Losing Currency and whose SwapClear Unfunded Contributions have not yet been fully utilised (each a “Losing Currency Unfunded SCM”). Such remaining Auction Losses will be attributed to any remaining SwapClear Unfunded Contributions of each such SCM pursuant to this Rule 2.5.7 based upon the proportion that: (a) the risk of all of the SwapClear Contracts of such SCM denominated in each of the Losing Currencies bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) for all Losing Currency Unfunded SCMs. The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution process described in this Rule 2.5.7 until the first to occur of (a) the Auction Losses being fully met; and (b) the SwapClear Unfunded Contributions of all Losing Currency Unfunded SCMs being fully attributed.

2.5.8 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.7 above, those remaining Auction Losses will be allocated to the SwapClear Unfunded Contributions of each SCM who is not a Currency Participant in any of the Losing Currencies based upon the proportion that (a) the value of each such SwapClear Unfunded Contribution bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) for each of such SCMs.
2.6 For the purposes of Rules 2.4 and 2.5 above, all references to the risk associated with an Auction Portfolio or with all of the SwapClear Contracts of a Non-Defaulting SCM denominated in a particular currency shall be references to such risk as determined by the Clearing House in its sole discretion on the basis of Worst Case Loss.

3. Default Management in respect of SwapClear Clearing Client Business and FCM Client Business

3.1 The SwapClear DMP in respect of any contract which is a SwapClear Contract in respect of SwapClear Clearing Client Business shall involve the stages described in Regulation 52B.

3.2 The SwapClear DMP in respect of any contract which is an FCM SwapClear Contract in respect of FCM Client Business shall be conducted in accordance with FCM Regulation 98(g).

4. Transfer of Cash Flows and Registration of Positions

4.1 Following the disposal of an Auction Portfolio by way of Auction (and notwithstanding that other Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting SCM may not yet have been auctioned) the Clearing House, will, with the co-operation of the SCMs, transfer to the SCM whose bid won that Auction Portfolio the rights and obligations, from the Defaulting SCM, arising out of the positions which that SCM has successfully bid for under the SwapClear Default Management Process. Such transfer may take place by way of registration of new positions with the Clearing House in the name of the relevant SCM, or novation of rights and obligations to the relevant SCM. All such registrations shall be made in a way that recognises the variation margin paid or received in relation to the SwapClear Contracts of the Defaulting SCM representing such new positions.

4.2 In order to effect the transfer of positions, the Clearing House shall prescribe such procedures and timetable as it considers reasonably appropriate in the circumstances. SCMs will be required to exercise best endeavours to comply with such requirements as may be established by the Clearing House, after consultation with the SwapClear DMG, to effect the transfer of positions, including but not limited to the payment of any sums due as a result of the winning bid and the provision of cover in an amount required by the Clearing House for initial margin and variation margin in respect of positions which are to be registered in their names. The Clearing House agrees that in such procedures it shall make provision for set-off by the Clearing House of amounts owed by the Clearing House to the SCM as a result of the operation of the SwapClear DMP against sums owed by the SCM to the Clearing House in respect thereof.

4.3 Where, as a result of an Auction, the Clearing House is required to make a payment to a SCM in respect of a winning bid, the Clearing House shall not be permitted to register any position, whether as a new position or as a novation of existing rights and obligations, to any such SCM if the Clearing House does not simultaneously credit that SCM with the requisite amount. If any position is so registered without such payment, such registration shall be deemed void ab initio and unenforceable against the relevant SCM. For the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House will utilise the resources available to it pursuant to Rule 16 of the Default Fund Rules for the purposes of making such a payment notwithstanding that other Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting SCM may not yet have been auctioned and that the loss attribution process provided for by Rule 2.5 of this Annex has not yet occurred.
5. **Information Regarding the SwapClear DMP**

Whenever the SwapClear DMP is implemented by the Clearing House in respect of a Defaulting SCM, the Clearing House will, with the assistance of the SwapClear DMG, provide such ongoing information to SCMs as the Clearing House deems reasonably appropriate in respect of the progress of the SwapClear DMP.

Nothing in this Rule 5 shall require the Clearing House to disclose information in respect of the SwapClear DMP which, in the reasonable opinion of the Clearing House, may be subject to obligations of confidentiality, may constitute market sensitive data or is, in the Clearing House's reasonable opinion, inappropriate for disclosure to SCMs.

6. **Bankruptcy Code and Related Issues**

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Annex in the event of a Default by an FCM Clearing Member, the completion of any and all actions, including but not limited to any transfers or transactions, permitted or required to be taken by the Clearing House hereunder shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, Part 190 of the regulations of the CFTC, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act 2010, and the receipt of any approvals required under the Bankruptcy Code or such regulations.

7. **CEA Issues**

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Annex in the event of a Default by an FCM Clearing Member, the operation of this Annex shall in all respects be subject to applicable provisions of the CEA and CFTC regulations regarding the handling, custody, liquidation, transfer and disposition of client positions and assets, including but not limited to those provisions requiring segregation of client assets and prohibiting application of the assets of non-defaulting clients to amounts owed by defaulting clients.

8. **Miscellaneous**

8.1 Subject to Rules 2.4 and 2.5 of this Annex, the resources available to the Clearing House and their order of use are defined in Rule 16 of the Default Fund Rules as modified and/or supplemented by the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement.

8.2 The Clearing House may from time to time supplement the details of any of the stages set out in Rule 2 of this Annex or any other aspects of the SwapClear DMP, in consultation with the SwapClear DMG, either by way of further Guidance or immediately on notice to SCMs on a case-by-case basis where the Clearing House deems it appropriate to do so in the circumstances of the Default, provided that the Clearing House may not take any such action that effects a material change to the terms of this Annex without the written consent of 50% of all SwapClear Clearing Members unless such change is invoked unilaterally against all SCMs and is necessary to manage the Clearing House's risk or otherwise to meet the Clearing House's continuing regulatory obligations including those applicable to it as a Recognised Clearing House and a Derivatives Clearing Organization. The Clearing House agrees that, in the ordinary course, it shall discuss any such Guidance with the SwapClear DMG prior to bringing the Guidance into effect except that it shall not be required to do so where (i) the Guidance is not material to the rights and obligations of the SCMs or (ii) the Clearing House deems it inappropriate to do so in the circumstances of the Default and it is not possible to convene the SwapClear DMG in timely fashion.
The timetable for implementation of the stages of the SwapClear Default Management Process following issue of a Default Notice by the Clearing House shall be either (1) as prescribed by the Clearing House from time to time in consultation with the SwapClear DMG and set out in Guidance; or (2) imposed by the Clearing House without prior notice to the SCMs on a case-by-case basis where the Clearing House, in consultation with the SwapClear DMG, deems it appropriate to do so in the circumstances of the Default.

9. **Role and Constitution of SwapClear DMG**

9.1 The SwapClear DMG shall meet at regular intervals in order to:

9.1.1 keep under review the SwapClear DMP, together with any Guidance issued in respect thereof;

9.1.2 keep under review the terms of reference of the SwapClear DMG to ensure they remain appropriate;

9.1.3 consider appropriate supplements or amendments to the SwapClear DMP and/or Guidance in order to improve the procedures in place; and

9.1.4 consider any other business relevant to the SwapClear DMP which any member of the SwapClear DMG from time to time sees fit to raise at such meetings.

9.2 The members of the SwapClear DMG shall also meet within one hour, or as soon as reasonably practical, following notification by the Clearing House that a Default Notice has been served upon an SCM, and at sufficiently frequent intervals thereafter for so long as may be necessary to assist the Clearing House in the implementation of the SwapClear DMP as contemplated under this Agreement. Such implementation shall include, without limitation, the provision of general default management advice with regard to: (1) the ongoing obligations of the Clearing House to its non-defaulting members; (2) the neutralisation and closing-out of the individual obligations of the Defaulting SCM; and (3) the splitting of Portfolios and the disposal of Auction Portfolios in accordance with the SwapClear DMP. Where it is not possible or practicable for the SCM to provide its nominated representative within an appropriate timeframe, it shall provide an alternate of suitable experience and expertise to participate on the SwapClear DMG.

9.3 The SwapClear DMG shall be made up of the following individuals who, unless stated otherwise, shall be appointed by the Clearing House which shall ensure that the composition is such as to provide effective review of the SwapClear DMP and suitable expertise and representation of market-making capacity in the event of a Default:

9.3.1 in the event of the issuance of a Default Notice, the chief executive or deputy chief executive of the Clearing House, who shall act as chairman;

9.3.2 representatives of at least five SCMs, being senior executives with appropriate skills and expertise;

9.3.3 at least one director (staff member of director grade) of the Clearing House’s Risk Management department; and

9.3.4 such other individuals as the SwapClear DMG considers appropriate from time to time in relation to individual meetings.
For the purpose of SwapClear DMG meetings convened to deal with a specific Defaulting SCM, the Clearing House may, after consultation with the SwapClear DMG, invite the Defaulting SCM to nominate one or more representatives to join the SwapClear DMG to assist it in carrying out its functions in the SwapClear DMP for that Defaulting SCM, and also request representatives from any other SCMs. In the event of receiving such request, the SCM shall be obliged to provide its nominated representative, or an alternate with appropriate skills, experience and expertise, as if the SCM were a member of the SwapClear DMG.

In establishing the SwapClear DMG, the Clearing House agrees that in the normal course of events (not including the Clearing House’s declaration of a Default and the invocation of the processes as outlined in Rules 2, 3 and 4 of this Annex) it will, as far as practicable, and in accordance with the terms of reference of the SwapClear DMG, rotate the membership of the SwapClear DMG on a regular basis and amongst all SCMs. The SCM agrees that, when requested to do so by the Clearing House, it will make available a representative to participate in the SwapClear DMG. The Clearing House shall agree with the SCM the identity of such representative and shall be able to request a substitute where it believes the SCM’s nominated representative does not have the requisite skills or expertise.

Each SCM who makes available a representative to serve on the SwapClear DMG agrees, and shall procure that, to the extent applicable, its representative agrees:

9.6.1 to ensure that such representative will be fully available, at any time and for such periods of time as the Clearing House may require during the course of a Default, to perform his function as a member of the SwapClear DMG including attending meetings, considering and advising the Clearing House upon aspects of the SwapClear DMP. The SCM shall ensure that a representative’s other work commitments do not affect his availability for this purpose;

9.6.2 to take all steps to respect the confidential capacity in which such a representative receives information through the SwapClear DMG and to establish adequate procedures to prevent the disclosure or use for any commercial purpose outside the scope of the SwapClear DMP of any such confidential information by the SCM or its representative. Such procedures shall normally include, without limitation, the establishment of Chinese walls within the SCM; and

9.6.3 to be bound by and to ensure that it and any of its executives or directors serving on the SwapClear DMG complies with the requirements contained in the Procedures or the FCM Procedures (as the case may be).

Each SCM shall accept that:

9.7.1 representatives of SCMs serving on the SwapClear DMG are doing so in order to assist the Clearing House in ensuring the on-going integrity of the SwapClear service in the interests of Non-Defaulting SCMs; and

9.7.2 representatives of SCMs serving on the SwapClear DMG and their employers shall have no liability for any disinterested advice or actions, mandated or otherwise, that are undertaken as part of the SwapClear Default Management Process, provided, however, that nothing in this Rule 8.7.2 shall exclude the liability of such representatives and employers for any personal injury or death caused by their negligence or for any fraud or wilful default on the part of such representatives and employers.
9.8 The Clearing House agrees that, in exercising its rights and obligations in consulting with the SwapClear DMG pursuant to this Agreement, it will use all reasonable commercial endeavours to agree a common position with the SwapClear DMG, provided that nothing in this Rule shall prevent the Clearing House acting in a way which it reasonably determines necessary to manage its risk or otherwise meet its continuing regulatory obligations including those applicable to it as a Recognised Clearing House and a Derivatives Clearing Organization.
FOREXCLEAR DMP ANNEX

1. SCOPE AND INTERPRETATION

1.1 The Clearing House has established a ForexClear DMP which will apply to ForexClear Contracts following the issue of a Default Notice relating to a ForexClear Clearing Member and in respect of which, for the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House will have no recourse to the process of invoicing-back. The fundamental principles of the ForexClear DMP are elaborated to the fullest extent possible in this Annex. Where exhaustive detail cannot be laid out in the provisions of this Annex, the ForexClear DMP will be undertaken on the basis of the principles contained herein.

1.2 The Clearing House has an obligation to ensure the on-going integrity of the ForexClear service and ForexClear Contracts in the interests of the Non-Defaulting FXCCMs. When a ForexClear Clearing Member defaults, Non-Defaulting FXCCMs are required to supply impartial expertise through the ForexClear DMG and to bid for the Auction Portfolios of a Defaulting FXCCM, as laid out in this Annex. In addition, most FXCCMs or their parent companies or subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, have direct interests in that integrity, notably as contributors to the various default funds of the Clearing House. Each FXCCM shall take all steps and execute all documents necessary or required by the Clearing House to comply with its obligations as a FXCCM arising out of this ForexClear DMP Annex.

1.3 The initial margining of ForexClear Contracts will be such so as to ensure that the acceptance of bids for the Auction Portfolio of a Defaulting FXCCM will recognise risk premiums, and that equivalent premiums will be paid by the Clearing House in closing-out large positions in other Contracts traded on exchange or ATS-organised markets.

1.4 In this Annex:

"AIP" has the meaning given in Rule 2.4 of this Annex;

"Auction" means the process of bidding by FXCCMs for an Auction Portfolio, prescribed by the Clearing House, following consultation with the ForexClear DMG from time to time in accordance with Rule 2.3 of this Annex;

"Auction Currency Pair" means in relation to an Auction, the Currency Pair of an Auction Portfolio which is the subject of that Auction;

"Auction Losses" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.2 of this Annex;

"Auction Portfolio" means (i) a Portfolio: or (ii) a group of ForexClear Contracts resulting from the splitting of a Portfolio pursuant to Rule 2.1 of this Annex including any connected hedging trades concluded by the Clearing House through Risk Neutralisation;

"Bankruptcy Code" means the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, as amended;

"CEA" means the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act, as amended;

"CFTC" means the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission;
"Currency Pair" bears the meaning set out at Part A of the Schedule to the ForexClear Regulations;

"Currency Pair Participant" means, in respect of a specific Currency Pair, a Non-defaulting FXCCM who at the time the Clearing House declares a Default has ForexClear Contracts for that Currency Pair registered in its name;

"Defaulting FXCCM" means an FXCCM who is a defaulter;

"Derivatives Clearing Organization" means an organisation designated and registered as such by way of United States Code - Title 7, Chapter 1, paragraph 7a–1;

"Equal Bid" has the meaning given in Rule 2.3.5 of this Annex;

"FCM House Business" means the FCM ForexClear Contracts entered into by an FCM Clearing Member for its own account or for the account of an Affiliate;

"ForexClear DMG" means the advisory ForexClear Default Management Group established by the Clearing House pursuant to the terms of this Annex;

"ForexClear Default Management Process" or "ForexClear DMP" means the processes of the Clearing House outlined in this Annex, as the same may be supplemented and/or amended from time to time in accordance with this Annex;

"ForexClear Default Management Process Completion Date" means the date when the ForexClear Default Management Process in relation to a Default has been completed as determined by the Clearing House in consultation with the ForexClear DMG and notified to all FXCCMs;

"Guidance" means guidance, in the form of one or more written notices, issued from time to time pursuant to Rule 58.2 of this Annex by or on behalf of the Clearing House to FXCCMs, supplementing the detail or conduct of any aspect of the ForexClear DMP

"Higher Bid" and "Higher Bidder" have the meanings given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Initial Resources" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.2 of this Annex;

"Losing Currency" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.4 of this Annex;

"Losing Currency Original FXCCM" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.4 of this Annex;

"Losing Currency Unfunded FXCCM" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.7 of this Annex;

"Margin Cover" has the meaning given in Rule 16(1) of the Default Fund Rules;
"Non-defaulters' Contributions" means the ForexClear Contributions made by Non-Defaulting FXCCMs to the ForexClear Default Fund;

"Original Contributions" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Portfolio" means, in respect of each Currency Pair, the ForexClear Contracts in such Currency Pair registered in the name of a Defaulting FXCCM, and, where relevant, includes any connected hedging trades concluded by the Clearing House through Risk Neutralisation;

"Potential Unfunded Contributions" has the meaning given in Rule 2.4.2 of this Annex;

"Recognised Clearing House" mean an organisation which is declared to be a recognised clearing house by a recognition order (that is for the time being in force) made under section 290(1)(b) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;

"Relevant Original Contributions" has the meaning given to it in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Relevant Unfunded Contributions" has the meaning given to it in Rule 2.5.6 of this Annex;

"Remaining Original Short Bidder" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex;

"Remaining Unfunded Short Bidder" has the meaning given to it in Rule 2.5.6 of this Annex;

"Risk Neutralisation" means the process of reducing the market risk associated with a Defaulting FXCCM's obligations to the Clearing House under ForexClear Contracts by hedging the exposure prior to the auction process as described in Rule 2.2 of this Annex; and

"Short Bidder" has the meaning given in Rule 2.5.3 of this Annex.

1.5 Terms used in this Annex which are not defined herein shall have the meanings given to them in the General Regulations and in the FCM Regulations.

2. FOREXCLEAR DEFAULT MANAGEMENT PROCESS CLEARING HOUSE BUSINESS AND FCM HOUSE BUSINESS


2.1 Portfolio Splitting

The Clearing House, in consultation with and the assistance of the ForexClear DMG, shall determine the composition of each Auction Portfolio and shall have the discretion to divide a Portfolio into two or more individual Auction Portfolios with the aim of facilitating the efficiency of, and reducing the risk associated with, the auction process provided for in Rule 2.3 of this Annex. The overriding principle is that the Clearing House will structure Auction Portfolios with the intention of ensuring a
ForexClear DMP which best protects the resources of the Clearing House, subject to compliance with applicable provisions of the CEA and regulations of the CFTC regarding segregation of client assets. Therefore, nothing in this Rule 2.1 shall be deemed to imply: (a) that the Clearing House is under any obligation to split a particular Portfolio of a Defaulting FXCCM (regardless of the number of ForexClear Contracts that such Portfolio contains); or (b) any particular requirements as to the composition of an individual Auction Portfolio, except that, subject to overriding risk procedures it is broadly anticipated that the parameters of any Auction Portfolio shall not be materially different to those set out in the Clearing House’s fire drill.

2.2 Risk Neutralisation

The Clearing House will, in consultation with and with the assistance of the ForexClear DMG, reduce the market risk associated with a Defaulting FXCCM’s obligations to the Clearing House so far as is reasonably practicable by hedging the Clearing House’s exposure in open ForexClear Contracts to which the Defaulting FXCCM is party. Hedging may be undertaken in a number of sessions, but should be undertaken as quickly as is compatible with efficient execution. All such hedging shall be undertaken by the Clearing House with FXCCMs, on the basis of separate agreements between the Clearing House and each such FXCCM. The aim of Risk Neutralisation is to reduce market exposure to within defined tolerance limits expressed as deltas or other measures of market risk and as established from time to time by the Clearing House in consultation with the ForexClear DMG or as may reasonably be determined by the Clearing House in consultation with the ForexClear DMG once a Default has been declared under the Default Rules. For the avoidance of doubt, Risk Neutralisation may happen prior to, concurrently with and/or subsequently to the splitting of a Portfolio pursuant to Rule 2.1 above.

2.3 Auction

2.3.1 Following the completion of Risk Neutralisation, the Clearing House shall calculate the AIP for each Auction Portfolio under Rule 2.4 and then shall auction each Auction Portfolio to Non-Defaulting FXCCMs. The Clearing House, in consultation with the ForexClear DMG, shall prescribe such procedures (in addition to those set out herein) for the conduct of the auction process as it considers reasonably appropriate from time to time.

2.3.2 The Clearing House shall notify each FXCCM of all details that may be reasonably required in relation to an Auction Portfolio prior to the relevant Auction.

2.3.3 The auction process may take place over a number of days and Auctions of different Auction Portfolios may take place at different times.

2.3.4 FXCCMs will submit bids to the Clearing House representatives on the ForexClear DMG, who will ensure that the identities of the bidders are not revealed to the FXCCM representatives on the ForexClear DMG. For the avoidance of doubt, an FXCCM shall be entitled to submit a bid on behalf of one or more affiliated FXCCMs. The ForexClear DMG will oversee the bidding process in a manner which it considers best protects the resources of the Clearing House and ensures an orderly process.

2.3.5 The Clearing House in consultation with the ForexClear DMG will have full discretion in deciding whether or not to accept a particular bid in an Auction and, in so deciding, will take into account the relevant factors that determine risk premiums, as well as the range of bids received relative to initial margin
held and, subject to their availability, the Clearing House resources as set out in Rule 16 of the Clearing House’s Default Fund Rules. In the event that more than one FXCCM submits a bid of the same value (each an “Equal Bid”), the Clearing House will, subject to its discretion to reject all such Equal Bids, select the bid which was received first in time.

2.3.6 In the case of an Auction in which no bid is accepted or received (as the case may be), one or more further Auctions will be held in relation to the relevant Auction Portfolio. As soon as practicable following an Auction:

a(a) in the event that a bid was accepted, the Clearing House will notify those Currency Pair Participants in the relevant Auction Currency Pair together with any other FXCCMs who participated in the Auction that a bid was accepted and shall notify the FXCCM who submitted the accepted bid that its bid was accepted;

b(b) in the event that no bid was accepted, the Clearing House will notify all FXCCMs of the details of any further Auction.

2.3.7 The FXCCM agrees to use all reasonable efforts to make a bid in an Auction for an Auction Portfolio in respect of which such FXCCM is a Currency Pair Participant.

2.4 Auction Incentive Pools

2.4.1 Before commencing the auction process, the Clearing House will calculate an auction incentive pool (each an “AIP”) for each individual Auction Portfolio for the purposes of providing an initial allocation of the resources potentially available to it to satisfy any loss incurred in the Auction of each such Auction Portfolio. Notwithstanding such initial allocation, any resources utilised by the Clearing House will be allocated in accordance with Rule 2.5 below.

2.4.2 For each AIP, the resources shall be allocated as follows:

a(a) the resources of the Defaulting FXCCM (in the form of: (i) that part of the Margin Cover for the ForexClear Contracts of the Defaulting FXCCM pursuant to Rule 16(1) of the Default Fund Rules and (ii) the ForexClear Contribution made by the Defaulting FXCCM to the ForexClear Default Fund) available pursuant to Rule 16(2) of the Default Fund Rules at the time of the auction process will be allocated to the AIPs based on the proportion that (a) the risk of the relevant Auction Portfolio bears to (b) the aggregate of the risks (on an absolute basis) for all Auction Portfolios;

b(b) the portion of the Capped Amount applied to the ForexClear Business of the Defaulting FXCCM pursuant to Rule 16(3) of the Default Fund Rules will be allocated to the AIPs based on the proportion that (a) the risk of the relevant Auction Portfolio bears to (b) the aggregate of the risks (on an absolute basis) for all Auction Portfolios; and

c(c) the Non-defaulters’ Contribution of each FXCCM and the total value of the ForexClear Unfunded Contributions which would be callable but have not been called by the Clearing House from the relevant FXCCM in respect of the relevant Default in accordance with Rule F8 of the Default Fund Rules (the “Potential Unfunded Contributions”) will,
subject to Rule 2.4.3 below, be allocated between the AIPs relating to the Auction Portfolios in which the relevant FXCCM is a Currency Pair Participant based on the proportion that: (a) the risk of the ForexClear Contracts of such FXCCM denominated in the Currency Pair bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) in respect of each Currency Pair in which the relevant FXCCM is a Currency Pair Participant.

2.4.3 Where a Portfolio for a particular Currency Pair has been split into two or more Auction Portfolios, the Non-defaulters' Contributions and Potential Unfunded Contributions allocated to the AIP related to the relevant Portfolio will be further divided for the purposes of allocation into AIPs relating to the relevant Auction Portfolios based on the proportion that (a) the risk of the ForexClear Contracts in each such Auction Portfolio bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) for each of the Auction Portfolios in the relevant Currency Pair.

2.5 Loss Attribution

2.5.1 Following the completion of all Auctions of all Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting FXCCM, the Clearing House will determine whether losses incurred by it as a result of such Auctions are such that the Non-defaulters' Contributions must be utilised. Where applicable, such losses will be allocated to Non-defaulters' Contributions in accordance with the loss attribution process described in Rules 2.5.2 to 2.5.8 below.

2.5.2 For each Auction Portfolio, losses to the Clearing House will be met using the resources as set out in Rule 16 of the Default Fund Rules. In applying those resources, the Clearing House will allocate the losses in respect of each Auction Portfolio (the "Auction Losses") by reference to the resources allocated to the AIPs related to such Auction Portfolios in accordance with Rule 2.4. Where there are no Auction Losses in respect of an Auction Portfolio or the Auction Losses in respect of an Auction Portfolio do not require the full amount of the resources referred to in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of Rule 2.4.2 allocated to the AIP related to the relevant Auction Portfolio (the "Initial Resources") to be fully utilised, the relevant surplus Initial Resources will be allocated pro rata between those AIPs relating to Auction Portfolios in respect of which there are Auction Losses requiring the utilisation of resources beyond the Initial Resources available in the relevant AIP in accordance with Rule 16(1), 16(2) and 16(3) of the Default Fund Rules until such time as all Initial Resources have been fully utilised.

2.5.3 In the case of each Auction for which there are Auction Losses in respect of which the Non-defaulters' Contributions must be utilised, those Non-defaulter's Contributions, not including, for these purposes, any part of such Non-defaulters’ Contributions that reflect any ForexClear Unfunded Contribution deposited with the Clearing House pursuant to the Default in respect of which the relevant Auction was held (the "Original Contributions") and which have been allocated to the AIP relating to the relevant Auction Portfolio (the "Relevant Original Contributions") will be used first in the following order:

a(i) The Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contributions of those FXCCMs who are Currency Pair
Participants in the Auction Currency Pair and who did not bid in the relevant Auction. Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contribution of an individual FXCCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (i) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Original Contribution of such FXCCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Original Contributions of all FXCCMs who are Currency Pair Participants in the Auction Currency Pair and who did not bid in the relevant Auction;

(ii) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (i) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contributions of the Short Bidders. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (ii) and sub-paragraph (ii) of Rule 2.5.6, the term "Short Bidder" means any FXCCM who is a Currency Pair Participant in the Auction Currency Pair and who submitted an unsuccessful bid in the relevant Auction save for any FXCCM who submitted a higher bid in an Auction than the bid accepted by the Clearing House in accordance with Rule 2.3.4 (each such FXCCM, a "Higher Bidder" and each such bid, a "Higher Bid").

Auction Losses will be attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) based upon the proportion that (a) the variance of the bid of such Short Bidder from the winning bid in USD bears to (b) the sum of the variances of the bids of all Short Bidders from the winning bid in USD;

Where the value of the Auction Losses attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) is greater than the value of the Relevant Original Contribution of such Short Bidder, the relevant excess Auction Losses will be attributed to each Short Bidder whose Relevant Original Contribution exceeds the value of the Auction Losses which have been attributed to it pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) (each a "Remaining Original Short Bidder") by (a) calculating the amount which is the bid of the relevant Remaining Original Short Bidder divided by the sum of the bids of all Remaining Original Short Bidders; and (b) multiplying such amount by the value of the relevant excess Auction Losses;

The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution process described in this sub-paragraph (ii) until the first to occur of (a) the Auction Losses being fully met; and (b) the Relevant Original Contributions of all Short Bidders being fully attributed; and

(iii) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (ii) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contribution of the FXCCM who submitted the winning bid, together with, where applicable, the Relevant Original Contribution of any FXCCM who submitted a bid which is an Equal Bid or a Higher Bid in relation to that winning bid. The outstanding Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Original Contribution of an individual FXCCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (iii) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Original Contribution of such FXCCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Original
Contributions of (i) the FXCCM who submitted the winning bid; (ii) any FXCCMs who submitted an Equal Bid to such winning bid; and (iii) any FXCCMs who were Higher Bidders in the relevant Auction.

If, for an Auction Portfolio, there remain Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referenced to in sub-paragraph (iii) above, and there are AIPs relating to other Auction Portfolios in the same Auction Currency Pair in which the Relevant Original Contributions have not been fully utilised, the Clearing House shall attribute the remaining Auction Losses amongst such Remaining Original Contributions through the attribution process set out in sub-paragraphs (i) to (iii) above.

2.5.4 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.3 above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Original Contributions of those FXCCMs who are Currency Pair Participants in any other Auction Currency Pair in relation to which Auction Losses have arisen to the extent that Non-defaulters’ Contributions must be utilised (each a "Losing Currency Pair") and whose Original Contributions have not yet been fully utilised (each a "Losing Currency Pair Original FXCCM"). Such remaining Auction Losses will be attributed to any remaining Original Contribution of each such FXCCM pursuant to this Rule 2.5.4 based upon the proportion that: (a) the risk of all of the ForexClear Contracts of such FXCCM denominated in any of the Losing Currency Pairs bears to (b) the aggregate risk of the amounts calculated in (a) for all Losing Currency Pair Original FXCCMs. The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution process described in this Rule 2.5.4 until the first to occur of (a) the Auction Losses being fully met; and (b) the Original Contributions of all Losing Currency Pair Original FXCCMs being fully attributed.

2.5.5 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.4 above, those remaining Auction Losses will be allocated to the Original Contributions of each FXCCM who is not a Currency Pair Participant in any of the Losing Currency Pairs based upon the proportion that (a) the value of each such Original Contribution bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated in (a) for each of such FXCCMs.

2.5.6 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.5 above, the ForexClear Unfunded Contributions which have been allocated to the AIP relating to the relevant Auction Portfolio (the "Relevant Unfunded Contributions") will be used first in the following order:

(a) (i) The Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of those FXCCMs who are Currency Pair Participants in the Auction Currency Pair and who did not bid in the relevant Auction. Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of an individual FXCCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (i) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of such FXCCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of all FXCCMs who are Currency Pair Participants in the Auction Currency Pair and who did not bid in the relevant Auction;
(b) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (i) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of the Short Bidders in the relevant Auction. Auction Losses will be attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) based upon the proportion that (a) the variance of the bid of such Short Bidder from the winning bid in USD bears to (b) the sum of the variances of the bids of all Short Bidders from the winning bid in USD;

Where the value of the Auction Losses attributed to an individual Short Bidder pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) is greater than the value of the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of such Short Bidder, the relevant excess Auction Losses will be attributed to each Short Bidder whose Relevant Unfunded Contribution exceeds the value of the Auction Losses which have been attributed to it pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii) (each a "Remaining Unfunded Short Bidder") by (a) calculating the amount which is the bid of the relevant Remaining Unfunded Short Bidder divided by the sum of the bids of all Remaining Unfunded Short Bidders; and (b) multiplying such amount by the value of the relevant excess Auction Losses;

The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution process described in this sub-paragraph (ii) until the first to occur of (a) the Auction Losses being fully met; and (b) the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of all Short Bidders being fully attributed; and

(ii) If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referred to in sub-paragraph (ii) above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of the FXCCM who submitted the winning bid, together with, where applicable, the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of any FXCCM who submitted a bid which is an Equal Bid or a Higher Bid in relation to that winning bid. The outstanding Auction Losses will be attributed to the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of an individual FXCCM pursuant to this sub-paragraph (iii) based upon the proportion that: (a) the value of the Relevant Unfunded Contribution of such FXCCM bears to (b) the total value of the Relevant Unfunded Contributions of (i) the FXCCM who submitted the winning bid; (ii) any FXCCMs who submitted an Equal Bid to such winning bid; and (iii) any FXCCMs who were Higher Bidders, in the relevant Auction.

If, for an Auction Portfolio, there remain Auction Losses outstanding after the attribution process referenced to in sub-paragraph (iii) above, and there are AIPs relating to other Auction Portfolios in the same Auction Currency Pair in which the Relevant Unfunded Contributions have not been fully utilised, the Clearing House shall attribute the remaining Auction Losses amongst such Remaining Unfunded Contributions through the attribution process set out in sub-paragraphs (i) to (iii) above.

2.5.7 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.6 above, those Auction Losses will be attributed to the ForexClear Unfunded Contributions of those FXCCMs who are Currency Pair Participants in any other Losing Currency Pair and whose ForexClear Unfunded Contributions have not yet been fully utilised (each a "Losing Currency Pair Unfunded FXCCM"). Such remaining Auction Losses will be attributed to any remaining ForexClear Unfunded Contributions of each such FXCCM pursuant to this Rule 2.5.7 based upon
the proportion that: (a) the risk of all of the ForexClear Contracts of such
FXCCM denominated in any of the Losing Currency Pairs bears to (b) the
aggregate risk of the amounts calculated in (a) for all Losing Currency Pair
Unfunded FXCCMs. The Clearing House will repeat the loss attribution
process described in this Rule 3.5.7 until the first to occur of (a) the Auction
Losses being fully met; and (b) the ForexClear Unfunded Contributions of all
Losing Currency Pair Unfunded FXCCMs being fully attributed.

2.5.8 If and to the extent that there are Auction Losses outstanding following the
attribution process referred to in Rule 2.5.7 above, those remaining Auction
Losses will be allocated to the ForexClear Unfunded Contributions of each
FXCCM who is not a Currency Pair Participant in any of the Losing Currency
Pairs based upon the proportion that (a) the value of each such ForexClear
Unfunded Contribution bears to (b) the aggregate of the amounts calculated
in (a) for each of such FXCCMs.

2.6 For the purposes of Rules 2.4 and 2.5 above, all references to the risk associated
with a ForexClear Contract shall be references to such risk as determined by the
Clearing House in its sole discretion for the purpose of calculating initial margin in
accordance with the Procedures.

3. DEFAULT MANAGEMENT IN RESPECT OF FX FCM CLIENT BUSINESS

3.1 The ForexClear DMP in respect of any contract which is an FCM ForexClear
Contract in respect of FCM Client Business shall be conducted in accordance with
FCM Regulation 8(g).

3.4 TRANSFER OF CASH FLOWS / REGISTRATION OF POSITIONS

3.4.1 Following the disposal of an Auction Portfolio by way of Auction (and notwithstanding
that other Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting FXCCM may not yet have been
auctioned) the Clearing House, will, with the co-operation of the FXCCMs, transfer to
the FXCCM whose bid won that Auction Portfolio the rights and obligations, from the
Defaulting FXCCM, arising out of the positions which that FXCCM has successfully
bid for under the ForexClear Default Management Process. Such transfer may take
place by way of registration of new positions with the Clearing House in the name of
the relevant FXCCM, or novation of rights and obligations to the relevant FXCCM.
All such registrations shall be made in a way that recognises the variation margin
paid or received in relation to the ForexClear Contracts of the Defaulting FXCCM
representing such new positions.

3.24.2 In order to effect the transfer of positions, the Clearing House shall prescribe such
procedures and timetable as it considers reasonably appropriate in the
circumstances. FXCCMs will be required to exercise best endeavours to comply with
such requirements as may be established by the Clearing House, after consultation
with the ForexClear DMG, to effect the transfer of positions, including but not limited
to the payment of any sums due as a result of the winning bid and the provision of
cover in an amount required by the Clearing House for initial margin and variation
margin in respect of positions which are to be registered in their names. The
Clearing House agrees that in such procedures it shall make provision for set-off by
the Clearing House of amounts owed by the Clearing House to the FXCCM as a
result of the operation of the ForexClear DMP against sums owed by the FXCCM to
the Clearing House in respect thereof.
Where, as a result of an Auction, the Clearing House is required to make a payment to an FXCCM in respect of a winning bid, the Clearing House shall not be permitted to register any position, whether as a new position or as a novation of existing rights and obligations, to any such FXCCM if the Clearing House does not simultaneously credit FXCCM with the requisite amount. If any position is so registered without such payment, such registration shall be deemed void ab initio and unenforceable against the relevant FXCCM. For the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House will utilise the resources available to it pursuant to Rule 16 of the Default Fund Rules for the purposes of making such a payment notwithstanding that other Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting FXCCM may not yet have been auctioned and that the loss attribution process provided for by Rule 2.5 has not yet occurred.

**4.5 INFORMATION REGARDING DEFAULT MANAGEMENT PROCESS**

4.5.1 Whenever the ForexClear DMP is implemented by the Clearing House in respect of a Defaulting FXCCM, the Clearing House will, with the assistance of the ForexClear DMG, provide such ongoing information to FXCCMs as the Clearing House deems reasonably appropriate in respect of the progress of the ForexClear DMP.

4.25.2 Nothing in this Rule 45 shall require the Clearing House to disclose information in respect of the ForexClear DMP which, in the reasonable opinion of the Clearing House, may be subject to obligations of confidentiality, may constitute market sensitive data or is, in the Clearing House's reasonable opinion, inappropriate for disclosure to FXCCMs.

**6. BANKRUPTCY CODE AND RELATED ISSUES**

6.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Annex in the event of a Default by an FX FCM Clearing Member, the completion of any and all actions, including but not limited to any transfers or transactions, permitted or required to be taken by the Clearing House hereunder shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, Part 190 of the regulations of the CFTC, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act 2010, and the receipt of any approvals required under the Bankruptcy Code or such regulations.

**7. CEA ISSUES**

7.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Annex in the event of a Default by an FX FCM Clearing Member, the operation of this Annex shall in all respects be subject to applicable provisions of the CEA and CFTC regulations regarding the handling, custody, liquidation, transfer and disposition of client positions and assets, including but not limited to those provisions requiring segregation of client assets and prohibiting application of the assets of non-defaulting clients to amounts owed by defaulting clients.

**5.8 MISCELLANEOUS**

5.48.1 Subject to Rules 2.4 and 2.5 of this Annex, the resources available to the Clearing House and their order of use are defined in Rule 16 of the Default Fund Rules as modified and/or supplemented by the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement.

5.28.2 The Clearing House may from time to time supplement the details of any of the stages set out in Rule 2 of this Annex or any other aspects of the ForexClear DMP, in consultation with the ForexClear DMG, either by way of further Guidance or immediately on notice to FXCCMs on a case-by-case basis where the Clearing
House deems it appropriate to do so in the circumstances of the Default, provided that the Clearing House may not take any such action that affects a material change to the terms of this Annex without the written consent of 50% of all ForexClear Clearing Members unless such change is invoked unilaterally against all FXCCMs and is necessary to manage the Clearing House’s risk or otherwise to meet the Clearing House’s continuing regulatory obligations including those applicable to it as a Recognised Clearing House and a Derivatives Clearing Organization. The Clearing House agrees that, in the ordinary course, it shall discuss any such Guidance with the ForexClear DMG prior to bringing the Guidance into effect except that it shall not be required to do so where (i) the Guidance is not material to the rights and obligations of the FXCCMs or (ii) the Clearing House deems it inappropriate to do so in the circumstances of the Default and it is not possible to convene the ForexClear DMG in timely fashion.

5.38.3 The timetable for implementation of the stages of the ForexClear Default Management Process following issue of a Default Notice by the Clearing House shall be either (1) as prescribed by the Clearing House from time to time in consultation with the ForexClear DMG and set out in Guidance; or (2) imposed by the Clearing House without prior notice to the FXCCMs on a case-by-case basis where the Clearing House, in consultation with the ForexClear DMG, deems it appropriate to do so in the circumstances of the Default.

6.9 ROLE AND CONSTITUTION OF FOREXCLEAR DMG

6.9.1 The ForexClear DMG shall meet at regular intervals in order to:
   - keep under review the ForexClear DMP, together with any Guidance issued in respect thereof;
   - keep under review the terms of reference of the ForexClear DMG to ensure they remain appropriate;
   - consider appropriate supplements or amendments to the ForexClear DMP and/or Guidance in order to improve the procedures in place; and
   - consider any other business relevant to the ForexClear DMP which any member of the ForexClear DMG from time to time sees fit to raise at such meetings.

6.9.2 The members of the ForexClear DMG shall also meet within one hour, or as soon as reasonably practical, following notification by the Clearing House that a Default Notice has been served upon an FXCCM, and at sufficiently frequent intervals thereafter for so long as may be necessary to assist the Clearing House in the implementation of the ForexClear DMP as contemplated under this Agreement. Such implementation shall include, without limitation, the provision of general default management advice with regard to: (1) the ongoing obligations of the Clearing House to its non-defaulting members; (2) the neutralisation and closing-out of the individual obligations of the Defaulting FXCCM; and (3) the splitting of Portfolios and the disposal of Auction Portfolios in accordance with the ForexClear DMP. Where it is not possible or practicable for the FXCCM to provide its nominated representative within an appropriate timeframe, it shall provide an alternate of suitable experience and expertise to participate on the ForexClear DMG.

6.9.3 The ForexClear DMG shall be made up of the following individuals who, unless stated otherwise, shall be appointed by the Clearing House which shall ensure that
the composition is such as to provide effective review of the ForexClear DMP and suitable expertise and representation of market-making capacity in the event of a Default:

6.3.1 in the event of the issuance of a Default Notice, the chief executive or deputy chief executive of the Clearing House, who shall act as chairman;

6.3.2 at least six representatives of at least four FXCCMs, being senior executives with appropriate skills and expertise;

6.3.3 at least one director (staff member of director grade) of the Clearing House’s Risk Management department; and

6.3.4 such other individuals as the ForexClear DMG considers appropriate from time to time in relation to individual meetings.

6.4 For the purpose of ForexClear DMG meetings convened to deal with a specific Defaulting FXCCM, the Clearing House may, after consultation with the ForexClear DMG, invite the Defaulting FXCCM to nominate one or more representatives to join the ForexClear DMG to assist it in carrying out its functions in the ForexClear Default Management Process for that Defaulting FXCCM, and also request representatives from any other FXCCMs. In the event of receiving such request, the FXCCM shall be obliged to provide its nominated representative, or an alternate with appropriate skills, experience and expertise, as if the FXCCM were a member of the ForexClear DMG.

6.5 In establishing the ForexClear DMG, the Clearing House agrees that in the normal course of events (not including the Clearing House’s declaration of a Default and the invocation of the processes as outlined in Rules 2, 3 and 4 of this Annex) it will, as far as practicable, and in accordance with the terms of reference of the ForexClear DMG, rotate the membership of the ForexClear DMG on a regular basis and amongst all FXCCMs. The FXCCM agrees that, when requested to do so by the Clearing House, it will make available a representative to participate in the ForexClear DMG. The Clearing House shall agree with the FXCCM the identity of such representative and shall be able to request a substitute where it believes the FXCCM’s nominated representative does not have the requisite skills or expertise.

6.6 Each FXCCM who makes available a representative to serve on the ForexClear DMG agrees, and shall procure that, to the extent applicable, its representative agrees:

6.6.1 to ensure that such representative will be fully available, at any time and for such periods of time as the Clearing House may require during the course of a Default, to perform his function as a member of the ForexClear DMG including attending meetings, considering and advising the Clearing House upon aspects of the ForexClear DMP. The FXCCM shall ensure that a representative’s other work commitments do not affect his availability for this purpose;

6.6.2 to take all steps to respect the confidential capacity in which such a representative receives information through the ForexClear DMG and to establish adequate procedures to prevent the disclosure or use for any commercial purpose outside the scope of the ForexClear DMP of any such confidential information by the FXCCM or its representative. Such procedures
shall normally include, without limitation, the establishment of Chinese walls within the FXCCM; and

6.6.3.6.3 to be bound by and to ensure that it and any of its executives or directors serving on the ForexClear DMG complies with the requirements contained in the Procedures or the FCM Procedures (as the case may be).

6.7.7 Each FXCCM shall accept that:

6.7.7.1 representatives of FXCCMs serving on the ForexClear DMG are doing so in order to assist the Clearing House in ensuring the on-going integrity of the ForexClear Service in the interests of Non-Defaulting FXCCMs; and

6.7.7.2 representatives of FXCCMs serving on the ForexClear DMG and their employers shall have no liability for any disinterested advice or actions, mandated or otherwise, that are undertaken as part of the ForexClear Default Management Process, provided, however, that nothing in this Rule 9.7.2 shall exclude the liability of such representatives and employers for any personal injury or death caused by their negligence or for any fraud or wilful default on the part of such representatives and employers.

6.8 The Clearing House agrees that, in exercising its rights and obligations in consulting with the ForexClear DMG pursuant to this Agreement, it will use all reasonable commercial endeavours to agree a common position with the ForexClear DMG, provided that nothing in this Rule shall prevent the Clearing House acting in a way which it reasonably determines necessary to manage its risk or otherwise meet its continuing regulatory obligations including those applicable to it as a Recognised Clearing House and a Derivatives Clearing Organization.
Exhibit A-4
Default Fund Rules
See Attached

Interpretation

For the purposes of Rules 15 to 37 (inclusive), the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement and the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement, the following terms have the following meanings:

"Aggregate Excess Loss" means the total value of a General Excess Loss, a ForexClear Excess Loss and/or a SwapClear Excess Loss (singularly or in combination), as the context requires;

"Capped Amount" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 16(3);

"Cleared Exchange Contract" means, for the purposes of the Default Fund Rules, a Contract on the terms of a contract entered into under or in accordance with the rules of a Specified Exchange;

"Contribution" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 17;

"Deductible" means, at the time of preparation of a Rule 26 Certificate, the Capped Amount as defined in Rule 16(3);

"Default" means the issue, in respect of a Clearing Member, of a Default Notice as provided for by Rule 3 or the occurrence, in respect of a Clearing Member, of an Automatic Early Termination Event;

"Default Loss" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 23(b);
"Defaulting FXCCM" means an FXCCM who is a defaulter under Rule 4;

"Defaulting SCM" means an SCM who is a defaulter under Rule 4;

"EquityClear Clearing Member" includes, for the purposes of the Default Fund Rules, any Clearing Member participating in any part of the EquityClear service;

"EquityClear Contracts" includes, for the purposes of the Default Fund Rules, all cash equity contracts and CFDs cleared by the Clearing House;

"EquityClear Contribution" means the part of a Clearing Member’s Contribution attributable to EquityClear business as calculated in accordance with Rules 18A, 19A, 19B and 32A;

"EquityClear Fund Amount" means, subject to Rule 32, £100,000,000;

"EquityClear Transition Date" means the first Quarter Day as at which the aggregate of EquityClear Contributions calculated under the formula stated in Rule 19A is equal to or greater than the EquityClear Fund Amount;

"Excess Loss" means a General Excess Loss;

"Exchange Clearing Member" includes, for the purposes of the Default Fund Rules, any Clearing Member participating in business conducted on Specified Exchanges and under the LCH Enclear OTC Regulations;

"Exchange Contribution" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 19;

"Exchange Fund Amount" means, subject to Rule 32, £310,000,000;

"Excluded Transaction" means, subject to Rule 37, any Contract designated by the Procedures as excluded for the purposes of the Default Fund Rules;

"Fed Funds Rate" means the Federal Funds Rate as published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York;
"ForexClear Business" means any transaction, obligation or liability arising out of any ForexClear Contract;

"ForexClear Clearing Member" or "FXCM" means, for the purposes of the Default Fund Rules and the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement, a Clearing Member which engages in ForexClear Business;

"ForexClear Contribution" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 17;

"ForexClear Default Management Process" has the meaning assigned to it in the ForexClear DMP Annex;

"ForexClear Default Management Process Completion Date" has the meaning assigned to it in the ForexClear DMP Annex;

"ForexClear Default Period" has the meaning ascribed to it in Rule F2 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement;

"ForexClear Determination Date" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule F2;

"ForexClear DMG" has the meaning assigned to it in the ForexClear DMP Annex;

"ForexClear Excess Loss" means the net sum or aggregate of net sums certified to be payable by a defaulter by a Rule 26 Certificate less (a) the proportion of the Deductible applicable to ForexClear Business under Rule 16(3) and (b) any sums then immediately payable in respect of Default Losses owed by such defaulter by any insurer or provider of analogous services under any policy of insurance or analogous instrument written in favour of the Clearing House in relation to Default Losses arising out of ForexClear Business;

"ForexClear Fund Amount" means the amount as determined in accordance with Rule F2(c) of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement;

"ForexClear Loss Distribution Process" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule F9 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement;
"ForexClear Unfunded Contribution" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule F8 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement;

"ForexClear Unfunded Contribution Notice" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule F8 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement;

"ForexClear Voluntary Payment" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule F10 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement;

"ForexClear Voluntary Payment Notice" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule F10 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement; and

"General Business" means any transaction, obligation or liability arising out of any Contract constituting EquityClear, RepoClear or Exchange business;

"General Clearing Member" means a Clearing Member which engages in General Business;

"General Contribution" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 17;

"General Excess Loss" means the net sum or aggregate of net sums certified to be payable by a defaulter by a Rule 26 Certificate less (a) the proportion of the Deductible applicable to General Business under Rule 16(3) and (b) any sums then immediately payable in respect of Default Losses owed by such defaulter by any insurer or provider of analogous services under any policy of insurance or analogous instrument written in favour of the Clearing House in relation to Default Losses arising out of General Business;

"General Fund Amount" means the sum of the EquityClear Fund Amount, the Exchange Fund Amount and the RepoClear Fund Amount;

"Insufficient Resources Determination" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule S11 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement or Rule F11 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement, as applicable;

"LIBOR" means, in relation to a Contribution, the rate per annum (rounded upwards, if not already such a multiple, to the next whole multiple of one-sixteenth of one per cent)
known as the British Bankers’ Association Interest Settlement Rate for three-month deposits in sterling being offered to prime banking names in London at or about the time specified by the Procedures for fixing the rate of interest for the period for which interest is payable or, where no such rate is available, such rate as in the opinion of the Clearing House approximates thereto;

"Margin Weight" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 19;

"Minimum Contribution" means, subject to Rule 32, the sum of the Minimum EquityClear Contribution and the Minimum Exchange Contribution and the Minimum RepoClear Contribution;

"Minimum EquityClear Contribution" means, subject to Rule 32, £1,000,000;

"Minimum EquityClear Contribution Member" means a Clearing Member in respect of which the Preliminary EquityClear Contribution calculated under Rule 19B is equal to or less than the Minimum EquityClear Contribution for the time being;

"Minimum Exchange Contribution" means, subject to Rule 32, £100,000;

"Minimum Exchange Contribution Member" means a Clearing Member in respect of which the Preliminary Exchange Contribution calculated under Rule 19 is equal to or less than the Minimum Exchange Contribution for the time being;

"Minimum ForexClear Contribution" means USD 5,000,000;

"Minimum RepoClear Contribution" means, subject to Rule 32, £1,000,000;

"Minimum RepoClear Contribution Member" means a Clearing Member in respect of which the Preliminary RepoClear Contribution calculated under Rule 19C is equal to or less than the Minimum RepoClear Contribution for the time being;

"Minimum SwapClear Contribution" means, subject to Rule 32, £10,000,000;

"Minimum SwapClear Contribution Member" means an SCM in respect of which the Preliminary SwapClear Contribution calculated under Rule 32 is equal to or less than the Minimum SwapClear Contribution for the time being;
"Net Recovery" means any sum received by the Clearing House from or for the account of a defaulter after the issue by the Clearing House of a Rule 26 Certificate in respect of losses arising upon the defaulter's Default less any amount payable to any insurer or provider of analogous services in respect of any amount due from but not previously paid by the defaulter;

"New Member" means:

(a) at the time of assessment of the amount of any General Contribution, any Clearing Member whose Clearing Member status commenced or will commence after the Quarter Day immediately before such time and includes any Clearing Member whose Clearing Membership Agreement commenced before the Quarter Day immediately before such time but who commenced or will commence clearing Cleared Exchange Contracts or EquityClear Contracts or RepoClear Contracts after the Quarter Day immediately before such time;

(b) at the time of assessment of the amount of any ForexClear Contribution, any FXCCM whose Clearing Member status commenced or will commence after the ForexClear Determination Date immediately before such time and includes any FXCCM whose Clearing Membership Agreement commenced before the ForexClear Determination Date immediately before such time but who commenced or will commence clearing ForexClear Contracts after the ForexClear Determination Date immediately before such time; or

(c) at the time of assessment of the amount of any SwapClear Contribution, any SCM whose Clearing Member status commenced or will commence after the SwapClear Determination Date immediately before such time and includes any SCM whose Clearing Membership Agreement commenced before the SwapClear Determination Date immediately before such time but who commenced or will commence clearing SwapClear Contracts after the SwapClear Determination Date immediately before such time;

"Non-Defaulting FXCCM" means an FXCCM which is not a defaulter under Rule 4;

"Non-Defaulting SCM" means an SCM which is not a defaulter under Rule 4;
"Quarter Day" means each of 31 January, 30 April, 31 July and 31 October in any year or, if any such day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day, or, in exceptional circumstances, any such other business day as may be determined by the Clearing House;

"Relevant Business" means General Business, ForexClear Business or SwapClear Business;

"Relevant Default" has the meaning ascribed to it in Rule S2 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement or Rule F2 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement, as applicable;

"RepoClear Clearing Member" includes, for the purposes of the Default Fund Rules, any Clearing Member participating in any part of the RepoClear service;

"RepoClear Contribution" means the part of a Clearing Member’s Contribution attributable to RepoClear business as calculated in accordance with Rule 19C;

"RepoClear Fund Amount" means, subject to Rule 32, £105,000,000;

"Retiring Member" means at any time any Clearing Member or, as the context may require, any former Clearing Member, who has given notice to terminate its Clearing Member status to the Clearing House or in respect of whom the Clearing House has terminated or given notice to terminate its Clearing Member status;

"Rule 26 Certificate" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 26;

"SONIA", means in relation to a SwapClear Contribution, the overnight rate as calculated by the Wholesale Market Broker's Association and appearing on the Reuters Screen SONIA Page;

"Specified Exchange" means Turquoise Global Holdings Limited, LIFFE Administration and Management Limited, The London Metal Exchange Limited, Nodal Exchange LLC, Hong Kong Mercantile Exchange Limited or any Exchange succeeding to any such person;
"SwapClear Amendment" has meaning assigned to it in Rule S12 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;

"SwapClear Business" means any transaction, obligation or liability arising out of any SwapClear Contract;

"SwapClear Contribution" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 17;

"SwapClear Default Management Process" has the meaning assigned to it in the SwapClear DMP Annex;

"SwapClear Default Management Process Completion Date" has the meaning assigned to it in the SwapClear DMP Annex;

"SwapClear Default Period" has the meaning ascribed to it in Rule S2 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;

"SwapClear Determination Date" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule S2 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;

"SwapClear DMG" has the meaning assigned to it in the SwapClear DMP Annex;

"SwapClear Excess Loss" means the net sum or aggregate of net sums certified to be payable by a defaulter by a Rule 26 Certificate less (a) the proportion of the Deductible applicable to SwapClear Business under Rule 16(3) and (b) any sums then immediately payable in respect of Default Losses owed by such defaulter by any insurer or provider of analogous services under any policy of insurance or analogous instrument written in favour of the Clearing House in relation to Default Losses arising out of SwapClear Business;

"SwapClear Loss Distribution Process" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule S9 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;

"SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount" means the amount as determined in accordance with Rule S2(b) of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;
"SwapClear Unfunded Contribution" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule S8 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;

"SwapClear Unfunded Contribution Notice" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule S8 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;

"SwapClear Voluntary Payment" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule S10 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement;

"SwapClear Voluntary Payment Notice" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule S10 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement; and

"Volume Weight" has the meaning assigned to it in Rule 19.

Words and expressions assigned meanings in the Clearing House Rulebook shall have the same meanings in these Rules.

Reduction of Losses on Default

16. Subject to any contrary provision of the Rulebook, where a defaulter fails to pay any sum payable to the Clearing House, the Clearing House shall reduce or bear its loss in the manner provided by this Rule:-

(a)(1) first, to the extent the Clearing House determines appropriate, in applying any cover for margin and any other sum owed to the defaulter other than any Contribution (together, "Margin Cover"), provided that Margin Cover related to the General Business is to be applied first to any loss attributable to the General Business until such loss is absorbed, Margin Cover related to the ForexClear Business is to be applied first to any loss attributable to the ForexClear Business until such loss is absorbed, and Margin Cover related to the SwapClear Business is to be applied first to any loss attributable to the SwapClear Business until such loss is absorbed;

(b)(2) second, by recourse to (i) the defaulter's relevant Contribution (i.e. ForexClear Contribution in respect of ForexClear Business, SwapClear Contribution in respect of SwapClear Business and General Contribution in respect of General Business), followed by (ii) any other Contribution made by the defaulter to the
extent not utilised under (i) above. The Clearing House will exercise its rights of recourse under this Rule 16(2) by set-off against the Clearing House’s obligation to repay the relevant Contributions to the defaulter;

(c)(3) third, by payment from the Clearing House’s own account of an amount up to a maximum of £20,000,000 (or such greater amount (if any) as may be determined from time to time by the Board of the Clearing House) (the "Capped Amount"). For the avoidance of doubt, amounts will only be paid under this stage (3) if and to the extent that to do so would not result in the Clearing House being unable to meet all its other liabilities (taking into account for these purposes the obligation of the Clearing House to return initial margin provided in the form of cash and to repay the Contributions of all Clearing Members).

Where there are amounts due from the defaulter at this stage in respect of more than one of General Business, ForexClear Business and SwapClear Business, the Capped Amount shall be applied to those amounts pro rata;

(d)(4) fourth, to the extent that any insurance or analogous arrangement is not available to the Clearing House, by recourse to the indemnities given under Rule 28 by Clearing Members other than the defaulter (which shall be satisfied by set-off against the Clearing House’s obligation to repay the relevant Contributions of such Clearing Members);

(e)(5) fifth, by recourse to any insurance cover or analogous arrangement;

(f)(6) sixth, by recourse to the indemnities given under Rule 28 by Clearing Members other than the defaulter (which shall be satisfied by set-off against the Clearing House’s obligation to repay the relevant Contributions of such Clearing Members);

(g)(7) seventh, by recourse to any other indemnities, guarantees, undertakings or monies provided by Clearing Members; and

(h)(8) eighth, and in respect of General Excess Loss only, as a loss borne by the Clearing House for its own account. For the avoidance of doubt, amounts will only be paid under this stage (8) if and to the extent that to do so would not
result in the Clearing House being unable to meet all its other liabilities (taking into account for these purposes the obligation of the Clearing House to return initial margin provided in the form of cash and to repay the Contributions of all Clearing Members).

This Rule has effect without prejudice to any rights of the Clearing House or any other person against the defaulter. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) the effect of Rule F11 is that only stages (1) to (7) under this Rule 16 will apply in respect of any ForexClear Excess Loss, and any outstanding contracts retained by the Clearing House will be closed out in accordance with the procedure set out in Rule F11 without any recourse to the capital of the Clearing House under Rule 16(8); and (ii) the effect of Rule S11 is that only stages (1) to (7) under this Rule 16 will apply in respect of any SwapClear Excess Loss, and any outstanding contracts retained by the Clearing House will be closed out in accordance with the procedure set out in Rule S11 without any recourse to the capital of the Clearing House under Rule 16(8).

Where a defaulter is engaged in more than one of General Business, ForexClear Business and SwapClear Business (each a "Relevant Business" in respect of the defaulter), the completion of the default management processes in respect of each such Relevant Business may occur at different times. The Clearing House may be required to make a determination in respect of one Relevant Business (including certification of a Default Loss under Rule 23(b), certification of a net sum payable under Rule 26(a) or the value of a General Excess Loss, ForexClear Excess Loss and/or SwapClear Excess Loss) in order to manage the default at a time when (a) the determination is contingent on an outcome of the default management process in respect of some other Relevant Business, and (b) that outcome has not yet been reached. In the interests of efficient resolution, the Clearing House may at such point make assumptions about that outcome, and proceed with the relevant process on that basis. Where any such assumptions have been made, the Clearing House shall, on the completion of the default management processes in respect of all Relevant Businesses, make such credits to the default funds relating to the Relevant Businesses and such distributions to former Clearing Members as may be necessary to put the default funds and those firms which had contributed to such default funds at the time of the relevant default in the position that they would have been if the correct outcomes had been used and the relevant assumptions had not been made.

Contributions to Fund
17. Each Clearing Member shall deposit and maintain with the Clearing House one or more sums of cash (each a "Contribution") in an amount calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with these Rules. A Clearing Member's "General Contribution" shall be equal to the sum of its EquityClear Clearing Member Contribution (if any), as defined in Rule 19A, and its Exchange Contribution (if any), as defined in Rule 19, and its RepoClear Clearing Member Contribution (if any), as defined in Rule 19C, denominated in sterling as cover, in accordance with Rules 15 to 37 (inclusive). An FXCCM's "ForexClear Contribution" shall be the amount specified in the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement, in accordance with Rules 15 to 37 (inclusive) and shall include any ForexClear Unfunded Contributions deposited and made by the FXCCM with the Clearing House. An SCM's "SwapClear Contribution" shall be the amount specified in the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement, in accordance with Rules 15 to 37 (inclusive) and shall include any SwapClear Unfunded Contributions deposited and made by the SCM with the Clearing House.

18. Subject to Rule 18A, the amount of each General Clearing Member’s General Contribution shall be determined by the Clearing House as soon as practicable after each Quarter Day on the basis of information available as at close of business on such Quarter Day and notified to such General Clearing Member as soon as practicable after such determination in accordance with the Procedures.

18A. Until the EquityClear Transition Date, and subject to Rule 32A, the Clearing House may require an EquityClear Clearing Member to deposit and maintain with the Clearing House an additional sum of cash (a "Supplementary EquityClear Contribution") denominated in sterling as cover, to form part of that Clearing Member’s General Contribution. The Clearing House may exercise its rights under this Rule in respect of any date before the EquityClear Transition Date on which, in the reasonable opinion of the Clearing House, 10% of the Clearing Member’s requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures section of the Rulebook or other arrangements applicable) in respect of all EquityClear Contracts significantly exceeds the Clearing Member’s EquityClear Contribution actually held by the Clearing House on that date. A Supplementary EquityClear Contribution required to be deposited under this Rule shall be payable in such amount and at such time as the Clearing House shall appoint.

19. Subject to Rules 20, 21, 33 and 34, an Exchange Clearing Member’s Contribution (its "Exchange Contribution") to the Exchange Fund Amount shall be
determined with reference to business conducted by it on the Specified Exchanges and under the LCH Enclear OTC Regulations, as at close of business on each Quarter Day, as follows:

(a) the Clearing Member’s "**Margin Weight**" shall be calculated by dividing the average daily requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable) which has applied to the Clearing Member during the Reference Period in respect: (1) of all Contracts (other than EquityClear, SwapClear, ForexClear and RepoClear Contracts) and (2) all LCH Enclear OTC Contracts by the total of such average daily requirements applied to all Clearing Members other than defaulters;

(b) the Clearing Member’s "**Volume Weight**" shall be calculated by dividing the average daily number of Cleared Exchange Contracts and LCH Enclear OTC Contracts registered for the first time with the Clearing House in the name of the Clearing Member during the Reference Period by the total of such average numbers for all Clearing Members other than defaulters;

(c) the Clearing Member’s "**Weight Factor**" shall be calculated by adding one-half of its Margin Weight as defined in (a) above to one-half of its Volume Weight as defined in (b) above;

(d) the Clearing Member’s "**Preliminary Exchange Contribution**" shall be calculated by multiplying the Exchange Fund Amount by its Weight Factor;

(e) if the Clearing Member’s Preliminary Exchange Contribution is below the Minimum Exchange Contribution for the time being, the Clearing Member’s Exchange Contribution shall be the Minimum Exchange Contribution;

(f) for each Minimum Exchange Contribution Member, the arithmetical difference shall be calculated between (i) the Minimum Exchange Contribution and (ii) the Clearing Member’s Preliminary Exchange Contribution, and the "**Exchange Surplus**" shall be calculated by adding together all such differences;

(g) for each Clearing Member other than a Minimum Contribution Member, the Clearing Member’s "**Exchange Discount**" shall be such Clearing Member’s *pro rata* share of the Exchange Surplus calculated as the proportion of such
Clearing Member’s Preliminary Exchange Contribution relative to the aggregate Preliminary Exchange Contributions of all Clearing Members other than Minimum Exchange Contribution Members;

(h) for each Clearing Member other than a Minimum Exchange Contribution Member, the Clearing Member’s Exchange Contribution shall be the Preliminary Exchange Contribution less the Clearing Member’s Exchange Discount; provided that if the outcome of such calculation would result in an Exchange Contribution less than the Minimum Exchange Contribution, such Clearing Member shall pay the Minimum Exchange Contribution notwithstanding that the arithmetical sum of Exchange Contributions paid by all Clearing Members may thereby exceed the Exchange Fund Amount.

19A. Subject to Rules 18A, 20, 21, 32A, 33 and 34, each EquityClear Clearing Member’s Contribution attributable to EquityClear business conducted by it shall be determined as at close of business on each Quarter Day before the EquityClear Transition Date and shall be the higher of the Minimum EquityClear Contribution and 10% of the Clearing Member’s average daily requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable) which has applied to the Clearing Member during the Reference Period in respect of all EquityClear Contracts.

19B. Subject to Rules 20, 21, 33 and 34, each EquityClear Clearing Member’s Contribution attributable to EquityClear business conducted by it shall be determined as at close of business on the EquityClear Transition Date and each Quarter Day thereafter as follows:

(a) the Clearing Member’s "EquityClear Margin Weight" shall be calculated by dividing the average daily requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable) which has applied to the Clearing Member during the Reference Period in respect of all EquityClear Contracts by the total of such average daily requirements applied to all Clearing Members other than defaulters;

(b) the Clearing Member’s "Preliminary EquityClear Contribution" shall be calculated by multiplying the EquityClear Fund Amount by the Clearing Member’s EquityClear Margin Weight;
(c) if the Clearing Member’s Preliminary EquityClear Contribution is below the Minimum EquityClear Contribution for the time being, the Clearing Member’s EquityClear Contribution shall be the Minimum EquityClear Contribution;

(d) for each Minimum EquityClear Contribution Member, the arithmetical difference shall be calculated between (i) the Minimum EquityClear Contribution and (ii) the Clearing Member’s Preliminary EquityClear Contribution, and the "EquityClear Surplus" shall be calculated by adding together all such differences;

(e) for each Clearing Member other than a Minimum EquityClear Contribution Member, the Clearing Member’s "EquityClear Discount" shall be such Clearing Member’s pro rata share of the EquityClear Surplus calculated as the proportion of such Clearing Member’s Preliminary EquityClear Contribution relative to the aggregate Preliminary EquityClear Contributions of all Clearing Members other than Minimum EquityClear Contribution Members;

(f) for each Clearing Member other than a Minimum EquityClear Contribution Member, the Clearing Member’s EquityClear Contribution shall be the Preliminary EquityClear Contribution less the Clearing Member’s EquityClear Discount; provided that if the outcome of such calculation would result in a EquityClear Contribution less than the Minimum EquityClear Contribution, such Clearing Member shall pay the Minimum EquityClear Contribution notwithstanding that the arithmetical sum of EquityClear Contributions paid by all Clearing Members may thereby exceed the EquityClear Fund Amount.

19C Subject to Rules 20, 21, 33 and 34, each RepoClear Clearing Member’s Contribution attributable to RepoClear business conducted by it shall be determined as at close of business on each Quarter Day as follows:-

(a) the Clearing Member’s "RepoClear Margin Weight" shall be calculated by dividing the average daily requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable) which has applied to the Clearing Member during the Reference Period in respect of all RepoClear Contracts by the total of such average daily requirements applied to all Clearing Members other than defaulters;
(b) the Clearing Member’s "Preliminary RepoClear Contribution" shall be calculated by multiplying the RepoClear Fund Amount by the Clearing Member’s RepoClear Margin Weight;

(c) if the Clearing Member’s Preliminary RepoClear Contribution is below the Minimum RepoClear Contribution for the time being, the Clearing Member’s RepoClear Contribution shall be the Minimum RepoClear Contribution;

(d) for each Minimum RepoClear Contribution Member, the arithmetical difference shall be calculated between (i) the Minimum RepoClear Contribution and (ii) the Clearing Member’s Preliminary RepoClear Contribution, and the "RepoClear Surplus" shall be calculated by adding together all such differences;

(e) for each Clearing Member other than a Minimum RepoClear Contribution Member, the Clearing Member’s "RepoClear Discount" shall be such Clearing Member’s pro rata share of the RepoClear Surplus calculated as the proportion of such Clearing Member’s Preliminary RepoClear Contribution relative to the aggregate Preliminary RepoClear Contributions of all Clearing Members other than Minimum RepoClear Contribution Members;

(f) for each Clearing Member other than a Minimum RepoClear Contribution Member, the Clearing Member’s RepoClear Contribution shall be the Preliminary RepoClear Contribution less the Clearing Member’s RepoClear Discount; provided that if the outcome of such calculation would result in a RepoClear Contribution less than the Minimum RepoClear Contribution, such Clearing Member shall pay the Minimum RepoClear Contribution notwithstanding that the arithmetical sum of RepoClear Contributions paid by all Clearing Members may thereby exceed the RepoClear Fund Amount.

20. For the purposes of the calculations under Rules 18A, 19, 19A, 19B and 19C:-

(a) "Reference Period" means the period starting on the day immediately after the Quarter Day immediately before the Quarter Day as at which the determination is made and ending on the Quarter Day as at which the determination is made (including both the day at the start of the period and the day at the end of the period);
(b) no account shall be taken, in calculating Margin Weight or EquityClear Margin Weight or RepoClear Margin Weight, of any margin required in relation to an Excluded Transaction, nor in calculating Volume Weight of any Contract which is registered in the course of an Excluded Transaction;

(c) references to "Clearing Members" do not include references to defaulters (apart from any defaulter in respect of which the Clearing House permits the application of Rules 19, 19A, 19B and 19C and this Rule) or persons which were formerly Clearing Members but are not Clearing Members on the date at which the determination is made;

(d) Contributions shall be rounded upwards, if not already such a multiple, to the next integral multiple of one thousand pounds; and

(e) no account shall be taken, in calculating initial margin under Rules 18A, or 19A, 19B and 19C Margin Weight under Rule 19, EquityClear Margin Weight under Rule 19B or RepoClear Margin Weight under Rule 19C, of any offsets in the initial margin required for Cleared Exchange Contracts from a Clearing Member, which may otherwise be permissible under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable.

Provided that the Clearing Member is not a defaulter, the amount of its Contribution shall be paid in accordance with and subject to Rule 22. The provisions of Rule 19, 19A, 19B and 19C and this Rule do not apply to a Clearing Member which is a defaulter, unless the Clearing House so permits in any particular case.

21. Without prejudice to any other requirements which the Clearing House may impose, the amount of the General Contribution of a New Member shall be the sum of (a) where the New Member has applied to become an EquityClear Clearing Member, the Minimum EquityClear Contribution, (b) where the New Member has applied to become an Exchange Clearing Member, the Minimum Exchange Contribution, (c) where the New Member has applied to become a RepoClear Clearing Member, the Minimum RepoClear Contribution, and (d) any supplementary sum determined by the Clearing House in its discretion and notified to the New Member. The Clearing House shall determine the amount of such supplementary sum by reference to the actual or expected level of clearing activity of the New Member.
Payment of Contributions

22. Upon determination of the amount of a General Contribution as at any Quarter Day:

(a) if the amount of the General Contribution of a General Clearing Member immediately before close of business on that Quarter Day exceeds the amount of the General Clearing Member’s General Contribution as determined under these Rules as at close of business on that Quarter Day, the excess shall be paid by the Clearing House to such General Clearing Member in accordance with the Procedures;

(b) if the amount of the General Contribution of a Clearing Member immediately before close of business on that Quarter Day is the same as the amount of the General Clearing Member’s General Contribution as so determined, no sum shall then be payable by or to such General Clearing Member in respect of its General Contribution; and

(c) if the amount of the General Contribution of a General Clearing Member immediately before close of business on that Quarter Day is less than the amount of the General Clearing Member’s General Contribution as so determined, the shortfall shall be paid by such General Clearing Member to the Clearing House in accordance with the Procedures.

The provisions of this Rule do not apply to a General Clearing Member which is a defaulter, unless the Clearing House so permits in any particular case.

Terms on which Contribution is held

23. (a) Subject to Rules 23(b) and 23(c), the outstanding balance of a Clearing Member’s Contribution (or, as appropriate, part thereof) shall be repayable to the Clearing Member on the earliest to occur of the following events:

(i) if the Clearing Member is not a defaulter, the effective date of termination of Clearing Member’s status (including a Termination Date under General Regulation 39A or under FCM Regulation 26A);
(ii) if the Clearing Member has become a defaulter, the date or event appointed by the Clearing House for repayment of sums due to the Clearing Member under Rule 9;

(iii) the amount of the Contribution being reduced by virtue of the recalculation of its amount in accordance with Rule 19 or Rule F2 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement in respect of a ForexClear Contribution or Rule S2 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement in respect of a SwapClear Contribution (in which case the Contribution shall be repayable only to the extent of such reduction);

(iv) the Clearing House making an Insufficient Resources Determination pursuant to Rule F11 or Rule S11; and

(v) the expiry of a period of 50 years from the date on which the Contribution was paid to the Clearing House.

(b) If a Clearing Member becomes a defaulter, the Clearing House shall as soon as practicable after any Margin Cover has been applied pursuant to Rule 16, certify one or more net sums then payable by the defaulter to the Clearing House in respect of General Business ("General Business Default Loss"), ForexClear Business ("ForexClear Business Default Loss") and/or SwapClear Business ("SwapClear Business Default Loss") (as applicable) (each a "Default Loss"), disregarding for this purpose any of the defaulting Clearing Member’s Contributions. If the Clearing House certifies any Default Loss, all of the defaulting Clearing Member’s Contributions shall immediately become due and repayable, but only in an amount not exceeding the total Default Loss. In this regard:

(i) where there is a General Business Default Loss only and the defaulter’s General Contribution exceeds the General Business Default Loss, the defaulter’s ForexClear Contribution and the defaulter’s SwapClear Contribution shall not become due and repayable;
(ii) where there is a ForexClear Business Default Loss only and the defaulter’s ForexClear Contribution exceeds the ForexClear Business Default Loss, the defaulter’s General Contribution and SwapClear Contribution shall not become due and repayable; and

(iii) where there is a SwapClear Business Default Loss only and the defaulter’s SwapClear Contribution exceeds the SwapClear Business Default Loss, the defaulter’s General Contribution and ForexClear Contribution shall not become due and repayable.

(c) If an amount becomes payable by the Clearing Member under Rule 28, the Clearing Member’s relevant Contribution shall immediately become due and repayable, but only to the extent of such amount.

24. On any day interest shall accrue on the amount of each General Contribution then held by the Clearing House, to the extent that it has not been applied under Rule 26 or Rule 28, at such rate and in such manner as provided by the Procedures, provided that the rate of interest shall not be less than LIBOR plus one per cent. Interest shall be payable in arrear and shall be paid on the date or dates specified by the Procedures. In these Default Fund Rules any interest which has accrued under this Rule shall not be regarded as part of the Contribution.

25. A Clearing Member’s entitlement to repayment of any of its Contributions or any part of them shall not be capable of assignment by the Clearing Member, nor shall Contributions be capable of being charged or subject to any other form of security whether purporting to rank in priority over, pari passu with or subsequent to the rights of the Clearing House. Any purported charge or assignment by a Clearing Member (whether by way of security or otherwise) of its Contributions shall be void. A Clearing Member shall not otherwise encumber (or seek to encumber) its Contributions.

Application of defaulter’s Contribution, and Certification of Aggregate Excess Losses

26. Without prejudice to any other right of set-off or application of funds to which the Clearing House may be entitled, in the event of a Default and the certification by the Clearing House of a Default Loss under Rule 23(b) in respect thereof the Clearing House shall without notice set off in or towards satisfaction of any sums payable to the Clearing House from the defaulter any amount of any Contribution of the defaulter which has become due and repayable in accordance with Rule 23(b). If the Clearing
House is to have recourse, in accordance with Rule 16, to the indemnities, guarantees, undertakings or monies provided by Clearing Members other than the defaulter, as soon as practicable the Clearing House shall certify (by a "Rule 26 Certificate"):-

(a) the amount of the defaulter’s Contribution applied under this Rule and the net sum (if any), or each net sum (if more than one), then immediately payable by the defaulter to the Clearing House in respect of (i) General Business, (ii) ForexClear Business and (iii) SwapClear Business, taking into account for this purpose the defaulter’s Contribution but excluding for this purpose any sum due to the Clearing House in respect of any Excluded Transaction; and

(b) the extent to which any sums so payable by the defaulter to the Clearing House but unpaid may be claimed by the Clearing House under a policy of insurance or analogous instrument relating to Default Losses.

The Clearing House may issue more than one Rule 26 Certificate in relation to losses arising upon any Default.

Where a Rule 26 Certificate is to be issued in respect of the Default of an FXCCM, the Clearing House may assume that no further recoveries will be made in respect of obligations of the Defaulting FXCCM beyond the value of its ForexClear Contribution.

Where a Rule 26 Certificate is to be issued in respect of the Default of an SCM, the Clearing House may assume that no further recoveries will be made in respect of obligations of the Defaulting SCM beyond the value of its SwapClear Contribution.

27. The Clearing House may in the exercise of the right conferred by Rule 26 set off the amount due (in accordance with Rule 23(b)) to a defaulter in respect of the defaulter’s Contribution or any part thereof against sums owing on any account whether or not it is a client account, and the Clearing House shall have unfettered discretion in this regard. A defaulter’s Contribution shall not be treated as standing to the credit of any client account of the defaulter except to the extent that any Default Loss certified under Rule 23(b) arises in relation to a client account and the Clearing House so requires.

Application of Fund and Indemnity

28. By virtue of the Clearing Membership Agreement and this Rule, and subject to Rule 29:
(a) each Clearing Member engaged in General Business indemnifies the Clearing House in respect of General Excess Loss upon the Default of another Clearing Member in an aggregate amount not exceeding the amount due from it as its General Contribution at the date of the issue of the Rule 26 Certificate which relates to such Aggregate Excess Loss;

(b) each Clearing Member engaged in ForexClear Business indemnifies the Clearing House in respect of the aggregate of the ForexClear Excess Losses calculated in respect of the Defaults of FXCCMs occurring in a ForexClear Default Period in an aggregate amount not exceeding the amount due from it as its ForexClear Contribution as calculated under the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement on the ForexClear Determination Date immediately prior to the commencement of the relevant ForexClear Default Period together with any ForexClear Unfunded Contribution that the Clearing House has called or would be entitled to call from such FXCCM during such ForexClear Default Period; and

(c) each SCM indemnifies the Clearing House in respect of the aggregate of the SwapClear Excess Losses calculated in respect of the Defaults of SCMs occurring in a SwapClear Default Period in an aggregate amount not exceeding the amount due from it as its SwapClear Contribution as calculated under the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement on the SwapClear Determination Date immediately prior to the commencement of the relevant SwapClear Default Period together with any SwapClear Unfunded Contribution that the Clearing House has called or would be entitled to call from such SCM during such SwapClear Default Period.

The amount due by a Clearing Member in respect of each General Excess Loss shall be the Clearing Member’s pro rata share of such loss arising upon the relevant Default calculated as the proportion of such Member’s relevant Contribution relative to the aggregate relevant Contributions of all Clearing Members other than the relevant defaulter at the time of the relevant Default. The amount due by a Clearing Member in respect of each ForexClear Excess Loss shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the ForexClear DMP Annex. The amount due by a Clearing Member in respect of each SwapClear Excess Loss shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the SwapClear DMP Annex. The amount so due shall become immediately payable automatically (without any obligation on the part of the Clearing
House to make demand on the Clearing Member) upon the issue by the Clearing House of the applicable Rule 26 Certificate. Without prejudice to any other right of set-off or application of funds to which the Clearing House may be entitled, the Clearing House shall forthwith without notice set off any amount due in accordance with Rule 23(c) to a Clearing Member in respect of the relevant Contribution of such Clearing Member in or towards satisfaction of the amount payable by such Clearing Member under this Rule 28.

29. This Rule applies to a defaulter (the "First defaulter") where the Contribution of the First defaulter has not been repaid to the First defaulter or applied by the Clearing House under Rule 26, and Aggregate Excess Losses arise upon the Defaults of other Clearing Members. Where this Rule applies, Rule 28 shall have effect with the following modifications:

(a) the balances (if any) of the First defaulter's relevant Contributions may be applied under Rule 28 in respect of such relevant Aggregate Excess Losses up to and including the date three months after the date of issue of the Default Notice in respect of the First defaulter's Default; and

(b) after the date three months after the date of issue of such Default Notice, the balances (if any) of the First defaulter's relevant Contributions may not be applied under Rule 28 in respect of such relevant Aggregate Excess Losses, but they may be retained on account of losses arising upon the First defaulter's own Default, and for the purposes of Rule 28 they shall be disregarded.

30. The Clearing House shall give notice to each Clearing Member as soon as practicable after an amount has become due in accordance with Rule 28 and of the manner in which it has been satisfied.

31. If, in relation to a Default, the Clearing House has been unable to certify in any Rule 26 Certificates issued on or before the Quarter Day immediately after the Default all sums which may be or become due to the Clearing House from the Defaulter (because such sums will not or may not become liquidated or for any other reason payable until a later date), the Clearing House shall maintain a Contribution from each Clearing Member (other than the Defaulter) as cover for the performance by such Clearing Member of its obligation to indemnify the Clearing House in relation to any General Excess Loss not yet certified. In fulfilment of this requirement the Clearing House may take any step
which appears to the Clearing House to be appropriate, and the steps so taken may include any (including a combination) of the following:

(a) postponement of the date for adjustment of Clearing Members’ Contributions under Rule 22;

(b) reduction of the amounts payable to some or all Clearing Members under Rule 22(a+);

(c) estimation of the amount of Aggregate Excess Losses which may become certified after the relevant Quarter Day as appropriate, and application of Rule 28 as if such estimated amount were already realised as a General Excess Loss.

The Clearing House shall notify Clearing Members of any steps taken under this Rule.

Reinstatement of the Fund

32. Where, after a Default, the Clearing House has applied part or all of a General Contribution under Rule 26 or Rule 28, the General Fund Amount shall be reduced forthwith by the aggregate amount of the Contributions or parts of Contributions so applied, and the EquityClear Fund Amount and the Exchange Fund Amount and the RepoClear Fund Amount shall be reduced pro rata. Unless and until the Clearing House has repaid a defaulter’s Contribution, the General Fund Amount shall be treated as having been reduced by the amount of the defaulter’s Contribution (if any) regardless of whether the Clearing House has applied part or all of that Contribution under Rule 26. Following a reduction of the General Fund Amount in accordance with this Rule, the Clearing House may by a single increase or by a series of increases raise the General Fund Amount to such level not exceeding £515,000,000 and after such interval or intervals as it considers appropriate, provided that:

(a) upon each such increase the EquityClear Fund Amount and the Exchange Fund Amount and the RepoClear Fund Amount shall increase pro rata; and

(b) no such increase shall bind any Clearing Member which does not agree to it.
Where by virtue of this Rule the General Fund Amount is less than £515,000,000, the size of the Minimum EquityClear Contribution and the Minimum Exchange Contribution and the Minimum RepoClear Contribution shall also be adjusted in proportion to the size of the General Fund Amount as adjusted for the time being.

32A If on any Quarter Day before the EquityClear Transition Date the General Fund Amount is by virtue of Rule 32 less than it was before the Default, the formula in Rule 19A shall be modified so that the alternative basis of calculation is reduced from 10% of the Clearing Member’s average daily requirement for initial margin (as provided by Rule 19A) to 10% of such average daily requirement multiplied by the Relevant Proportion. On any date in respect of which the Clearing House exercises its rights under Rule 18A and as at which the General Fund Amount is by virtue of Rule 32 less than it was before the Default the sum with which the Clearing Member’s EquityClear Contribution is to be compared shall be reduced from 10% of the Clearing Member’s requirement for initial margin (as provided by Rule 18A) to 10% of such requirement multiplied by the Relevant Proportion. For the purposes of this Rule, the “Relevant Proportion” means, in relation to a date, the proportion which the General Fund Amount at such date bears to the amount before the Default.

Effect of cessation of Clearing Member status

33. Subject to Rule 34, if a Quarter Day, a ForexClear Determination Date or a SwapClear Determination Date, as appropriate, occurs after the giving of notice: (i) by or in respect of any Retiring Member; (ii) by a Clearing Member to the Clearing House for the purposes of resigning from a particular Service; or (iii) by the Clearing House to a Clearing Member for the purposes of requiring such Clearing Member to resign from a particular Service (the "Relevant Service") (a Clearing Member for the purposes of (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph, a "Resigning Member"), and before the termination of such Retiring Member’s Clearing Member status or the Resigning Member’s resignation from the Relevant Service (as the case may be):-

(a) if the Retiring Member or Resigning Member is not a defaulter, the amount of such Retiring Member’s Contribution or such Resigning Member’s Contribution in respect of the Relevant Service shall be determined by the Clearing House on the basis set out in Rules 19, 19A, 19B, 19C, the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement and the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement (as applicable) without regard to the impending termination of such Retiring Member’s Clearing
Member status or Resigning Member’s resignation (as the case may be), and the provisions of Rule 22, Rule F5 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement and Rule S5 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement (as applicable) shall apply in respect of such Contribution accordingly;

(b) if the Retiring Member or Resigning Member is a defaulter, the balance of that Retiring Member’s Contribution or the Resigning Member’s Contribution in respect of the Relevant Service (as the case may be) after any part of it has been applied under Rule 26 or Rule 28 shall not be subject to adjustment under Rules 19, 19A, 19B, 19C, the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement and the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement (as applicable), and the provisions of Rule 22, Rule F5 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement and Rule S5 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement (as applicable) shall not apply to such Retiring Member or Resigning Member in respect of the Relevant Service.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in such circumstances the amounts of the respective Contributions of all Clearing Members other than any Retiring Member or any Resigning Member in respect of the Relevant Service shall be determined by the Clearing House on the basis set out in Rules 18A, 19, 19A, 19B, 19C, the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement and the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement (as applicable), but disregarding for all purposes any Clearing Member which is a Retiring Member or, in relation to a Relevant Service, any Resigning Member in respect of that Relevant Service, in particular disregarding such Clearing Member’s daily requirement for margin and such Clearing Member’s daily number of Contracts and treating any such Retiring Member as no longer being a Clearing Member, but without prejudice to any reduction of the General Fund Amount under Rule 32.

34. This Rule applies at any Quarter Day, ForexClear Determination Date or SwapClear Determination Date, as appropriate, after a Retiring Member has given notice of termination of its Clearing Member status, where another Clearing Member (the "Continuing Member") has arranged to undertake clearing on behalf of the Retiring Member. If, in the opinion of the Clearing House, the Contribution of the Continuing Member determined under Rules 18A, 19, 19A, 19B, 19C, the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement and/or the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement does not fairly reflect the Continuing Member’s share of clearing activity, the Clearing House may determine the Contribution of the Continuing Member as if the EquityClear Margin Weight, Margin Weight, Volume Weight, RepoClear Margin Weight, SwapClear Margin Weight and
ForexClear Margin Weight of the Retiring Member were part of the EquityClear Margin Weight,Margin Weight, Volume Weight, RepoClear Margin Weight, SwapClear Margin Weight and ForexClear Margin Weight respectively of the Continuing Member. If the Clearing House determines the amount of a Continuing Member’s Contribution under this Rule, the Clearing House shall give notice to the Continuing Member, and the provisions of Rule 33 shall not apply.

35. A Retiring Member and a Resigning Member in respect of a Relevant Service shall, until the completion of the process set out in Rule 8 in relation to any Default, continue to be liable under its Rule 28 indemnity in respect of Aggregate Excess Losses arising upon such Default, notwithstanding that the Clearing Member status of the Retiring Member has terminated or that the Resigning Member has resigned in respect of the Relevant Service before that time. While a Retiring Member or Resigning Member continues to be so liable, it shall provide such cover as the Clearing House shall require in respect of its liability in relation to any Aggregate Excess Losses not yet certified, subject to such cover not exceeding the Retiring Member’s Contribution at the time of the termination of its clearing membership or the Resigning Member’s Contribution to the Relevant Service at the time of its resignation. In fulfilment of this requirement the Clearing House may take any step which appears to the Clearing House to be appropriate, including postponement of the date for repayment of part or all of the Retiring Member’s Contribution or Resigning Member’s Contribution in respect of the Relevant Service (as the case may be). The Clearing House shall notify the Retiring Member or Resigning Member of any steps taken under this Rule.

Recoveries from defaulters

36. If all or part of the Contributions of any Clearing Member shall have been applied in accordance with Rule 28, the Clearing House shall account to each such Clearing Member (whether or not he remains at the relevant time a Clearing Member of the Clearing House) in respect of any Net Recovery, *pro rata* to the respective amounts applied in accordance with Rule 28 in relation to the relevant Default and in an amount not exceeding, in relation to each such Clearing Member, the amount of its Contributions so applied.
Contracts on terms prescribed by new Exchanges

37. Notwithstanding anything in the Procedures, and subject as follows, any Contract on terms prescribed by any Exchange other than a Specified Exchange shall be an Excluded Transaction. The Clearing House may direct that any such Contract as is referred to in this Rule shall not be an Excluded Transaction, provided that no such direction shall bind any Clearing Member which does not agree to it.
ForexClear Default Fund Supplement

**F1** In accordance with and subject to Rule F2, the amount of each ForexClear Clearing Member's ForexClear Contributions shall be determined by the Clearing House as soon as practicable after each ForexClear Determination Date as appropriate on the basis of information available as at close of business on such ForexClear Determination Date and notified to such FXCCM as soon as practicable after such determination in accordance with the Procedures.

**F2** Each FXCCM's ForexClear Contribution (other than a ForexClear Unfunded Contribution) shall be determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) Determinations will be made by the Clearing House on the date that an FXCCM joins the ForexClear Service, and at close of business on the first business day of each subsequent month, and otherwise in accordance with paragraph (g) below, (each a "ForexClear Determination Date") provided, however, that, following a Default any such determinations and any such ForexClear Determination Date which might otherwise have occurred under this Rule F2 shall be suspended for the duration of the period (the "ForexClear Default Period") commencing on the date of such Default and terminating on the last to occur of the following dates:

(i) The date which is the close of business on the day falling 30 calendar days after the ForexClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to such Default (or, if such day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day); and

(ii) Where, prior to the to the end of the period referred to in (i) above (or such period as has already been extended pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii)) one or more subsequent Defaults (each a "Relevant Default") occur, the date which is the close of
business on the day falling 30 calendar days after the ForexClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to a Relevant Default which falls latest in time (or, if such day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day);

(b) On each business day, the Clearing House will determine a "Combined Loss Value" in respect of each of the 30 preceding business days. The Combined Loss Value in respect of a particular day will be the sum of the largest and the second largest stress-testing loss incurred on that day in relation to ForexClear Business (for a given scenario).

(c) the "ForexClear Fund Amount" shall be calculated in United States Dollars ("USD"), and, for a given ForexClear Determination Date, shall be the largest of the 30 Combined Loss Values determined under Rule F2(b) plus 10%. The ForexClear Fund Amount shall not be less than USD 70 million ("ForexClear Fund Floor");

(d) the FXCCM's "ForexClear Margin Weight" shall be calculated by dividing the average daily requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable) which has applied to the FXCCM during the reference period in Rule F2(c), above, in respect of all ForexClear Contracts to which the FXCCM is a party by the total of such average daily requirements applied to all Non Defaulting FXCCMs;

(e) the FXCCM's "Preliminary ForexClear Contribution" shall be calculated by multiplying the ForexClear Fund Amount by the FXCCM's ForexClear Margin Weight;

(f) if the FXCCM's Preliminary ForexClear Contribution is below the Minimum ForexClear Contribution for the time being, the FXCCM's ForexClear Contribution shall be the Minimum ForexClear Contribution; and
(g) subject to Rule F2(a), the Clearing House may recalculate the ForexClear Fund Amount on any business day if the Combined Loss Value differs by more than 25% from the figure on which the previous ForexClear Contribution determination was based.

F3 For the purposes of the calculations under Rule F2

(a) references to "ForexClear Clearing Members" or "FXCCMs" do not include references to Defaulting FXCCMs (apart from any Defaulting FXCCM in respect of which the Clearing House permits the application of Rule F2) or persons which were formerly FXCCMs but are not FXCCMs at the ForexClear Determination Date at which the relevant determination is made;

(b) Contributions shall be rounded upwards, if not already such a multiple, to the next integral multiple of one thousand US dollars; and

(c) no account shall be taken, in calculating initial margin or ForexClear Margin Weight under Rule F2 of any offsets in the initial margin required for ForexClear Contracts from an FXCCM, which may otherwise be permissible under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable.

Provided that the FXCCM is not a defaulter, the amount of its ForexClear Contribution shall be calculated in accordance with and subject to Rule F5 and Rule F2. The provisions of Rule F1, Rule F2, this Rule F3 and Rule F5 do not apply to a Defaulting FXCCM, unless the Clearing House so permits in any particular case.

F4 Without prejudice to any other requirements which the Clearing House may impose, the amount of the ForexClear Contribution of a New Member shall be the sum of (a) the Minimum ForexClear Contribution and (b) any supplementary sum determined by the Clearing House in its discretion and notified to the New Member. The Clearing House shall determine the amount of such supplementary sum by reference to the actual or expected level of clearing activity of the New Member.
Upon determination of the amount of a ForexClear Contribution in accordance with Rule F2:

(a) if the amount of the ForexClear Contribution of an FXCCM immediately before close of business on the relevant ForexClear Determination Date exceeds the amount of the FXCCM’s ForexClear Contribution as determined under Rule F2 as at close of business on that day, the excess shall be paid by the Clearing House to such FXCCM in USD in accordance with the Procedures;

(b) if the amount of the ForexClear Contribution of an FXCCM immediately before close of business on the relevant ForexClear Determination Date is the same as the amount of the FXCCM’s ForexClear Contribution as so determined, no sum shall then be payable by or to such FXCCM in respect of its Contribution; and

(c) if the amount of the ForexClear Contribution of an FXCCM immediately before close of business on the relevant ForexClear Determination Date is less than the amount of the FXCCM’s ForexClear Contribution as so determined, the shortfall shall be paid by such FXCCM to the Clearing House in USD in accordance with the Procedures.

The provisions of this Rule do not apply to a Defaulting FXCCM, unless the Clearing House so permits in any particular case.

On any day interest shall accrue on the amount of each ForexClear Contribution then held by the Clearing House, to the extent that it has not been applied under Rule 26 or Rule 28, at such rate and in such manner as provided by the Procedures, provided that the rate of interest for any particular day shall not be less than the Fed Funds Rate published on that day (or, in relation to any day for which the Fed Funds Rate is not available, the Fed Funds Rate most recently published before such day). Interest shall be payable in arrear and shall be paid on the date or dates specified by the Procedures. In these Default Fund Rules any interest which has accrued under this Rule shall not be regarded as part of the ForexClear Contribution.
F7 Where, after a Default, the Clearing House has applied part or all of a ForexClear Contribution under Rule 26 or Rule 28, the ForexClear Fund Amount shall be reduced forthwith by the aggregate amount of the ForexClear Contributions or parts of ForexClear Contributions so applied and the amount of the ForexClear Contribution that each FXCM must maintain with the Clearing House shall be reduced by the amount of its ForexClear Contribution which has been applied pursuant to Rule 28, in each case until the next ForexClear Determination Date. Unless and until the Clearing House has repaid a defaulter’s ForexClear Contribution (or remaining part thereof, as applicable), the ForexClear Fund Amount shall be treated as having been reduced by the amount of the defaulter’s ForexClear Contribution (if any), regardless of whether the Clearing House has applied part or all of that ForexClear Contribution under Rule 26.

F8 Where, after a Default, the Clearing House determines that (i) by reason of a reduction in accordance with Rule F7, the value of the ForexClear Fund Amount has been reduced by at least 25%; or (ii) by the time of the ForexClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to the relevant Default the value of the ForexClear Fund Amount will be reduced by at least 25%, the Clearing House may, by notice in writing (the "ForexClear Unfunded Contribution Notice"), require each Non-Defaulting FXCM to deposit and maintain an amount (each a "ForexClear Unfunded Contribution") in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) ForexClear Unfunded Contributions will only be payable in circumstances where the relevant ForexClear Unfunded Contribution Notice is delivered by the Clearing House to FXCMs prior to the ForexClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to the relevant Default;

(b) the value of the ForexClear Unfunded Contribution payable by each individual FXCM shall be the product of (i) the percentage by which the value of the ForexClear Fund Amount has been reduced and (ii) the value of the ForexClear Contribution of such FXCM as determined by the Clearing House at the last ForexClear Determination Date prior to the date when the relevant Default occurred;
(c) the Clearing House may, by the delivery of one or more further ForexClear Unfunded Contribution Notices, require each Non-Defaulting FXCCM to pay one or more further ForexClear Unfunded Contributions in respect of the same Default, provided that the total value of the ForexClear Unfunded Contributions payable by an individual FXCCM in respect of a particular Default (determined in accordance with paragraph (b) above) may not exceed the value of the ForexClear Contribution of such FXCCM as at the last ForexClear Determination Date prior to the date when the relevant Default occurred; and

(d) following a Default in respect of which ForexClear Unfunded Contributions were paid (the "First Default"), the Clearing House may require the payment of further ForexClear Unfunded Contributions in respect of subsequent Defaults (which, for the avoidance of doubt, can never be a First Default), provided that ForexClear Unfunded Contributions will not be payable in respect of any more than three Defaults in any six month period (commencing on the date of delivery of the first ForexClear Unfunded Contribution Notice in respect of the First Default).

FXCCMs will be required to deposit the full amount of their ForexClear Unfunded Contributions (without exercising any rights of set-off or counterclaim) with the Clearing House on the business day following receipt of a ForexClear Unfunded Contribution Notice.

For the avoidance of doubt, references to “FXCCMs” for the purposes of this Rule F8 include any FXCCM (other than a Defaulting FXCCM) who is: (i) a Retiring Member but whose status as a Clearing Member has not yet been terminated; and (ii) a Resigning Member whose resignation from the ForexClear Service is not yet effective.

F9 ForexClear Loss Distribution Process

Where, after a Default, the Clearing House determines that the ForexClear Excess Loss resulting from the Default will exceed the amounts to be applied to it under Rule 16(1) to (7), the Clearing House may implement the
process (the "ForexClear Loss Distribution Process") described in this Rule F9.

(a) For the purposes of this Rule F9 and for Rule F11, the following definitions will apply:

"Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the sum of the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment and any Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment or Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment.

"Auction Portfolio" has the meaning assigned to it in the ForexClear DMP Annex.

"Available Resources" means, in respect of any Loss Distribution Period, the amounts available to the Clearing House for application in meeting any loss suffered or incurred by the Clearing House in accordance with Rule 16(1) to (7) as at the relevant Last Call prior to Default.

"Cash Gain" means, in respect of any Cash Gainer and any Loss Distribution Day, the amount of positive Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows in respect of such Cash Gainer in respect of such Loss Distribution Day.

"Cash Gainer" means, in respect of any Loss Distribution Day, each Margin Account in respect of which the value of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows on such Loss Distribution Day is greater than zero.

"Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(i) of this Rule F9.

"Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(i) of this Rule F9.
"Cash Loser" means, in respect of any Loss Distribution Day, each Margin Account in respect of which the value of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows on such Loss Distribution Day is equal to or less than zero.

"Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(ii) of this Rule 9.

"Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(ii) of this Rule 9.

"Cash Payment" means, in respect of any business day, the aggregated amount which would be paid by the Clearing House to a Non-Defaulting FXC CM (expressed as a positive number) or by such FXC CM to the Clearing House (expressed as a negative number) in respect of a Cash Payment Type in a Cash Payment Currency on such business day.

"Cash Payment Currency" means each of the currencies in which payments made between the Clearing House and an FXC CM may be denominated.

"Cash Payment Type" means each of the Price Alignment Interest (as defined in the ForexClear Procedures), consideration (fee) payments and variation margin payable in respect of a Margin Account of a Non-Defaulting FXC CM.

"Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows" means in respect of each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting FXC CM and any business day, the sum of the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payments payable on such Margin Account.

"Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the aggregate amount, if any, paid by the Clearing House to a Non-Defaulting FXC CM (expressed as a
positive number) or by such FXCCM to the Clearing House (expressed as a negative number) in respect of Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment from but excluding the relevant Last Call Prior to Default to and including such business day._

"Cumulative LCH Transfer Cost" means, on any business day during any Loss Distribution Period, the sum of any LCH Transfer Cost for each day from but excluding the relevant Last Call prior to Default to and including such business day.

"Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows" means, in respect of each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting FXCCM and any business day, the sum of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payments payable on such Margin Account.

"Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the sum of the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment for such Cash Payment for each day from but excluding the relevant Last Call prior to Default to and including such business day.

"Distribution Haircut" or "DH" means, on each Loss Distribution Day, the fraction determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the following formula:

$$DH(t) = \frac{LUL(t)}{TCG(t)}$$

where:

"LUL" means the LCH Uncovered Loss; and

"TCG" means the Total Cash Gains.
"FXCCM Adjustment Amount" means in respect of the Margin Account(s) of any Non-Defaulting FXCCM and any Loss Distribution Day, an amount equal to the sum of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows in respect of such Margin Account(s) of such FXCCM less the sum of the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows in respect of such Margin Account(s) of such Clearing Member, in each case in respect of the Loss Distribution Period in which such Loss Distribution Day falls.

"Last Call prior to Default" means the most recent business day on which payments of cover required to be made by FXCCMs were made in full.

"LCH Transfer Cost" means the cost (converted, where applicable, into USD at a rate of exchange determined by the Clearing House in its sole discretion) to the Clearing House of transferring the rights and obligations arising out of the Auction Portfolios of a Defaulting FXCCM to those FXCCMs who have successfully bid for such Auction Portfolios in Auctions.

"LCH Uncovered Loss" means, in respect of the Clearing House on any business day in any Loss Distribution Period, the amount calculated in accordance with the following formula:

\[
\text{LCH Uncovered Loss}(t) = \max(0, (\text{TCPH}(t) + \text{CLC}(t) - \text{TAR}))
\]

where:

"TCPH" means the Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains losses and Realised Cash Flows;

"CLC" means the Cumulative LCH Transfer Cost;

"TAR" means the Total Available Resources; and

the LCH Uncovered Loss as at the Last Call prior to Default shall be zero.
"Loss Distribution Cap Amount" means, in respect of each Non-Defaulting FXCCM and any Loss Distribution Period, an amount equal to the higher of (i) USD 100,000,000; (ii) the product of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the ForexClear Contribution of such Non-Defaulting FXCCM as at the last ForexClear Determination Date prior to the date when the Default occurred at the beginning of that Loss Distribution Period; and (iii) any adjusted cap as may be agreed pursuant to paragraph (d) of this Rule F9.

"Loss Distribution Day" means any business day in a Loss Distribution Period on which the Clearing House, in consultation with the ForexClear DMG, prior to calling for: (i) cover in respect of margin in accordance with the provisions of the Procedures; and (ii) Required Collateral, on such business day, determines that the LCH Uncovered Loss for that business day is greater than zero.

"Loss Distribution Period" means the period from, but excluding, the day on which a Default occurs with respect to an FXCCM to but excluding the earlier of: (i) the business day on which (a) the rights and obligations arising out of the Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting FXCCM are transferred to those FXCCMs which have successfully bid for such Auction Portfolios in Auctions, or, if any Default occurs with respect to any other FXCCM prior to the end of a Loss Distribution Period, the rights and obligations arising out of the Auction Portfolios of any subsequent Defaulting FXCCM are transferred to those FXCCMs who have successfully bid for such Auction Portfolios in Auctions and (b) all payments required to be made by such FXCCMs and/or the Clearing House in respect of such Auction(s) have been made in full; or (ii) any Loss Distribution Day in respect of which the Clearing House determines that the FXCCM Adjustment Amount for any FXCCM would be equal to or greater than the Loss Distribution Cap Amount for such Loss Distribution Day.

"Margin Account" means each Proprietary Account and FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account of an FXCCM.
"Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" means one or more Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment(s) and/or one or more Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment(s).

"Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the amount (converted, where applicable, into USD at the Rate of Exchange which would be paid by the Clearing House to a Non-Defaulting FXCCM (expressed as a positive number) or by such FXCCM to the Clearing House (expressed as a negative number) on such business day in the absence of the application of the Distribution Haircut.

"Rate of Exchange" means, for any day, the applicable rate of exchange for converting one currency into another as determined by the Clearing House by reference to Reuters;

"t" means, in respect of any determination made in relation to a business day, such business day.

"t-1" means, in respect of any determination made in relation to a business day, the business day immediately prior to such business day.

“Total Available Resources” means, on any business day during a Loss Distribution Period the sum of (i) the Available Resources and (ii) any Unfunded Contributions deposited with the Clearing House since the relevant Last Call Prior to Default.

"Total Cash Gains" means, in respect of any business day, the sum of the Cash Gain in respect of all Cash Gainers on such business day.

"Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains losses and Realised Cash Flows" means, in respect of any business day the
sum of all Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payments.

"Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of any business day, the sum of the Total Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment for each business day from but excluding the relevant Last Call prior to Default to and including such business day.

"Total Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of any business day, the sum of the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment in respect of all Margin Accounts of all Non-Defaulting SCMs on such business day.

"Underlying Cash Payment" means, in respect of a Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment or a Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment, the Cash Payment in respect of which such Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment or Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment is calculated.

(b) Adjustment of Underlying Cash Payments

(i) Cash Gainer

On each Loss Distribution Day for each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting FXCCM which is deemed to be a Cash Gainer, the relevant FXCCM shall be required to pay the Clearing House an amount equal to each positive amount determined as follows or, as applicable, the Clearing House shall be required to pay the relevant FXCCM the absolute value of each negative amount determined as follows (in each case, such amount the "Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment"):

The Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment is the value of the amount determined in accordance with the formula below (the "Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment")
converted at the Rate of Exchange into the Cash Payment Currency in which the relevant Underlying Cash Payment is denominated:

where:

Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment (t) = PHG(t) – (CHG(t) * Max (0, 1 - DH(t)) – CAG(t-1))

"PHG" means the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment;

"CHG" means the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment;

"DH" means the Distribution Haircut; and

"CAG" means the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment and where "CAG" as at the Last Call prior to Default shall be zero.

(ii) **Cash Loser**

On each Loss Distribution Day for each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting FXCCM which is deemed to be a Cash Loser, the Clearing House shall be required to pay the absolute value of each amount (the "**Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment**") determined as follows: The Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment is the value of the amount determined in accordance with the formula below (the "**Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment**") converted at the Rate of Exchange into the Cash Payment Currency in which the relevant Underlying Cash Payment is denominated:

where

Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment(t) = PHG(t) – (CHG(t) – CAG(t-1))
"PHG" Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment;

"CHG" means the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment; and

"CAG" means the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment and where "CAG" as at the Last Call prior to Default shall be zero.

(iii) Application of Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment

On each Loss Distribution Day, the Clearing House shall apply the payment or receipt of any Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment as an offset against any payments denominated in the same Cash Payment Currency as the relevant Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment due from or receivable by the relevant FXCM.

(c) Application of Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment

The Clearing House shall apply all payments it receives in respect of Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payments solely for the purposes of meeting any loss incurred by the Clearing House following, and in relation to, each Default, as contemplated in accordance with Rule 16(1) to (7).

(d) Adjustment to Loss Distribution Cap Amount

If, during a Loss Distribution Period, the Clearing House considers that the Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payments applied to a particular Margin Account of an FXCCM are, or are about to be equal to or greater than the Loss Distribution Cap Amount, the Clearing House may propose an adjustment to such Loss Distribution Cap Amount. If agreed by all Non-Defaulting FXCCMs, the Loss Distribution Cap Amount as adjusted
pursuant to this paragraph (d) shall be applicable for the remainder of the relevant Loss Distribution Period.

(e) **No Rebate**

The payment to the Clearing House by any FXCCM of any Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment shall be final and shall not give rise to any obligation of the Clearing House to repay any such amount or to pay any interest thereon.

(f) **Application of any Recoveries**

If the ForexClear Loss Distribution Process has been invoked by the Clearing House in accordance with this Rule F9, the Clearing House shall reimburse the FXCCMs (irrespective of whether they remain FXCCMs at the time of the recovery) and the Clearing House on a *pro rata* basis by reference to the resources which have been applied pursuant to Rule 16(1) to (7) and including the net amount of any one or more FXCCM Adjustment Amounts paid by the relevant FXCCMs:

(i) **any amounts received from the Defaulting FXCCM as a result of the Clearing House being a creditor of the Defaulting FXCCM in respect of the ForexClear Business of such Defaulting FXCCM in the context of the occurrence of any of the events under Rule 5(i) to (p) in respect of the Defaulting FXCCM or otherwise, other than in respect of sums due to the Clearing House for its own account; or**

(ii) **any other amounts howsoever obtained or recovered in the course of the Clearing House's operation of the ForexClear Default Management Process or which are otherwise referable to the Defaulting FXCCM,**

in each case net of any related expenses incurred by the Clearing House or other sums owing to the Clearing House by the Defaulting FXCCM in connection with the ForexClear Service. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this paragraph (f) shall oblige the Clearing House to pursue any litigation or other action in order to recover the amounts contemplated above and if another default fund of the Clearing House has also been
applied as a result of the FXCCM's Default, any amounts recovered shall be applied *pari passu* as between the relevant default funds.

F10Where, after the Default of one or more FXCCMs, the Clearing House determines that, notwithstanding the availability of any resources remaining under Rule 16(1) to (7) and the availability of the ForexClear Loss Distribution Process in accordance with the terms of Rule F9, it is clear that the Clearing House does not have sufficient resources to meet its obligations and liabilities arising in respect of those ForexClear Contracts to which it is party with Non-Defaulting FXCCMs, the Clearing House will by notice in writing (a "ForexClear Voluntary Payment Notice"): (i) inform all Non-Defaulting FXCCMs that it has insufficient resources and that it is likely to invoke Rule F11; and (ii) invite each Non-Defaulting FXCCM to make a payment of funds (a "ForexClear Voluntary Payment"), in accordance with Rule 16(7), to make up for the relevant shortfall.

ForexClear Voluntary Payments will be made on the following terms:

(a) no FXCCM shall be obliged to make a ForexClear Voluntary Payment;

(b) any ForexClear Voluntary Payment will be made by an FXCCM by the close of business on the business day after receipt of the relevant ForexClear Voluntary Payment Notice;

(c) no ForexClear Voluntary Payment may be withdrawn once made; and

(d) the Clearing House shall full discretion whether or not to accept a particular ForexClear Voluntary Payment.

Any failure by the Clearing House to deliver a ForexClear Voluntary Payment Notice pursuant to this Rule F10 will not invalidate any action taken by the Clearing House pursuant to Rule F11 nor give rise to any liability whatsoever on the part of the Clearing House.
Any ForexClear Voluntary Payments remaining unused at the time of the expiry of the relevant ForexClear Default Period will be accounted for ratably by the Clearing House as if they were amounts paid in respect of the ForexClear Contributions of those FXCCMs from whom ForexClear Voluntary Payments were accepted.

Where, following the process for inviting ForexClear Voluntary Payments in accordance with Rule F10, the Clearing House makes a determination (an “Insufficient Resources Determination”) that it is clear that the Clearing House does not have sufficient resources to meet its obligations and liabilities arising in respect of those ForexClear Contracts to which it is party with Non-Defaulting FXCCMs, the following provisions shall have effect:

(a) All outstanding ForexClear Contracts shall be closed out as of the clearing day following the date the Insufficient Resources Determination was made and any further obligations to make any payments under or in respect of such ForexClear Contracts shall cease. The closing prices used shall be mid prices calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with the methodology used by it to carry out end of day margin runs in respect of the outstanding ForexClear Contracts. Where such data is not available to the Clearing House, the closing price shall be the last price used by the Clearing House to calculate the variation margin requirement for the position to be closed out.

(b) On the basis of the close out values established for each outstanding ForexClear Contract, an account shall be taken (as at the time of close out) of what is due in respect of each FXCCM, from that FXCCM to the Clearing House and from the Clearing House to that FXCCM, as well as all other amounts owing under or in respect of ForexClear Contracts and any other amounts that may be due in respect of the ForexClear Service (including for these purposes, a proportionate share of any amounts owed generally to or from the Clearing House), and the sums due from the FXCCM shall be set off against the sums due from the Clearing House and only the balance of the account shall be payable. For the avoidance of doubt,
amounts in respect of ForexClear Contracts shall include, but not be limited to, returns of variation margin associated therewith and the repayment of any Net Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payments made in the ForexClear Default Period to which the Insufficient Resources Determination relates (and in respect of which F9(e) shall be specifically disapplied), but shall exclude the repayment of any cash initial margin or any outstanding ForexClear Contributions.

To the extent that the aggregate of all of the amounts owed to the Clearing House by FXCCMs plus all of those other resources applicable to the ForexClear Clearing Service under Rule 16(1) to (7) that have not been applied towards a ForexClear Excess Loss is less than the aggregate of the amounts owed to FXCCMs by the Clearing House, each amount owed to FXCCMs by the Clearing House shall be reduced pro rata the shortfall.

(c) The Clearing House shall determine any amounts due to each FXCCM in respect of the repayment of any cash initial margin and outstanding ForexClear Contributions to be repaid. The claim of each such FXCCM in respect to the foregoing shall be reduced in proportion to an amount by which (i) the value of the assets available to the Clearing House to meet the return obligations referred to in (b) bears to (ii) the value of what would be due from the Clearing House to each Clearing Member in aggregate in respect of the return of initial margin received from each such Clearing Member in the form of cash and outstanding Contributions.

(d) For each FXCCM, the amount due to it or due from it as determined pursuant to (b) shall be aggregated with its claim determined pursuant to (c) above and only the net sum shall be payable. Where the result of such calculations is that an FXCCM owes an amount to the Clearing House, that FXCCM shall pay that amount to the Clearing House immediately. Where the result of such calculations is that an FXCCM is owed an amount by the Clearing House, the Clearing House shall pay that amount to the FXCCM immediately, subject to (f) below.
(e) The payment of such amount to an FXCCM, pursuant to (d) above subject to any re-calculations performed pursuant to (f) below, shall constitute the full and final payment in respect of the ForexClear Service and such FXCCM shall not be permitted to make any further claims to the Clearing House in respect of amounts relating to the ForexClear Service nor shall it be permitted to notify the Clearing House of a Termination Date pursuant to Regulation 39A for a failure to pay any amounts in relation to the ForexClear Service.

(f) The Clearing House may make the payments due under (d) above in one or more instalments to the FXCCMs in proportion to the value of their claims on the Clearing House under (b) above if some but not all of the amounts due under (d) or Rule 16(1) to 16(7) above have not yet been received. The Clearing House shall take reasonable steps to recover such amounts and may deduct therefrom reasonable administration costs for such recovery. To the extent that the Clearing House determines that any such amounts will not in fact be recoverable, it shall re-determine the amounts due to FXCCMs in accordance with this Rule F11.

(g) This Rule F11 shall not be applied in the event that a Termination Date has been specified in relation to the Clearing House in accordance with Regulation 39A.

(h) Nothing in the foregoing shall override the obligation of the Clearing House to return initial margin provided by way of security to a FXCCM pursuant to its Regulations and Procedures.

F12 Ballot Arrangements

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in clauses 9.4 and 9.5 of the Clearing Membership Agreement, no proposal for any of the amendments set out in paragraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) below (each a “ForexClear Amendment”) shall be capable of coming into effect unless first approved in a ballot of FXCCMs:
(i) any amendment to the value of the ForexClear Fund Floor as provided for in paragraph (c) of Rule F2 or as subsequently approved in a ballot under this Rule F12;

(ii) any amendment providing for a change in the nature of the liabilities for which an FXCCM's indemnity is given by virtue of paragraph (b) of Rule 28; and

(iii) any amendment which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Clearing House would represent a significant change in the commitments of the FXCCMs but not in the commitments of any other Clearing Members,

(b) For the purposes of a ballot of FXCCMs (other than FCM ForexClear Clearing Members) conducted pursuant to this Rule F12, the provisions of clauses 9.4, 9.6 and 9.7 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall apply with the following amendments:

(i) the words “major amendment to the Default Fund Rules” in the first line of clause 9.4 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with the words “ForexClear Amendment”;

(ii) all references to “Clearing Members” shall be replaced with references to “FXCCMs”;

(iii) in paragraph (c) of clause 9.4 of the Clearing Membership Agreement, the reference to “Contributions” shall be replaced with a reference to “ForexClear Contributions” and the reference to “Quarter Day” shall be replaced with a reference to “ForexClear Determination Date”;

(iv) references to “Fund Amount” in clauses 9.6 and 9.7 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with references to “ForexClear Fund Amount”;

(v) the reference to “clause 9.4” in clause 9.6 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with a reference to
“Rule F12 of the ForexClear Default Fund Supplement to the Default Fund Rules”; and

(vi) the references to “Contribution” in clauses 9.6 and 9.7 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with references to “ForexClear Contribution”.

For the purpose of a ballot of FCM ForexClear Clearing Members conducted pursuant to this Rule F12, the provisions of the FCM Default Fund Agreement shall apply.

(c) For the purposes of a ballot conducted under clauses 9.4 and 9.5 of the Clearing Membership Agreement other than a ballot in relation to an amendment which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Clearing House falls within paragraph (c) of clause 9.5 of the Clearing Membership Agreement but not within paragraph (a)(iii) of this Rule F12, references to “Clearing Members” shall not include FXCCMs who are not engaged in any business with the Clearing House other than ForexClear Business and ForexClear Contributions shall not count as “Contributions”.

SwapClear Default Fund Supplement

S1. On each business day, the Clearing House will determine a "Combined Loss Value" in respect of each of the 60 preceding business days. The Combined Loss Value in respect of a particular day will be the sum of the largest and the second largest stress-testing loss incurred on that day in relation to SwapClear Business (for a given scenario).

S2. Each SCM’s SwapClear Contribution (other than a SwapClear Unfunded Contribution) shall be determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) determinations will be made by the Clearing House on the date that an SCM joins the SwapClear Service, and at close of business on the first business day of each subsequent month, and otherwise in accordance with paragraph (k) below (each a "SwapClear Determination Date") provided, however, that, following a Default, any such determinations and any such SwapClear Determination Date which might otherwise have occurred under this Rule S2 shall be suspended for the duration of the period (the "SwapClear Default Period") commencing on the date of such Default and terminating on the last to occur of the following dates:

i the date which is the close of business on the day falling 30 calendar days after the SwapClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to such Default (or, if such day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day); and

ii where, prior to the to the end of the period referred to in (i) above (or such period as has already been extended pursuant to this sub-paragraph (ii)) one or more subsequent Defaults (each a "Relevant Default") occur, the date which is the close of business on the day falling 30 calendar days after the SwapClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to a Relevant Default which falls latest in time (or, if such day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day);

S3. the "SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount" shall be denominated in pounds sterling, and, for a given SwapClear Determination Date, shall be the largest of the 60 Combined Loss Values determined under Rule S1 plus 10%. The SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount shall not be less than £1 billion pounds (the "SwapClear Fund Floor") and shall not be more than £5 billion pounds (the "SwapClear Fund Cap"); the SCM’s "SwapClear Margin Weight" shall be calculated by dividing the average daily requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable) which has applied to the SCM during the 20 business day period preceding the relevant SwapClear Determination Date in respect of all SwapClear Contracts to which such SCM is a party by the total of such average daily requirements applied to all Non-Defaulting SCMs;
(a) the SCM's "SwapClear Margin Weight" shall be calculated by dividing the average daily requirement for initial margin (as calculated under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable) which has applied to the SCM during the 20 business day period preceding the relevant SwapClear Determination Date in respect of all SwapClear Contracts to which such SCM is a party by the total of such average daily requirements applied to all Non-Defaulting SCMs;

(b) the SCM's "Preliminary SwapClear Contribution" shall be calculated by multiplying the SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount by the SCM's SwapClear Margin Weight;

(c) if the Clearing Member's Preliminary SwapClear Contribution is below the Minimum SwapClear Contribution for the time being, the Clearing Member’s SwapClear Contribution shall be the Minimum SwapClear Contribution;

(d) the "SwapClear Actual Total" shall be calculated by adding together (i) the amount which is the product of the Minimum SwapClear Contribution and the number of Minimum SwapClear Contribution Members; and (ii) the aggregate Preliminary SwapClear Contributions of those SCMs which are not Minimum SwapClear Contribution Members;

(e) where the SwapClear Actual Total is greater than the SwapClear Fund Cap, the "SwapClear Excess" shall be the arithmetical difference between the SwapClear Actual Total and the SwapClear Fund Cap;

(f) where the SwapClear Actual Total is less than the SwapClear Fund Floor, the "SwapClear Shortfall" shall be the arithmetical difference between the SwapClear Fund Floor and the SwapClear Actual Total;

(g) for each SCM other than a Minimum SwapClear Contribution Member: (i) the SCM's "SwapClear Discount" (if any) shall be such SCM's pro rata share of the SwapClear Excess calculated as the proportion of such SCM's Preliminary SwapClear Contribution relative to the aggregate Preliminary SwapClear Contributions of all SCMs other than Minimum SwapClear Contribution Members; and (ii) the SCM's "SwapClear Increase" (if any) shall be such SCM's pro rata share of the SwapClear Shortfall calculated as the proportion of such SCM's Preliminary SwapClear Contribution relative to the aggregate Preliminary SwapClear Contributions of all SCMs other than Minimum SwapClear Contribution Members;

(h) for each SCM other than a Minimum SwapClear Contribution Member, the SCM's SwapClear Contribution shall be the Preliminary SwapClear Contribution (i) less any SwapClear Discount applicable to the SCM or (ii) plus any SwapClear Increase applicable to the SCM; provided that if the application of any SwapClear Discount would result in a SwapClear Contribution less than the Minimum SwapClear Contribution, such SCM shall pay the Minimum SwapClear Contribution notwithstanding that the
The arithmetical sum of SwapClear Contributions paid by all SCMs may thereby exceed the SwapClear Fund Cap; and

(i) the Clearing House may recalculate the SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount and the SwapClear Contributions due from each SCM on any business day if the largest of the 60 Combined Loss Values determined under Rule S1 on that day differs by more than 25% from the Combined Loss Value on which the previous SwapClear Contribution determination was based and, on such business day, the Clearing House shall be entitled to require those SCMs whose portfolios have caused the increase in the Combined Loss Value to pay an additional amount in respect of their SwapClear Contributions.

S4. For the purposes of the calculations under Rule S2

(a) references to "SwapClear Clearing Members" or "SCMs" do not include references to Defaulting SCMs (apart from any Defaulting SCM in respect of which the Clearing House permits the application of Rule S2) or persons which were formerly SCMs but are not SCMs at the SwapClear Determination Date at which the relevant determination is made;

(b) Contributions shall be rounded upwards, if not already such a multiple, to the next integral multiple of one thousand pounds; and

(c) no account shall be taken, in calculating initial margin or SwapClear Margin Weight under Rule S2 of any offsets in the initial margin required for SwapClear Contracts from an SCM, which may otherwise be permissible under the Procedures or other arrangements applicable.

Provided that the SCM is not a defaulter, the amount of its SwapClear Contribution shall be calculated in accordance with and subject to Rule S2. The provisions of Rule S2 and this Rule do not apply to a Defaulting SCM, unless the Clearing House so permits in any particular case.

S5. Without prejudice to any other requirements which the Clearing House may impose, the amount of the SwapClear Contribution of a New Member shall be the sum of (a) the Minimum SwapClear Contribution and (b) any supplementary sum determined by the Clearing House in its discretion and notified to the New Member. The Clearing House shall determine the amount of such supplementary sum by reference to the actual or expected level of clearing activity of the New Member.

S6. Upon determination of the amount of a SwapClear Contribution in accordance with Rule S2:

(a) if the amount of the SwapClear Contribution of an SCM immediately before close of business on the relevant SwapClear Determination Date exceeds the amount of the SCM's SwapClear Contribution as determined under Rule S2 as at close of business on that day, the excess shall be paid by the Clearing House to such SCM in accordance with the Procedures;
(b) If the amount of the SwapClear Contribution of an SCM immediately before close of business on the relevant SwapClear Determination Date is the same as the amount of the SCM's SwapClear Contribution as so determined, no sum shall then be payable by or to such SCM in respect of its Contribution; and

(c) If the amount of the SwapClear Contribution of an SCM immediately before close of business on the relevant SwapClear Determination Date is less than the amount of the SCM's SwapClear Contribution as so determined, the shortfall shall be paid by such SCM to the Clearing House in accordance with the Procedures.

The provisions of this Rule do not apply to a Defaulting SCM, unless the Clearing House so permits in any particular case.

S7. On any day interest shall accrue on the amount of each SwapClear Contribution then held by the Clearing House, to the extent that it has not been applied under Rule 26 or Rule 28, at such rate and in such manner as provided by the Procedures, provided that the rate of interest for any particular day shall not be less than the SONIA rate published on that day (or, in relation to any day for which a SONIA rate is not available, the SONIA rate most recently published before such day). Interest shall be payable in arrear and shall be paid on the date or dates specified by the Procedures. In these Default Fund Rules any interest which has accrued under this Rule shall not be regarded as part of the SwapClear Contribution.

S8. Where, after a Default, the Clearing House has applied part or all of a SwapClear Contribution under Rule 26 or Rule 28, the SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount shall be reduced forthwith by the aggregate amount of the SwapClear Contributions or parts of SwapClear Contributions so applied and the amount of the SwapClear Contribution that each SCM must maintain with the Clearing House shall be reduced by the amount of its SwapClear Contribution which has been applied pursuant to Rule 28, in each case until the next SwapClear Determination Date. Unless and until the Clearing House has repaid a defaulter's SwapClear Contribution (or remaining part thereof, as applicable), the SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount shall be treated as having been reduced by the amount of the defaulter's SwapClear Contribution (if any), regardless of whether the Clearing House has applied part or all of that SwapClear Contribution under Rule 26.

S9. Where, after a Default, the Clearing House determines that (i) by reason of a reduction in accordance with Rule S7, the value of the SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount has been reduced by at least 25%; or (ii) by the time of the SwapClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to the relevant Default the value of the SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount will be reduced by at least 25%, the Clearing House may, by notice in writing (the “SwapClear Unfunded Contribution Notice”), require each Non-Defaulting SCM to deposit and maintain an amount (each a “SwapClear Unfunded Contribution”) in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) SwapClear Unfunded Contributions will only be payable in circumstances where the relevant SwapClear Unfunded Contribution Notice is delivered by the Clearing House to SCMs
prior to the SwapClear Default Management Process Completion Date in relation to the relevant Default;

(b) the value of the SwapClear Unfunded Contribution payable by each individual SCM shall be the product of (i) the percentage by which the value of the SwapClear Segregated Fund Amount has been reduced and (ii) the value of the SwapClear Contribution of such SCM as at the last SwapClear Determination Date prior to the date when the relevant Default occurred;

(c) the Clearing House may, by the delivery of one or more further SwapClear Unfunded Contribution Notices, require each Non-Defaulting SCM to pay one or more further SwapClear Unfunded Contributions in respect of the same Default, provided that the total value of the SwapClear Unfunded Contributions payable by an individual SCM in respect of a particular Default (determined in accordance with paragraph (b) above) may not exceed the value of the SwapClear Contribution of such SCM as at the last SwapClear Determination Date prior to the date when the relevant Default occurred; and

(d) following a Default in respect of which SwapClear Unfunded Contributions were paid (the "First Default"), the Clearing House may require the payment of further SwapClear Unfunded Contributions in respect of subsequent Defaults, (which, for the avoidance of doubt, can never be a First Default), provided that SwapClear Unfunded Contributions will not be payable in respect of any more than three Defaults in any six month period (commencing on the date of delivery of the first SwapClear Unfunded Contribution Notice in respect of the First Default).

SCMs will be required to deposit the full amount of their SwapClear Unfunded Contributions (without exercising any rights of set-off or counterclaim) with the Clearing House on the business day following receipt of a SwapClear Unfunded Contribution Notice.

For the avoidance of doubt, references to “SCMs” for the purposes of this Rule S8 include any SCM (other than a Defaulting SCM) who is: (i) a Retiring Member but whose status as a Clearing Member has not yet been terminated; and (ii) a Resigning Member whose resignation from the SwapClear Service is not yet effective.

S10. SwapClear Loss Distribution Process

Where, after a Default, the Clearing House determines that the SwapClear Excess Loss resulting from the Default will exceed the amounts to be applied to it under Rule 16(1) to (7), the Clearing House may implement the process (the "SwapClear Loss Distribution Process") described in this Rule S9.

(a) For the purposes of this Rule S9 and for Rule S11, the following definitions will apply:

"Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the sum of the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains,
Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment and any Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment or Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment.

"Auction Portfolio" has the meaning assigned to it in the SwapClear DMP Annex.

"Available Resources" means, in respect of any Loss Distribution Period, the amounts available to the Clearing House for application in meeting any loss suffered or incurred by the Clearing House in accordance with Rule 16(1) to (7) as at the relevant Last Call prior to Default.

"Cash Gain" means, in respect of any Cash Gainer and any Loss Distribution Day, the amount of positive Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows in respect of such Cash Gainer in respect of such Loss Distribution Day.

"Cash Gainer" means, in respect of any Loss Distribution Day, each Margin Account in respect of which the value of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows on such Loss Distribution Day is greater than zero.

"Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(i) of this Rule S9.

"Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(i) of this Rule S9.

"Cash Loser" means, in respect of any Loss Distribution Day, each Margin Account in respect of which the value of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows on such Loss Distribution Day is equal to or less than zero.

"Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(ii) of this Rule S9.

"Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" has the meaning set out in paragraph (b)(ii) of this Rule S9.

"Cash Payment" means, in respect of any business day, the aggregated amount which would be paid by the Clearing House to a Non-Defaulting SCM (expressed as a positive number) or by such SCM to the Clearing House (expressed as a negative number) in respect of a Cash Payment Type in a Cash Payment Currency on such business day.

"Cash Payment Currency" means each of the 17 currencies in which payments made between the Clearing House and an SCM may be denominated.

"Cash Payment Type" means each of the Price Alignment Interest, coupon payments, consideration (fee) payments and variation margin payable in respect of a Margin Account of a Non-Defaulting SCM.
"Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows" means in respect of each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting SCM and any business day, the sum of the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payments payable on such Margin Account.

"Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the aggregate amount, if any, paid by the Clearing House to a Non-Defaulting SCM (expressed as a positive number) or by such SCM to the Clearing House (expressed as a negative number) in respect of Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment from but excluding the relevant Last Call Prior to Default to and including such business day.

"Cumulative LCH Transfer Cost" means, on any business day during any Loss Distribution Period, the sum of any LCH Transfer Cost for each day from but excluding the relevant Last Call prior to Default to and including such business day.

"Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows" means, in respect of each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting SCM and any business day, the sum of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payments payable on such Margin Account.

"Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the sum of the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment for such Cash Payment for each day from but excluding the relevant Last Call prior to Default to and including such business day.

"Distribution Haircut" or "DH" means, on each Loss Distribution Day, the fraction determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the following formula:

\[ DH(t) = \frac{LUL(t)}{TCG(t)} \]

where:

"LUL" means the LCH Uncovered Loss; and

"TCG" means the Total Cash Gains.

"Last Call prior to Default" means the most recent business day on which payments of cover required to be made by SCMs were made in full.

"LCH Transfer Cost" means the cost (converted, where applicable, into pounds sterling at a rate of exchange determined by the Clearing House in its sole discretion) to the Clearing House of transferring the rights and obligations arising out of the Auction...
Portfolios of a Defaulting SCM to those SCMs who have successfully bid for such Auction Portfolios in Auctions.

"LCH Uncovered Loss" means, in respect of the Clearing House on any business day in any Loss Distribution Period, the amount calculated in accordance with the following formula:

\[ \text{LCH Uncovered Loss}(t) = \text{Max}(0, (TCPH(t) + CLC(t) - TAR)) \]

where:

"TCPH" means the Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains losses and Realised Cash Flows;

"CLC" means the Cumulative LCH Transfer Cost;

"TAR" means the Total Available Resources; and

the LCH Uncovered Loss as at the Last Call prior to Default shall be zero.

"Loss Distribution Cap Amount" means, in respect of each Non-Defaulting SCM and any Loss Distribution Period, an amount equal to the higher of (i) £100,000,000; (ii) the product of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the SwapClear Contribution of such Non-Defaulting SCM as at the last SwapClear Determination Date prior to the date when the Default occurred at the beginning of that Loss Distribution Period; and (iii) any adjusted cap as may be agreed pursuant to paragraph (d) of this Rule S9.

"Loss Distribution Day" means any business day in a Loss Distribution Period on which the Clearing House, in consultation with the SwapClear DMG, prior to calling for: (i) cover in respect of margin in accordance with the provisions of the Procedures; and (ii) Required Collateral, on such business day, determines that the LCH Uncovered Loss for that business day is greater than zero.

"Loss Distribution Period" means the period from, but excluding, the day on which a Default occurs with respect to an SCM to but excluding the earlier of: (i) the business day on which (a) the rights and obligations arising out of the Auction Portfolios of the Defaulting SCM are transferred to those SCMs which have successfully bid for such Auction Portfolios in Auctions, or, if any Default occurs with respect to any other SCM prior to the end of a Loss Distribution Period, the rights and obligations arising out of the Auction Portfolios of any subsequent Defaulting SCM are transferred to those SCMs who have successfully bid for such Auction Portfolios in Auctions and (b) all payments required to be made by such SCMs and/or the Clearing House in respect of such Auction(s) have been made in full; or (ii) any Loss Distribution Day in respect of which the Clearing House determines that the SCM Adjustment Amount for any SCM would be equal to or greater than the Loss Distribution Cap Amount for such Loss Distribution Day.
"Margin Account" means each Proprietary Account, Individual Segregated Account, Omnibus Net Segregated Account and FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account of an SCM.

"Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment" means one or more Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment(s) and/or one or more Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment(s).

"Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of each Cash Payment and any business day, the amount (converted, where applicable, into pounds sterling at the Rate of Exchange which would be paid by the Clearing House to a Non-Defaulting SCM (expressed as a positive number) or by such SCM to the Clearing House (expressed as a negative number) on such business day in the absence of the application of the Distribution Haircut.

"Rate of Exchange" means, for any day, the applicable rate of exchange for converting one currency into another as determined by the Clearing House by reference to Reuters;

"SCM Adjustment Amount" means in respect of the Margin Account(s) of any Non-Defaulting SCM and any Loss Distribution Day, an amount equal to the sum of the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows in respect of such Margin Account(s) of such SCM less the sum of the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows in respect of such Margin Account(s) of such Clearing Member, in each case in respect of the Loss Distribution Period in which such Loss Distribution Day falls.

"t" means, in respect of any determination made in relation to a business day, such business day.

"t-1" means, in respect of any determination made in relation to a business day, the business day immediately prior to such business day.

"Total Available Resources" means, on any business day during a Loss Distribution Period the sum of (i) the Available Resources and (ii) any Unfunded Contributions deposited with the Clearing House since the relevant Last Call Prior to Default.

"Total Cash Gains" means, in respect of any business day, the sum of the Cash Gain in respect of all Cash Gainers on such business day.

"Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains losses and Realised Cash Flows" means, in respect of any business day the sum of all Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payments.

"Total Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of any business day, the sum of the Total Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains
Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment for each business day from but excluding the relevant Last Call prior to Default to and including such business day.

"Total Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment" means, in respect of any business day, the sum of the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment in respect of all Margin Accounts of all Non-Defaulting SCMs on such business day.

"Underlying Cash Payment" means, in respect of a Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment or a Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment, the Cash Payment in respect of which such Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment or Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment is calculated.

(b) Adjustment of Underlying Cash Payments

i Cash Gainer

On each Loss Distribution Day for each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting SCM which is deemed to be a Cash Gainer, the relevant SCM shall be required to pay the Clearing House an amount equal to each positive amount determined as follows or, as applicable, the Clearing House shall be required to pay the relevant SCM the absolute value of each negative amount determined as follows (in each case, such amount the "Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment"):

The Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment is the value of the amount determined in accordance with the formula below (the "Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment") converted at the Rate of Exchange into the Cash Payment Currency in which the relevant Underlying Cash Payment is denominated where:

Cash Gainer Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment (t) = PHG(t) – (CHG(t) * Max (0, 1 - DH(t)) – CAG(t-1))

"PHG" means the Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment;

"CHG" means the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment;

"DH" means the Distribution Haircut; and

"CAG" means the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment and where "CAG" as at the Last Call prior to Default shall be zero.
ii  Cash Loser

On each Loss Distribution Day for each Margin Account of each Non-Defaulting SCM which is deemed to be a Cash Loser, the Clearing House shall be required to pay the absolute value of each amount (the "Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment") determined as follows:

The Cash Loser Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment is the value of the amount determined in accordance with the formula below (the "Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment") converted at the Rate of Exchange into the Cash Payment Currency in which the relevant Underlying Cash Payment is denominated.

Where

Cash Loser Base Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment(t) = PHG(t) – (CHG(t) – CAG(t-1))

"PHG" Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment;

"CHG" means the Cumulative Pre Haircut Base Currency Gains Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment; and

"CAG" means the Cumulative Actual Base Currency Gains, Losses and Realised Cash Flows by Cash Payment and where "CAG" as at the Last Call prior to Default shall be zero.

iii  Application of Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment

On each Loss Distribution Day, the Clearing House shall apply the payment or receipt of any Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment as an offset against any payments denominated in the same Cash Payment Currency as the relevant Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment due from or receivable by the relevant SCM.

iv  Adjustment for exchange of Notional Amounts on maturity

an exchange of Notional Amounts is applicable to any SwapClear Contract on any business day during a Loss Distribution Period, the Clearing House may, following consultation with its risk committee or the SwapClear DMG, as appropriate, make such adjustments as are necessary to the calculation of a Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment to reflect the payment flows arising from such exchange of Notional Amounts, keeping in mind the principle that the calculation of a Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment is designed to capture all profits and/or losses on positions during the relevant Loss Distribution Period.

(c) Application of Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment

The Clearing House shall apply all payments it receives in respect of Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payments solely for the
purposes of meeting any loss incurred by the Clearing House following, and in relation to, each Default, as contemplated in accordance with Rule 16(1) to (7).

(d) **Adjustment to Loss Distribution Cap Amount**

If, during a Loss Distribution Period, the Clearing House considers that the Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payments applied to a particular Margin Account of an SCM are, or are about to be equal to or greater than the Loss Distribution Cap Amount, the Clearing House may propose an adjustment to such Loss Distribution Cap Amount. If agreed by all Non-Defaulting SCMs, the Loss Distribution Cap Amount as adjusted pursuant to this paragraph (d) shall be applicable for the remainder of the relevant Loss Distribution Period.

(e) **No Rebate**

The payment to the Clearing House by any SCM of any Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payment shall be final and shall not give rise to any obligation of the Clearing House to repay any such amount or to pay any interest thereon.

(f) **Application of any Recoveries**

If the SwapClear Loss Distribution Process has been invoked by the Clearing House in accordance with this Rule S9, the Clearing House shall reimburse the SCMs (irrespective of whether they remain SCMs at the time of the recovery) and the Clearing House on a **pro rata** basis by reference to the resources which have been applied pursuant to Rule 16(1) to (7) and including the net amount of any one or more paid by the relevant SCMs:

i  any amounts received from the Defaulting SCM as a result of the Clearing House being a creditor of the Defaulting SCM in respect of the SwapClear Business of such Defaulting SCM in the context of the occurrence of any of the events under Rule 5(i) to (p) in respect of the Defaulting SCM or otherwise, other than in respect of sums due to the Clearing House for its own account; or

ii any other amounts howsoever obtained or recovered in the course of the Clearing House's operation of the SwapClear Default Management Process or which are otherwise referable to the Defaulting SCM,

in each case net of any related expenses incurred by the Clearing House or other sums owing to the Clearing House by the Defaulting SCM in connection with the SwapClear clearing service. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this paragraph (f) shall oblige the Clearing House to pursue any litigation or other action in order to recover the amounts contemplated above and if another default fund of the Clearing House has also been applied as a result of the SCM's Default, any amounts recovered shall be applied **pari passu** as between the relevant default funds.

S11. Where, after the Default of one or more SCMs, the Clearing House determines that, notwithstanding the availability of any resources remaining under Rule 16(1) to (7) and the availability of the SwapClear
Loss Distribution Process in accordance with the terms of Rule S9, it is clear that the Clearing House does not have sufficient resources to meet its obligations and liabilities arising in respect of those SwapClear Contracts to which it is party with Non-Defaulting SCMs, the Clearing House will by notice in writing (a "SwapClear Voluntary Payment Notice"): (i) inform all Non-Defaulting SCMs that it has insufficient resources and that it is likely to invoke Rule S11; and (ii) invite each Non-Defaulting SCM to make a payment of funds (a "SwapClear Voluntary Payment"), in accordance with Rule 16(7), to make up for the relevant shortfall.

(a) SwapClear Voluntary Payments will be made on the following terms:

(b) no SCM shall be obliged to make a SwapClear Voluntary Payment;

(c) any SwapClear Voluntary Payment will be made by an SCM by the close of business on the business day after receipt of the relevant SwapClear Voluntary Payment Notice;

(d) no SwapClear Voluntary Payment may be withdrawn once made; and

(e) the Clearing House shall full discretion whether or not to accept a particular SwapClear Voluntary Payment.

Any failure by the Clearing House to deliver a SwapClear Voluntary Payment Notice pursuant to this Rule S10 will not invalidate any action taken by the Clearing House pursuant to Rule S11 nor give rise to any liability whatsoever on the part of the Clearing House.

Any SwapClear Voluntary Payments remaining unused at the time of the expiry of the relevant SwapClear Default Period will be accounted for ratably by the Clearing House as if they were amounts paid in respect of the SwapClear Contributions of those SCMs from whom SwapClear Voluntary Payments were accepted.

S12. Where, following the process for inviting SwapClear Voluntary Payments in accordance with Rule S10, the Clearing House makes a determination (an "Insufficient Resources Determination") that it is clear that the Clearing House does not have sufficient resources to meet its obligations and liabilities arising in respect of those SwapClear Contracts to which it is party with Non-Defaulting SCMs, the following provisions shall have effect:

(a) All outstanding SwapClear Contracts shall be closed out as of the clearing day following the date the Insufficient Resources Determination was made and any further obligations to make any payments under or in respect of such SwapClear Contracts shall cease. The closing prices used shall be mid prices calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with the methodology used by it to carry out end of day margin runs in respect of the outstanding SwapClear Contracts. Where such data is not available to the Clearing House, the closing price shall be the last price used by the Clearing House to calculate the variation margin requirement for the position to be closed out.
(b) On the basis of the close out values established for each outstanding SwapClear Contract, an account shall be taken (as at the time of close out) of what is due in respect of each SCM, from that SCM to the Clearing House and from the Clearing House to that SCM, as well as all other amounts owing under or in respect of SwapClear Contracts and any other amounts that may be due in respect of the SwapClear Service (including for these purposes, a proportionate share of any amounts owed generally to or from the Clearing House), and the sums due from the SCM shall be set off against the sums due from the Clearing House and only the balance of the account shall be payable. For the avoidance of doubt, amounts in respect of SwapClear Contracts shall include, but not be limited to, returns of variation margin associated therewith and the repayment of any Net Cash Gainer Payment Currency Adjustment to Cash Payments made in the SwapClear Default Period to which the Insufficient Resources Determination relates (and in respect of which S9(e) shall be specifically disapplied), but shall exclude the repayment of any cash initial margin or any outstanding SwapClear Contributions.

(c) The Clearing House shall determine any amounts due to each SCM in respect of the repayment of any cash initial margin and outstanding SwapClear Contributions to be repaid. The claim of each such SCM in respect of the foregoing shall be reduced in proportion to an amount by which (i) the value of the assets available to the Clearing House to meet the return obligations referred to in (ii) bears to (ii) the value of what would be due from the Clearing House to each Clearing Member in aggregate in respect of the return of initial margin received from each such Clearing Member in the form of cash and outstanding Contributions.

(d) For each SCM, the amount due to it or due from it as determined pursuant to (b) shall be aggregated with its claim determined pursuant to (c) above and only the net sum shall be payable. Where the result of such calculations is that an SCM owes an amount to the Clearing House, that SCM shall pay that amount to the Clearing House immediately. Where the result of such calculations is that an SCM is owed an amount by the Clearing House, the Clearing House shall pay that amount to the SCM immediately, subject to (f) below.

(e) The payment of such amount to an SCM, pursuant to (d) above subject to any re-calculations performed pursuant to (f) below, shall constitute the full and final payment in respect of the SwapClear Service and such SCM shall not be permitted to make any further claims to the Clearing House in respect of amounts relating to the SwapClear Service nor shall it be permitted to notify the Clearing House of a Termination Date pursuant to Regulation 39A for a failure to pay any amounts in relation to the SwapClear Service.

(f) The Clearing House may make the payments due under (d) above in one or more instalments to the SCMs in proportion to the value of their claims on the Clearing House under (b) above if some but not all of the amounts due under (d) or Rule 16(1) to 16(7) above have not yet been received. The Clearing House shall take reasonable steps to recover such amounts and may deduct therefrom reasonable administration costs for such recovery. To the extent that
the Clearing House determines that any such amounts will not in fact be recoverable, it shall re-determine the amounts due to SCMs in accordance with this Rule S11.

(g) This Rule S11 shall not be applied in the event that a Termination Date has been specified in relation to the Clearing House in accordance with Regulation 39A.

(h) Nothing in the foregoing shall override the obligation of the Clearing House to return initial margin provided by way of security to a SCM pursuant to its Regulations and Procedures.

S13. Ballot Arrangements

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in clauses 9.4 and 9.5 of the Clearing Membership Agreement, no proposal for any of the amendments set out in paragraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) below (each a "SwapClear Amendment") shall be capable of coming into effect unless first approved in a ballot of SCMs:

i any amendment to the value of the SwapClear Fund Floor and/or the value of the SwapClear Fund Cap, in each case as provided for in paragraph (b) of Rule S2 or as subsequently approved in a ballot under this Rule S12;

ii any amendment providing for a change in the nature of the liabilities for which an SCM's indemnity is given by virtue of paragraph (c) of Rule 28; and

iii any amendment which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Clearing House would represent a significant change in the commitments of the SCMs but not in the commitments of any other Clearing Members,

(b) For the purposes of a ballot conducted pursuant to this Rule S12, the provisions of clauses 9.4, 9.6 and 9.7 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall apply with the following amendments:

i the words "major amendment to the Default Fund Rules" in the first line of clause 9.4 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with the words "SwapClear Amendment";

ii all references to "Clearing Members" shall be replaced with references to "SCMs";

iii in paragraph (c) of clause 9.4 of the Clearing Membership Agreement, the reference to "Contributions" shall be replaced with a reference to "SwapClear Contributions" and the reference to "Quarter Day" shall be replaced with a reference to "SwapClear Determination Date";

iv references to "Fund Amount" in clauses 9.6 and 9.7 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with references to "SwapClear Fund Amount";
v the reference to “clause 9.4” in clause 9.6 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with a reference to “Rule S12 of the SwapClear Default Fund Supplement to the Default Fund Rules”; and

vi the references to “Contribution” in clauses 9.6 and 9.7 of the Clearing Membership Agreement shall be replaced with references to “SwapClear Contribution”.

(c) For the purposes of a ballot conducted under clauses 9.4 and 9.5 of the Clearing Membership Agreement other than a ballot in relation to an amendment which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Clearing House falls within paragraph (c) of clause 9.5 of the Clearing Membership Agreement but not within paragraph (a)(iii) of this Rule S12, references to “Clearing Members” shall not include SCMs who are not engaged in any business with the Clearing House other than SwapClear Business and SwapClear Contributions shall not count as “Contributions”.


Exhibit A-5
General Regulations
See Attached
Definitions

In these Regulations and the Procedures, except where the context otherwise requires, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:


Additional Collateral - Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, collateral delivered by a SwapClear Clearing Member to the Clearing House in respect of a SwapClear Clearing Client which is in excess of the Required Collateral relating to the SwapClear Clearing Client Business undertaken by the relevant SwapClear Clearing Member in respect of the relevant SwapClear Clearing Client and which has been designated by that SwapClear Clearing Member as being Additional Collateral to be held in the Additional Collateral Account held in respect of that SwapClear Clearing Client.

Additional Collateral Account - Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, a sub-account opened by a SwapClear Clearing Member with the Clearing House in respect of a SwapClear Clearing Client for the purposes of holding Additional Collateral.

approved agent - A person appointed by the Clearing House to perform certain functions on its behalf in respect of an ATP.

Approved Broker - A person authorised by the Clearing House to participate as a broker in the LCH EnClear OTC service.

Approved Turquoise Derivatives Settlement Provider - The securities depository or securities settlement system (or an operator thereof) approved by the Clearing House from time to time for the provision of settlement services in connection with the Turquoise Derivatives Service.

Approved EquityClear Clearing Agreement - An agreement prescribed as such by the Clearing House from time to time between an EquityClear Clearing Member, an EquityClear NCM and the Clearing House.

Approved EquityClear Settlement Provider (“ASP”) - The operator of the securities depository and/or securities settlement system prescribed by the Clearing House from time to time for the provision of settlement services in respect of specified EquityClear Contracts.

Approved EquityClear Trading Platform (“ATP”) - Any trading platform approved as such from time to time by the Clearing House in respect of the EquityClear service.

Associated Clearing House - The clearing house appointed from time to time by a Co-operating Exchange to act as the central counterparty to some or all transactions made on, or under the rules of the Co-operating Exchange.

ATP Market Rules - The rules, regulations, administrative procedures, Memorandum and Articles of Association or bye-laws which regulate an ATP and the market administered by it as
notified from time to time to the Clearing House.

**Auction Portfolio**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules.

**Automated Trading System**
- An automated trading system in respect of which the Clearing House has an agreement with the operator thereof and in respect of which the Clearing House has notified RepoClear Participants in accordance with the Procedures.

**Backup SwapClear Clearing Member**
- Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, the SwapClear Clearing Member(s) indicated by a SwapClear Clearing Client as acting as such and notified to the Clearing House from time to time.

**Board**
- The board of directors or other governing body (whether called a board, a committee or otherwise) of an Exchange.

**Bond Trade**
- A trading activity in which a RepoClear Participant offers to sell RepoClear Eligible Securities, and another RepoClear Participant offers to purchase those RepoClear Eligible Securities, and a trade subsequently ensues.

**business day**
- In respect of a Cleared Exchange Contract, an OTC Contract (except where specified otherwise in the relevant OTC Contract Terms), an LCH EnClear OTC Contract (except where specified otherwise in the LCH EnClear OTC Contract Terms), and an EquityClear Contract a day on which the Clearing House is open for business.

**buyer**
- A Member (or the Clearing House where the context so requires) who is a buyer under the terms of an exchange contract, a Cleared Exchange Contract, a Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contract, a RepoClear Transaction, a RepoClear Contract, a RepoClear GC Transaction, a RepoClear GC Contract, an EquityClear ATP Match, an EquityClear Novation Transaction, EquityClear (ccCFD) ATP Match or an Eligible OTC Trade, as the case may be.

**CEA**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules.

**CFTC**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules.

**Cleared Exchange Contract**
- A Contract entered into by the Clearing House on the terms of an exchange contract.

**Clearing House**
- LCH.Clearnet Limited whose registered office is located at Aldgate House, 33 Aldgate High Street, London EC3N 1EA, United Kingdom.

**Clearing House Prescribed Language**
- Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, the wording prescribed by the Clearing House for inclusion in the SwapClear Clearing Agreements entered into by SwapClear Clearing Members with their clients.

**Clearing Membership**
- The agreement so designated under which, inter alia, the Clearing House agrees to make available clearing services
in respect of Contracts together with any extension letter or other agreement; in these Regulations and the Procedures the expressions "Clearing Member Agreement", "Member Agreement" and "Membership Agreement" shall have the same meaning as "Clearing Membership Agreement"; and in the Default Rules and the Default Fund Rules "Clearing Membership Agreement" includes the FCM Clearing Membership Agreement and FCM Default Fund Agreement.

client account

- Means a segregated account with the Clearing House opened in the name of a Member in which Contracts relating to contracts made by the Member with one or more segregated clients are registered and to which monies in respect of such Contracts are credited.

closing-out contract

- For the purposes of these Regulations, a contract effected by or on behalf of the Clearing House and registered in a Member’s name, being a contract on the same terms (except as to price or premium) as an open contract in the Member’s name, save that where the Clearing House is a buyer or a fixed rate payer, as the case may be, under the terms of such open contract the Clearing House shall be a seller or floating rate payer, as the case may be, under the terms of such closing-out contract and vice-versa.

Co-operating Clearing House

- (i) a Co-operating Exchange or Associated Clearing House party to a Link Agreement with the Clearing House; or (ii) a clearing house party to an agreement with the Clearing House in respect of the co-clearing of an Exchange pursuant to which such organisation co-clears specific types of Contract and agrees to be bound by these Regulations as a Member to the extent and subject to any variations agreed in such agreement.

Co-operating Exchange

- An exchange (which may also act as a central counterparty) which is party to a co-operation agreement with TGHL.

Combined Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook

- Means the electronic Orderbook operated by TGHL. and one or more Co-operating Exchanges.

Commodity

- Any kind of property, currency, documents, right or interest (including an option) which is the subject matter of an exchange contract or an LCH EnClear OTC Contract.

confirmed contract

- An original exchange contract which has been confirmed to the Clearing House by or on behalf of a buyer and a seller pursuant to Regulation 6 or 7 and the Procedures, save that where one or more allocations of an original exchange contract have taken place in accordance with Regulation 7 and the Procedures a "confirmed contract" shall only arise when the last allocation of such original exchange contract has been made and confirmed by a Member pursuant to Regulation 7 and the Procedures.

Contract

- (i) A contract subject to the Regulations entered into by the Clearing House with a Member for the purposes of or in connection with the provision of clearing services including,
without limitation, an open contract, settlement contract, re-opening contract or closing-out contract; and also (ii) in the case of the Default Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex and ForexClear DMP Annex), the Default Fund Rules, the FCM Default Fund Agreement, and any other document, rule or procedure as specified by the Clearing House from time to time, an FCM SwapClear Contract and an FCM ForexClear Contract.

**contract for differences**
- A Cleared Exchange Contract, a Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contract, an OTC Contract or an LCH EnClear OTC Contract which is to be performed by cash settlement only.

**Contribution**
- In relation to the Default Fund Rules, has the meaning assigned to it in rule 17 of the Default Fund Rules.

**cover**
- An amount determined by the Clearing House of cash or, with the approval of the Clearing House, security in a currency and a form acceptable to the Clearing House as prescribed by the Procedures.

**Cross-Border Transfers**
- The automatic transfers of Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contracts from an account of a Linked Member maintained with a Co-operating Exchange to an account of a Member with the Clearing House.

**Cross-Margining Affiliate**
- A Member or a member of a Cross-Margining Exchange who has been accepted as eligible to be a Cross-Margining Participant by the Clearing House or the Cross-Margining Exchange, as the case may be, and who is an affiliate (as defined in a Cross-Margining Agreement) of a Cross-Margining Participant of the other exchange or clearing organisation.

**Cross-Margining Agreement**
- An agreement entered into between the Clearing House and a Cross-Margining Exchange (together or with other parties, as the case may be) pursuant to which the Clearing House agrees to take into account, in calculating cover for initial margin to be furnished to the Clearing House by a Member who is a Cross-Margining Participant, contracts entered into between the Cross Margining Exchange and the Cross-Margining Participant or his Cross-Margining Affiliate and pursuant to which the Clearing House is liable to make payments to the Cross-Margining Exchange (and, as the case may be, the Cross-Margining Exchange is liable to make payments to the Clearing House) of amounts calculated in accordance with the terms of the loss-sharing arrangements set forth in such Cross-Margining Agreement.

**Cross-Margining Exchange**
- An exchange, clearing house or organisation party to a Cross-Margining Agreement with the Clearing House.
Cross-Margining Participant - A Member or a member of a Cross-Margining Exchange, which the Clearing House or the Cross-Margining Exchange, as the case may be, has accepted may participate in the cross-margining arrangements set forth in the Cross-Margining Agreement as a Cross-Margining Participant or Cross-Margining Affiliate.

daily settlement amounts - Amounts due to the Clearing House from a Member or to a Member from the Clearing House, as the case may be, arising out of settlement of open contracts pursuant to Regulation 15 or Regulation 73c, and the Procedures.

Day Position Balances - For the purposes of the Link Regulations, the meaning attributed to it in the Procedures in respect of Contracts on the terms of a Linked Exchange Contract referred to in Regulation 41(b) or, in respect of contracts on the terms of a Participating Exchange Contract referred to in Regulation 41A, the meaning attributed to it in the relevant Link Agreement.

Deed of Assignment - Means a deed of assignment entered into between a SwapClear Clearing Member and a SwapClear Clearing Client (or, notwithstanding any description to the contrary, such SwapClear Clearing Client's security trustee) in respect of a SwapClear Clearing Agreement. For this purpose, where the Deed of Assignment is entered into with the Clearing House acting as security trustee for the benefit of a SwapClear Clearing Client, any reference to the exercise of rights by a SwapClear Clearing Client pursuant to such Deed of Assignment shall be a reference to the Clearing House exercising such rights in its capacity as a security trustee for the benefit of the SwapClear Clearing Client.

Default Management Process Agreement Amendment Agreement - Has the meaning assigned to it in General Regulation 52A.

defaulter - Has the meaning assigned to it in rule 4 of the Default Rules.

Default Fund Rules - The Clearing House's Default Fund Rules from time to time in force which, for the avoidance of doubt, form part of the General Regulations and of the Default Rules.

Default Rules - The Clearing House's Default Rules from time to time in force pursuant to Part IV of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Recognition Requirements for Investment Exchanges and Clearing Houses) Regulations 2001 which, for the avoidance of doubt, form a part of these General Regulations.

Defaulting SCM - Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Fund Rules.

Defaulting SCM-FXCCM - Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Fund Rules.

delivery contract - A Cleared Exchange Contract or Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contract between the Clearing House
and a Member:

(i) for the immediate sale and purchase of a commodity arising on the exercise of an option pursuant to these Regulations; or

(ii) for the sale and purchase of a commodity for delivery on the date specified in the contract or on the date agreed between the parties, in either case being an open contract under which tender is not required to be given.

delivery month
- In respect of an exchange contract, the meaning ascribed to it in the Exchange Rules governing such contract or, in respect of an LCH EnClear OTC Contract, the meaning ascribed to it in the LCH EnClear OTC Procedures, or in respect of a Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contract, an expiration month as defined in the Turquoise Derivatives Rules.

Economic Terms
- That part of the SwapClear Contract Terms, RepoClear Contract Terms, RepoClear GC Contract Terms, EquityClear Contract Terms, LCH EnClear OTC Contract Terms, or ForexClear Contract Terms as the case may require, designated as Economic Terms by the Clearing House from time to time.

Eligibility Criteria
- With regard to an EquityClear Open Offer, the conditions set out in Regulation 62A(c) or 62C(c).

Eligible OTC Trade
- A trade eligible for registration in the LCH EnClear OTC Services.

EquityClear ATP Match
- An EquityClear (Equities) ATP Match or EquityClear (ccCFD) ATP Match.

EquityClear Clearing Member
- A Member who is designated by the Clearing House as an EquityClear Clearing Member eligible to clear EquityClear Contracts.

EquityClear(ccCFD) Contract Terms
- The terms applicable to each EquityClear (ccCFD) Contract, where such terms are not specified by the ATP, as set out from time to time in the Schedule to the EquityClear Regulations or the Procedures.

EquityClear (ccCFD) ATP Match
- An EquityClear ATP Match where the relevant ATP Market Rules permit the matching of Trading Platform Particulars that consist of the sale or purchase of an EquityClear Eligible ccCFD and the corresponding purchase or sale, as the case may be, of an EquityClear Eligible ccCFD.

EquityClear (ccCFD) Open Offer
- The open offer made by the Clearing House in respect of an EquityClear (ccCFD) ATP Match meeting the EquityClear (ccCFD) Open Offer Eligibility Criteria.

EquityClear (ccCFD) Contract
- An EquityClear Contract entered into by the Clearing House with an EquityClear Clearing Member on the EquityClear
EquityClear Clearing Member - a Member who is designated by the Clearing House as an EquityClear Clearing Member eligible to clear EquityClear Contracts.

EquityClear Contract - An EquityClear (Equities) Contract and/or an EquityClear (ccCFD) Contract as the case may be.

EquityClear Contract Terms - The EquityClear (Equities) Contract Terms and/or the EquityClear (ccCFD) Contract Terms as the case may be.

EquityClear Eligible ccCFD - A contract for difference in respect of an EquityClear Eligible Underlying Instrument prescribed by the Clearing House and eligible for those prescribed parts of the EquityClear service and which appear in the list or lists published for this purpose from time to time by the Clearing House.

EquityClear Eligible ccCFD Underlying Instruments - The security, index, commodity, currency pair or other asset or product that is the subject matter of an EquityClear (ccCFD) and which appear in the list or lists published for this purpose from time to time by the Clearing House.

EquityClear Eligible Equities - Securities prescribed from time to time by the Clearing House which are eligible for any part or parts of the EquityClear service and which appear in the list or lists published from time to time by the Clearing House.

EquityClear (Equities) ATP Match - The matched Trading Platform Particulars resulting from the matching on an ATP, in accordance with the relevant ATP Market Rules, of Trading Platform Particulars received from, or on behalf of: (i) two EquityClear Clearing Members (with one as buyer and one as seller); or (ii) one EquityClear Clearing Member and one member of a relevant Co-operating Clearing House (with one as buyer and one as seller).

EquityClear (Equities) Contract - An EquityClear Contract entered into by the Clearing House with an EquityClear Clearing Member on the EquityClear (Equities) Contract Terms or such other terms specified by the relevant ATP.

EquityClear (Equities) Contract Terms - The terms applicable to each EquityClear (Equities) Contract, where such terms are not specified by the ATP, as set out from time to time in the Schedule to the EquityClear Regulations or the Procedures.

EquityClear (Equities) Open Offer - The open offer made by the Clearing House in respect of an EquityClear (Equities) ATP Match meeting the EquityClear (Equities) Open Offer Eligibility Criteria.

EquityClear Mixed Member Match - (i) An ATP Match reflecting two sets of matched Trading Platform Particulars submitted by, or on behalf of, one EquityClear Clearing Member and one member of a relevant Co-operating Clearing House (with one as buyer and one as seller), or (ii) an EquityClear Novation Transaction between
one EquityClear Clearing Member and one member of a relevant Co-operating Clearing House (with one as buyer and one as seller).

**EquityClear Non-Clearing Member (EquityClear NCM)**

- A person who is not a Member but is party to an Approved EquityClear Clearing Agreement with an EquityClear Clearing Member/s and the Clearing House, and is included by the Clearing House on the Register of EquityClear NCMs as eligible to submit Trading Platform Particulars to such one or more Approved EquityClear Trading Platform/s as may be approved by the Clearing House with regard to that person, and any resulting EquityClear ATP Matches to the Clearing House, on behalf of the relevant EquityClear Clearing Member pursuant to, and in accordance with, such Approved EquityClear Clearing Agreement, the relevant ATP Market Rules, the Regulations and the Procedures.

**EquityClear Novation Transaction**

- The matched Trading Platform Particulars representing a bilateral transaction and either:
  
  (i) concluded other than through the orderbook of a relevant ATP which is capable of being cleared in accordance with the relevant ATP Market Rules and the Regulations; or

  (ii) concluded through an orderbook of an ATP, where the relevant ATP Market Rules specify that transactions executed there will be cleared via novation; and

  (iii) in either case is submitted for registration by, or on behalf of, one EquityClear Clearing Member (or, in respect of an EquityClear Mixed Member Match, one member of the relevant Co-operating Clearing House) identified as, or as acting as clearing member for, the buyer and the same or another EquityClear Clearing Member identified as, or as acting as clearing member for, the seller.

**EquityClear Open Offer**

- An EquityClear (Equities) Open Offer or EquityClear (ccCFD) Open offer

**EquityClear Participants**

- EquityClear Clearing Members and EquityClear NCMs.

**EquityClear Regulations**

- The Clearing House's Regulations, applicable to EquityClear Contracts only, from time to time in force.

**€GC Trade**

- A trading activity in which a RepoClear Participant ("the First Participant") offers to sell (or buy) an agreed value of securities comprised in a €GC Basket, to be allocated in accordance with the RepoClear Procedures applicable to RepoClear €GC Contracts, and another RepoClear Participant ("the Second Participant") offers to buy (or sell, as the case may be) the securities so allocated, on the conditions that:

  (i) at the end of a specified period of time, the Second Participant sells (or buys, as the case may be)
Equivalent Securities (as such term is used in the RepoClear €GC Contract Terms) and the First Participant buys (or sells, as the case may be) those Equivalent Securities; and

(ii) the understanding of the parties is that their obligations during the term of the transaction will be represented by a series of overnight repurchase transactions effected either through CBL’s service under the AutoAssign Supplement, Euroclear’s AutoSelect service or any other equivalent service provided by a Triparty Agent, as the case may be, as contemplated by the RepoClear Procedures applicable to RepoClear €GC Contracts,

and a trade subsequently ensues.

**Event Protection Contract**
- A Cleared Exchange Contract between the Clearing House and a Member arising in connection with a LIFFE Credit Default Swap Index Contract pursuant to Regulation 18.

**Excess Collateral**
- Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, collateral, other than Additional Collateral, delivered to the Clearing House by a SwapClear Clearing Member in respect of its SwapClear Clearing Client Business which is in excess of the Required Collateral in respect of such SwapClear Clearing Client Business.

**Exchange**
- An organisation (whether an exchange, association, company or otherwise) responsible for administering a futures, options, stock or other market, to which the Clearing House provides clearing services.

**exchange contract**
- A class of contract (1) on the terms published from time to time by an Exchange and permitted to be made by a member of such Exchange on the market administered by that Exchange or otherwise in accordance with Exchange Rules, or (2) eligible for submission to the Clearing House for registration pursuant to the Exchange Rules. For the purposes of these Regulations “exchange contract” shall not include any class of contract capable of being made on the London Stock Exchange, or on any ATP.

**Exchange Rules**
- The rules, regulations, administrative procedures, Memorandum and Articles of Association or bye-laws which regulate an Exchange and the market administered by it as notified from time to time to the Clearing House and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any regulations or directions made by the Board and any procedures, practices and administrative requirements of the Exchange. The term “Exchange Rules” shall include the Turquoise Derivatives Rules, as the case may be, save where the context otherwise requires.

**Executing Party**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.
expiry date or month - A date or month prescribed by Exchange Rules in respect of an option contract.

FCM Approved Trade Source System - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations

FCM Clearing Member - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM Clearing Membership Agreement - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM Client - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations

FCM Default Fund Agreement - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations

FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account with LCH ForexClear Clearing Services - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM Procedures ForexClear Contract - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM ForexClear Transaction - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM Omnibus OTC Client Account with LCH - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM Procedures - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM Regulations - Means the Clearing House's FCM Regulations.

FCM SwapClear Clearing Services - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM SwapClear Contract - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

FCM SwapClear Transaction - Has the meaning assigned to it in the FCM Regulations.

ForexClear Clearing House Business - Means ForexClear Contracts entered into by a ForexClear Clearing Member with the Clearing House on a proprietary basis and for its own account.

ForexClear Clearing Member (FXCCM) - A Member who is designated by the Clearing House as a ForexClear Clearing Member eligible to clear ForexClear Contracts which includes, in the case of the Default Rules, the Default Fund Rules (including the ForexClear DMP Annex), the FCM Default Fund Agreement and any other document, rule or procedure as specified by the Clearing House from time to time, an FCM Clearing Member.

ForexClear Contract - A Contract entered into by the Clearing House with a ForexClear Clearing Member on the ForexClear Contract Terms, which includes, in the case of the Default Rules (including the ForexClear DMP Annex), the Default Fund Rules, the FCM Default Fund Agreement and any other document, rule or procedure as specified by the Clearing House from time to time.
Clearing House: General Regulations

ForexClear Contract Terms - The terms applicable to each ForexClear Contract as set out from time to time in the Schedule to the ForexClear Regulations or the Procedures.

ForexClear Dealer (FXD) - A person admitted by the Clearing House to the Register of ForexClear Dealers and who has not been removed from the Register of ForexClear Dealers.

ForexClear Dealer Clearing Agreement (FDC Agreement) - A written agreement, in the form and on the terms prescribed by the Clearing House between an FXD, an FXCCM and the Clearing House which has the function, amongst other things, of setting out the terms on which the FXCCM agrees to clear ForexClear Transactions for the ForexClear Dealer.

ForexClear DMG - Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules.

ForexClear DMP - Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules.

ForexClear Eligibility Criteria - With regard to ForexClear Transactions, the product criteria set out in Part B of the Schedule to the ForexClear Regulations.

ForexClear Matcher - A party which has been notified in writing by the Clearing House to ForexClear Participants from time to time as being a matching provider for the ForexClear Service.

ForexClear Participants (FXPs) - ForexClear Clearing Members, and ForexClear Dealers, and “ForexClear Participant” means either of them.

ForexClear Regulations - The Regulations entitled as such, applicable to ForexClear Contracts only, from time to time in force.

ForexClear Service - The service provided by the Clearing House under the ForexClear Regulations.

ForexClear Transaction - A contract, meeting the ForexClear Eligibility Criteria for registration as a ForexClear Contract, entered into between two ForexClear Clearing Members, of which particulars are presented to the Clearing House for registration in the name of ForexClear Clearing Members in accordance with the Regulations. In addition, a ForexClear Transaction shall include an FCM ForexClear Transaction where the relevant ForexClear Clearing member is an Executing Party.

Reference Currency Buyer - Means in relation to ForexClear Contract that is a Non-Deliverable FX Transaction, the party specified as the ‘Reference Currency Buyer’ in the Economic Terms.

Reference Currency Seller - Means in relation to ForexClear Contract that is a Non-Deliverable FX Transaction, the party specified as the ‘Reference Currency Seller’ in the Economic Terms.

Register of ForexClear Dealers - The register which lists ForexClear Dealers regarded by the Clearing House as for the time being eligible to submit
GC Trade - A GC Trade or a SGC Trade.

HKMEx - The Hong Kong Mercantile Exchange Limited of 1905 International Commerce Centre, 1 Austin Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong, and such of its affiliates as may operate the HKMEx Trading System from time to time.

HKMEx Contract - A Contract entered into by the Clearing House with a HKMEx Service Clearing Member pursuant to the HKMEx Regulations.

HKMEx Contract Terms - The terms of a HKMEx Contract as set out in the HKMEx contract specification provided in HKMEx's Rules.

HKMEx Eligible Product - A product prescribed from time to time by the Clearing House as eligible for the HKMEx Service.

HKMEx Non-Clearing Member - A person other than a HKMEx Service Clearing Member who is party to an agreement with HKMEx allowing such person to be a participant in the HKMEx Trading System and subjecting such person to the provisions of HKMEx's Rules.

HKMEx Participants - HKMEx Service Clearing Members and HKMEx Non-Clearing Member.

HKMEx Regulations - The Clearing House's Regulations applicable to HKMEx Contracts from time to time in force.

HKMEx's Rules - The rules, practices, procedures, trading protocols and arrangements of the HKMEx Trading System as may be prescribed from time to time relating to HKMEx Eligible Products.

HKMEx Service - The service provided by the Clearing House under the HKMEx Regulations.

HKMEx Service Clearing Member - A Member who is designated by the Clearing House as eligible to clear HKMEx Contracts.

HKMEx Trading System - The facility, trading system or systems operated directly or indirectly by HKMEx on which HKMEx Eligible Products may be traded.

HKMEx Transaction - A contract in a HKMEx Eligible Product between HKMEx Service Clearing Members arising or registered or a HKMEx Trading System meeting the requirements of the Regulations and the Procedures.

Individual Segregated Account - Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, a sub-account opened within the Clearing House by a SwapClear Clearing Member in respect of Individual Segregated Account Business.
Individual Segregated Account Balance
- Means, in respect of an Individual Segregated Account Clearing Client, the sum of (i) the Required Collateral attributed by the Clearing House in accordance with its rules and procedures to that client; (ii) the Excess Collateral attributed by the Clearing House in accordance with its rules and procedures to that client; and (iii) the Additional Collateral held in the Additional Collateral Account in respect of that client.

Individual Segregated Account Business
- Has the meaning ascribed to such term in sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (c) of Regulation 52A.

Individual Segregated Account Clearing Client
- Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, a client in respect of whom a SwapClear Clearing Member engages in Individual Segregated Account Business.

Initial Margin
- An amount determined and published from time to time by the Clearing House with regard to each category of contract, in respect of which Members may be required to provide to the Clearing House cover in accordance with these Regulations and the Procedures as a condition of registration of a contract by the Clearing House and otherwise in respect of all Contracts registered with the Clearing House, as prescribed by these Regulations and the Procedures.

LCH Approved Outsourcing Party
- Means a party approved for these purposes by the Clearing House, as set out in the FCM Procedures.

LCH.Clearnet Group
- The group of undertakings consisting of LCH.Clearnet Limited, LCH.Clearnet Group Limited and Banque Centrale de Compensation S.A. trading as LCH.Clearnet SA. (Reference to a “member” of LCH.Clearnet Group within these Regulations is to be construed accordingly).

LCH EnClear OTC Clearing Member
- A Member who is designated by the Clearing House as an LCH EnClear OTC Clearing Member eligible to clear LCH EnClear OTC Contracts.

LCH EnClear OTC Contract
- A Contract entered into by the Clearing House with an LCH EnClear OTC Clearing Member on any applicable set of Contract Terms prescribed in the LCH EnClear OTC Regulations.

LCH EnClear OTC Contract Terms
- The relevant Contract Terms in respect of LCH EnClear OTC Contracts.

LCH EnClear OTC Regulations
- The Clearing House’s Regulations, applicable to LCH EnClear OTC Contracts only, from time to time in force.

LCIA Rules
- The LCIA Arbitration Rules of The London Court of International Arbitration.

LIFFE
- LIFFE Administration and Management
| **Liffe Credit Default Swap Index Contract** | - A Cleared Exchange Contract entered into by the Clearing House and a Member on the LIFFE Credit Default Swap Index Contract Terms. |
| **LIFFE Credit Default Swap Index Contract Terms** | - The terms of the LIFFE Credit Default Swap Index Contract specification provided in LIFFE Rules. |
| **LIFFE Market** | - Any market operated by LIFFE regardless as to whether the market is an exchange, multilateral trading facility, alternative trading system, other platform or an over the counter market but excluding any market outside of the European Union operated by LIFFE. |
| **LIFFE Rules** | - The rules adopted by LIFFE in force from time to time and which govern the membership and operation of a LIFFE Market. |
| **Link** | - The trading and/or clearing arrangements established by the Clearing House and a Participating Exchange and, as the case may be, an Exchange in respect of either or both of the following: |
|  | (i) one or more exchange contracts; |
|  | (ii) one or more Participating Exchange Contracts. |
| **Link Agreement** | - An agreement entered into between the Clearing House and a Participating Exchange and, if applicable, an Exchange for the purposes of a Link. |
| **Link Clearing Agreement** | - A written agreement in one or more forms and in the terms prescribed by an Exchange, the Clearing House and a Participating Exchange to which, amongst others, a Member is party which has the function, amongst other things, of facilitating the transfer of Contracts on the terms of one or more Linked Exchange Contracts covered by such agreement in accordance with Regulation 41. |
| **Linked Exchange Contract** | - An exchange contract which is the subject of a Link. |
| **Linked Member** | - A member of a Co-operating Exchange. |
| **Link Regulations** | - The Clearing House's Link Regulations from time to time in force. |
| **Lot** | - The standard unit or quantity prescribed by an Exchange, with the approval of the Clearing House, as the trading unit of an exchange contract; or |
|  | - In relation to a contract other than an exchange contract, the standard unit or quantity prescribed by the relevant contract terms. |
| **LSE** | - The London Stock Exchange plc or any successor in title. |
| **Margin** | - Initial margin and/or variation margin. |
market - A futures, options, forward, stock or other market, administered by an Exchange, or an OTC market in respect of which the Clearing House has agreed with such Exchange or, in respect of an OTC market, with certain participants in that market, to provide clearing services on the terms of these Regulations and the Procedures.

market day - In respect of a commodity, a day on which the market on which that commodity is dealt in is open for trading.

Member or Clearing Member - (i) Subject to (ii) means an undertaking (including a firm or company) which is entitled to be party to Contracts with the Clearing House in accordance with a Clearing Membership Agreement and the Procedures, a Participating Exchange or a Co-operating Clearing House, where so agreed with the Participating Exchange or the Co-operating Clearing House (as applicable). For the avoidance of doubt, the terms “Member” and “Clearing Member” for the purposes of these Regulations, Default Rules and Procedures, do not mean shareholder of LCH.Clearnet Limited or of any other undertaking in the LCH.Clearnet Group.

- (ii) "Clearing Member" includes or means (as the case may be) FCM Clearing Member for the purpose of the Default Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex), the Default Fund Rules, the FCM Default Fund Agreement and any other document, rule or procedure as specified by the Clearing House from time to time.

Member Link Agreement - A Link Clearing Agreement or a Trade Allocation Agreement.

Nodal - Nodal Exchange, LLC of 8065 Leesburg Pike, Suite 700, Vienna, VA 22182, United States of America.

Nodal Contract - A Contract entered into by the Clearing House with a Nodal Service Clearing Member pursuant to the Nodal Regulations.

Nodal Contract Terms - The terms of a Nodal Contract as set out in the Nodal contract specification provided in Nodal’s Rules.

Nodal Eligible Derivative Product - A derivative product prescribed from time to time by the Clearing House as eligible for the Nodal Service.

Nodal Non-Clearing Participant - A person other than a Nodal Service Clearing Member who is party to an agreement with Nodal allowing such person to be a participant in the Nodal Trading Facility and subjecting such person to the provisions of Nodal’s Rules.

Nodal Participants - Nodal Service Clearing Members and Nodal Non-Clearing Participants.

Nodal Reference Price - A Reference Price in respect of a Nodal Contract.
Nodal Regulations - The Clearing House's Regulations applicable to Nodal Contracts from time to time in force.

Nodal's Rules - The rules, practices, procedures, trading protocols and arrangements of the Nodal Trading Facility as the case may be and as may be prescribed from time to time relating to Nodal Eligible Derivative Products.

Nodal Service - The service provided by the Clearing House under the Nodal Regulations.

Nodal Service Clearing Member - A Member who is designated by the Clearing House as eligible to clear Nodal Contracts.

Nodal Trading Facility - The facility, trading system or systems operated directly or indirectly by Nodal on which Nodal Eligible Derivative Products may be traded.

Nodal Transaction - A contract in a Nodal Eligible Derivative Product between Nodal Service Clearing Members arising or registered on a Nodal Trading Facility meeting the requirements of the Regulations and the Procedures.

Non-Deliverable FX Transaction - Has the meaning given to it in the 1998 FX and Currency Option Definitions published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., the Emerging Markets Traders Association, and the Foreign Exchange Committee, or any successor organisations, as amended and updated from time to time.

NYSE Liffe Clearing Contract - A contract in the terms of a LIFFE exchange contract subject to the LIFFE Rules entered into by LIFFE as central counterparty with a NYSE Liffe Clearing Member including, without limitation, an open contract, settlement contract, re-opening contract or closing-out contract.

NYSE Liffe Clearing Member - A Clearing Member who has been designated by LIFFE to clear NYSE Liffe Clearing Contracts and NYSE Liffe Clearing Membership shall be construed accordingly.

NYSE Liffe Clearing Service - The central counterparty and ancillary services provided by LIFFE to NYSE Liffe Clearing Members in accordance with the LIFFE Rules.

NYSE Liffe Clearing Membership Agreement - The tripartite clearing membership agreement relating to the NYSE Liffe Clearing Service between LIFFE, the Clearing House and each NYSE Liffe Clearing Member, as in force from time to time.

official quotation - A price determined by the Clearing House under Regulation 14.

Omnibus Net Segregated Account - Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, a sub-account opened within the Clearing House by a SwapClear Clearing Member in respect of Omnibus Net Segregated Business.
Omnibus Net Segregated Account Balance - Means, in respect of an individual Omnibus Net Segregated Clearing Client, the sum of (i) the Required Collateral attributed by the Clearing House in accordance with its rules and procedures to that client; (ii) the Excess Collateral attributed by the Clearing House in accordance with its rules and procedures to that client; and (iii) the Additional Collateral held in the Additional Collateral Account in respect of that client.

Omnibus Net Segregated Business - Has the meaning ascribed to such term in sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of Regulation 52A


Open Contract or open contract - A Contract made with a Member on the terms (subject to variation of such terms as provided in the Regulations) of an original contract or a Contract made with a Member on the terms set out in the Regulations and/or any agreement entered into with the Member, which, in either case, has not been closed-out, settled or invoiced back in accordance with the Regulations and the Procedures. The term "open contract" shall include, where relevant, an option contract a delivery contract and an Event Protection Contract, but shall not include a settlement contract, a re-opening contract or a closing-out contract.

open contract subject to tender - A Cleared Exchange Contract made with a Member on the terms (unless otherwise provided in the Regulations) of an original exchange contract in respect of which a tender has been given, which has not been closed out, settled or invoiced back in accordance with the Regulations and the Procedures, and shall include, except where the context otherwise requires, a delivery contract.

Open Offer for Turquoise Derivatives - The open offer contained in Regulation 75 in relation to Orderbook Matches.

option - A right to enter into a contract for the sale and purchase of a commodity for future delivery, a contract for differences, or a delivery contract.

option contract - A contract for an option on the terms of an exchange contract; or

original contract - An original exchange contract, EquityClear Novation Transaction, Eligible OTC Trade, or an OTC Transaction other than a Repo Trade, Bond Trade or GC Trade.

original exchange contract - A contract including, where relevant, an option contract on the terms of an exchange contract which

(i) has been entered into on a market or otherwise under or in accordance with Exchange Rules and subject to Exchange Rules of which particulars are to be presented to the Clearing House for registration in the
name of members in accordance with Exchange Rules, the Regulations or the Procedures; or 

(ii) arises pursuant to Regulation 41A(b) upon the transfer of a contract on the terms of a Participating Exchange Contract under a Link; or 

(iii) by agreement with a Participating Exchange is to be registered in the name of a Participating Exchange in accordance with the terms of any agreement made with a Participating Exchange.

Where any such contract is for more than one lot there shall be deemed to be a separate contract in respect of each lot and the term "original exchange contract" shall be construed accordingly. The term "original exchange contract" shall include a confirmed contract, except where the context otherwise requires. For the avoidance of doubt, the term "original exchange contract" shall not include any ATP Match made pursuant to the rules of an Approved EquityClear Trading Platform.

**OTC Contract**

- A Contract entered into by the Clearing House with a Member on the relevant OTC Contract Terms, as prescribed by the Clearing House from time to time, in accordance with the Regulations and the Procedures and/or any agreement entered into with the Member.

**OTC Contract Terms**


**OTC market**

- Any dealings in an investment (as defined in section 22(1) and Schedule 2 Part II of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) which are entered into otherwise than on or subject to the rules of an Exchange.

**OTC Service**

- A service provided by the Clearing House for the clearing of a category of OTC Contract.

**OTC Transaction**

- A transaction being a SwapClear Transaction, RepoClear Transaction, RepoClear GC Transaction, Repo Trade, Bond Trade or GC Trade, or ForexClear Transaction.

**Participating Exchange**

- An organisation (whether an exchange, association, company or otherwise), other than an Exchange, responsible for administering a futures, options, stock or other market which has concluded a Link Agreement with the Clearing House including such an organisation pursuant to which Link Agreement:

- contracts on the terms of one or more Linked Exchange Contracts are to be transferred to, for
clearing by, such organisation; or

- contracts on the terms of one or more Participating Exchange Contracts are to be transferred to, for clearing by, the Clearing House.

- And, for the purposes of these Regulations, the term "Participating Exchange" shall include a Co-operating Clearing House and Co-operating Exchange and any clearing house (other than the Clearing House) which from time to time provides clearing services to such organisation.

**Participating Exchange Contract**
- In respect of a Participating Exchange, means a class of contract, the terms of which are published by the Participating Exchange from time to time, permitted to be made by members of the Participating Exchange under Participating Exchange Rules and which is the subject of a Link.

**Participating Exchange Rules**
- The provisions of a Participating Exchange's Memorandum or Articles of Association or other constitutional documents, by-laws, rules, regulations, procedures, customs, practices, notices and resolutions in whatever form adopted by such Participating Exchange and any amendment, variation or addition thereto.

**Portfolios**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules.

**premium**
- The consideration for the selling of an option payable by the buyer in accordance with these Regulations and the Procedures.

**Price**
- In the case of:

  (i) a contract on the terms of an exchange contract which is to be performed by delivery of a commodity, the consideration to be paid by the buyer in cash in the currency prescribed by the terms of the exchange contract, and in the case of an exchange contract which is a contract for differences, the valuation quoted as a price under its terms: or

  (ii) an OTC Contract, the price calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with the Regulations and the Procedures; or

  (iii) an EquityClear Contract, the consideration to be paid by the buyer in cash in the currency as set out in the ATP Match or ATP Match or EquityClear Novation Transaction information received by the Clearing House or its relevant approved agent; or

  (iv) an LCH EnClear OTC Contract, the price calculated by the Clearing House in accordance with the Regulations and Procedures.
Procedures
- One or more documents containing the working practices and administrative or other requirements of the Clearing House for the purposes of implementing or supplementing these Regulations, or the procedures for application for and regulation of membership of the Clearing House and in respect of SwapClear Dealers, RepoClear Dealers, EquityClear NCMs, and ForexClear Dealers respectively, for:

(i) application for admission to the Register of SwapClear Dealers and regulation of SwapClear Dealers admitted to the Register;

(ii) application for admission to the Register of RepoClear Dealers and regulation of RepoClear Dealers;

(iii) application for admission to the Register of EquityClear NCMs.

(iv) application for admission to the Register of ForexClear Dealers.

and "Procedures" includes FCM Procedures when used in the Default Rules and the Default Fund Rules.

Prompt Date
- In respect of an exchange contract, the meaning ascribed to it in the Exchange Rules governing such contract.

Proprietary Account
- Means a house account with the Clearing House opened in the name of a Member to which Contracts made by the Member for its own account are registered and to which monies in respect of such Contracts are credited.

Protest
- Has the meaning given to it in Exchange Rules.

Reference Currency Buyer
- Means in relation to ForexClear Contract that is a Non-Deliverable FX Transaction, the party specified as the 'Reference Currency Buyer' in the Economic Terms.

Reference Currency Seller
- Means in relation to ForexClear Contract that is a Non-Deliverable FX Transaction, the party specified as the 'Reference Currency Seller' in the Economic Terms.

Reference Price
- A price (howsoever called) by reference to which a Contract is settled to market, marked to market, settled or valued in accordance with the Regulations and Procedures.

Register of EquityClear NCMs
- The register which lists EquityClear NCMs.

Register of ForexClear Dealers
- The register which lists ForexClear Dealers regarded by the Clearing House as for the time being eligible to submit contracts for registration as ForexClear Contracts by the Clearing House.

Register of RepoClear Dealers
- The register which lists RepoClear Dealers regarded by the Clearing House as for the time being eligible to submit contracts for registration as RepoClear Contracts or
RepoClear GC Contracts by the Clearing House or to deal through one or more Automated Trading Systems specified by the Clearing House in respect of each such RepoClear Dealer pursuant to which the Clearing House becomes a party to RepoClear Contracts or RepoClear GC Contracts, as the case may be, in accordance with the terms of the RepoClear Dealer Clearing Agreement and Regulation 56A.

**Register of SwapClear Dealers**
- The register which lists SwapClear Dealers regarded by the Clearing House as for the time being eligible to submit contracts for registration as SwapClear Contracts by the Clearing House.

**Registration Time**
- In respect of SwapClear Contracts shall have the meaning given in Regulation 47(d) or Regulation 48(d) as applicable; in respect of RepoClear Contracts and RepoClear SGC Contracts, shall have the meaning given in Regulation 54(d) or Regulation 55(d), as applicable; in respect of LCH EnClear OTC Contracts, shall have the meaning given in Regulation 73A, in respect of HKMEx Contracts, shall have the meaning given in Regulation 89(b), in respect of Nodal Contracts, shall have the meaning given in Regulation 93(b), in respect of ForexClear Contracts, shall have the meaning given in Regulation 104(d).

**Regulations**
- The Clearing House's General Regulations which include the Link Regulations, Default Rules, Default Fund Rules and Clearing House Settlement Finality Regulations, from time to time in force.

**Regulatory Body**
- The Secretary of State, The Financial Services Authority or professional body designated under Part XX of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 or other body given regulatory powers under that Act, the Bank of England, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission of the United States (CFTC) or any department, agency, office or tribunal of a nation or state or any other body or authority which exercises a regulatory or supervisory function under the laws of the United Kingdom or under any foreign law.

**Relevant Contract**
- Has the meaning assigned to it Regulation 52B.

**re-opening contract**
- A contract arising pursuant to Regulation 20(c) or (d).

**Repo Trade**
- A trading activity in which a RepoClear Participant ("the First Participant") offers to sell (or buy) RepoClear Eligible Securities, and another RepoClear Participant ("the Second Participant") offers to buy (or sell, as the case may be) those securities, on condition that, at the end of a specified period of time, the Second Participant sells (or buys, as the case may be) equivalent securities and the First Participant buys (or sells, as the case may be) those equivalent securities, and a trade subsequently ensues.

**RepoClear Clearing Member**
- A Member who is designated by the Clearing House as a RepoClear Clearing Member eligible to clear RepoClear Contracts, RepoClear GC Contracts and RepoClear EGC
Contract.


RepoClear Contract Terms - The Terms set out or referred to in Parts A and B of the Schedule to the RepoClear Regulations.

RepoClear Dealer - A person admitted by the Clearing House to the Register of RepoClear Dealers and who has not been removed from the Register.

RepoClear Dealer Clearing Agreement - A written agreement, in the form and on the terms prescribed by the Clearing House, between a RepoClear Dealer, a RepoClear Clearing Member and the Clearing House which has the function, amongst other things, of setting out the terms on which the RepoClear Clearing Member agrees to clear RepoClear Transactions, RepoClear SGC Transactions, RepoClear EGC Transactions, Repo Trades, Bond Trades, SGC Trades and EGC Trades for the RepoClear Dealer.

RepoClear Eligibility Criteria - With regard to RepoClear Transactions, Bond Trades and Repo Trades the product criteria set out in Part B ("Product Criteria for registration as a RepoClear Contract") of the Schedule to the RepoClear Regulations, and with regard to RepoClear SGC Transactions and SGC Trades, the product criteria set out in Part F ("Product Eligibility Criteria for registration as a RepoClear SGC Contract") of the Schedule to the RepoClear Regulations and with regard to RepoClear EGC Transactions and EGC Trades, the product criteria set out in Part H ("Product Eligibility Criteria for the registration of a RepoClear EGC contract") of the Schedule to the RepoClear Regulations.

RepoClear Eligible Securities - With regard to RepoClear Transactions, Bond Trades and Repo Trades securities of a type described in Part B to the Schedule to the RepoClear Regulations, and which appear in the list published for this purpose from time to time by the Clearing House.


RepoClear EGC Contract Terms - The Terms set out or referred to in Parts G and H of the Schedule to the RepoClear Regulations.

RepoClear EGC Transaction - A contract, meeting the requirements of the Regulations and Procedures for registration as a RepoClear EGC Contract, details of which are presented to the Clearing House for registration in the name of RepoClear Clearing Members in accordance with the Regulations, Procedures and the terms of any agreement entered into between the Clearing House and each such RepoClear Clearing Member, and any
RepoClear Dealer Clearing Agreement, as applicable.

**RepoClear GC Contract**
- A RepoClear €GC Contract or a RepoClear SGC Contract.

**RepoClear GC Transaction**
- A RepoClear €GC Transaction or a RepoClear SGC Transaction.

**RepoClear Open Offer Eligibility Criteria**
- With regard to Bond Trades, Repo Trades and GC Trades, the requirements set out in paragraphs (i) to (v) inclusive of Regulation 56(c) of the Regulations or in sub-paragraphs (i) to (vi) inclusive of Regulation 56A(c) of the Regulations, as applicable;

**RepoClear Participants**
- RepoClear Clearing Members and RepoClear Dealers and “RepoClear Participant” means any of them.

**RepoClear Regulations**
- The Clearing House’s RepoClear Regulations, applicable to RepoClear Contracts only, from time to time in force.

**RepoClear SGC Contract**
- A Contract entered into by the Clearing House with a RepoClear Clearing Member on the RepoClear SGC Contract Terms.

**RepoClear SGC Transaction**
- A contract, meeting the requirements of the Regulations and Procedures for registration as a RepoClear SGC Contract, details of which are presented to the Clearing House for registration in the name of RepoClear Clearing Members in accordance with the Regulations, Procedures and the terms of any agreement entered into between the Clearing House and each such RepoClear Clearing Member, and any RepoClear Dealer Clearing Agreement, as applicable.

**RepoClear Transaction**
- A contract, meeting the requirements of the Regulations and Procedures for registration as a RepoClear Contract, details of which are presented to the Clearing House for registration in the name of RepoClear Clearing Members in accordance with the Regulations, Procedures and the terms of any agreement entered into between the Clearing House and each such RepoClear Clearing Member, and any RepoClear Dealer Clearing Agreement, as applicable. A “RepoClear Repo Transaction” is such a contract for the trade of a repo; a “RepoClear Bond Transaction” is such a contract for the trade of bond/s.

**Reported Trade**
- A trade, other than a trade resulting in a Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook Match, which is reported to EDX for registration with the Clearing House in accordance with Exchange Rules or the terms of any arrangements entered into between TGHL and a Co-operating Exchange.

**Required Collateral**
- Means, in relation to SwapClear Clearing Client Business, the margin required by the Clearing House from a SwapClear Clearing Member from time to time in respect of its SwapClear Client Business.

**Risk Neutralisation**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules.
Rulebook  - The Regulations, Default Rules, Settlement Finality Regulations, Procedures, and such other rules of the Clearing House, as published and amended from time to time.

Rules of the Clearing House  - The Rulebook of the Clearing House including the General Regulations, Default Rules, Settlement Finality Rules, Procedures and these NYSE Liffe Clearing Regulations

SCM Branch  - A branch or part of a SwapClear Clearing Member, not being a different legal person from the SwapClear Clearing Member, which is authorized by the Clearing House to submit to the Clearing House, in the name of that SwapClear Clearing Member, SwapClear Transactions for registration, subject to these Regulations and the Procedures, by the Clearing House as SwapClear Contracts.

segregated client  - A person whose monies are held by a Member separately from the Member's own monies with whom the Member has agreed (or in respect of which the Member is required) not to use such person's monies for the Member's own account.

seller  - A Member (or the Clearing House where the context so requires) who is a seller under the terms of an exchange contract, a Cleared Exchange Contract, a Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contract, a RepoClear Transaction, a RepoClear SGC Transaction, a RepoClear Contract, a RepoClear SGC Contract, an EquityClear ATP Match, an EquityClear Novation Transaction, an EquityClear Contract, or an LCH EnClear OTC Contract, as the case may be.

Service  - means any one of the services made available by the Clearing House: (i) to an Exchange; (ii) under the SwapClear Regulations and the FCM Regulations; (iii) under the RepoClear Regulations; (iv) under the EquityClear Regulations; (v) under the LCH EnClear OTC Regulations; (vi) under the Turquoise Derivatives Regulations; (vii) under the HKMEx Regulations; (viii) under the Nodal Regulations; (ix) under the NYSE LIFFE Regulations; or (x) under the ForexClear Regulations.

settlement contract  - A contract between the Clearing House and a Member arising pursuant to Regulation 15(b), Regulation 73C(b) or Regulation 91(b) or 95(b).

settlement price  - One or more prices determined and issued by an Exchange in accordance with its Exchange Rules in respect of a delivery month or prompt date; or

- In relation to a Contract other than an exchange contract, one or more prices determined in accordance with the Regulations or the Procedures.

SGC Trade  - A trading activity in which a RepoClear Participant ("the First Participant") offers to sell (or buy) an agreed value of securities comprised in an SGC Basket, to be allocated in
accordance with the RepoClear Procedures applicable to RepoClear SGC Contracts, and another RepoClear Participant ("the Second Participant") offers to buy (or sell, as the case may be) the securities so allocated, on the conditions that:

(i) at the end of a specified period of time, the Second Participant sells (or buys, as the case may be) Equivalent Securities (as such term is used in the RepoClear SGC Contract Terms) and the First Participant buys (or sells, as the case may be) those Equivalent Securities; and

(ii) the understanding of the parties is that their obligations during the term of the transaction will be represented by a series of overnight repurchase transactions effected through Euroclear UK and Ireland delivery by value (DBV) functionality, as contemplated by the RepoClear Procedures applicable to RepoClear SGC Contracts,

and a trade subsequently ensues.

**Special Member**

- (a) An organisation which has the necessary licences, authorisations and approvals to act as a clearing house or otherwise provide clearing services or an organisation which has the necessary licences, authorisations and approvals to administer a futures, options, stock or other market and also to act as a clearing house in respect of such market or markets.

- (b) An organisation carrying on comparable activities as the Clearing House may determine from time to time, which has concluded a Clearing Membership Agreement with the Clearing House in such form as the parties may agree, pursuant to which such organisation clears specific types of Contract and agrees to be bound by these Regulations as a Member, to the extent and subject to any variations agreed in such Clearing Membership Agreement.

**Standard Terms**

- That part of the SwapClear Contract Terms, the RepoClear Contract Terms, the LCH EnClear OTC Contract Terms, or the ForexClear Contract Terms designated as Standard Terms by the Clearing House from time to time.

**strike price**

- The price specified in an option contract which becomes the price of the commodity under a contract for the future sale and purchase of that commodity for future delivery or, as the case may be, under a delivery contract, in either case on the exercise of the option, the subject of such option contract, in accordance with Exchange Rules, these Regulations and the Procedures.

**SwapClear Clearing Agreement**

- Means the client clearing agreement providing for the creation of a separate ISDA Master Agreement (including any Credit Support Annex and other supplementary
agreements) between a SwapClear Clearing Member and a SwapClear Clearing Client in relation to the SwapClear Clearing Services.

**SwapClear Clearing Client**
- Means an Individual Segregated Account Clearing Client or an Omnibus Net Segregated Clearing Client.

**SwapClear Clearing Client Business**
- Means Individual Segregated Account Business and Omnibus Net Segregated Business entered into by a SwapClear Clearing Member in respect of its SwapClear Clearing Clients.

**SwapClear Clearing Client Entitlement**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in Regulation 52B.

**SwapClear Clearing End-User Notice**
- Means the SwapClear Clearing End-User Notice as specified by the Clearing House from time to time.

**SwapClear Clearing House Business**
- Means SwapClear Contracts entered into by a SwapClear Clearing Member with the Clearing House on a proprietary basis and for its own account.

**SwapClear Clearing Member (SCM)**
- A Member who is designated by the Clearing House as a SwapClear Clearing Member eligible to clear SwapClear Contracts which includes, in the case of the Default Rules, the Default Fund Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex), the FCM Default Fund Agreement and any other document, rule or procedure as specified by the Clearing House from time to time, an FCM Clearing Member.

**SwapClear Clearing Services**
- Means the entering into of SwapClear Contracts by a SwapClear Clearing Member in respect of its Individual Segregated Account Clearing Clients and its Omnibus Net Segregated Clearing Clients.

**SwapClear Clearing Client Entitlement**
- Has the meaning assigned to it General Regulation 52B.

**SwapClear Contract**
- A Contract entered into by the Clearing House with a SwapClear Clearing Member on the SwapClear Contract Terms which includes, in the case of the Default Rules (including the SwapClear DMP Annex), the Default Fund Rules, the FCM Default Fund Agreement and any other document, rule or procedure as specified by the Clearing House from time to time, an FCM SwapClear Contract.

**SwapClear Contract Terms**
- The terms applicable to each SwapClear Contract as set out from time to time in the Schedule to the SwapClear Regulations or the Procedures.

**SwapClear Dealer (SD)**
- A person admitted by the Clearing House to the Register of SwapClear Dealers and who has not been removed from the Register.

**SwapClear Dealer Clearing Agreement**
- A written agreement, in the form and on the terms prescribed by the Clearing House between a SwapClear Dealer, a SwapClear Clearing Member and the Clearing
House which has the function, amongst other things, of setting out the terms on which the SwapClear Clearing Member agrees to clear SwapClear Transactions for the SwapClear Dealer.

**SwapClear DMG**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules;

**SwapClear DMP**
- Has the meaning assigned to it in the Default Rules;

**SwapClear Participants**
- **SwapClear Clearing Members, SCM Branches and SwapClear Dealers**, and "SwapClear Participant" means any of them.

**SwapClear Regulations**
- The Regulations entitled as such, applicable to SwapClear Contracts only, from time to time in force.

**SwapClear Transaction**
- A contract, meeting the eligibility criteria for registration as a SwapClear Contract, entered into between two SwapClear Participants, of which particulars are presented to the Clearing House for registration in the name of SwapClear Clearing Members in accordance with the Regulations and the terms of any agreement entered into between the Clearing House and each such SwapClear Dealer. In addition, a SwapClear Transaction shall include an FCM SwapClear Transaction where the relevant SwapClear Clearing member is an Executing Party.

**SWORD**
- The system operated by the Clearing House for, inter alia, facilitating the issue, recording and electronic transfer of London Metal Exchange warrants.

**tender**
- A notice in writing, given by or on behalf of a seller (or buyer where Exchange Rules so require) pursuant to Exchange Rules these Regulations and the Procedures, of an intention to make (or take) delivery of a commodity.

**The Clearing House Turquoise Derivatives Services**
- The services provided by the Clearing House pursuant to the Turquoise Derivatives Regulations.

**TGHL**
- Turquoise Global Holding London Limited whose registered office is at 10 Paternoster Square, London EC4M 7LS.

**Turquoise Derivatives Account**
- An account maintained in the name of TGHL. by the Clearing House pursuant to Regulation 5 in which Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contracts may be registered pursuant to Regulation 75, 80 or in such other circumstances as may be agreed between TGHL. and the Clearing House from time to time.

**Turquoise Derivatives Cleared Exchange Contract**
- A Contract entered into by the Clearing House in accordance with the Turquoise Derivatives Regulations.

**Turquoise Derivatives Contract Specification**
- In respect of a Turquoise Derivatives Eligible Product, the relevant contract specification set out in the Turquoise
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives Eligible Product</td>
<td>A product which TGHL has agreed from time to time with the Clearing House is to be cleared by the Clearing House pursuant to these Regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives Non-Clearing Member (Turquoise Derivatives NCM)</td>
<td>A member of TGHL who is not a Member and is party to a subsisting Turquoise Derivatives NCM-GCM Agreement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook</td>
<td>The electronic orderbook operated by TGHL for the trading of Turquoise Derivatives Eligible Products.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook Match or Orderbook Match</td>
<td>A match made on the Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook of two sets of Turquoise Derivatives Trade Particulars submitted by or on behalf of two Members or a match made on the Combined Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook of two sets of Turquoise Derivatives Trade Particulars submitted by or on behalf of a Member and a Linked Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives Regulations</td>
<td>The Regulations set out in Regulations 74 to 87 inclusive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives Trade Particulars</td>
<td>Means the trade particulars of an order submitted to the Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook by or on behalf of a Member or, in the case of a Member which is a Co operating Clearing House, submitted to the Combined Turquoise Derivatives Orderbook by or on behalf of a relevant Linked Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives OTC Trade</td>
<td>An OTC trade reported to TGHL London in accordance with its Rules for its OTC Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turquoise Derivatives Transactions</td>
<td>An Orderbook Match, Turquoise Derivatives OTC Trade, Reported Trade, Cross-Border Re-registration and a Cross-Border Transfer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade Allocation Agreement</td>
<td>An agreement in one or more forms and in the terms prescribed by an Exchange, the Clearing House and a Participating Exchange to which, amongst others, a Member is a party which has the function of facilitating, amongst other things, the transfer, in accordance with Regulation 41, of those Contracts on the terms of a Linked Exchange Contract which are permitted by the terms of such agreement to be transferred under such agreement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trade correction procedures</td>
<td>The procedures established for the purposes of a Link to facilitate the correction of errors contemplated by such procedures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trading Platform Particulars</td>
<td>The orders or other trade particulars submitted in respect of the sale or purchase of EquityClear Eligible Equities or EquityClear Eligible ccCFD(s), to an ATP in accordance with the relevant ATP Market Rules by, or on behalf of, an EquityClear Clearing Member (including, where relevant, submission of such orders or other trade particulars by or on behalf of an EquityClear NCM on behalf of the relevant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EquityClear Clearing Member pursuant to, and in accordance with, the relevant Approved EquityClear Clearing Agreement between them and the relevant ATP Market Rules) or, in the case of an EquityClear Mixed Member Match, by, or on behalf of a member of a relevant Co-operating Clearing House.

**Treasury Contract**
- Means any contract, including a contract of deposit, entered into by the Clearing House with that Member for purposes of, in connection with or otherwise in the course of its treasury management activities.

**Treasury Account**
- Means any accounting process under which an amount due under a Treasury Contract from a member to the Clearing House is set off against any amount due from the Clearing House to that Member.

**variation margin**
- An amount determined by the Clearing House in accordance with the Procedures in respect of original contracts or open contracts (as the case may be) by reference to the difference between the contract value of such contracts (as determined in accordance with the Procedures) and the value of such contracts at official quotations or at such other prices as the Clearing House may determine pursuant to the Procedures. The term "variation margin" shall include daily settlement amounts save where the context otherwise requires.

Terms not otherwise defined have the meaning given to them in the General Regulations of the Clearing House.

Any reference in these Regulations or the Procedures to statutes or statutory instruments or provisions thereof shall be to such statutes or statutory instruments or provisions thereof as amended, modified or replaced from time to time.

Reference to writing contained in these Regulations or the Procedures shall include typing, printing, lithography, photography or any other mode of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Words importing the singular shall, where the context permits, include the plural and vice-versa.

Any reference to time contained in these Regulations or the Procedures shall, unless otherwise stated, be to London time. Times are shown using the twenty four hour clock.

Any reference in these Regulations to a person or a party (howsoever described) shall include its successors.

Headings are used herein for ease of reference only.
Regulation 39B  Distribution of Assets

(a) Where (after the netting and set-off provided for in Regulation 39A and Regulation 5(i)) the Clearing House has insufficient assets available to it to pay all Termination Amounts in full (determined in accordance with FCM Regulation 2624A and General Regulation 39A), the claims of the Clearing Members (which shall include FCM Clearing Members for the purposes of this Regulation 39B) of each Service shall be met first to those Clearing Members who are SCMs and/or FXCCMs in an amount equal to the outstanding SwapClear Contributions of such SCMs and/or ForexClear Contributions of such FXCCMs (as applicable) and, thereafter, pro rata to each Clearing Member’s respective claim (and in respect of SCMs who have received an amount relating to their outstanding SwapClear Contributions, their respective claims shall be reduced by such amounts so received; and in respect of FXCCMs who have received an amount relating to their outstanding ForexClear Contributions, their respective claims shall be reduced by such amounts so received). To the extent the Clearing House does not have sufficient assets available to it to pay each SCM and/or FXCCM the amount equal to the sum of its outstanding SwapClear Contribution and/or its outstanding ForexClear Contribution (as applicable), the Clearing House shall distribute the assets available to it to each SCM and/or FXCCM (as applicable) in an amount equal to the proportion that the outstanding SwapClear Contribution of the relevant SCM and/or the outstanding ForexClear Contribution of the relevant FXCCM bears to the aggregate of: (a) the sum of the outstanding SwapClear Contributions of all SCMs; and (b) the sum of the outstanding ForexClear Contributions of all FXCCMs.

(b) For the purposes of this Regulation 39B the term “SCMs” shall include “FCM Clearing Members”
Regulation 47  Registration of SwapClear Contracts

(a) A SwapClear Participant must submit particulars of a SwapClear Transaction for registration as a SwapClear Contract, through an office of that SwapClear Participant (a "Designated Office") as agreed to in writing with the Clearing House and, if party to a SwapClear Dealer Clearing Agreement, with its SwapClear Clearing Member.

(b) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this Regulation, a SwapClear Clearing Member shall be bound by a SwapClear Contract registered in its name pursuant to the presentation of particulars of a SwapClear Transaction by it (including presentation by any SCM Branch of that SwapClear Clearing Member) or by a SwapClear Dealer with whom it is party to a SwapClear Dealer Clearing Agreement and regardless of whether the SwapClear Clearing Member or SwapClear Dealer (as the case may be) entered into the SwapClear Transaction through a Designated Office or an office which is not a Designated Office, provided that the particulars of such SwapClear Transaction were submitted to the Clearing House through a Designated Office.

(c) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this Regulation, a SwapClear Transaction, particulars of which are submitted for registration as a SwapClear Contract, must meet the eligibility criteria prescribed in these Regulations and the Procedures at the time the particulars of the SwapClear Transaction are presented to the Clearing House and must continue to meet such criteria at the Registration Time in order to be registered as a SwapClear Contract.

(d) The Clearing House shall be deemed to register a SwapClear Contract, in accordance with Regulation 48, in the name of a SwapClear Clearing Member at the time prescribed in the Procedures ("Registration Time").

(e) For the avoidance of doubt, any transaction of which details have been submitted by SwapClear Participants for registration as a SwapClear Contract which is not so registered will remain in effect between the persons party thereto in accordance with any terms agreed between them and the Clearing House shall have no obligations or liability in relation thereto.

(f) If at any time after registration of a SwapClear Contract the Clearing House determines that the corresponding transaction of which details were submitted for registration did not, at the Registration Time, meet the eligibility criteria for registration as a SwapClear Contract, the Clearing House shall, as soon as practicable thereafter, set aside such SwapClear Contract. Upon the SwapClear Contract being set aside under this Regulation 47(f), the particulars of the transaction in question shall be deemed never to have been submitted to the Clearing House and such transaction shall remain in effect between the persons party thereto in accordance with any terms agreed between them. Any payment made under, or in respect of, a SwapClear Contract set aside under this paragraph shall be repayable to the person who made the payment. Without prejudice to Regulation 39 and its obligations under this Regulation 47(f), the Clearing House (and each other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group and their respective officers, employees and agents) shall have no liability whatsoever to any person arising out of or in respect of the registration by it in error or otherwise of a SwapClear Contract in respect of a transaction which did not meet the eligibility criteria at the Registration Time to enable it to be registered as a SwapClear Contract.

(g) Where a SwapClear Contract relates to an FCM SwapClear Transaction, it is a condition for registration as a SwapClear Contract that the FCM SwapClear Transaction to which the SwapClear Contract relates be presented for clearing: (i) by an Executing Party (in its capacity as an FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member or through its
designated FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member) as a SwapClear Contract or FCM SwapClear Contract (as the case may be); and (ii) by an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of its FCM Client as an FCM SwapClear Contract. In the event that the Clearing House registers a SwapClear Contract and, for whatever reason, the corresponding FCM SwapClear Contract has not also been registered, the SwapClear Contract shall be deemed not to be registered as a SwapClear Contract until such time as such corresponding FCM SwapClear Contract has been registered.

In relation to an FCM SwapClear Transaction, if either the Executing Party (in its capacity as an FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member or through its designated FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member) or the FCM Clearing Member (as the case may be) does not present an FCM SwapClear Transaction for clearing, the Clearing House shall set aside any FCM SwapClear Contract or SwapClear Contract that has been registered (if any) and the particulars of the corresponding FCM SwapClear Transaction in question shall at the Clearing House's discretion be either: (i) deemed never to have been submitted to the Clearing House; or (ii) rejected until such time as the Executing Party (in its capacity as an FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member or through its designated FCM Clearing Member or SwapClear Clearing Member) or the FCM Clearing Member have presented the relevant contract to the Clearing House. In addition, any payment made under, or in respect of, any FCM SwapClear Contract set aside or deemed not cleared under this paragraph shall be repayable to the person who made the payment. Without prejudice to FCM Regulation 2624 and its obligations under this Regulation 47 and FCM Regulation 530, the Clearing House (and each other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group and their respective officers, employees and agents) shall have no liability whatsoever to any person arising out of or in respect of the registration by it in error or otherwise of an FCM SwapClear Contract.
FOREXCLEAR REGULATIONS

Regulation 103  Application of ForexClear Regulations

(a) The Clearing House shall provide the ForexClear Service subject to and in accordance with the terms of these ForexClear Regulations and the Procedures.

(b) ForexClear Clearing Members shall be bound by these ForexClear Regulations. Applications to become a ForexClear Clearing Member shall be made in accordance with Regulation 103(d) and (e). Other than as expressly specified in this Regulation 103, the remainder of the Regulations shall not apply to the ForexClear Service. A summary table of those Regulations which apply to the ForexClear Service as described in Regulation 103(a) to (o) is provided at Regulation 103(p).

(c) Regulations 1 and 2 of the Regulations apply to the ForexClear Service.

ForexClear Clearing Membership

(d) A Clearing Member may apply to become a ForexClear Clearing Member in accordance with the Procedures.

(e) Regulation 4(a) to 4(c) applies to membership of the ForexClear Service and applications for such membership.

Accounts

(f) Regulation 5 applies to the opening and operation of accounts with respect to a ForexClear Clearing Member. Such accounts shall be designated in accordance with Regulation 8.

Formation, registration and transfers of ForexClear Contracts

(g) Regulations 9(b), 9(c) and 10 apply to the registration of a ForexClear Contract.

(h) Regulation 104 and Regulation 105 (a) govern the registration and formation of a ForexClear Contract.

(i) Regulation 3(b) of the Regulations applies to the ForexClear Service.

(j) Regulation 11 (and, insofar as relevant, Regulation 3(b)) apply to a ForexClear Contract that is an open contract.

Margin and cover for margin

(k) Regulation 12 applies to a ForexClear Clearing Member.

Reference prices and Revaluation

(l) Regulations 14 and Regulation 108 apply to open ForexClear Contracts.

Other Applicable Regulations

(m) Regulations 26 to 39B inclusive apply to ForexClear Clearing Members and ForexClear Contracts.

Default Rules and Default Fund Rules
(n) The Default Rules (including the ForexClear DMP Annex) and the Default Fund Rules apply to ForexClear Clearing Members and ForexClear Contracts.

Clearing House Settlement Finality Regulations


Summary table of Regulations which apply to the ForexClear Service

(p) The Regulations listed in this Regulation 103(p) apply to the ForexClear Service as described under Regulation 103(a) to (o).

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Regulation 104  Registration of ForexClear Contracts

(a) In order to use the ForexClear Service, a ForexClear Participant must submit the particulars of a ForexClear Transaction for registration as a ForexClear Contract in accordance with these ForexClear Regulations and the Procedures.

(b) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this Regulation, a ForexClear Clearing Member shall be bound by a ForexClear Contract registered in its name pursuant to the presentation of particulars of a ForexClear Transaction by it or by a ForexClear Dealer with whom the ForexClear Clearing Member is party to a FDC Agreement.

(c) Without prejudice to the Clearing House’s rights under paragraph (f) of this Regulation, a ForexClear Transaction, particulars of which are submitted for registration as a ForexClear Contract, must meet the ForexClear Eligibility Criteria at the time the particulars of the ForexClear Transaction are presented to the Clearing House and must continue to meet such ForexClear Eligibility Criteria at the Registration Time as defined in Regulation 104(d) below in order to be registered as a ForexClear Contract.

(d) The Clearing House shall be deemed to register a ForexClear Contract, in accordance with Regulation 105, in the name of a ForexClear Clearing Member at the time prescribed in the Procedures (“Registration Time”).

(e) For the avoidance of doubt, any transaction of which details have been submitted by ForexClear Participants for registration as a ForexClear Contract which is not so registered will remain in effect between the persons party thereto in accordance with any terms agreed between them and the Clearing House (and each other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group and their respective officers, employees and agents) shall have no obligations or liability in relation thereto.

(f) Subject to Regulation 104(h), if at any time falling after the registration of any ForexClear Contract the Clearing House determines that the corresponding transaction of which details were submitted for registration did not, at the Registration Time, meet the ForexClear Eligibility Criteria in existence at the Registration Time (an “Ineligible Transaction”), the Clearing House shall, as soon as practicable thereafter, set aside both ForexClear Contracts arising from such Ineligible Transaction in accordance with Regulation 104(g) below.

(g) Upon a ForexClear Contract (an “Ineligible ForexClear Contract”) being set aside under Regulation 104(f), the Clearing House will notify the FXCCM party to such Ineligible ForexClear Contract via the ForexClear Matcher that such Ineligible ForexClear Contract has been set aside. The following shall take effect immediately upon the delivery of such notice: (i) such Ineligible ForexClear Contract shall be deemed to be terminated at the time of the notification and shall thereafter have no force or effect; (ii) all variation margin (if any) paid by the Clearing House or by an FXCCM in respect of such Ineligible ForexClear Contract shall be retained by the receiving party upon termination; (iii) where there is a difference between the value of the Ineligible ForexClear Contract as at the last margin run and the value (as determined by the Clearing House) of that Ineligible ForexClear Contract at the time of the next official settlement rate for that currency pair, then a payment shall be made between the FXCCMs to the original Ineligible Transaction equal to such difference; and (iv) these payments shall be deemed to satisfy in full the relevant party’s obligations under the Ineligible ForexClear Contract and shall be retained by the receiving party upon termination as a termination payment.
The Clearing House may not determine a transaction to be an Ineligible Transaction if after the Valuation Date (as defined in Part A of the Schedule to the ForexClear Regulations) in respect of the ForexClear Contracts arising from the registration of such a transaction has occurred.

Where an original party to an Ineligible Transaction is an FXD upon the setting aside of the Ineligible ForexClear Contract under Regulation 104(f), any Parallel Contract (as defined in the FDC Agreement) corresponding to the Ineligible Transaction and arising by operation of the FDC Agreement shall be terminated at the same value as the Ineligible ForexClear Contract to which it corresponds at the time of the notification under Regulation 104(g) and shall thereafter have no force or effect.

The Clearing House shall provide no less than 10 business days’ prior notice (including by email) to ForexClear Clearing Members of an amendment to the ForexClear Eligibility Criteria.

Where a ForexClear Contract relates to an FCM ForexClear Transaction, it is a condition for registration as a ForexClear Contract that the FCM ForexClear Transaction to which the ForexClear Contract relates be presented for clearing: (i) by an Executing Party (in its capacity as an FCM Clearing Member or ForexClear Clearing Member or through its designated FCM Clearing Member or ForexClear Clearing Member) as a ForexClear Contract or FCM ForexClear Contract (as the case may be); and (ii) by an FCM Clearing Member on behalf of its FCM Client as an FCM ForexClear Contract. In the event that the Clearing House registers a ForexClear Contract and, for whatever reason, the corresponding FCM ForexClear Contract has not also been registered, the ForexClear Contract shall be deemed not to be registered as a ForexClear Contract until such time as such corresponding FCM ForexClear Contract has been registered.

In relation to an FCM ForexClear Transaction, if either the Executing Party (in its capacity as an FCM Clearing Member or ForexClear Clearing Member or through its designated FCM Clearing Member or ForexClear Clearing Member) or the FCM Clearing Member (as the case may be) does not present an FCM ForexClear Transaction for clearing, the Clearing House shall set aside any FCM ForexClear Contract or ForexClear Contract that has been registered (if any) and the particulars of the corresponding FCM ForexClear Transaction in question shall at the Clearing House’s discretion be either: (i) deemed never to have been submitted to the Clearing House; or (ii) rejected until such time as the Executing Party (in its capacity as an FCM Clearing Member or ForexClear Clearing Member or through its designated FCM Clearing Member or ForexClear Clearing Member) or the FCM Clearing Member have presented the relevant contract to the Clearing House. In addition, any payment made under, or in respect of, any FCM ForexClear Contract set aside or deemed not cleared under this paragraph shall be repayable to the person who made the payment. Without prejudice to FCM Regulation 24 and its obligations under this Regulation 104 and FCM Regulation 40, the Clearing House (and each other member of the LCH.Clearnet Group and their respective officers, employees and agents) shall have no liability whatsoever to any person arising out of or in respect of the registration by it in error or otherwise of an FCM ForexClear Contract.
Regulation 105  ForexClear Contracts

(a) A ForexClear Transaction presented for registration to, and accepted by, the Clearing House shall be registered by the Clearing House as two ForexClear Contracts, one between the First ForexClear Clearing Member as the Reference Currency Buyer and the Clearing House as the Reference Currency Seller, as principals to such contract, and the other between the Clearing House as the Reference Currency Buyer and the Second ForexClear Clearing Member as the Reference Currency Seller, as principals to such contract. For the purposes of this Regulation:

(i) "First ForexClear Clearing Member" is a ForexClear Clearing Member who was, before registration of the ForexClear Contract, party to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction as the Reference Currency Buyer, or who has a subsisting FDC Agreement with the ForexClear Dealer who was party to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction as the Reference Currency Buyer; and

(ii) "Second ForexClear Clearing Member" is a ForexClear Clearing Member who was, before registration of the ForexClear Contract, party to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction as the Reference Currency Seller, or who has a subsisting FDC Agreement with the ForexClear Dealer who was party to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction as the Reference Currency Seller.

(b) With effect from registration of a ForexClear Transaction as two ForexClear Contracts under paragraph (a) of this Regulation:

(i) the parties to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction shall be released and discharged from all rights and obligations thereunder which fall due for performance on or after the Registration Time;

(ii) each ForexClear Contract registered under paragraph (a) of this Regulation shall be governed by the ForexClear Contract Terms as applicable to that Contract;

(iii) subject always to sub-paragraph (ii) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, the First ForexClear Clearing Member shall have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the ForexClear Contract to which it is a party as the Reference Currency Buyer had and owed in respect of its counterparty under the corresponding ForexClear Transaction; and

(iv) subject always to sub-paragraph (ii) above, in respect of the Economic Terms, the Second ForexClear Clearing Member shall have the same rights against, and owe the same obligations to, the Clearing House under the ForexClear Contract to which it is party as the Reference Currency Seller had and owed in respect of its counterparty under the corresponding ForexClear Transaction.

(c) In subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) above, a reference to the "same" rights or obligations is a reference to rights or obligations, falling due for exercise or performance after the Registration Time, and which are the same in nature and character as the rights or obligations arising from the Economic Terms of the corresponding ForexClear Transaction (it being assumed, for this purpose, that such ForexClear Transaction was a legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligation of the parties thereto and that the Economic Terms thereof were as presented to the Clearing House for registration), notwithstanding the change in the person entitled to them or obliged to perform them, and subject to any change thereto as a result of the operation of the Standard Terms.
(d) If a ForexClear Transaction, is revoked, avoided or otherwise declared invalid for any reason after particulars of it have been accepted by the Clearing House for registration that revocation, avoidance or invalidity shall not affect any ForexClear Contract arising under this Regulation, Regulation 3(b) or Regulation 11.

(e) In the case of a ForexClear Contract registered by the Clearing House pursuant to rule 6(a) of the Default Rules, the Registration Time shall be deemed to be the time chosen by the Clearing House whereupon this Regulation 105 shall take effect.
Regulation 106  Cancellation of ForexClear Contracts

(a) A ForexClear Member may, in accordance with this Regulation 106 and the Procedures, cancel a ForexClear Contract to which it is a party.

(b) A ForexClear Dealer may, in accordance with this Regulation 106 and the Procedures, cancel a ForexClear Contact that arose from a ForexClear Transaction to which it is a party.

(c) A ForexClear Clearing Member shall be bound by the cancellation of a ForexClear Contract made by the relevant ForexClear Dealer.

(d) A ForexClear Dealer shall have no obligation to inform, notify or seek the consent of any ForexClear Clearing Member prior to initiating the cancellation of a ForexClear Contract in accordance with Regulation 4(d).

(e) Each ForexClear Clearing Member is deemed to grant a continuing authority to the Clearing House to terminate any ForexClear Contract registered in the name of that ForexClear Clearing Member upon the request of a ForexClear Dealer with whom that ForexClear Clearing Member is a party to an FDC Agreement.

(f) The Clearing House shall have no obligation to inform, notify or seek the consent of any ForexClear Clearing Member prior to cancelling a ForexClear Contract in accordance with this Regulation 106.

(g) The cancellation of a ForexClear Contract to which a ForexClear Clearing Member is a party (in this Regulation, the "First ForexClear Contract") is contingent upon inter alia the cancellation of the corresponding ForexClear Contract that arose from the same underlying ForexClear Transaction (in this Regulation, the "Second ForexClear Contract), and vice versa.

(h) The date and time of the cancellation of a ForexClear Contract shall be as reported by the Clearing House in accordance with the Procedures and shall be binding on ForexClear Clearing Members.

(i) The Clearing House may decline to cancel a ForexClear Contract if:

(i) in the opinion of the Clearing House acting in its sole discretion, the cancellation of that ForexClear Contract is not consistent with the Regulations and Procedures of the Clearing House and any policies of the clearing house concerning risk management;

(ii) if there is insufficient margin standing to the credit of a ForexClear Clearing Member's account to accommodate the cancellation of the First ForexClear Contract and/or the Second ForexClear Contract.

(j) With effect from the time of the cancellation of a ForexClear Contract in accordance with this Regulation 106, neither the ForexClear Clearing Member nor the Clearing House shall have any obligations under the terms of that ForexClear Contract and liability in respect thereof.

(k) Upon the cancellation of a ForexClear Contract in accordance with this Regulation 106, the corresponding Parallel Contract (as defined in the FDC Agreement) arising by operation of the FDC Agreement shall also terminate.
Regulation 107  ForexClear Dealers

(a) Application for admission to the Register of ForexClear Dealers shall be made in accordance with these Regulations and the Procedures. An applicant for admission to the Register of ForexClear Dealers must satisfy the criteria prescribed by the Clearing House from time to time in order to be admitted to the Register of ForexClear Dealers. A ForexClear Dealer shall be subject to, and governed by, these Regulations, the Procedures and, if applicable, the FDC Agreement to which it is for the time being party.

(b) A person admitted to the Register of ForexClear Dealers shall ensure that it will, at all times, satisfy the criteria prescribed by the Clearing House, from time to time, for admission to the Register.

(c) The Clearing House may suspend or remove a ForexClear Dealer from the Register of ForexClear Dealers in accordance with these Regulations, the Procedures and, if applicable, the FDC Agreement to which it is for the time being party. Any person who has been suspended from the Register of ForexClear Dealers for a period of more than three months shall be removed from the Register of ForexClear Dealers and must make a new application if it wishes to be readmitted to the Register.

(d) A ForexClear Dealer may request, by giving three months' written notice to the Clearing House, that its name be removed from the Register of ForexClear Dealers. At the end of such notice period, the Clearing House shall remove the ForexClear Dealer from the Register of ForexClear Dealers.

(e) A ForexClear Dealer's suspension or removal from the Register of ForexClear Dealers, under paragraph (c), shall not, where it is a Member, affect its membership of the Clearing House, nor, subject to any contrary determination by the Clearing House under Regulation 4(b), shall it affect the categories of Contract which such a person is eligible to have registered in its name.

(f) Upon the Clearing House serving a default notice in accordance with these Regulations to a ForexClear Clearing Member who is also a ForexClear Dealer, such ForexClear Clearing Member shall automatically be removed from the Register of ForexClear Dealers.

(g) Without prejudice to paragraph (f) of this Regulation, the Clearing House shall suspend from the Register of ForexClear Dealers, for such period as the Clearing House may determine, any Member (i) whose Clearing Membership Agreement has been terminated; or (ii) who is no longer eligible to have ForexClear Contracts registered in its name, and who is not, from the date of such termination under (i) or such ineligibility under (ii), party to a FDC Agreement with another ForexClear Clearing Member, for such period as the Clearing House may determine.
Regulation 108  Variation Margin

(a) The Clearing House shall, at least daily and in accordance with and at the times stated in the Procedures, pay to, or require payment from, a ForexClear Clearing Member cash cover for variation margin. The amount paid represents the change from the preceding business day in the net present value of all ForexClear Contracts registered in that ForexClear Clearing Member’s name.

(b) The net present value of each ForexClear Contract shall be calculated by the Clearing House in such manner and at such times as may be provided in the Procedures. Except as prescribed in the Procedures, the net present value calculated by the Clearing House may in no circumstances be challenged.

(c) The Clearing House pays to (or receives from) each ForexClear Clearing Member interest on cash cover received (or paid) by the Clearing House, calculated in accordance with the Procedures.

(d) This Regulation is without prejudice to the Clearing House’s right to require cover to be provided to it under Regulation 12.
Regulation 109  Withdrawal of the ForexClear Service by the Clearing House

(a) If at any time the Clearing House decides to withdraw the ForexClear Service it shall give not less than six months' written notice to all ForexClear Participants in accordance with the notice provisions in the Clearing Membership Agreement or the FDC Agreement (as applicable) to which a ForexClear Participant is party of the date on which the service will be withdrawn ("the ForexClear Withdrawal Date"). The accidental omission by the Clearing House to give notice under this Regulation to, or the non-receipt of notice under this Regulation by, one or more ForexClear Participants shall not invalidate the ForexClear Withdrawal Date. If the Clearing House becomes aware that it has omitted to give notice under this Regulation to any ForexClear Participant prior to the ForexClear Withdrawal Date it will immediately notify the affected ForexClear Participant(s) of the ForexClear Withdrawal Date in accordance with the notice provisions in the Clearing Membership Agreement or the ForexClear Dealer Clearing FDC Agreement (as applicable) to which a ForexClear Participant is party.

(b) Without prejudice to its rights under the Default Rules, the Clearing House will not, other than pursuant to action under the Default Rules, register a ForexClear Contract, other than a closing-out contract, after notice to withdraw the service has been given under Regulation 109(a).

(c) If, five Business Days before the ForexClear Withdrawal Date, a ForexClear Clearing Member has not closed out all open ForexClear Contracts registered in its name, the Clearing House shall, with five Business Days' notice to the ForexClear Clearing Member be entitled to:

(i) liquidate any or all of such ForexClear Contracts and require such contracts to be cash settled at a price determined by the Clearing House; and

(ii) postpone the ForexClear Withdrawal Date until such time as the Clearing House determines.

(d) Business Days for the purpose of this Regulation 109 means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for general business in London.
SCHEDULE TO THE FOREXCLEAR REGULATIONS

Part A
ForexClear Contract Terms

The terms of a registered ForexClear Contract shall include these ForexClear Contract Terms which shall comprise:

(1) Interpretation;

(2) Economic Terms; and

(3) Standard Terms, being both the:

A. Specific Standard Terms; and

B. General Standard Terms

In the event of any inconsistency between the Economic Terms and the Standard Terms, the Standard Terms will prevail.

Subject to the Regulations and the Procedures, the Clearing House will use the ForexClear Contract Terms applicable to a ForexClear Contract to calculate the amounts due under the ForexClear Contract to, or from, the Clearing House in accordance with the Procedures.

1. Interpretation ("Interpretation")

1.1. "ISDA Definitions" means the 1998 FX and Currency Options Definitions (including Annex A thereto) as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. ("ISDA"), the Emerging Markets Trade Association ("EMTA") and The Foreign Exchange Committee ("FXC") and the same are incorporated by reference herein.

1.2. Words and expressions used in these ForexClear Contract Terms which are not defined in the Regulations and the Procedures but which are defined in the ISDA Definitions shall bear the same meaning herein as in the ISDA Definitions, unless expressly provided otherwise.

1.3. In the event of an inconsistency, the Regulations and Procedures will prevail over the ISDA Definitions.

1.4. References in the ISDA Definitions to an "FX Transaction" shall be deemed to be references to a "ForexClear Transaction" for the purposes of ForexClear.

1.5. Except where expressly stated otherwise, all reference to "Sections" means Sections in the ISDA Definitions.

1.6. In relation to any amendment to the ISDA Definitions published from time to time by ISDA, EMTA and FXC, the Clearing House may from time to time, by notice delivered to the ForexClear Clearing Members, give directions as to whether such amendment shall apply to ForexClear Contracts with immediate effect or with such deferred effect as the Clearing House shall determine (provided that in any event any such amendment shall only apply in relation to ForexClear Contracts that have a Trade Date that falls on or after the effective date of such amendment).

1.7. Any such notice may provide that despite the application of any such amendment to the ISDA Definitions to ForexClear Contracts going forward, these ForexClear Contracts shall
continue, for the purpose of margining, valuation, set-off or otherwise, to be regarded as fully fungible with ForexClear Contracts registered in a ForexClear Clearing Member’s name prior to the time such amendment comes into effect.

1.8. The accidental omission to give notice under this provision to, or the non-receipt of notice under 1.6 or 1.7 above by, any ForexClear Clearing Member shall not invalidate the amendment with which the notice is concerned.

2. Economic Terms

2.1. The Economic Terms of a ForexClear Contract shall be derived from the information presented to the Clearing House by the parties to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction.

2.2. The particulars of a ForexClear Transaction presented to the Clearing House must include matched information in respect of the following Economic Terms which are not predetermined in the EMTA Templates:

(1) Trade Date (Section 1.25)
(2) Forward Rate (Section 2.1(a))
(3) Reference Currency Notional Amount (Section 1.21) or Notional Amount (Section 1.17(b)) in USD

(4) Reference Currency Buyer (Section 1.20)
(5) Reference Currency Seller (Section 1.22)

(6) scheduled Settlement Date (Section 1.24) (without prejudice to the adjustments set out in the relevant EMTA Template)

(7) Scheduled Valuation Date (Section 1.16(f)) (without prejudice to the adjustments set out in the relevant EMTA Template).

2.3. However, as set out more particularly in Regulation 105, where the ForexClear Transaction specifies a ForexClear Clearing Member as the Reference Currency Seller, with the other ForexClear Member as the Reference Currency Buyer, the Clearing House, in respect of each ForexClear Contract to which it is party pursuant to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction, shall be (i) the Reference Currency Buyer; and (ii) the Reference Currency Seller under such ForexClear Contract, respectively.

3. Specific Standard Terms ("Specific Standard Terms")

The following terms are designated as Specific Standard Terms of a registered ForexClear Contract:

3.1. The EMTA template for Non-Deliverable FX Transactions appropriate to the particular Currency Pair (in effect and as posted on the website of EMTA (www.emta.org or any successor website on the relevant Trade Date) (each an "EMTA Template")), governs the terms of a ForexClear Contract relating to such Currency Pair, other than the Economic Terms set out in Part 2 above and the Specific Standard Terms and the General Standard Terms set out in this Part 3. For the avoidance of doubt, each EMTA Template shall be deemed to exclude the EMTA Template Terms for Non-Deliverable Cross-Currency FX Transactions published by EMTA on 31 May 2011.
3.2. In the format “Reference Currency – Settlement Currency”, the Currency Pairs are

(1) BRL-USD
(2) CLP-USD
(3) CNY-USD
(4) INR-USD
(5) KRW-USD
(6) RUB-USD

3.3. Certain Specific Standard Terms of each ForexClear Contract are not provided in the EMTA Templates, but the parties to the corresponding ForexClear Transaction will be required to accept the Specific Standard Terms set out below in each ForexClear Contract:

(1) Date of Annex A (Section 4.2):
Annex A to the ISDA Definitions is incorporated as amended as at the Trade Date.

(2) Reference Currency (Section 1.19):
To be determined by using the EMTA Template appropriate to the particular Currency Pair.

Calculation Agent (Section 1.3):

(3) The Clearing House is the Calculation Agent.

3.4. If the terms of an EMTA Template conflict with these ForexClear Contract Terms, these ForexClear Contract Terms shall prevail. If the terms of an EMTA Template conflict with the ISDA Definitions, the terms of the EMTA Template shall prevail.

4. General Standard Terms (“General Standard Terms”)

The following terms are designated as General Standard Terms of a registered ForexClear Contract:

4.1. Business Days
For the purposes of determining the Settlement Date only, in addition to the Business Days for the Principal Financial Centers for the Currency Pair specified in the relevant Economic Terms, the Business Days specified in the SwapsMonitor Financial Calendar as published by Swaps Monitor Publications, Inc. (as further detailed in the Procedures) from time to time, will apply to a ForexClear Contract.

4.2. Withholding Tax Provisions

4.2.1. All payments due under a ForexClear Contract shall be made by the ForexClear Clearing Member free and clear and without deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax. Payments in respect of which such deduction or withholding is required to be made, by the ForexClear Clearing Member, shall be increased to the extent necessary to ensure that, after the making of the required deduction or withholding, the Clearing House receives and retains (free from any liability in respect of such deduction or withholding) a net sum equal
to the sum which it would have received and so retained had no such deduction or withholding been made or required to be made.

4.2.2. All payments due under a ForexClear Contract shall be made by the Clearing House free and clear and without deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax. Payments in respect of which such deduction or withholding is required to be made, by the Clearing House, shall be increased to the extent necessary to ensure that, after the making of the required deduction or withholding, the ForexClear Clearing Member receives and retains (free from any liability in respect of such deduction or withholding) a net sum equal to the sum which it would have received and so retained had no such deduction or withholding been made or required to be made.

4.3. Payment of Stamp Tax

Each ForexClear Clearing Member will pay any Stamp Tax or duty levied or imposed upon it in respect of any ForexClear Contract to which it is a party by a jurisdiction in which it is incorporated, organised, managed and controlled, or considered to have its seat, or in which a branch or office through which it is acting is located ("Stamp Tax Jurisdiction") or by any other jurisdiction, and will indemnify the Clearing House against any Stamp Tax or duty levied or imposed upon the Clearing House by any such Stamp Tax Jurisdiction or by any other jurisdiction in respect of any ForexClear Contract registered by the Clearing House and to which that ForexClear Clearing Member is a party.

4.4. Payments under a ForexClear Contract

Payments under, and in respect of, a ForexClear Contract shall be calculated by the Clearing House and shall be made by, or to, the ForexClear Clearing Member in accordance with the provisions of the Procedures.

4.5. Regulations

A ForexClear Contract shall be subject to the Regulations and the Procedures, which shall form a part of its terms. In the event of any inconsistency between these ForexClear Contract Terms and the Regulations and the Procedures, the Regulations and the Procedures will prevail.

4.6. Governing Law

Each ForexClear Contract, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of England and Wales and the parties irrevocably agree for the benefit of the Clearing House that the courts of England and Wales shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any action or dispute which may arise here from. The ForexClear Clearing Member party hereto irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction and agrees to waive any objection it might otherwise have to such jurisdiction, save that this submission to the jurisdiction of the courts of England and Wales shall not (and shall not be construed so as to) limit the right of the Clearing House to take proceedings in any other court of competent jurisdiction, nor shall the taking of action in one or more jurisdictions preclude the Clearing House from taking action in any other jurisdiction, whether concurrently or not.

4.7. Third Party Rights

A person who is not a party to this ForexClear Contract shall have no rights under or in respect of it. Rights of third parties to enforce any terms of this ForexClear Contract pursuant to the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 are expressly excluded.
Part B
Registration of a ForexClear Contract - Product Eligibility Criteria

1. Registration of a ForexClear Contract

Without prejudice to the Regulations and the Procedures, the Clearing House will only register a ForexClear Contract pursuant to receipt of particulars of a transaction where at the time of the particulars being presented:

(a) the transaction meets the Product Eligibility Criteria set out in paragraph 2 below for a ForexClear Transaction;

(b) each party to the transaction is either (i) a ForexClear Dealer or (ii) a ForexClear Clearing Member who has not been declared a defaulter by the Clearing House;

(c) the ForexClear Clearing Member in whose name the ForexClear Contract is to be registered has not been declared a defaulter by the Clearing House.

and the requirements of Paragraph 1(a), (b) and (c) above continue to be satisfied at the Registration Time.

2. Product Eligibility Criteria for a ForexClear Contract

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument</th>
<th>Non-Deliverable FX Transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Economic Terms</td>
<td>The transaction particulars submitted to the Clearing House specify all the Economic Terms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference Currency</td>
<td>One of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. BRL - Brazilian Real,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. RUB - Russian Rouble,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. INR - Indian Rupee,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. CLP - Chilean Peso,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. CNY - Chinese Yuan, or</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. KRW - South Korean Won.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valuation Date</td>
<td>A valid Business Day for the Currency Pair to which the ForexClear Transaction relates and determined as set out in the relevant EMTA Template for the Currency Pair.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlement Date</td>
<td>A date falling:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. not earlier than the date falling three business days immediately following the Submission Date; and</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. not later than the date falling two calendar years plus two business days immediately following the Submission Date, provided that in each case such date shall be, with respect to the Currency Pair to which the ForexClear Transaction relates: (i) a valid Business Day, (ii) a date falling the Number of Business Days (as defined in the</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td>Settlement Type</td>
<td>Non-Deliverable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Settlement Currency</td>
<td>USD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculation Agent</td>
<td>The Clearing House</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Exhibit B
Certification
See Attached
AMENDED RULES SELF CERTIFICATION

LCH.Clearnet Limited ("LCH") hereby certifies to the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"), pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Commission Regulations 40.6, that the following:


Signed as of June 6, 2012

By: [Signature]

Name: Lisa Roscn

Title: Group Head of Compliance and Public Affairs

LCH.Clearnet Limited